

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestic.

FRIDAY, May 24, 1745.

OLMUTZ (a City of Bohemia), January 10, O. S.

THE King and Queen of Poland arrived here Yesterday, and were received by the Grand Duke of Tuscany. Their Majesties set out again this Morning to go to Prague, and from thence they will go to Dresden. The Grand Duke had Yesterday a Conference for two Hours, in private, with the King of Poland, upon the Operations of the Saxon Troops the next Campaign.

Scheffhausen (in Switzerland), Jan. 15, O. S. Mr. Burnaby, Minister from the King of Great-Britain to the Helvetic Body, has, by Order of his Britannic Majesty, wrote a Letter to the Cantons, to signify to them, That the Lord Harrington's being appointed one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, in the Room of the Earl of Granville, would make no Alteration in the Measures that were taken vigorously to carry on the just and necessary War in which he is engaged, nor in his steady Resolution to support his Allies, and maintain the Balance of Power and the Liberty of Europe; and that his Majesty is firmly resolved, with the Assistance of the Almighty, to protect and defend them at all Times against France, or any other Power that shall attempt to do them Violence.

Dusseldorf (in the Circle of Westphalia), Jan. 22, O. S. We hear from Bachum, that the Duke of Aremberg being informed of the Emperor's Death, immediately held a Council of War; the Result of which was, to march the Army towards Frankfurt. His Excellency has demanded of the Bailiages of Gladbach and Malen 6000 Rations of Forage, on pain of military Execution.

Hague, Jan. 23, O. S. The Earl of Chesterfield confessed the Day of his Arrival, with some of the Lords of the Regency, and Yesterday he delivered his Credentials to Baron Milau Visconti, President of the Assembly of the States General; who after he had presented them to their High Mightinesses, came to compliment the Earl of Chesterfield on their Behalf, and acknowledge him as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the King of Great-Britain.

All our Advices from Germany affirm, that the young Elector of Bavaria has not taken that Step, at the Courts of Vienna and Dresden, which is so confidently asserted in diverse public Papers; and that his Electoral Highness has taken upon him the Title of Archduke of Austria.

Jan. 25. The Earl of Chesterfield confers frequently with the Members and Deputies of the States; but will not have his public Audience 'til the Return of the Courier he has dispatched to London. It seems this Nobleman will succeed, in enga-

ging their High Mightinesses to come into all the Measures that the British Court can desire, for the support of the common Cause; but that his Excellency will find it very difficult to bring them to a formal Declaration of War against France.

The Count of Opdam, one of the principal Members of the State, died last Night: In him the Court of Vienna loses a very good Friend, who on all Occasions warmly espoused her Cause.

Advices from Geneva import, that the Court of Madrid hath absolutely resolved upon invading the Duchy of Tuscany; and that in consequence of this Resolution, Count Gage was making the necessary Dispositions for the Siege of Leghorn: That his Army is but 8 Leagues distant from that City; and that he flatters himself he shall take it in 15 Days, open Trenches. The same Advices add, that the King of Sardinia waited impatiently for two English Regiments of Foot, which are to be brought to him from Gibraltar.

Brussels (a City of the Low Countries), Feb. 2. Letters from Paris say, that the News of the Death of the Emperor has spread a general Consternation there; and People say with great Impatience, that every Thing seems to conspire against France. At a Time when that Nation imagined, that it would have gone a great Way next Campaign, towards executing it's Plan, it's Hopes are quite vanished. It flatter'd itself, amongst other Things, that the Troops of France and her Allies would, next Spring, have exceeded those of the Queen of Hungary and her Allies by 80000 Men. The same Letters add, that notwithstanding the good Aspect that was put upon Matters in France, the Court was not without some Apprehensions of a separate Accommodation between Great-Britain and Spain.

Hague, Feb. 9. The States have resolved to send Orders to 18 Battalions, to march forthwith into the Netherlands, for the provisional Security of those Countries, 'til the combined Army can be assembled and formed there. Sir John Ligonier arrived here last Night from Brussels.

Feb. 12. The other Day the Council of State, after having had some Conferences with the Deputies of the States General, dispatched Orders to 18 Battalions of national Troops to march immediately to Namur, Tournay, Mons, Charleroy, Ath, Oudenarde, Malines, and Brussels; and at the same time sent Orders to 22 other Battalions, and 46 Squadrons, to hold themselves in Readiness to march as Occasion shall require. Their High Mightinesses will, next Campaign, have 100000 Men in the Army in Flanders; which some People here say, will be commanded by his Britannic Majesty; others by an Austrian General.

The last Letters from Berlin advise, that the Affairs of Baron Einfeldel, who commanded the Prussians in Prague, are in a bad Situation; in that his Guard was augmented immediately after