

WEDNESDAY, May 3, 1749.

By a Vessel lately arrived in this Province from England, we have a London Print called the REMEMBRANCE, of the 11th of February; in which, amongst others, are the following Advices.

## RUSSIA.

PETERSBURG, January 9.

THE weather has been for some days past so excessively cold here, that several Persons have been found in the streets frozen to death. The equipage of count Bernes, ambassador from the court of Vienna, which set out last week for Moscow, was obliged to stop by the way, by reason of the violence of the cold; as well as the last division of the regiment of guards, several of the soldiers whereof have been frozen to death.

It was observed, that the thermometer of the celebrated M. de Lisle, sunk two hundred and six degrees; and that of Fahrenheit thirty-two degrees below the point marked thereon Extreme Cold.

## SWEDEN.

Stockholm, Jan. 27. Letters from Carelsroon, and the other parts of the kingdom, advise, that as much diligence is used, as the season will permit, in finishing the men of war which are upon the stocks, and all necessary dispositions are made for putting the maritime forces of the kingdom in a good condition. Letters from Finland intimate, that measures have been to well taken there, that in case of need a powerful army may be brought into the field; but people flatter themselves that there will be no necessity to come to extremities, seeing the court persists in undertaking nothing on that side; and assurances of the like nature have been given by that of Russia.

## DENMARK.

Copenhagen, Feb. 1. On the 20th of last month, about one in the morning, the queen was happily deliver'd of a prince. His majesty assisted at divine service, where Te Deum was sung, under a discharge of all the artillery. He received afterwards the compliments of all the foreign ministers, and of the nobility. His majesty dined in public, and the royal table was entirely served with gold plate; about six that afternoon the young prince was baptized by the name of Christian, the queen dowager presenting him at the font. There was a magnificent entertainment in the evening; the king's table was served with 103 dishes, besides which there were two other tables. The whole city was overwhelmed with joy, and all the houses were illuminated for three nights successively.

The king has resolved to make a progress into Norway the next spring. Preparations are already making for this journey, and the two ministers of the council will accompany his majesty.

## ITALY.

Nice, Jan. 29. At last the great affair of the evacuations in Italy is entirely settled, by a convention signed here on the 21st instant; part of the duchy of Parma will be evacuated this day, and the French will quit this place, which is the last to be given up, upon the 25th of the next month. Some of the domestics of his royal highness the infant Don Philip are already at Parma, and have carried thither a vast quantity of rich furniture, and other curiosities. There seems to be a great disposition in all the powers interested in this important affair, to give each other reciprocally all the satisfaction possible, so that we begin to hope that the tranquility of Italy will be settled on a firm and lasting foundation. The Spanish troops have entirely quitted the dominions of Genoa, and those in the kingdom of Naples are embarking with all the expedition possible.

Naples, Jan. 25. It is said the court expects here from Pressano the twelve battalions of Spanish troops, which are already embarked. The king has resolved to form a new regiment of cavalry, and has already ordered the proper

to be distributed to foreigners, who are expected in that holy season. There are arrived here two Jews from England, in order to embrace Christianity.

## GERMANY.

Vienna, Jan. 25. Prince Charles of Lorraine continues to preside in the military conferences that are held here with great assiduity. General count Lieven is returned to the command of the Russian auxiliaries, but proposes to suspend their departure from Moravia, 'til he receives express orders from his court upon that subject. All the great estates of the duke of Modena in Hungary, which were sold as well as confiscated, are to be restored immediately, and those who bought them are to have their money returned, or an equivalent for them, in a convenient time.

Jan. 29. There is much talk here of a negotiation being upon the carpet between this court and those of Great-Britain and Russia, the intent whereof is, it is said, to maintain the tranquility of Europe, and at the same time to secure that of the North. The count de Oedt, vice-chancellor of Austria, being yesterday at a ridotto, upon quitting a lady with whom he had just been dancing, was taken with an apoplectic fit, and died immediately.

Cologne, Feb. 6. The Rhine has within a few days so overflowed, that it has been thought proper to shut all the gates of this city, on the side next the river.

## FRANCE.

Paris, Feb. 3. Some letters from London make the duke of Richmond's coming ambassador into France uncertain, and insinuate, that the earl of Halifax may possibly be appointed upon the embassy from Great Britain to this court. The king has gratified the marquis de Praslin with a pension, besides his ordinary appointment of 24000 livres.

From the Paris Gazette.

Versailles, Feb. 13. Yesterday the duke de Chartres, the prince of Conti, the count de la Marche, and the duke de Penthièvre, went in deep mourning to pay their respects to the king, on occasion of the death of Madame the duchess of Orleans.

In the afternoon the king went to visit the duchess of Chartres, the duchess of Modena, and the duchess of Penthièvre; those princesses received also a visit from the queen, from Monsieur near the Dauphin, and the Mesdames of France.

From the Paris A-la-main, Feb. 14.

The day before yesterday the peace was proclaimed in all the public places, with the solemnities usual on the like occasions. Yesterday Te Deum was sung in the metropolitan church of this city; and in the evening a very fine firework was play'd off, which, without question, was the best executed, as well as the most beautiful in itself, that was ever seen here. Bread, and several kinds of meat, was distributed to the people, according to what was formerly mentioned, and the fountains also ran with wine. All the streets in general were illuminated. The grand illuminations upon the front of the Hotel de Ville was wonderfully magnificent.

The same day was published an Arret of the king's council of state, importing, that his majesty finding himself under the necessity, in order to furnish the supplies indispensably necessary for the war, to direct the raising of some new taxes, and the reviving others that had been formerly imposed, and being now willing to give his subjects proofs of his attention to their relief, he had thought fit to suppress the duties upon hair-powder, upon wax, tallow, paper, parchment, &c. 'til such time as the total cessation of the expences of the war, the payment of what remains due upon several articles, and the extinction of the offices in which it was found necessary to create, shall put it in the power of his majesty, by the suppression of the tenth penny,