

in a most affectionate Manner expressed the just Sense the Nation has of the Service of the New-England Troops; that it will reflect everlasting Honour on the Country; and happening when Affairs in Europe were in so bad a Situation, it will still the more endear them to his Majesty. It is certain that 2000 regular Troops will embark from Europe this Fall, with 100 Pieces of Cannon, Powder, and other warlike Stores, sufficient for the Defence of that Place; which also is a strong Proof of it's Importance. The Admiral, to encourage the Settlement thereof, is determined to keep Bullion enough to give a Currency. And as it is situated so advantageously for the Fishery, it is not doubted but People will find it for their Interest to settle there.

Extract of a Letter from Louisburg, dated September 26.

"The Duke of Newcastle has wrote a most complaisant Letter to the General, much in the Praise of the American Forces. — There is Encouragement given for 500 Women, and the same Number of Men, to come and settle here, and those that will not enlist Voluntiers are to be press'd: The Premium is a Guinea to each Woman on enlisting, and to be completely clothed from Head to Foot, and a Sum of Money on their Embarkation. There were 180 Women enlisted, and in the Tower; and the first Lady on the Roll is Miss Betty Slop, so that the Toast that is most fashionable here, is *To Miss Betty Slop and our Friends in the Tower.*

From George's Fort we hear, that 14 Indians are already come in there, and have submitted themselves to the Protection of this Government agreeable to Proclamation, and many more expected.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in England, to one in Boston, dated July 17, 1745.

"I hope the News of Cape Breton's being took will prove true. The Massachusetts Bay have won great Honour by the Expedition. Mr. Kilby has represented your Government in so favourable a Light to the Court, that instead of beholding you with Jealousy and Contempt, as once they did, it's almost as much as a Man's Character is worth to be thought an Enemy to the present Establishment: You are now stiled the GLO-RIOUS NEW-ENGLAND MEN, who have not only reliev'd and sav'd his Majesty's Government of Annapolis Royal, but have recovered out of the Enemy's Hands one of their strongest Fortresses, and at a Place of the utmost Consequence to the Trade of the Kingdom, as well as Protection to the Northern English Colonies. Governor Shirley, by his wise Conduct in this Affair, is looked upon in such a Light (to say no more) as I believe no one before him has appeared in, and has effectually established his Character. This Affair has been luckily timed for your Place.

NEW-YORK, October 21.

Wednesday 1st his Excellency our Governor arrived safe from Albany, where he has been to meet the Chiefs of the Six Nations of Indians, and we hear his Negotiations have been attended with Success.

Captain Bowne, who arrived here in 16 Days from Coracoa, spoke with the Privateers Warren and George, belonging to Philadelphia, cruising near that Island, in hopes to intercept some Frenchmen then at that Place: They had as yet taken nothing.

ANNAPOLIS.

Copy of a Letter from Williamsburg, dated October 22, 1745.

"By the Ship George, Capt. Crawford, who arrived in Rappahannock a few Days since, in six Weeks from Glasgow, we have the Edinburgh Courant of the 22d and 27th of August, in which is the following important News; viz. That Ostend was besieged and attacked by the French on the 22d of August, N.S. and the next Day surrendered upon Conditions that

Garrison should march out with all the military Honours, and to have a suitable Efcorte to the Austrian Territories with all their Effects, &c. &c. In Consequence of which, the French marched in, took Possession of it; and the Transports were ordered into the Harbour to embark the Garrison. That the French were marching to Antwerp to besiege that Place, and carried every Thing before them in those Parts. That the Camp of the Allies under the Command of the Duke of Cumberland had been attacked by the French Army, just before the News came away, so that the Success was not known; but it was hoped, that as they were 40,000 strong, and well entrenched, they would be able at least to make a good Defence. — That the King of Prussia had declared War against the King of Poland as Elector of Saxony: That the Queen of Hungary had made some Proposals for an Accommodation with the Kings of Prussia and France: That the Election of an Emperor was not over, nor could it be known on whom it would fall as Affairs are now circumstanced. — From Scotland, That a French Ship was arrived amongst the Islands in the North, and had landed a Person, who it's said is Charles, the Son of the Pretender, and 300 Men, Officers, &c. his Attendants: That they had committed Hostilities by taking some Vessels, and an English Captain of Guise's Regiment Prisoner. That they had erected a Standard, talk of great Matters, are at present full of Money, and their Number is said to be increased to 1500 or 2000, and they give out would soon be 10,000; mean time many of the Chiefs of Clans have voluntarily promised their Assistance, with their Dependents, to curb these Disturbers of the Peace; and Col. Cope and General Blakeney are marched to the Highlands for the same Purpose. A large Quantity of Ammunition, Arms, &c. are shipped from London for Scotland, and a Reward is offered by Proclamation for discovering concealed Arms, and all other necessary Means taken; so that it is hoped the Rebels will be quelled before they are able to do any great Damage, tho' they give out that 10,000 Swedes are to come to their Assistance; and on the other Hand it's said 10,000 Danes are to come against them. — That our Men of War had taken a French Man of War of 36 Guns, called the Panther, and several other Prizes, and carried them into Plymouth; and it's said the Colchester Man of War had sunk a French Man of War. — And it's said, Admiral Vernon was failed in Quest of the Ferrol Squadron, and it was hoped would soon give a good Account of them. — The Spaniards, French, Neapolitans, and Genoese, oblige the King of Sardinia's Army in Italy to retreat; but as Admiral Rowley has Orders to bombard Genoa, 'twas believed that Republic would soon have Cause to repent their Forwardness to assist the Enemies of Great-Britain.

Your's, &c.

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered,*

Ship Mercury Galley, Charles Hargrave, from Philadelphia; Sloop Endeavour, William Scandrett, from Barbadoes.

Cleared for Departure,

Ship Raven, William Walter, for Biddeford;
Ship Concord, John Frazer, for London;
Ship Bohemia, John Harding, for Biddeford;
Ship Peter and Mary, Thomas Ashington, for London;
Snow Morton, Richard Courtney, for London;
Brig. Charming Sally; William Dumaresque, for London.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Maryland, To wit, } **I** Ately brought into Britton's T-
October 25, 1745. } **L** atonack River, with in the
since by Bill. *of, Mar*