

Hessians separated from the Bavarians, and declared for a Neutrality before the late Treaty was signed between the Queen of Hungary and the Elector of Bavaria.

May 19. Yesterday arrived a Mail from Lisbon, by which we have the agreeable News, that the Kouli Kan Privateer had taken and carried into Lisbon on the 1st of May, N. S. a rich Spanish Ship, called the St. Joseph, Capt. Don Juan Francisco du Landa, from Cartagena and the Havana: Her Cargo consists of 8 Cheits of Silver, containing 50430 Dollars, all register'd; and 17254 Dollars, and 3 Bars of Gold, that are not register'd; besides a very large Cargo of Sugar, Cocoa, Snuff, Hides, and Tobacco. Capt. Barker took her the 13th of April, in Lat. 36, after a Chace of 3 Days; and she is the richest Prize taken by any Privateer since the War commenced.

It is reported that his Majesty, as soon as he arrives in Germany, will put himself at the Head of the Allied Army on the Rhine, in order to take Advantage of the present Opportunity, and penetrate into France by the Way of Alsace and Lorraine; while his Royal Highness does the same by the Way of Artois and Picardy. May no thing impede these heroic Designs.

We hear that Brigadier Ingoldby will be tried by a Court-Martial; for his late Behaviour at the Action near Tournay.

We have Advice that a Party of Hungarian Insurgents, the 6th Instant seized on the River Oder, near Breslau, 10 Prussian Vessels, laden with Provisions and Soldiers Accoutrements, designed for the Prussian Army.

There is an Account by the Lisbon Mail, that Admiral Rowley had block'd up Cartagena, in which was a Squadron of Spanish Men of War; and that he had detach'd Commodore Osborn, with 13 Men of War, towards Cape St. Vincent, in Quest of a Squadron of French Men of War, which had been cruising there.

A Party of Austrian Hussars under General Trips, pass'd the Danube 3 Leagues from Ulm, and attacked a French Party, defeated them, and took 12 heavy Pieces of Cannon, 16 Field Pieces, 2 Mortars, 30 pontoons, about 120 Ammunition Waggon, and the military Chest, in which were upwards of Four Millions of Livres.

May 21. They write from Hamburgh, that the Jews at Prague have received the agreeable News, that her Hungarian Majesty had, by a new Edict, granted full Liberty for them to remain in Bohemia.

They write from Brussels, that they are assured, that from the 30th of April to the 27th of May, N. S. the French have lost 25000 Men before Tournay, together with those in the late Action of Fontenoy.

According to private Letters from Francfort, the Austrian Army under the Command of Field-Marshal Count Traun, making very long Marches towards that City, the French have on a sudden abandoned all their Posts on the Maine, except Hochst.

We hear from the Hague, that their High Mightinesses have wrote to the Prince of Waldeck, not to venture another Battle, without being morally sure of Success.

The Dikes about Nieuport are laid open, and the Lands laid under Water, to prevent the French making any Attempts on that Side.

BOSTON, July 19.

Paragraph of a Letter from Capt. David Donahew, Commander of the *Sloop Resolution*, dated *Canso-Passage*, June 26, 1745.

On the 15th Instant, in Akmaconse Harbour, up the Bay, my Luck was to meet with two Sloops and two Schooners, and an unaccountable Number of Indian Canoes. At 6 the same Morning the Captains Becket and Fones, who were consorted with me, and being to Leeward, saw some Smoke, which they perceived, and soon lost Sight of me. I pursued my Chace, and

at 10 o'Clock came up with and fired at them; they strove to decoy me into shoal Water, which I soon perceived, and accordingly stood away from the Shore, they being 1000 in Number, and I but 40 odd: We spoke to each other for 2 Hours and a half, they knowing my Name, desired me to prepare my Fast for them; and I telling the Cowards they were afraid to row up; the Weather stark calm, as they came to hand I killed, but the Number I know not. I fired 200 four Pounders, double Round and Partridge, 50 three Pounders, my Swivels and small Arms continually playing on them. My Stern, by Force of firing, is down to the Water's Edge, the Roundhouse all to pieces, but bold-hearted; had it not been so calm I could have done as I would, but not one Breath of Wind, and they rowing all round me both Head and Stern; but the Captains Becket and Fones appearing in Sight, they retreated and run into shoal Water: I followed them within Pistol-shot, 'till I run on Ground, but, blessed be God, have got safe off. This was the Army that besieged Annapolis, and was ordered to assist Louisburg, but their Design is prevented."

We have Advice from New-York, that the Government there have passed an Act for paying 5000 l. towards the Expedition against Cape Breton.

July 25. Last Week a fine Set of Eight Bells were brought hither in a Vessel from Bristol, designed for Dr. Cutler's Church at the North Part of this Town. We hear the largest of them is near 1500 Weight, and the whole Set about 7000.

July 29. Last Saturday a Vessel arrived here from Annapolis-Royal, in which came Mr. Picket, Steward to the late Capt. Donahew, and one of those who went ashore in their Boat, in the Gut of Canso, and were all thought to be killed by the Indians. Mr. Picket gives the following Account of that unhappy Affair; viz. That they found 253 French and Indians on Shore, with whom they engaged for upwards of a Quarter of an Hour, in which Time Capt. Donahew and his Brother, with 4 others, were killed; and the other 5 being much wounded, had Quarter given them. The Enemy had 2 killed and as many wounded in the Engagement; which being over, the Indians cut open Capt. Donahew's Breast, and suck'd his Blood, and hack'd and mangled his Body in a most inhuman and barbarous Manner, and then eat a great Part of his Flesh. They also suck'd the Blood, and mangled the Bodies of the other slain. After which they carried their Prisoners to Menis, where they were going to kill and eat Mr. Picknet; but he being acquainted with some of the French Inhabitants, they so far stood his Friend (with the Assistance of the Priest), as to procure his Liberty for a Sum of Money: He afterwards got to Annapolis-Royal, but the other Prisoners were carried to Canada, whither the French and Indians who came from thence last Winter were returned, much cast down at the News of our taking Louisburg. 'Tis also said, that many of the French Inhabitants of Menis were retired to Canada; and by Letters from Annapolis-Royal, we are informed, that the Indians of Nova Scotia, sensible of their Error in making War upon the English, as Things turn out, are now confessing their Faults, and suing for Peace in the most humble and prostrate Manner.

WILLIAMSBURG, July 18.

Last Friday Evening a most terrible Accident happened in Charles-City County; when a violent Thunder-Gust arose, and the Lightning struck the House of Col. Benjamin Harrison, of Berkley, which kill'd him, and his two youngest Daughters. He lived some Minutes; but tho' a Vein was opened by Dr. Monger (who happened to be on the Spot, and was knock'd down by the Lightning, but received little Damage), it proved in vain, and he expired without speaking a Word. His two Daughters died instantly. This most melancholy Affair has given a general Concern, and particularly to all who were acquainted;