

go the war against France, for any thing that is doing at Pre-
sents; and that the court of Turin is in the same humour; both
courts being persuaded, that no peace can be at present made,
fit for them to enter into.

L O N D O N, September 11.

On Friday last the Court Martial, which has sat several Days
at the Horse Guards, Whitehall, to examine into the Conduct
and Behaviour of Sir John Cope, Knt. at the Battle of Preston
Park, having finished their Examination, he was honourably
acquitted.

Sept. 23. In the Year 1588; the People of Genoa were re-
duced by Lewis XIV, to much the same State of Humility
they are in at present. That King either finding or making
some Cause of Quarrel with the Republic, sent 40 Men of War
to bombard their Capital; which had such an Effect, that the
Doge, and four Senators, came to the French Court, made their
Submission in the Name of the whole Republic, impior'd Mer-
cy, and accepted of such Conditions, as the Grand Monarch
was pleas'd to impose on them. It is, partly by these Con-
ditions that they have ever since been held in subjection to the
House of Bourbon.

Extract of a Letter from Nottingham, September 15.

"This Day the Regiment of Horse, rais'd last Year by his
Grace the Duke of Kingston, in this County, was disbanded,
the common Men had three Guineas in Money given to each,
with three Bridles and Saddles; and every Officer and Soldier
had a printed Copy of the Secretary at War's Letter to his
Grace the Duke of Kingston, deliver'd to him; which was
conceiv'd in the following Terms:

My Lord,

His Majesty has thought fit to order the Regiment of Horse
under your Grace's command to be disbanded; but as the King
considers the Zeal and Affection express'd for his Person and
Government, in your Grace's Offer to raise this Regiment in
the most important Time of National Danger, and the cheer-
fulness and Alacrity with which it was rais'd, he cannot part
with it without expressing his particular Satisfaction therein;
I am therefore, by his Majesty's command, and in his Name, to
thank your Grace and your Officers for the reasonable and dis-
tinguish'd Marks of your Fidelity and Attachment to his Ma-
jesty on this Occasion.

I am likewise commended by his Majesty, to desire your
Grace, and the rest of your Officers, to thank the private Men,
in his Name, for their Services, before they are dismiss'd, in
order that there may be no one Person in your Regiment un-
acquainted with the Sense his Majesty has of their Loyalty,
Activity and gallant Behaviour in his Service: Qualities which
have been so conspicuous in your Grace's Regiment, that his
Majesty, willing to retain as many as possible of such Soldiers in
his Service, has been pleas'd to order a Regiment of Dragoons
to be rais'd at the same Time and Place, when and where your
Grace's shall be disbanded, and to direct that as many of the Of-
ficers and private Men belonging to your Grace's Regiment, as
shall be willing, may serve in the said Regiment of Dragoons,
of which, as a signal mark of Honour and Distinction, his
Royal Highness the Duke will himself be Colonel.

As this is a great and most honourable Proof of his Majesty's
Approbation of your past Services, so I doubt not but that your
Grace, and the other Officers of your Regiment, will engage
as many as may be of your Men to enlist themselves; and
thereby shew, that the same Zeal continues for their King and
Country; which they have already so nobly and heroically
defence of both.

I am, with the greatest Respect,

Most obedient,

Moit Humble Servant,

Wm. Ogle,

Sept. 1746.

To his Grace the Duke of Kingston.

It is very remarkable that when the Duke of Kingston's
Horse were disbanded, that all the Men, except eight, enter'd
immediately into the Duke's new Regiment of Dragoons; and
that those Gentlemen who did not enter, gave Reasons very
satisfactory and honourable, for not doing as the others had
done.

It is further to be mention'd, that there were three Butchers
of Nottingham, who had enter'd into the Duke of Kingston's

Regiment, who kill'd fourteen Rebels each at the late Battle of
Culloden.

Sept. 27. Orders are given for fitting out the small Men of
War at present in his Majesty's Docks and Yards with the ut-
most Expedition; they being adjudg'd most proper for Unann'd
Service in the approaching Season.

According to the last Advices from Petersbourg, Orders have
been issued for fortifying all the Frontier Places towards Sweden.
The Baron de Mardeseit is set out from thence for Berlin, and
the Troops in Livonia are only gone into Quarters of Can-
tonment.

The French King has actually created the Prince of Condé
Marshal de camp General of all his Armies; a Post formerly in-
vented for Marshal Turenne, to enable him to command the
Marshal of France, and which has been suppressed ever since.

The Richibond, Smithton, and the Martin Galleys, Cruisers,
both from Virginia, are safe arriv'd, the first at Whitehaven,
the other at Liverpool.

August 31. It is the prevailing Opinion of People of the
deepest Discernment and Penetration in Holland, that notwith-
standing all the Measures which have been and still continue to
be taken for obtaining a speedy Peace, we shall see a more vi-
gorous campaign in Flanders than any since the commencement
of the War, before such a Thing is accomplish'd.

Extract of a Letter from Calcut, in the East Indies,

January 25, 1745-6.

"Our Men of War have taken all the French Merchants
Ships in India, which have reduced the Trade of that Nation,
in these Parts of the World, to a most deplorable condition;
they having now neither Ships, Money, nor credit."

Sept. 15. The South-Sea Castle, Capt. Boufroy, from Ply-
mouth, is arriv'd at Lisbon; who in her Passage off Cape Or-
tugal, took the St. Claire, richly laden from St. Domingo for
Rochelle, and has carried her into Lisbon.

They write from Gibraltar, that on the 30th of August;
O. S. The Hardwick Privateer, capt. Sampson, took and
carried in there a Spanish Barcolongo, bound from Cadiz to Fer-
rol. She had on board 2000 Quintals of Lead, 800 Quintals
of Gunpowder, and four Pieces of Brass Cannon; the other
Part of her cargo was not known.

Letter from Plymouth, Sept. 9.

"Since my last came in the success and Syren Men of War,
and brought in a French Banker, taken on Sunday last, with
fish, &c. The following is a List of the French Privateers,
now at sea, and fitting out in the Ports of the Channel, viz.

The Maurepau, of 54 Guns.

The Deva, of 22 Guns.

The Tyger, of 36 Guns.

The Gloria, of 34 Guns.

The Intrepide, 22 Guns.

The Grand Biche, of 28 Guns. And

The Woolf, of 18 Guns."

Sept. 18. By Letters from Leghorn we have advic'd, that the
Pearl Privateer, Capt. Campion, was taken some Time ago off
the Island of Setago by two French Men of War, who were
convoing some ships from Marseilles to the Levant, and is car-
ried into Mito. The Privateer fought for a considerable Time,
and was at last taken by a Force that could not be resist'd.

The King of Sardinia, Capt. Jackson, from Santa Cruz
was the 9th last taken in Lat. 49.30 by the Shoreham Pri-
vateer of Nantz, of 22 Guns and 300 Men, and carried in-
to Brolt.

Letter from Carlisle, Sept. 9.

"Counsellor Clayton, who had been appointed Council for
the Rebels, not attending the young Pretender's Bishop of Car-
lisle, he appointed the Judges for a new Council, which was
granted; and he chose Mr. Graham, a Scots Advocate; All
the other Rebels followed his Example, and chose Scots Coun-
sellors."

Carlisle, Sept. 10. This Day 45 Rebels were called to the
Bar, 42 pleaded not Guilty, and 3 pleaded Guilty, viz. Peter
Lindsay from Edinburgh, James Innes from ditto, and Robert
Taylor. The latter is the captain who made his boast, that he
would take Edinburgh castle in three Days; but he has now
taken this Oath; and, in a short beseeching Speech, begg'd the
Judges to recommend him to his Majesty, as a fit Object of
compassion; for that it was Poverty that forced him amongst
the rebels.

B. O. G. T. O. N.