

John Maynard, Junr.
 John Peel.
 John Falconar.
 Humphrey Bell
 Jonathan Forward.
 Thomas Bond.
 Thomas Meacer.
 William Black.
 Maud and Hewit.
 William Torver.

Job Wilks.
 Samuel Hide.
 Daniel Lamport.
 Joseph Adams.
 Edward Ashurst.
 Hugh Arbuthnot.
 Philip Perry.
 James Bradley.
 John Hyde.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Copenhagen, Nov. 5. There were three Thousand six Hundred and Seventy Houses burnt in this City, according to the List that has been made of them, and 29 Others were demolished to stop the Progress of the Flames: Besides, there are Six Churches reduced to Ashes, as also the Town-House, Four Colledges, Three Hospitals, and several Hottels and Palaces: In one of the Hospitals, Sixteen diseased Persons perished in the Flames.

Naples, Nov. 9. The Proof of the Prince de Carriatti Spinelli has lately given of his singular Piety, is extolled by every one. A Curate of his Parish returning at Night from administering the Sacrament to a sick Person, and the Flamboys which accompanied him being put out by the Wind and Rain, he was obliged to shelter himself under the Portico of the said Prince's Palace, who was immediately informed thereof by his Domesticks: Whereupon His Highness order'd instantly six Horses to be put into the finest of his Coaches, to carry the Priest with the Pyx, and ordered 8 Footmen to accompany the Venerable with Torches. The Coach being come back, the Prince caused the same to be set up apart, with a Resolution never to make use of it any more, saying, *That a Coach which has carried the Saviour of the World, ought not to serve afterwards the Vanity of Mortals.*

Florence, Nov. 13. Yesterday Morning the Chevalier John Cosmo Figgliazzi, brought with the usual Ceremonies to the British Resident, the Grand Duke's Reply to the obliging Letter his Britannick Majesty wrote him, in Answer to the Credentials the Chevalier Ricardi, his Royal Highness's Envoy, had presented to that Monarch. There is a Talk as if our Duke has made a Testament in Favour of a certain Prince in Germany.

L O N D O N, November 23.

Sir Jacob Ackworth, Surveyor of the Navy, having procured from the West-Indies, several Parts of Keels and Ships Rudders, damaged by the Worms, with the Worms in their Shells, sticking upon them; they are to be presented to his Majesty this Day by the Lord Torrington; they are inclosed in two Boxes covered with Glass: There is also to be presented to his Majesty, at the same Time, a large Bottle of the said Worms alive.

[L O N D O N, January 22, 1728.]

The Humble ADDRESS of the House of Commons to the KING.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain in Parliament Assembled, beg Leave humbly to return Our sincere and unfeigned Thanks, for your Majesty's most Gracious Speech from the Throne.

We Congratulate Your Majesty upon the safe Arrival of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, so much to the Joy and Satisfaction of Your Majesty, and all Your People.

We are not Insensible of the various and extensive Views, which must naturally arise in settling and reconciling the different Interests and Pretensions of so many different Powers, Parties to the Treaties of Hanover and Vienna; and We acknowledge, with the utmost Gratitude, Your Majesty's great Wisdom and Prudence, in avoiding, as far as was possible, all Occasions of Difficulties and Delays, by concerting

the most expeditious Methods of concluding, with Honour and Justice, the Negotiations depending at *Soissons*.

We have the Happiness to see Your Majesty indefatigable in the Pursuits of the Interests of Your People, accommodating and composing the Publick Differences, declining the Temptation of Military Glory, and chusing rather to secure to Your Subjects their just Rights and Possessions, by the milder Arts of Moderation and Forbearance, than to plunge the Nation unnecessarily into infinite and unknown Expences.

But Your Faithful Commons are so fully convinced that Your own Honour, and the Honour of Your Kingdoms, are Considerations so dear to Your Majesty, and so inseparable from Your Royal Mind, that We can, with the greatest Confidence imaginable, entirely rely upon Your Majesty's undoubted Valour and Resolution to do Yourself and the Nation Justice, whenever a proper Occasion calls upon You for it; and we cannot in the least doubt, from your Majesty's constant and due Regard to the Rights, Privileges, and Interests of Your People; but that Your Princely Care will equally extend it self to the securing our Commerce, and obtaining a just Satisfaction for the many and great Losses sustained by Your Trading Subjects.

The mutual Harmony and Fidelity, so firmly Established, and subsisting between Your Majesty and Your Allies, cannot fail to create in Your Commons the highest Satisfaction; and it is with Pleasure we observe, that all Endeavours and Attempts to separate and dissolve this happy Union, of such Consequence to Your Kingdoms, and so Essential to the Preserving the Peace and Tranquility of Europe, have proved Vain and Unsuccessful.

We beg Leave to assure Your Majesty, that we will with the greatest Cheerfulness raise the Supplies necessary for answering and defraying the Charges and Expences of the ensuing Year, and will not fail to make the proper Disposition of the growing Produce of the Sinking Fund. And if, after all your Majesty's unwearied Endeavours to procure a Safe and Honourable Peace, a Rupture should become unavoidable; Your Majesty may depend upon the Zeal and Affection of this House, effectually to support Your Majesty in carrying on a just and Necessary War, and enable You to act with Vigour in Conjunction with Your Allies, as future Events and the Circumstances of Publick Affairs may require.

And as nothing can be more Injurious to Your Majesty's Honour, and the Interest and Reputation of Your People, than the vile and detestable Practices of those, who by giving Hopes of Discontents, Divisions, and Difficulties arising here at Home, encourage the Dilatory Proceedings that have hitherto retarded the Conclusion of this Important Transaction; We look with the utmost Abhorrence upon the Authors and Contrivers of such base and unnatural Artifices, who suggest the Means of Distressing their Country, and clamour at the Inconveniencies which they themselves have occasion'd. This makes it highly Incumbent upon Us to give Your Majesty the most unfeigned Assurance, that this House will, by an unshaken Duty and Affection to Your Majesty, and by a Steady Perseverance in Support of Your Government, convince the World, that no false and groundless Insinuations, no wicked Designs and Intrigues whatsoever, shall be able to alter or diminish that Harmony and good Understanding between Your Majesty and Your Parliament, which Our Inclination, Duty and Interest call upon Us inviolably to preserve.

They write from Bruges, That on the 24th of October, the Bishop of that Place celebrated a solemn Mass in the Presence of the Deputies of the Province, the Members of the Chamber of Commerce, and other Persons of Note, to return Thanks to God for the Fair Weather they have had this Summer, which has enabled them to cleanse and make deeper the Canal between Bruges and Ostend, which is now 22 Foot deep, and navigable for Ships of great Burthen. This Solemnity was attended with Bonfires, and other Rejoycings; and they write, that it has been resolved to repair, and make deeper the Canal between Bruges and Ghent, which will facilitate the Commerce of the Austrian Netherlands.

Boston, Feb. 10. On Saturday last his Excellency Governour BURNET, was pleased to order a Proclamation to be issued out, to Prorogue the Great and General Court of Assembly, which stand Prorogued to the Fifth of March next, to be further Prorogued to Wednesday the Second of April, at Ten a-Clock in the Forenoon, then to meet at Salem, the Place of their last Meeting.