## American-Extra.

## American,

Commercial Daily Advertiser.

FRID.IT, JULY 2, 1807. ---

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

## A PROCLAMATION.

During the wars which, for some time, have unhappily prevailed among the powers of Europe, the United States of America, firm in the principles of peace, have endeavored by justice, by a regular discharge of all their national and social duties, and by every friendly office their situation has admitted, to maintain, with all the belligerents, their accustomed relations of friendship, hospitality and commercial intercourse. Taking no part in the questions which animate these powers against each other, nor permitting themselves to entertain a wish but for the restoration of general peace, they have observed with good faith the neutrality they assumed, and they believe that no instance of a departure from its duties can be justly imputed to them by any nation. A free use of their harbours and waters, the means of refitting and of refreshment, of succour to their sick and suffering, have, at all times, and on equal principles, been extended to all, and this too amidst a constant recurrence of acts of insubordination to the laws, and of violence to the persons, and of trespasses on the property of our citizens, committed by officers of one of the belligerent parties received among us. In truth these abuses of the laws of hospitality have, with few exceptions, become habitual to the commanders of the British armed vessels hovering on our coasts, and frequenting our harbours.

They have been the subject of repeated representations to their government. Assurances have been given that proper orders should restrain them within the limit of the rights and of the respect due to a friendly nation; but those orders and assurances have been without effect; no instance of punishment for past wrongs has taken place. At length, a deed, transcending all we have hitherto seen or suffered, brings the public sensibility to a serious crisis, and our forbearance to a necessary pause. A frigate of the United States trusting to a state of peace, and leaving her harbour on a distant service, has been surprised and attacked by a British vessel of superior force, one of a squadron then lying in our waters and covering the transaction, and has been disabled from service, with the loss of a number of men killed and wounded. This enormity was not only without provocation or justifiable cause, but was committed with the a-

vowed purpose of taking by force, from a thip of war of the United States, a part of her crew, and that no circumstance might be wanting to maik its character, it had been previously ascer-. ta ned that the seamen demanded were native civizens of the United States. Having effected his jurpose he returned to anchor with his squadron within our jurisdiction.

Hospitality under fuch c reumstances ceases to be a duty; and a continuance of it, with fuch uncontrolled abuses, would tend only by multiplying injuries and irritations, to bring on a rup ure between the two nations. This extreme refort is equally opposed to the interests of bich, as it is to assurances of the most friendly depositions on the part of the British government, in the midfict which this outrage has been committed. In this light the subject cannot but present itself to that government, and flrengthen the motives to an honorable reparation of the wrong which has been done, and to that effectual cont el of its navat commanders, which alone can justify the g vernment of the United States in the exercise of those hospitalities it is now constrained to discontinue.

In consideration of these circumitances and of the right or every nation to regulate its own police, to provide torits peace and for the fafety of its citizens, and consequently to refuse the admission of armed veilels into its harbors or waters, either in fuch numbers or of fach deferiptions, as are meonliftent with theie, or with the mainichance of the authority of the laws, I have thought proper in purluance of the authorities specially given by law to issue this my PR CLAMATION, hereby requiring all armed veifels bearing commissions under the government of Great Britain, now within the harbors or waters of the U. States, immediately and without any delay to depart from the lame, and interdicing the entrance of all the faid harbors and waters to the faid armed velfels, and to all others bearing commissions under the authority of the British government.

And if the said vessels, or any of them, shall fail to depart as aforesaid, or if they or any others, so interdicted, shall hereafter enter the harvors or waters aforesaid, I do in that case forbid all intercourse with tuem or any of them, their officers or crews, and do prohibit all supplies and aid from being furnished to them or any of them.

And I do declare and make known, that if any person from, or within the jurisdictional limits of the United States shall afford any aid to any such vessel, contrary to the prohibition contained in this Proclamation, either in repairing any such vessel, or in furnishing her, her officers or crew, with supplies of any kind, or in any manner whatsoever, or if any pilot shall assist in navigating any of the sa.d armed vessels, unless it be for the purpose of carrying them in the first instance, beyond the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, or unless it be in the case of a vessel forced by distress, or charged with public dispatches as hereinalter provided for, such person or persons shall, on conviction suffer all the pains and penalties by the laws provided for such offence.

And I do hereby enjoin and require all persons bearing office civil or military within or under the authority of the U. States, and all others, citizens or inhabitants thereof, or being within the same, with vigilance and promptitude to exert their respective authorities, and to be aiding and assisting to the carrying this

Proclamation and every part thereof, into full effect.

Provided nevertheless that if any such vessel shall be forced into the harbors or w ters of the United States by distress, by the dangers of the sea, or by the pursuit of an enemy, or shall enter them charged with dispatches or business from their government, or shall be a public packet for the conveyance of letters and dispatches, the commanding officer immediately reporting his vessel to the collector of the district, stating the object or causes of emering the said harbors or waters, and conforming himself to the regulations in that case prescribed under the authority of the laws, shall be allowed the benefit of such regulations respecting repairs, supplies, stay, intercourse and departure as shall be permitted under the same authority.

Intestimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed to these presents and signed the san.e.

Given at the city of Washington the second day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seven, and of the [SEAL.] soverignty and independence of the United States the thirty-

TH: JEFFERSON.

By the President, JAMES MADISON,

Secretary of State.

In order to expedite the publication of the Proclamation, we have been compelled to divide it into more paragraphs than there were in the original.

NORTOLK, June 29.

Yesterday evening the Committee received information from Hampton, that an attempt to land at that plac would be made from the British ships below. Nearly 300 citizens immediately volunteered their services to man the Gun-Boats, and proceed instantly to Hampton, and they will go off this afternoon, four in number. No place can be better detended by gun-boats than Hampton, on account the Bar, which prevents the access of large vessels. There inay be no real foundation in this belief, but the unprepared state in which the Chesapeake was attacked, inspires an uncommon vigilance and suspicion.

Turtle Soup,

SUPERIOR to OYSTERS. HE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that Green TURTLE SOUP will be served up at his house in Bond-street, near the corner of Shakespeare-street, Fell's Point, This Day, riday, July 3, and every Wednesday and Friday during the season, from 11 till 40'clock.

T Prepared by the noted Joseph Pilgrim. CHARLES BURNETT.

N. B. Private samilies can be supplied. C. B. W&F July 3