

near his house, I remained four months, at the end of which time, the state prisoners then confined in the different jails in Dublin, made a stipulation with the government that they should banish themselves for life to the United States; and they also stipulated that if I thought proper, I might surrender myself on the same terms. I availed myself of this, and accordingly gave myself up in an unhappy hour. At this time, federalism, (but a more appropriate term would be aristocracy) in this country was in the vane, and verging fast to dilution; the minister from this to the court of St. James's, was Rufus King, who being directed (as he said) by his government, preferred a memorial or protest against us, and easily obtained the promise of the British government not to let us come here without his consent first had in writing, permitting such emigration. There were two persons of our party, Henry Jackson and John Lynch, who through the interest of some duke or duchess (I suppose) got leave to come to America. I also wrote to him, and received an answer, that "as I was so highly recommended, if I would transmit him a petition, praying for leave, he would include it in his government, and he made no doubt (by accompanying it with the documents which he then held in my favor) but I would obtain the desired permission." This letter I answered, telling him, "that I never would so foolishly trust the coming had committed (by the bye, he made use of the word) formed in my mind his countryman's best definition, that I would lie in jail till my locks grew as white as the foam of the ocean," &c. and other such language ill-fitted to a courtly ear. In consequence I lay in jail three years after this; in the mean time, the great philanthropist was placed at the head of the government of this country, but owing to some commercial or other reasons, King was not recalled, neither could we tell at that distance, and lay up as we were, in a tomb of the living, but Mr. Jefferson also coincided in our exclusion from this country, being now about four years in close confinement, and growing grey indeed—my affairs all deranged, my fortunes broken my (naturally strong) constitution beginning to give way, I obtained leave to go to Portugal. I had a little before this time sold seventeen ships and brigs by auction, for less than half their value, the remainder of thirty-two, of which I was entirely and part owner at the time of my arrest, were either lost, taken, or the captains took them off, and I never heard of them, but now that I have time to make some wretched calculations, I have lost about \$2000 dollars, and more than half of this I could have saved only for King's prohibition. As I said before, I brought my family to Portugal, where I resided for a short time at a mordacious expense, and finally got to America. I took a few vats here, and commenced tanneys though I had none. I knew nothing of oil, however, by working hard at it for these two or three years, I have got some knowledge of it, and am just able to support a family of a wife and even children."

It is understood that the president will send back the British treaty, (as some have asserted) out of respect to the British government; that he will not have it lay it before the Senate—and that he will withdraw his commissioners to protect in the negotiation, as it is, in such a treaty he has never been disgruntled. The want of some ample provision for the protection of our citizens, constitutes one objection to the treaty in its present form. But the principal entreaties from the side of the British ministry which accompanies it.

The following Gentlemen were elected Directors of the Union Insurance Company of Maryland, on Monday last.

Samuel Street, Robert Barry,

Wm. Van Wyck, Jonathan Hulbert,

Thos. Chase, Hugh Neill,

Wm. Taylor, G. West Hastings,

Charles Virgeman, Lewis Wadsworth,

Anos. A. Williams, Lewis Pease,

Henry Alexander,

#### COMMUNICATION.

At a meeting of the Visitors of the Gaol of Baltimore county, held the 31st of March 1807, it was agreed to publish the second and third sections of the act of assembly, authorizing the appointment of such visitors, and to inform the public that any of the articles mentioned in the second section may be sent to either of the following persons, viz. Clement Brooke, No. 8, North Howard street; Dr. Thomas Bond, No. 1, Sharp Street; John Trimble, No. 18, Cheapside; or James Brown, No. 78, High-street, Oldtown; by whom they will be reasonably sent to the gaol. Bedding and bed furniture are much wanted at this time, and it appearing that no other provision has been made for supplying such articles, than that which is contained in the two following sections, it is hoped the humanity of the citizens, will be exercised to the relief of the unfortunate prisoners.

Sect. 2. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the said persons so appointed, and they or any two or more of them are hereby authorized and required, to visit and inspect the gaol of Baltimore county, and the several apartments thereof, in which debtors or criminals, or persons charged with criminal offenses, shall or may be confined, and to deliver, cause to be delivered, unto the gaoler or his deputy, for the use and relief of the persons so confined, any article of wearing apparel, bedding, provisions, medicine, or any other thing which the humane and benevolent may from time to time collect or send to the said visitors, for the use, relief and comfort of the prisoners so as aforesaid confined.

Sect. 3. And be it enacted, That the said visitors, or any two or more of them, shall, and they are hereby authorized and required to visit said gaol once in every month, or oftener, if they shall deem it necessary, for the purpose of inspecting the said gaol, and the several apartments thereof, and the condition of the clothing, bedding and provisions, of the persons therein confined, and every matter or thing which shall or may appear to the said visitors necessary or conducive to the health and comfort of the persons so confined, according to their respective situation, disposition and circumstances.

Account of Flour, Butter, Lard and Flaxseed, imported within the city of Baltimore for the last quarter ending the 31st March, 1807.

145,780 barrels of wheat flour,

5,759 half-barrels ditto,

1,677 barrels of rye flour,

279 ditto of Indian meal,

2,598 kegs of butter,

3,058 ditto of lard,

434 hogheads of flaxseed,

50 half ditto ditto.

EDWARD J. COALE,

Register of the city of Baltimore.

April 1, 1807.

NEW-ORLEANS, February 27.

#### COMMUNICATION.

At ten o'clock on Monday evening last, Mrs. ANNIE WILKINSON, Confort of General WILKINSON, expired at the house of Bernard Maguire, Esq. the Head Quarters of the Army-

after a long, lingering and painful illness, during which she displayed the most exemplary piety, fortitude and resignation.

It is not within the compass of panegyric to do justice to the excellencies of this lady; alive to every amiable quality of the human heart, while she represented an uninterrupted stream of goodness, kindness, and benevolence. Her charities fell like the dew of Heaven all around her—How oft has the panting, fainting sufferer, been cheered by her beneficence—The dignity and clarity of sentiment and conduct, which marked her every word and deed, seldom equalled, has never been surpassed. Allocated from the cradle and formed to thine in the first circles of her country, she cheerfully gave her hand to indigent virtue in its humble attire—She was lively without levity, and devout without austerity. Her conjugal and maternal tenderness and affections were pure, ardent, invincible, and perhaps unequalled—it all the virtues which ornament, enrich or endear the human character in this scene of woe, can give security for future happiness, the now faint in Heaven; and her afflicted husband must find consolation in the reflection that

"She's gone, not left."

#### Marine Intelligence.

##### Port of Baltimore.

CLEARED,

Ship Hope, Daubell, Briens  
Sailor Minerva, Selby, Barbado

From the Merchant's Coffee-House Books.

April 1.

Arrived below, schr Concord, Warrell, 36 days from Kingston, (Jam)—Ballast. The schr Intermediate, for Lakemore, sailed six days before. The evening before she sailed, the Mediator and Bacchante frigates arrived at Port Royal from Samana, which place they they had attacked, demolished the forts, and spiked the guns. Took four prizes, two French privateers and an American ship and schooner belonging to New-York, which they loaded with what coffee was in the place and brought them off.

March 14, 15, 16, long 70, spoke schooner Concord, 9 days from Jamaica for Baltimore. A schooner from Baltimore for Laguira has been lost on the Beringia Rocks.

The Spencer, Wedg., of Baltimore, was left at the Isle of France Dec 11, to sail in 14 days; and Nereid, Robins, ds. returning.

The Bullock, Folger, from Baltimore has arrived at Boston; and Rating Sun, Attwood, do.

The John, Hewett, cleared from Boston for Baltimore on the 26th ult.

Capt Lancaster, arr'd at Portland from Guia, inf'rds that he spoke under 25, long 65, the American flag Bunting of 50 guns, and 140 men, 15 days from New-York, in a very leaky condition, making 18 inches water in 15 minutes; had her keel very much shattered, having had 2 days before an engagement with an English Frigate near Bermuda; had a brig in company to assist them should occasion require; at 43, long 68, a barque 65 days from the Cape of Good Hope, for Salem.

The following Gentlemen were elected Directors of the Union Insurance Company of Maryland, on Monday last.

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Wm. Van Wyck, Jonathan Hulbert,

Thos. Chase, Hugh Neill,

Wm. Taylor, G. West Hastings,

Charles Virgeman, Lewis Wadsworth,

Anos. A. Williams, Lewis Pease,

Henry Alexander,

#### BY AUTHORITY.

##### AN ACT

Authorising the President of the United States to accept the service of a number of volunteers or companies not exceeding thirty thousand men.

BEGUN and carried in the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to accept of any company or companies of volunteers, either of artillery, cavalry or infantry, who may associate and offer themselves for the service, not exceeding thirty thousand men, who shall be clothed and furnished with horses at their own expense, and armed and equipped at the expence of the United States after they shall be called into service, except such of them as may choose to furnish their own arms, and whose commissioned officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several states and territories to which such companies shall respectively belong: Proved, That where any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division of militia, already organized, shall tender their voluntary service to the United States, such company, battalion, regiment, brigade or division shall continue to be commanded by the officers holding commissions in the same, at the time of such tender and any vacancy thereafter occurring shall be filled in the mode pointed out by law in the state or territory, wherein the said company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division shall have been originally raised.

Sect. 2. And be it enacted, That any company, battalion, regiment, brigade or division thus offering itself for the service, shall be liable to be called upon to do military duty at any time the President of the United States shall judge proper, within two years after he shall accept the same, and shall be bound to continue in service for the term of twelve months after they shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, unless sooner discharged, and when called into actual service, and whilst remaining therein, shall be under the same rules and regulations, and be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage and emoluments of every kind, bounty and clothing excepted, with the regular troops of the United States: Provided, That in lieu of clothing, every non-commissioned officer and private, in any company, who may thus offer themselves, shall be entitled, when called into actual service, to receive, in money, a sum equal to the cost of the clothing of a non-commissioned officer, or private, (as the case may be) in the regular troops of the United States.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is authorized to organize the companies so tendering their services as aforesaid into bat-

talions, squadrons, regiments, battalions, and divisions, as soon as the number of volunteers shall render such organization, in his judgment, expedient; but until called into actual service, such companies shall be bound to do regular militia duty as is required by law in like manner as before the passage of this act.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That in case any volunteer above mentioned, while in a field service, shall sustain any damage, by injury done to his horse, or such other equipment as shall have been furnished at his own expense, or by loss of the same, without any fault or negligence on his part, a reasonable sum to be determined in such manner as the President of the United States may direct, shall be allowed and paid to such volunteer for each and every such damage or loss.

Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be and the same hereby is appropriated towards defraying any expense incurred by virtue of the provisions of this act.

NATHL. MACON,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.  
GEO. CLINTON,  
Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Feb. 27, 1807.  
Approved,

H. JEFFERSON.

#### Sale by Auction.

THIS DAY,  
The second of April, at twelve o'clock, at the vendor warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick streets, will commence the sale of

The entire CARGO of the Fair American consisting of

222 hds. of New-Orleans SUGAR, said to be of a superior quality to any arrived this season.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

#### Sale by Auction.

THIS DAY,  
The 2d proximo, at the dwelling of M. William Sollars, No. 51, Livingston, Fall's Point, will be sold at auction, etc. etc.

— Lot containing two story frame HOUSE and

LOT of GROUND, now occupied by Mr. Sollars.

Also,

A stout, healthy Negro Woman, about nineteen years of age, well accustomed to all kinds of house work.

And immediately after,

A handsome assortment of Household Furniture;

consisting of  
Feather Beds, Bedsteads, and Bedding,  
Mahogany Bureaus,  
Dining and Breakfast Tables,  
Windsor Chairs, Looking-Glasses, China Ware,  
Brass Andirons, and sundry Kitchen Furniture.

JOSEPH CLARK, Auct'r.

#### Sale by Auction.

THIS MORNING,  
At half past 10 o'clock, at the Veneue Warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick streets, will commence the sale of

A Variety of Dry Goods;

and at 12 o'clock,

The Cargo of the ship Fair American, (as advertised)

CONSISTING OF  
222 hds. of the very first quality New Orleans Sugar

81 bales of excellent Upland Cotton

49 barrels Rice

50 quarter casks of very choice Sherry Wine

29 puncheons Antigua Rum

12 do. country do.

30 quarter chests Young Hyson Tea

20 do. Souchong do.

121 Spanish Hides

And on a liberal credit,

55 boxes Hyson Tea, of the Portsmouth's cargo.

Also,

40 lbs. Clayed Sugar, and

60 barrels Green Coffee, entitled to debenture on exportation.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

#### Sale by Auction.

ON FRIDAY,  
The 3d instant, at half past 12 o'clock, at the bend of Frederick-street dock, will be sold on a credit of 6 and 9 months, for approved endorsed, negotiable notes,

The Schooner NANCY WHITE,

As she arrived from sea, burthen about

18 months old.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.

April 1

#### PANTHEON.

ON Saturday evening last, was discussed at the Polemic Hall, the question "Whether the conduct of Gen. Wilkinson can be justified?" The question being put by the President, was determined in the negative by a majority of 49. Citizens present, 68.

The following questions will be discussed on SATURDAY NEXT:

Are Theatrical Exhibitions promotive of virtue and useful knowledge?

Is Popularity a proof of merit?

Whether Parchment is more dangerous under the hands of a Drummer or a Lawyer?

The chair will be taken precisely at half past 7 o'clock, and unless the debate commences before 8, the Society will be adjourned. Either, or all of the above mentioned questions will be discussed at the election of the speakers.

Admittance, 12 1-2 cents.

April 2

dit

#### Carriage Springs, &c.

Coach C and Upright Springs, in sets,

Chariot and Coachee do.