MARYLAND GAZETI

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

E STATE OF A STATE OF TUESDAY, March 17, 1747.

National description of the contraction of the cont

liament, November 14, 1746.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

HAVE called you together as early as the late conclusion of the last selion of Parliament, and the situation of public affairs, would permit. During this recess, I have been particularly attentive to extinguish any remains of the late rebellion, and to re ellablish and secure our tranquility at home so far as depend-

The rest I have reason to expect from your zeal ed upon me. and prudent deliberations; of which, the foundation already

laid gives me well-grounded hopes.

In the mean time, the state of the war abroad has received a considerable alteration. Tho France has made some farther progres, in the Netherlands, yet the United Provinces, whose interests are so strictly connected with ours, have been preserved from that danger which threaten'd them at the opening of the campaign, and a confiderable army remains there for their defence. It has pleased God to bless the arms of my good allies, the empress queen of Hungary, and the king of Sardinia, with figual success in Italy. The acquisitions made there by our enemies have been recover'd from them; their forces broken, and almost ruined, have been obliged to evacuate that country; and an irruption is now actually making into France, whereby the diffresses of that kingdom must be greatly increased, and a proportionable divertion made in favour of the Lew Countries.

I have often assured you, that my sole as in carrying on this just and necessary war, is a safe and nonoujable peace. In this view I have shewed a sincere disposition towards a general pacification. I have contented to the holding of conferences at Breda, in order to try whether our enemies will, in the event, a gree to fuch terms and conditions, as may be confiltent with the honour of my trown, the lecurity and true interells of my kingdoms, and my engagements to my allies, whom it is in my firm refolution not to abandon.

But whilst we are treating of peace, reason and good policy demand that we should be prepared for war. I ain therefore actually concerting with my allies the proper measures for vigoroully purtuing the war in another campaign, in case the ob-flinacy of our enemies should render it necessary. My desire is to adjust these measures as speedily as possible, that our preparations may be early; that the Consequerate army in the Newscart army i thersands may be augmented in time; and the operations on the file of Italy carried on with effect. It shall also be my particular pare to exert our trength at sea, in the most effectual manner, for the defence of my kingdoms and possessions, the protection of the trade of my subjects, and the annoyance of our enemies.

Gentlemen of the Hable of Commons,
I have ordered the commates for the endling year to be prepared and laid before you and defire you to grant me fuch lapplies as shall be requisite for your own security, and for carifing on such mensures as it shall be nevellary for Great Britain to pursue, in the present important corjuncture. It gives the much concern; to be obliged at the fame time to acquaint you, that by realon of the unavoidable accidents, and confequences of twar, the funds appropriated for the support of my civil Government, have, for some years pall, sallen greatly thort of the revenue intended, and granted by Parliament: I therefore rely on your known affection to me, to find out some method to make good this deficiency.
My Lords and Gentlemen,

Nothing is so valuable, and essential to me, as your vigorous support; on this 4 depend; and I trust you will demonstrate it by the zeal, unanimity, and dispatch of your proceedings.

His Majesty's most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parlia- The humble Appress of the Rt. Hon. the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, Nov. 18, 1746.

Most gracious Sovereigh,

E your majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the lords spiritual and temporal in Parliament allembled, beg leave to return your majesty out humble thanks for your

most gracious speech from the throne.

Your majesty has given fresh proofs of your paternal good-ness and care of your kingdoms, in your vigilance to extinguish any remans of the late rebellion, and to fecure and re-establish our tranquility at home. That unnatural and flagitious enterprize, formed and supported by our most invecerate enemies, as it was aimed against your crown and royal family, struck at the very foundations of the happiness of your people. Your majesty may be therefore assured, that out of duty and affection to your majesty, and love to our country, our most zeasous endea-your shall be exerted to perfect that good work, which by your arms and your judice, has been hitherto to successfully conducted; and to make such regulations as may be most conducive to the preventing the like evils for the tuture, and to the repose and security of the whole united kingdom.

Tho' we behold with concern the progress made by our enemies in the Netherland, yet it gives us great fatisfaction to lee the states general of the United Provinces, those antient and natural allies of Great Britain, fill preserved from the ambitious and destructive projects formed against them. At the same time we rejoice in the figural successes, with which it has pleafed God to bles the magnatimity and Readilless of the empress-queen of Hungary, and the king of Sardinia, in Haly. Nothing can be more conformable to the just expectations of this nation, or can contribute more to the advantage of the com-mon cause, and to make France feel those distributes, which that power has endeavoured to bring upon others, than the effectual profecution of those successes, by a powerful invasion of it's ub-

minions on that fide.

With the utmost gratitude we acknowlege your nilgesty's tender regard for your People, in shewing so lintere a disposition towards a general pacification, on fare and floriditable terlins. Your majority's arms, taken up only for the just defence of your own rights, and those of your kingdoms, and of the combinen he berry, will always be nirected by that definable end. And we beg leave, with great humility, to express our concurrence in that opinion which your majelly has been pleased fo wilely to de-clare to your Parliament, that reason and prideled require our being early prepared for another campaign, in talk the diffinity of our enemies should render it nevertally

On this account we should be inexculable, UF we did not return your majefty our fincere thanks, for your timely tare to enter into a concert with your-allies, on the proper measures for that purpose; and for your gracious resolution to exert your naval strength in the most effectual manner, for the protection of the most valuable interests of your subjects; and for theiring

of the most valuable interests of your suspects, and terror into your enemies.

We believed your majesty to accept the strongest assume that we will chearfully concurrent the assume that success that some and that we will chearfully concurrent as in some forest that the sures as shall be requisite to strengthen your majesty it hands, extinct for processing such a peace as may be consistent with the honour of your crown, the true littered of your strength with the honour of your crown, the true littered of your specific with your engagements to your allies; for for proceeding strength with vigour. And we beg leave to renew to your strength the most unseigned professions of our intire convictions, that the prosperity and well being of these kingdoms in indications, and well being of these kingdoms in indications.