open war, and which, for that reason, has supported that rebellion. For these reasons M. Van Hoey might legally, and indeed ought to, have excused himself from taking charge of M. D'Argenson's letter. But having done the contrary, their High Mightinesses disavow it, and disapprove his inconfiderate conduct in the highest degree. And, in order to remove the offence, which his conduct in such an affair has so justly given to the court of Great Britain, command him to write to the duke of Newcaitle a decent and polite letter, to acknowlege his imprudence, confess the fault he has committed, and beg pardon, promising to behave himself more prudently for the future. Their High Mightinefies expect that this letter shall be conceived in such terms, and wrote in so prudent a manner, as to give entire satisfaction; and that he transmit the same, with a copy, to their High Mightinesses, that they may see how far it answers their intention. As to what remains, he must take diligent care, for the future, not to give any just cause of scancal or offence to inc allies of the state, or embarrais their High Mightinesies, who being very much displeased at his ill conduct on this occasion, as they have often been at his inconfiderate proceedings, of which displeasure he has had notice by many resolutions, will no more treat him with the fame indulgence, if, contrary co their reasonal le expectation, he continues to pursue the same. measures. For the first false step he shall take, they shall have recourse to means which shall make him truly sensible of the effeels of their displeasure. He must also remit an extract of this resolution to Mr. Trevor, as an answer to his memorial, in hope and expectation that it may prove fatisfactory,

[! bus far the MAGAZINE.]

Cory of M. Van Hoey's Letter to the Duke of Newcastle, July 4, 1746. SIR

TAm extremely mortified, my lord, to have displeased the kin, your lovereign, by transmitting to your excellency the leater which M. the marquis d'Argenson had sent to me sor his majery. B, my lord, how could I act otherwise? The two courts had a ready made use of my ministry many times to convey their tentiments to each other recipiocally on par-ticular occasions. If I have erred in sending this letter to your excellency, I have not done it with a delign to offend, for I was really of opinion (tho' I am now fensible that fuca opinion was ill founded) that in this affair I did nothing more than was expected from me. May it please your excellency to confider, that I have not

spoken one word in favour of the Pretender and his adherents, in my letter which accompanied that of M. the marquis d'Argenson, but have only opened the subject of the letter of the minuter of his most christian majesty, in the same manner as I have always done, in transmitting to the ministers of the two kings such letters as they have reciprocally sent to me, directed for each other; and I was very far, my lord, from thinking. that I ran the least risque of displeasing you, when I indulged mysell'in writing to your excellency, and in the superlative sa- and that the King of Prussia has ordered all his Officers to retisfaction in writing to a man whom I so much respect, maxima, pair to their Posts. which are not only most facred in their nature, but most familiar to him; much less to offend so great a monarch, in whose, whole Court, that the Treaty of Alliance between her and the friendship the republic is so highly honoured. I am therefore, my ford, the more embo'dened to beg, that you would intercede for me with his majesty: Do not refuse me, my lord, your good offices to excute to him the imprudence which has . Italy, the has refolved to detach another Reinforcement of fespeaks for me, and I am too fensible of the justice and goodness

o. Your excellency, I shall not continue to, appear so criminal in the eyes of fo magnanimous a prince... I had full finished this letter, when I received a resolution of their High Mightinefies, inform a

o ale Brita n'e majesty not to hope that, by the interposition

my conduct, with respect to the sending M, the marquis d'Al be employ's genson's letter, and that which I had written to your excellent there way of with it; they commanded me, at the same time, to write it than the same to command the same time. your excellency in civil and decent terms, to acknowlege an filme of the beg pardon for my imprudence, and to be careful to act with appear'd. more circumspection for the suture.

Your excellency will easily conceive, having already antique has bro pated the command contained in the above-mentioned relend the Number of their High mightinesses, I shall, without the least reluctance whole Lois of their High mightinesses, I shall, without the least reluctance punctually conform there;o.

M. Van Hoey's third Letter to the Duke of Newcastle, of the 8th of July, 1746. Written by Order of their High Mightinefes, to uje Pardon for interfering in Favour of the Name with be

Y misfortune, my lord, to have so much displeased so great a monarch, whose friendship is so precious to in republic, to fenfibly affects me, that I find myself obliged to make use of this opportunity, to repeat my inflances to you excellency, that you would have the goodness to honour me himbustador E with your intercession to his majorty. - I have erred, my frat important lord, but I love peace, mankind, and my country; I eleem nothing useful which is not just and honeit, and my prayers for acceptain is o the accomplishment of the just defires of the king your loves reign, and for the glory of his reign, are incessant and sneete. We are asia These sentiments, my lord, which are also your own, give me state by the sent sort of title to aspire to your friendship, and hope of the sent site sent most favourable success, from the good offices of your excellent feminion of cy, for my obtaining his Britannic majetty's pardon. I have the Honour to be, &c.

N. B. The opportunity M. Van Heey speaks of, is the delights, he wo mand made by M. d'Argenson or a pailport for a French chuttion of exchange of priloners, according to the cartel of Francisco.

TURIN, June 18. 7 E hear that the Treops which are affembling in the dul greene Ter.: State of Genoa; the Emperor intending, in quality of the State of Genoa; the Emperor intending, in quality of the State Grand Duke, immediately to declare War against that Researchary War public.

Camp of Terbeyd, July 15, N.S. Mons surrendered the IIIE Initiant, the Garrison Prisoners of War. The Enemy talk new u, to each of investing Charleroy and St. Ghilian, at once. We just now 26. hear, that yesterday the Left of the Enemy's second Line parfed the Demer, and that they are going to take the Camp of Lord Lieut Louvain or Park; one of the firongest in the Low Countries; and some Advices say, that they design to extend between Louvain and Tirlemont, and are every Day joined by Troops from the Moielle. Hamburgh, July 8. It is again given out, that the Russan

Vicuna, July 2. The Empress Queen has declared to the Court of Russia was happily concluded.

Troops have received positive Orders to march for Bohemia;

The Empress has declared to the Ministers of the Maritime Powers, that having no Occasion to fend any more troops into appliated in my conduct; the affrightness of my intentions veral Regiments of Foot and Horse, together with a Body of Croats, to join the Army of Marshal Bathiani.

Paris July 1. The Public here is under great Impatience to know the true Route taken by the Duke d'Anville, who commands the Brest Fleet: For though many People are of Opimedition was design'd to retake Cape-Breton

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Wind bei fill'd. ther Man, dnefday E pting to go the Boat cred.

Ve have fe e believ'd he Line, a ks of New Ve have ce he Forces

th and Sp lbany, to I hey

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