

lasted five Hours; but there being some Contradictions between the Evidence for the Crown and the Witnesses for the Prisoner, the Jury withdrew for about three Quarters of an Hour, and brought in the Prisoner not guilty. The Court adjourned till this Morning Nine o'Clock.

There are in all thirty Sail of the Merchant Ships of the Leeward Island Fleet arrived in different Ports, and twenty are still missing, whose arrival is every Hour expected. Some of the Ships arrived, say, that on the 18th at Night the French Commodore was up with the Severn, and that they heard a firing for two Hours, which is the latest Advice we have of the Men of War.

November, 4. The Reason why the French Men of War are more eager to pursue the English, upon Appearance of Advantage, than the latter are to pursue the former, we are told, is the Encouragement given in France, and not given in England, for taking a King's Ship preferable to a Merchantman.

Some Letters from Italy say, that the Castle of Ventimiglia surrendered the 20th of October N. S. to his Sardinian Majesty, the Garrison becoming Prisoners of War. The Governor of Villa Franca also desired Terms, but was told, he could not expect any other than those granted to the former Garrison.

The Grand pensionary of Holland is not set out for Breda, as mention'd in the last Letters from the Hague; but waits the Return of two more Couriers which the English and French Ministers have dispatched to their Respective Courts.

Her Royal Highness the Princess of Orange is so far advanced in her Pregnancy, that we expect to hear by the first Mail of her being brought to Bed.

His Grace the Duke of Marlborough is expected in Town to-morrow, in order as we hear, to kiss his Majesty's Hand, on his being appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

His Majesty having been pleased to order a Board of General Officers, consisting of one Field Marshal and four Lieutenant Generals, to examine into the Conduct of Lieutenant General Sir John Cope, and Colonel Lascelles, from the breaking out of the Rebellion in North Britain, till the Action was over at Preston near Seton, and likewise into the Conduct of Brigadier General Fouke, from the time he took the Command of the two Regiments of Dragoons, then at Edinburgh, till the said Action was over; the said Board, after having examined upwards of Forty Witnesses, were unanimously of Opinion, that Sir John Cope's Behaviour has been unblamable; and that there is no Ground for Accusation against the said Sir John Cope, Colonel Peregrine Lascelles, or Brigadier General Thomas Fouke.

Genl. George Wade—Cadogan—John Foliott—Richmond Lenox and Abigay—John Guile.

November 6. Many private letters by the last Lisbon Mail advise, that some intrigues of a very extraordinary Nature had been discovered at the Court of Madrid, which, it was believed, would soon produce an illustrious Change of Affairs in that Kingdom.

We hear that all the Men of War which arrived lately at Portsmouth and Plymouth are ordered to be got ready for the Sea with the utmost Expedition.

We hear that Capt. Coats, commander of the Edinburgh, who came to Town on Friday last, is set out for Portsmouth on Saturday Morning, in order to hoist the Broad Pennant as Commodore, and sail directly with a Squadron of Men of War, to cruise on the coast of France.

Last on Saturday last arrived a Mail from Lisbon, brought by the Hanover packet Boat, Capt. Enou, after a Passage of ten Days from thence to Falmouth. By this Packet we have the following Advice, viz. That on the 10th past the Saltash Privateer carried into Lisbon a French Flag from Newfoundland. On the 13th arrived the Expedition Packet Boat in five Days from Falmouth, with Count Rosenbergs, and one of his Majesty's Messengers on board; and that on the 18th arrived the King George, Prince Frederick, and Duke Privateers, with the Royal George, Scarborough, and Oxford Indiamen, bound to London; the said Privateers having chased the said Indiamen upwards of 52 Hours before they came up with them. That his Majesty's Ships the *Guernsey* and *Rupert* sail'd for Gibraltar and Port Mahon on the 13th, on which Day arrived the *Noftra Signora de Nazareth*, Captain Antonio Carlos, in 72 Days from Rio de Janeiro, with about four Millions of Cruzados in Gold,

and one Million of Dollars, the greatest part of which are for the King. This Ship brings an Account, that the Fleet which sail'd from Lisbon on the 10th and 11th of May last for Rio de Janeiro, were all safe arrived when the last that Place.

On Saturday the Court sat at St. Margaret's Hill, Southwark, on the Trial of the Rebel Prisoners. The Judges present were the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice Lee, the Hon. Mr. Justice Wright, and the Hon. Baron Reynolds, when Allan Cameron, a Captain in Lochel's Regiment was tried. The Evidence in the Prisoner's Defence deposed, that he was forced from his Family (a Wife and ten Children) by this Cameron of Lochiel (to whom he was a Tenant) one of the Highland Chiefs, who made his Escape after the Battle of Culloden; but it having been before fully proved by the Evidence for the Crown, that he marched in that Regiment as a Captain from Scotland to Carlisle; from thence to Derby, and back again into Scotland, without being under any Constraint or Confinement, and was at the Battle of Culloden, where he was wounded, the Jury found him guilty. It appeared by the Evidence for the Crown, that he behaved with a great deal of Humanity and Candour, and that at Edinburgh he prevented one of the King's Officers from being murdered by the Rebels.

Then Sir John Wedderburn was brought to the Bar, and the Pannel of the Jury was call'd over; but there being a great many absent, there was not a sufficient Number to make a Jury, the Prisoner having challenged three, and only ten were sworn on the Jury; the Court fined several of them 10l. each, and three of the Sheriff's Officers 5l. each, for Non-Attendance, and adjourned till this Morning Nine o'clock.

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, Shoener-Ark, Benjamin Carkett, from North-Carolina;

Clear'd for Departure, Brigantine Mary and Elizabeth, John Harding, for Biddeford; Brigantine Raleigh, Samuel Allen, for Madeira; Schooner Mary and Hannah, Jacob Parfops, for Boston.

The Letter signed Philo-Symposius, in which was contained a Sum of Money, (an Example worthy of Imitation,) is come to Hand, and will be inserted next Week.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Subscriber has a Tract of Land called *Wilkinson's* rough, in Prince George's County, above Capt. John's, of 14 or 1500 Acres, to rent on the following Terms: The Tenants to pay no Rent, except the Quit Rents, for 2 Years; and 800 Weight of good Tobacco in Cash, yearly, after the Expiration of the 2 Years, for every hundred Acres; to leave the Land and Improvements in good Order, at the Expiration of the Term. D. DULANY.

March 9, 1746-7.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue.

BY the Subscriber for Bills of Exchange, or current Money, on Monday the 23d Instant, at the Plantation late Mr. Samuel Hyde's, near the Falls of Passapatan, in Baltimore County, several choice Negro Slaves, about 60,000 Weight of Tobacco, sundry Cattle, Horses, Hogs, and Sheep; likewise Corn, Wheat, Oats, and Barley; and all Sorts of Materials for Plantation Use. The Sale will begin precisely at Noon.

March 18, 1746-7.

G. PLATER.

To be SOLD, or let.

BY the Subscriber, Part of a Tract of Land called *Dun-*by, lying in Dorchester County, containing 256 Acres. Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Tract, may treat with the Subscriber at the House of Mr. William Wallcut, in Annapolis, the first Week of the next Provincial Court.

March 1, 1746-7.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber gives good Encouragement to Men, Women, and Children, that can be aiding and assisting in the Business of making Duck and Olinabrigs, especially Spinnets.

Annapolis.