jourselves, and your Office, and preaching up the Slavery of all others, shall universally take place; when Heretical Acis of Sisnow and then a rich Martyr shall be burn'd, a wealthy Alderman hang'd, or a warm Planter sacrificed to the Glory of Goo, and the Good of Holy Church s, when the leath Drop of English Protestant Blood shall not be lest in the Veins of your Countrymen s when Laws and Privileges shall be deemed as real Burthens by the People, as they are unrealonable Checks upon the Power of us Monarchs, and an unpardonable Infult upon the Royal Dignity of the Priesthood; if you defire, I say, to see these glorious Avents, then go on manfully in the Path you have entered; embroil, deceive, raise Frames, Divisions, and Heats, of all which I am ever ready to make my Use. I think I may depend on your Fidelity, after this last Scene of your Conduct, which has far exceeded all that I could flatter myfelf with. But I must own your Principles are agreeable to desclute Monarchy and Designs of Tyranny; and your Practices are of themselves such, a have often been very useful to me.

My Brother of England remembers you with infinite Saisfaction, and still expects great Things from Hereditary Right: He affures you, that in serving me you serve him; and indeed I cannot but confess, that never was Prince blek with better or more loyal Su'jeas, and that by your endearing Kindnesses you have rendered me eternally your Friend, and even conquer'd by your undefero'd Services the invincible and grand Monarque

LOŬIS.

ONDO

Sept. 17. Some private Letters from Italy say, that the Preliminaries for an Accommodation between the combined Crowns and the Republic of Genoa were fettled, if not fign's; by which that State agrees to yield the Marquifate of Final to the King of Sardinia, the Town and Diffrict of Sarzana to the Emperor as Grand Duke of Tuscany, and consents also to pay

n large Sum of Money towards the Expense of the War.

Sept. 20. They write from Genoa, that the feditious Mulkitude in that Capital caused greater Tumults and Contusion than the Presence of the Enemy, Thousands in a Body raving in the Streets, and vowing Destruction on the dastard Senators, Who they say, Bore Heads only to entangle the State, and counted Hearts to defend it. Several of the Leaders have been imprisoned, and by the Influence only of Imperial Generals could the Mutiny have been quelled.

The Reinforcements which were to have marched from the South of France into Italy, are very far inferior to what was intended, which is faid to be owing to the Apprehensions the Court of Verfailles is under about the Protestants in Languedoc and Provence; who, as they have of late been treated with great Severity, are suspected to have some Resemment; and as they are suspected to be very numerous, their Perfecutors cannot help fearing, that concern for their Religion and Liberty, may induce them to take up Arms.

... We hear that there are even now some Gentlemen in the Affembly of their High Mightinesses, who are for an immediate Declaration of War against France: But the Love of Power in those who now enjoy it; and the Fear of being controll'd by a Stautholder, which a War might oblige them to elect, prevail so say to keep a Majority of Votes against the Sense of the Riajority of their Countrymen.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Sept. forms Perions who lately came from Paris, give the following Account of Affairs there, viz. That Trace is intirely suined; that Want and Milery manifest themselves every where; and that had it not been for the News often arriving of Victories being gained, of Gries and strong Places being taken, of the Death-of-his Catholick Majesty, and of that of the Daughiness, and confequently for the frequent finging of Te Deum, for the playing off of Fireworks, erecting magnificent Capopies, linging Masses of Requiem, and procuring Funeral Orations, which have amuled idle People, and taken off their Attention from their real necessities, they must, upon viewing their milerable Circumstances, have been thrown into a deep Dejection, and will many of them be foon in want of even Bread; and what still adds to their Unhappiness is, that they are not at Liberty to complain of, or even mention the Cause of their Diffrest, for fear of being clapt into Prison, or sent to the Gal-But allighed public Shews, calculated to keep up the

Spirits of an oppressed People, only serve to make the Untinking sorget for a while the intolerable Taxes with which they are burthened, and their present had Condition. What helps too the Scheme of the Government is, that the People know nothing of what palles in the World, but from their Gazettes, which are carefully examined before published, and no-sning inferred in them but what shall be palatable to the Public; and, if any Thing of a contrary Nature happens to appear in them, the Author are ture to be very feverely treated. After this Account, let us speak a Word about the good Dispositions that his most Christian Majesty seems to be in for concluding a Peace, even in the midst of the Success of his Arms, purely for the take of eafing his Subject, and to that End he offers to fa-crafice a Part of his Conquests, which have cost France many Millions, and the Lives of a great Number of brave People, with no other View than that of restoring the French Nation to its late flourishing Condition, and giving Tranquility to Europe. And this is the Language of the Court of France, at which the Ministers are not a little prodigal, in order to make themselves admired by the People, whom by this Sort of Management they fill with Hopes of being foon deliver'd from the Burthen that is upon them. Tho' this appears plaufible to fome, yet the Parliament and the Noblesse know better Things, and some of them are daring enough to wish the Low Countries at the D.--1, and that a Peace at almost any Rate was concluded"

October 7. Admiral Perry Mayne fails foon to Jamaica, with a Squadron to relieve Admiral Davers, who is to return home.

And Commodore Legge goes on board the faid Squadron for the Leward Islands, to relieve Commodore Lee, who is coming home from that Station. ANNAPOLIS.

Last Week arrived here the Schooner Nancy, Capt. William Juckson, from England, but last from the West-Indies, having been beaten off the Coast, and at length forced into this Bay by stress of Weather. He was bound for Boston, being a Packet in the Service of that Government.

We hear that a Ship is arrived in Potowmack, with Rebels,

who were favour'd with Transportation.

I The piece address'd to that most ancient and venerable Punk, the WHORE OF BABYLON, it come to hand.]

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE SO L. Dynamic At the House of John Chalmers, Baker, in this City, on Tues-day the 17th Instant, by way of public Sale, to the Highest Bidder, for Bills of Exchange, Seerling, or Current Money, SEVERAL very likely young Negro Girls. The Salo to begin at One of the Clock in the Afternoon.

Johns Garen. - Jonas Gaben.

ARRIED away from this City, by the Ice, force thort Time fince, a Twelve-Hogshead Flat, cell'd, she had a small Anchor and Cable, a middle Thwart nail'd with Spike-Nails, swims low Before, and has a full huilt Stern.

Whoever returns her to her Owner shall have Twenty Shil-WM. THORNTON. reter Shirt per

TO BE SOLD'BY PUBLIC VENDUE, On Friday the 24th of April next, in the City of Annapolis, we CHOICE parcel of Negroes, confitting of Men, Women and Children, (which lately belonged to Mr. Mordecai Hammond, deceased,) among whom are Nine very good Sawyers.

William Course, Joseph Owners!

WHEREAS Margaret, the Wife of Joseph Giles of Elk Ridge, has Eloped from her faid Hushand . This is therefore to forewarn all Perfons and to figure her on my Account; for I will pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof. Joseph Giles,

---- Febr. 9:-1746,7 c R'S. Enfaberb Beals, having Two young Country born Negro Women, and a Child about Vik Months old, which the would-dispose of for Sterling or Current Money: Any Person inclining to purchase all or any of them, may treat with the Subscriber, as to the Price.