Convaining the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestic.

February 11, 1746.

Circle of Francoins), September 16.

and those of the other associated Circles will speedily do the fame. We reckon, that before the

Month of November, these Proops will form an ရှိနော်မြို့မို့မို့ Army of 42000 Med.

Lighann, September 1. The Apprehensions of a Bombardment at Genoa are attended with fome other colacourse Circumflances; air the great Defertion of the Repulsi-troops, which is occasioned by the Spaniards expening George and Fire. The Confirms, in the service of the Goode chalfo return former. They profely that they are very while to defend the Republic's Domitions, but can by no means reliffe being under the Command of fereign Generals; 10: the faceral Gerocie Charts have nothing to them but their can aliens and their Colours, but not one Man can they

Process, Spring VTE afford that Count Kingfel, Great German Lamas in, is open the broatiers of trading, with a less of he ween 30 and a good Pour, in order to invade that Country, as foon as Le shall receive certain Advice that the Prufcans have committed Hothlitics upon this Electorate. The Cour has received Afferances from that of Perculsurg, that the Empreis will immediately cause strong Representations to be made to the King of Prussia, upon the Subject of his Enterprize againd Saxony.

Color, Sept. 24. The popula Priests, in the Duchies of Juhers and Bergue, received an Order the 25th Inflant, to give Notice the next Day in their Sermons. That the Elector Palatine not looking upon the late Imperial Election to be valid, his falls within that Capitulation. Electoral Highness orders all his Subjects to continue to give him the Title of Vicar of the Empire, and to acknowlege him

Parts, Sept. 24. M. Saladin, Sindictof the East India Company, is fee out for Flolland, in his Way to England; being charged with a Commission for obtaining the Restitution of the Ship, lately taken in the East Indies; waich, for several Reaions, the Public as yet are not made acquainted with, are supfound not to be good Prize: All sensible People, however, confider this in no other Light, than as an Artifice, made use of land the Troops that made Part of the Garrison of Tournay, by the Government, to keep up the Credit of the Company; which, to say the Truth, it has so far answered, that their Ac-

... High and Mighty Lords,

HE King having been informed that your High Mighti-I nesses were determined to send over into England, as auxiliary Troops to the King of Great Britain, eight of the Battahous that defended Tournay, or the other Places which his Majetty has conquered in the Notherlands, his Majetty caused the Capitulation of Tournay to be hid before him, on the Footing of which the Capitulations of the other Places were made. There it is expressed in plain Terms, " That the Troops may not torve against his Majesty, nor against his Allies, until the first of January, 1747, vor perform any military Function, of what Nature toever it be, in the remotest Places from the Frontiers; and has neither the Officers for Soldiers shall, during that Term, be put into foreign Service. "

Unis Engagement is To clear and precise, that the King did not think he ought to give Credit to the Reports spread in the Baginning of the Month of August, that your High Mightinelies had some Thoughts of making those Troops serve as Auxiharies to the King of Great-Britain in England or Scotland: And his Mejefty cannot but look upon as an Infraction of the Capitulations he was pleased to grant to the Republic's Troops, the declinating or employing, in any Stape, those Treops as-Auxiliaries to the King of England, after their having been obliged to renounce the Title of Auxiliaries to the Queen es Hungary for a limited Term. The Obligation of not going, during that Term, into any foreign Service, is even foreseen, and expressly slipulated in the Captulation of Tournay, for any Officers or So diers of those Troops; and is consequently a much stronger Argument why it should be looked upon as a formal Engagement, binding the whole Bedy of Troops that

Moreover, High and-Mighty Lords, your High Mightinelfes will no doubt judge, that as the King and his Allies may have a Mind to attack England on her Continent, those Troops ought by no incans to be transported thither, to serve as Auxiliaries, besides, that the sending them to Great Britain, cannot but the better enable the English to keep up and employ against his Majesty and his Allies, in the Netherlands, or elsewhere, diverse Eodies of their national Troops.

All these Possions show how irregular it is to destine for Engor the other Places conquered by his Ma, ly's Arrabfolutely incompatible it is with the other tions are at present at 1722 the Capitaletions. The King has transported by Mighton Gen, w

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