

to whom the Magazines and Arsenals shall be truly delivered, as likewise all that belongs to the Place.

As soon as this Capitulation shall be signed, one Garrison shall be delivered to the King's Troops, and Commissioners shall be received to whom the Magazines and Arsenals shall be truly delivered, as also all that belongs to the Place.

The Garrison of the Place shall march out four Days after the signing of the Capitulation on both Sides. *Agreed.*

The Garrison may likewise take Provisions with them on the March. *Agreed.*

*August 23, 1745.* Chancery. Signed.

Signed, Lowendahl, Governor of Ostend.

Lowendahl, Commander of the King's Troops at the Siege of Ostend.

In Consequence of this Capitulation, the Transports were ordered into the Harbour to embark the Garrison.

*Extract of a Letter from Edinburgh, August 8.*

Advices from so many Parts agree that the young Chevalier had embarked, that there is no Room to doubt it is Truth, but where he is designed is only Conjecture; mean time People here are sensible of the Folly of any Scheme to invade Great-Britain with such a pitiful Force as he carries along with him, that it is made a mere Jest. And as to any Assistance he can find, in case of landing, 'tis not to be believed he will have the least; the memorable 1715 is not yet forgot, and the Disposition of the People is so altered, by the Intervention of many concurrent Causes, that it is not to be thought the least Appearance would be made."

The principal Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance have promised a Reward of 25*l.* Sterling to whosoever will discover 100 Arms concealed in any Part of Great-Britain; so as the same may be secured 'till his Majesty's Pleasure shall be known.

Those who have landed the young Chevalier in the Island of Mull, have certainly done very judiciously; that Island being ever against Fort William, one of the strongest Places in North Britain, which to be sure he is to take with his 300 well-dress'd Men.

Orders are dispatched to General Cope's Regiment in Scotland, to be ready at a Moment's Warning, to act as Occasion shall require.

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships were pleased to put the Devonshire, of 80 Guns, lately rebuilt and launched at Woolwich, into Commission, and gave the same to Commodore Knowles, lately arriv'd from the West Indies.

*August 10.* We hear that the Princess Louisa of Denmark is to set out from Copenhagen to Hanover, the 27th instant. N. S. in order to be married to the Duke of Cumberland.

*Aug. 13.* We hear that the Parliament will sit for the Dispatch of Business the Beginning of November next.

We are informed, that the Court of Vienna has resolved to declare the City of Trieste, in Italy, a Free Port, and to make it the Staple of the Commodities exported by the maritime Powers, which are to be taken off in the hereditary Dominions of the Queen of Hungary.

According to some private Letters from Frankfort the Report of the Prince of Conti with his Forces, was not only unacceptable, but procured by the King of Prussia, who represented to the French Court, that it would avoid a decisive Action, oblige the French to make to the Emperor of Germany, leave the Dyle unopposed by the Tyrannical Duke of Lorraine, take away the pretended necessity of proceeding to an immediate Election, and not only give time to some Courts to rule their Demands on the Maritime Powers, but also afford

sufficient Leisure to execute the two great Expeditions concerted by their Most Christian and Prussian Majesties.

*August 20.* They inform us from the Hague, that his Prussian Majesty has published a Manifesto against Saxony, and that his Troops were ordered to enter that Country on Friday the 20th, N. S.

Yesterday the Lords of the Admiralty ordered 6 Men of War to sail immediately for Scotland.

On Saturday came Advice that a Venetian Ship, of between 40 and 50 Tons, bound from Cadiz for Genoa, having on board 80,000 Potos, and other valuable Effects, is taken by a British Man of War, and carried into Leghorn.

Some Persons of Distinction at the Hague, who have lately received Letters from the French Army, report that many Officers of Rank, are exceedingly chagrined at the mighty Ascendancy Marshal de Saxe has gained over the most Christian King, and the rather, because, tho' his Excellency's declining State of Health seems to rid them of the Fear of seeing him long possessed of so absolute an Authority, yet his having cast his Eyes on Count Lowendahl for his Successor, darkens the Prospect extremely, and the more since his Majesty is of no fickle Disposition, but continues firm in his Friendship, though it requires some Time to conciliate and fix his Favour, as appears plainly from Cardinal Fleury's having as yet no Successor.

"Tis reported, that a few Days ago the Duke of Berwick was taken by one of his Majesty's Messengers at Drummond Castle, but that he made his Escape, by defiring Leave to go into a Room to dress himself.

*August 22.* We are assured that the Elector of Ments made his Publick Entry into Frankfort last Monday was 'tis night, in a very magnificent Manner, and made Declaration, that the Conferences should begin immediately, that a Head to the Empire should be absolutely chose within one Month from the Day of his Entry; so that we may depend upon hearing of that Grand Affair's being determined in less than 10 Days from this Date.

*August 24.* His Majesty is expected at Kensington To-morrow. Preparations being made for his Reception.

Some private Advices from Bohemia say, that the Duke of Saxe Weissenfelds returned unexpectedly from Igau, where he went to drink the Waters, and resumed the Command of the Saxons; after which he dispatched a Courier to Berlin, with Letters for the Prince of Anhalt Delitzsch, which extraordinary Conduct has occasioned much Speculation.

By a Letter from Commodore Barnet, dated from on-board the Deford at Sea, January 28, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, he assures him that he has taken three French East India Men, the Cargoes of which are valued at 300,000*l.*

A Vessel arrived last Friday at Philadelphia, in 6 Weeks from Portsmouth, and it is reported has brought the News that the Grand Duke of Tuscany is elected Emperor.

*From the Pennsylvania GAZETTE, Philadelphia, October 30.*

Mr. FRANKLIN,

Since Monsr. Torres, a Native of FRANCE, and late a habitant of NEW SPAIN, out of mere Christian Love for his Enemies, daily hazards himself in long Journeys thro' their Territories, to cure all their Distempers, by means of his own Stones and Bals of Powder, at the Price of Twenty five Shillings per Stone and Bag: how much ought I to be ashamed, looking now in many these wonderful Stones and Bags at the Rate of four pence per Dozen, I should now in Compassion for the poor among my Countrymen, write the important Secret,