

American,
AND
Commercial Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1807.

The duly return which we can offer to our patrons for their numerous advertising favors, is to affix them, and our readers generally, that as our columns are crowded with advertisements, we shall invariably publish an extra sheet or supplement, whenever the news of the times or the urgency of political discussions may render it necessary.

On Saturday afternoon, the remains of Mr. *Thom. Sutten*, (who was unfortunately drowned, about Christmas, on his passage from Indianapolis) were committed to the grave, attended by a vast number of the most respectable citizens of the Town and Point Society, in the lots of this young gentleman, participated with that of his venerable parents. Endowed with talents and genius, highly cultivated by deep study, & a strong retentive memory, and possessing strict and just political principles, he promised, and the feelings of his friends were flattered, that, at a future day, he would become a bright pillar in support of our republican fabric. He was nominated at the last election, as one of the candidates for the representation of this city in the General Assembly, which that difference peculiar to strong and uncompromising minds, induced him to decline. Picturing the strongest principles of virtue and integrity, his death is a public loss, and the only consolation which remains to his friends, is, that he *left no debts* and a better world where the wicked cease from troubling."

After remaining upwards of three months in the water, his body was found on the south side of Patapco river.

British Prince, March 10.
EXTRACT of the Journal of the Senate in their session, March 9, 1807, 4th year of the Independence of Hayti:

"The Senate assembled, agreeably to the 6th article of the Constitution.

"A member observed, that since the rebellion of HENRY CHRISTOPHERS, now styled President of Hayti, by the Continental Assembly in its session of the 28th December 1802, the Presidency had been vacant; and that the public good imperiously required that it should proceed, with all despatch, to the election of a new President, conformably to the 16th and 18th articles of the Constitution."

"The subject being deliberated upon, it was resolved unanimously to proceed to the election of a new President, and urgency dictated—"

"The ballots being taken, there were found to be 10 votes; and that General Petion had 12 votes—Whereupon General Petion was proclaimed President of Hayti.

"Signed," *EARLIER*, president.

"In the name of the Republic,
The president of Hayti orders, that the above act of the Senate, be published and executed; and be sealed with the seal of the Republic."

"PETION"

EXTRACT OF A LETTER.
Boston, 9th April, 1807.

Dear Sir,
I know it will give you pleasure, and I cannot refill the gratification of my own inclination—We have at last succeeded in Manufacturing—We have at last succeeded in Manufacturing—Sullivan and Lincoln are beyond all doubt elected. It need not be said, in God we shall have peace and quiet. The Republicans in Boston, under their peculiar circumstances, deserve infinite credit. Upwards of 2000 votes are more than the most sanguine expected; the electors never exert themselves to such a degree; Gore, Otis, and Quincy addressed them the evening before, with all their energies; the latter I am informed made four, six, wearying his friends with a long story about Lewis and Skins, &c., &c., and about debentures and drawbacks; all would not do, they have lost the election, and I fear some of them have lost the quiet confidence resulting from fair and honorable means; but this is a fat day, and no bad time to acknowledge; they have gone to meeting, wringing faces, and left me, a finner, at home to rejoice.

The Moniteur of the 18th Feb. contains a message of fine emperor dated the 29th January at Warsaw, enclosing a treaty, between the chief and subordinate princes of the house of Saxony, in which the chief is recognized as king, and a new distribution of territory is made; we have had no time to translate them at length. In the message to the senate Bonaparte says Saxony left its independence on the 14th October 1806, and regained it on the 14th October, 1806.

The same paper contains a report of the minister of foreign affairs (Talleyrand), on the politics of Russia, in which he shows by the following facts, the design of renewing war, in the conduct of the Russian minister at Constantinople on the 29th September, 1806. By his menaces at the same place the 15th October. By the conduct of the British fleet on the 12th October; by the seizure of Chozzim and Bender on the 23d November, and a number of other facts which preceded the movements of Prussia in September, and before any open avowal of war. This report is accompanied by six several diplomatic papers, of correspondence between the Russian minister and the Porte; and one of Mr. Arbutnot the English ambassador.

By a proclamation of the 27th January 1807, the principality of Coburg was taken possession of in the name of the Emperor Napoleon, as a conquered country, the prince of Saxe Cobourg having entered into the Russian service.

The arch Duke Ferdinand (brother to the emperor of Austria) grand duke of Wurzburg, has issued a proclamation of the date 24th January 1807, prohibiting the introduction of British goods, or commerce of any kind with British merchants, under military penalties.

The Prussian prisoners marched for France are sent under guard of Polish troops.—The Prussians taken at Breslau and other garrisons in Silesia are marched for France under guard of detachments of Bavarian troops. Numerous embassies into the legions of the north are made from among those prisoners.

Aurora.

WARSAW, Jan. 27.
An old man, 77 years of age, has been presented to the emperor, who has given him a pension of 100 Napoleons, and has ordered him a year's advance.

François Ignace Narocki, born at Witkinear Wilna, was the son of Joseph and Anne Narocki—he is of a noble family, and in his youth carried arms. He was engaged in the confederacy of Bar, was made a prisoner by the Russians and conducted to Kafan. Having lost the little fortune which he had, he employed himself in agriculture on the lands of a curate. He was first married at seventy years of age, and had four children by this marriage. At 86 years of age, he took a second wife, and had

five children by her who are all dead. There only remains to him his first son by his former wife. The king of Prussia, in consideration of his great age, had granted him a pension of 27 Polish florins a month, or 14 livres, 8 francs, French money. He is subject to no infirmity enjoys a good memory, and speaks the Latin tongue with great facility. He quotes the classics with great propriety and readiness. The petition annexed was entirely written by his own hand. The character is very firm and very legible.

PETITION.

SIRE,
My baptismal record is dated in the year 1792—consequently I am now 77 years old.

I still recollect the battle of Vienna, and the times of John Sobieski.

I thought never to have seen the like again—but certainly I shall less expected to see renewed the career of Alexander.

My age has procured me courtesies from all the sovereigns who have been here—and I talk the language of great Napoleon; being at my time of life superannuated, and beyond the power of labour.

I live, sir as long as I have lived; your glory indeed does not require it, but the happiness of the human race demands it.

A letter from Curacao, dated the 7th ult. 1795—since the capture of this place by the British, our situation is extremely unhappy. We are without money, without commerce, no butchers whatever. The exports carried away every dollar and double from the island."

The following is a copy of the sentence of the court martial on Sir Home Popkin:

"The court is of opinion, that the charges have been proved against the said captain Sir Home Popkin: That the withdrawing, without orders to do, the whole of any naval force from the place where it is directed to be employed, and employing it in distant operations against the enemy, more especially if the successes of such operations should be likely to prevent its speedy return, may be attended with the most serious incoveniences to the public service; as the success of any plan formed by his majesty's ministers for operations against the enemy, in which such naval force might be included, may be soon rendered entirely preventable. And the court further of opinion, that the conduct of the said captain Sir Home Popkin, in the withdrawing the whole of the naval force under his command from the Cape of Good Hope, the proceeding therewith to the Roads de la Plata, was highly creditable; but, in consideration of circumstances, such a judge him to be only severely reprimanded, and he is accordingly severally reprimanded."

COPY OF A LETTER.
Baltimore, March 1, 1807.

DEAR SIR,
Having an opportunity, I gladly embrace the time to inform you I am well, and hope this will find you and kindly the same. We arrived in this port the 2nd of February: we have sold and discharged our cargo, and should have been away sometime ago, had an emigrant took place which detained us. We are bound down to St. Thomas for a cargo, and from thence we expect to proceed directly for Baltimore.

The London, Cork, and Liverpool fleets have arrived in this port, and bring intelligence that the French have taken a considerable number of their merchantmen lately, among which were about thirty Dutchmen—I did not hear of many others; and that the French fleet was to leeward, waiting for the leeward bound fleet, &c.

BOSTON, April 14.
VOTES FOR GOVERNOR.

In our last we published the votes of 170 towns. We have since received returns from 126 towns.

In 355 Towns the whole number of votes for G. W. STRONG is thirty-six thousand two hundred and fourteen, and for Mr. SULLIVAN, thirty-six thousand seven hundred and sixty.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.

Captain Vicary, of the brig Sally and Betty, from Batavia, arrived here yesterday evening.

Previous to his departure from Batavia a squadron of British ships, under the command of Sir Edward Pellew, came into the roads, and burnt two frigates and fifteen other armed vessels,

near the Dutch Batteries. Want of room compels to defer the particulars until our next.

From the Merchant's Coffee House Books.

Arrived, the sloop Garlam Lovell, Lewis, of Yarmouth, in 7 days from Boston.

Arrived, this day, sloop Polly and Nancy, Edward Gardner, in 6 days from Liverpool.

Arrived, ship Fair American, Davis, from London via Dover, 50 days; 11 days to the Banks—Bale goods—William Taylor.

Also, ship George Dyer, Waits, 30 days from St. Jago de Cuba—sugar, &c.—P. A. Gutter.

Also, ship Commerce, 30 days from Campeachy—Logwood—Jacob Adams. Old the Cape, spoke ship New Guide, from New Orleans for Baltimore.

Also, brig Fair American, Brown, 30 days from Point Petre, (Gaud)—sugar and coffee, Levi Hollingsworth. Left brig Greenwich, Wills, for Baltimore in 10 or 12 days, & a number of others. Old Beaufort was boarded by a British fleet of war; big William, from Matanzas, for Baltimore.

Also, sloop Pariser, 29 days from Trinidad—Cuba—sugar, Logwood and Hides—Hugh Ley.

Also, sloop Fame, Wernom, 8 days from Havana—sugars and fustic—Von Kapff and Brune.

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