

Wanted, DWELLING HOUSE for a small family—a two story one would be preferred apply at this office.

Doctor Giraud, HAS removed from No. 35, a few doors down on the same side, to No. 51, South-street—Nov. 24

Charles Wirgman Offers for sale the CARGOES of the Amelia and Caroline, from the City of St. Domingo, consisting of MAHOGANY, FUSTIC, LOGWOOD, and 2000 wt. of GUM GUIACUM. Nov. 6

A fresh supply OF DOCTOR HISS-OT'S celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops IS just received, and for sale, wholesale and retail, by the agents, No. 19, Baltimore-street. GEO. DOBBIN & MURPHY. Nov. 27

Merchants, Auctioneers, &c. WANTED by a middle aged man, a situation as out door clerk in a merchant's, auctioneer's, or others' counting house. He is desirous of active employment, rather than a large salary. Address to A. M. at the office of this paper, where a specimen of his handwriting may be viewed. Testimonials of his character, &c can be given. Nov. 22

Fancy Goods FOR SALE, At the corner of East-street and St. Paul's-lane, No. 10, near the Sheriff's Office. Turkish Muslin and Leno Robes embroidered and tamboured; Short Dresses, Superb Sulle Gauze. Dancig do. of various colours, with Turban Handkerchiefs to suit; Embroidered Pelices; Spanish Mantles; Italian ditto, Long Shawls; Spencers; Children's Frock and Tuckers; with a variety of Ornaments and useful articles or the present season. Octobe 8

For Sale, 800 barrels prime HERRINGS, 7000 wt. CHEESE, and 700 quintals CODFISH. S. G. ALBERS, No. 75, McElerry's wharf. Nov. 19

John M'Kim, jun. & Co. HAVE imported by the several late arrivals from England, a part of their FALL GOODS, Which will be sold on moderate terms by the piece or package to punctual men. September 13.

Hazlehurst, Brothers & Co. OFFER FOR SALE, Patent Shot, assorted, Sheet Lead, milled, Bar Lead, Pig Lead, White Lead, ground in Oil, Crowley Steel, Grindstones, assorted, Alum, Copp ras, Flint Glass, assorted in lbs. Crown Glass, in box 8 by 10, Crown Glass, in crates, Mustard in bottles, in lbs. Porter and Wine Bottles. Also, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF SILK, LINEN, and WESTPHALIA, or GERMAN LINENS. Nov. 1

PROPOSALS For publishing by Subscription Robert Frazer's Journal, From St. Louis, in Louisiana, and the Pacific Ocean. CONTAINING An accurate description of the Missouri and its several Branches; of the Mountains separating the Eastern from the Western Waters; of the Columbia River and the Bay it forms on the Pacific Ocean; of the Face of the Country in general; of the several Tribes of Indians of the Missouri and Columbia Rivers; of the Vegetable and Animal Productions of those extensive regions; the Latitudes and Longitudes of some of the most remarkable places. Together with a variety of curious and interesting occurrences during a voyage of two years, four months and nine days conducted by Captains Lewis and Clark. Published by permission of Captains Meriwether Lewis and Clark. This work will be contained in a volume of about four hundred pages octavo, and will be put to press as soon as there shall be a sufficient subscription to defray the expenses. Price to subscribers Three Dollars, not bound. A Book of Subscription is this day opened at the Store of GEORGE HILL, Baltimore, and proposals forwarded by him to the different Booksellers through out the United States, which will be kept open for forty five days only, when the subscription will close, as it is expected the work will then be finished and in a short time ready for delivery. Nov. 27

Henry & Lindenberger, 204, BALTIMORE STREET, HAVE received by the ships Diana, from Liverpool, and Six Sisters, from Bristol, the remainder of their Fall Importation of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, BRASS & JAPANESE WARES. Amongst which are, TIN, in Boxes, ANVILS & VICES, CROWN WINDOW GLASS, SPADES & SHOVELS, NAILS, &c. &c. &c. Octobe 25

Wanted to Purchase, FOR a term of years, two NEGROES, accustomed to country work.—Apply at this Office. Nov. 27

COTTON, 21 bales COTTON, just landing and for sale by the subscribers. ARMSTRONG & DUNN. Nov. 26

Bills of Exchange on London direct, for sale by ALEXANDER, WEBSTER & CO. Nov. 27

Havanna Sugar, 420 boxes White } Havanna SUGAR, 280 boxes Brown } Now landing from on board the brig Actress, captain Murphy, and for sale by THOMAS TENANT. Nov. 27

Wanted, A YOUNG MAN of steady industrious habits, who understands accounts, writes well and copies correctly. If he has received a liberal education and understands French, Spanish or German, the more agreeable. A specimen of his writing with reference as to character and his terms, left at the Bookstore of Messrs. George Dobbin and Murphy, No. 10, Baltimore-street, will be attended to, if left on or before the 30th instant, and if approved of, he will be notified the day following. Nov. 27

Mahogany, THE subscriber has for sale at his yard, No. 25, Water-street, 10,000 feet of St. DOMINGO and about 10,000 BAY MAHOGANY, and of both kinds cut to various dimensions, suitable for Cabinet-Makers, Ship-Joiners, and likewise calculated for hand-rails, for buildings. He intends keeping a constant supply, and solicits the patronage of the public. His terms will always be rendered accommodating. WM. CAMP. A portion of the Mahogany offered is calculated for superior work. Nov. 27

Valuable Property for Sale, THE subscriber will dispose of that Valuable Farm and Improvements which formerly belonged to old Major Butler, containing 327 acres, (more or less) 140 whereof are covered with very heavy Timber of various descriptions; distant from the city of Baltimore between 6 and 7 miles, and very convenient to the Falls Turnpike Road—It may be advantageously divided into two equal parts, allowing to each a just proportion of the Timber. Also, another Tract of Land and Improvements, within about the same distance from the city, westerly, containing 352 acres, (more or less), a small proportion whereof is cleared, the residue as heavily timbered as any Land in Baltimore county—On this tract there is an excellent situation for a Saw Mill, having a fall of 20 feet; the stream which runs through it, is thought sufficient to keep the mill employed about two thirds of the year. Also, a small tract of unimproved Land, within 4 miles of the city, containing 45 acres, (more or less), 2 1/2 whereof are covered with Timber, the residue clear. This tract has the advantage of the New Liberty Road passing through the upper and cleared part of it, which renders it an eligible situation for a Public House. Also, another small tract and improvements within 2 1/2 miles of the city, containing 524 acres, (more or less), adjoining the country seats of Mr. John Cameron and Job Smith, equidistant to Mr. James Bruden's; it is beautifully situated, and has the advantage of 2 never failing springs of water. Also, a handsome 2 1/2 acre Lot, on Whetstone Point, fronting on the left side of the road leading to the Fort, and extending back to the river. Also, a very spacious Lot of Ground and Improvements, situate on the corner of Fayette and North-streets, containing on the former 66 feet, running & binding on the latter 155 feet to a public alley, leading into Howard street—in fee. Also, another spacious Lot of Ground, with all the improvements thereon erected, pleasantly situated on Duke-street, Philip's Hill—also in fee. Also, for Sale or Lease, a Water Lot, fronting on Harrison-street 25 feet, and extending back to the channel 80 feet, completely wharfed in. Also, on Lease for 99 years, renewable, several Lots of Ground situate on South Paca and Lombard-streets. Also, sundry other Lots adjoining the country seat of Doctor Aitken. The whole or any part of the above described property, will be disposed of on accommodating terms, for good paper, bearing interest. WM. CLEMM. Mount Prospect, 3 1/2 miles from the city. N. B. He has several tons of Hay, Straw, &c. to dispose of on the first mentioned tract of Land, on a credit of 90 days, together with a strong Waggon and 4 Horses.—Also, a couple hundred barrels of choice winter Apples, carefully picked, and in nice shipping order, on the same terms of credit may be had at the Mount. Octobe 18

By his Excellency, ROBERT BOWIE, GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND. A PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS it has been stated to me by the petition of a number of respectable persons, inhabitants of Prince-George's county, that a murder has been committed on the person of CHARLES NEVITT, junior, late of Prince-George's county, by a certain negro man, slave of said Soper, called WALL, who has since absconded and fled from justice: And whereas it is the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice, I have therefore thought proper to issue this my proclamation, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the council, offer a reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person or persons who shall apprehend and secure the said negro WALL in any goal in the United States, so that he be brought to justice. Given in council at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this sixth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred & six. By his excellency's command, N. IAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the Council.

Ordered, That the foregoing proclamation be published once in each week, until countermanded, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, American and Evening Post, at Baltimore, the Frederick-Town Advocate, and in the National Intelligencer, at the City of Washington. By order, NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the Council. Nov. 11

Frederick Lindenberger & Co. No. 200, Market-street, HAVE imported per the Diana, and other late arrivals from Liverpool, A large and general assortment of Hardware, Cutlery & Saddlery. On hand from former importations, Patent Shot Tin Sheet Iron Crowley Steel Flat Point Nails Bar Lead Octobe 21

George C. Muller, Two doors below the Custom-House, HAS received per the late arrivals from Bremen, and offers for sale on very accommodating terms, 146 packages of German Linens: viz. Burlaps or brown Hempen Fine white Flaxen in boxes. No. do. Tecklenburgs, assorted Osnaburgs, do. Hessians, do. Brown Kolls, do. N. B. He expects daily a further supply of Silesia Linen. October 14

Guest, Atterbury & Co. HAVE received by the Cornplanter, via Philadelphia, and other late arrivals, Calicoes & Chintzes, Fancy Work, Muslins and Dresses, Colomade and Plain Mulls, Cambric and other Dimities, Gingham and Chambray Muslins, Cotton Shirtings, 7-8 11-8 & 6-4 Linen Checks, Madras and Pillicat Handkerchiefs, Diaper Table Cloths, Cotton Laces, Black Patent ditto, Plain, Figured, and For sale on their usual terms. Nov. 12

George W. Field, No. 157 1-2, BALTIMORE-STREET, HAS FOR SALE, By the package or piece, AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Merchandize, Amongst which are, Blankets, Rose, Duffel and Point, Flannels, red, white, and yellow, Cloths, fine and superfine, Plains, blue, drab and mixed, Baize, Coatings, Bennett's Cords, Hunter's ditto, President's ditto, M. F. Skins, Mohair Fursh, Gurreals, Sannas, Baftas, Mys-pore Chintz, Checks, Mamoodies, Cossacs, Lutestrings, Taffatics, Senhaws, Sewing Silk, Madras H'dk'fs, &c. The above goods will be sold at the usual credit, or very low for cash. C. W. F. has received invoices of sundry goods from England, which are now landing in Philadelphia, and will be forwarded to this city, without delay. November 15

John Buffum, 84, BOWLY'S WHARF, HAS received per ship Iris, captain Corway, from Salem, 130 bales INDIA GOODS, Consisting of 80 bales best Beerboom Gurreals, 36 by 2 1-4 2 ditto Murrah Sannas, 40 by 2 1-4 4 ditto Maw Sannas, 23 by 1 1-2 1 ditto brown Baftas, 24 by 2 4 ditto Juglea ditto, 25 by 2 5 ditto Luckipore ditto, 25 by 2 2 ditto Cossapore ditto, 25 by 2 12 ditto Rungpore ditto, 26 by 2 1-2 4 ditto Checks, 17 by 1 3-4 11 ditto ditto, 16 by 1 3-4 2 ditto best Gilla Handkerchiefs, 10 pr. ps. 3 ditto Kermicky, ditto ditto. ALSO, 50 pipes 4th proof white Spanish Brandy, 20 ditto Corsica Wine, 10 half } Casks Catalonia WINE, 10 qr. } 99 bags first quality Calcutta Sugar. The whole of the above goods are entitled to drawback, which will be received in part payment. Nov. 26

Alexis Romain, No. 147, Market-street, Baltimore, HAS FOR SALE, 4,000 wt. best Spanish WOOL, and a quantity of Curled-HAIR for Mattresses. On Hand, MATRASSES, FEATHER BEDS, &c. &c. of every description. Orders executed with neatness and dispatch. He has also for sale, a variety of FRESH PERFUMERY, &c. Consisting of Best violet and Windsor Soap; Almond Wash Balls, Cologne Water, scented Hair-Powder and Pomatum, Lip Salve, Almond Paste, Milk of Roses, Gowland's Lotion, Lavender Water, Tooth Powder, superfine Vermillion. Also, Ladies' elegant fancy tortoise and mock do. Combs, Head Brushes, Ladies' Pocket-Books, Kid Gloves and Fans, artificial Flowers, nail and tooth Brushes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Tongue Scrapers, Pearl Beads, Snuff Boxes, Suspender, Parkwood's Razor Straps, Scissors and Penknives, Gentlemen's Walking Canes, Liquor Provers, Day & Martin's Japan Blacking for boots and shoes, that will not soil the finest linen—which with a variety of other articles he will sell on reasonable terms. Nov. 8

A Negro Girl, ABOUT 18 years old, with her CHILD, will be sold for a term of eight years. Apply at this Office. Nov. 28

For Sale, A NEGRO BOY, about eleven years old. Enquire of the Printer. Nov. 23

Was Found, ON Wednesday morning last, in the Centre-Market Space, a POCKET-BOOK, containing a small sum of money of different descriptions. The owner may have it again by proving property, and paying the expense of this advertisement, by applying to. JOSEPH YOUNG, No. 56, Cumberland Row. d4t

For Charter, The good Ship COMMERCE, Late from Liverpool, burthen 217 tons, James Crowdhill, master, now ready to receive a cargo, if applied for in three days, or on the fourth day she leaves this for Alexandria. Apply to the Master on board lying at Carr's wharf, Fell's Point. Nov. 28

John Wood & Co. HAVE received by ship Ruffy, from Liverpool, and offer for sale at No. 18, Calvert-street, Silk and Cotton Chambray Muslins, Cambric and Narrow Dimities, Printed Calicoes and Veivets, Green and Red Silk Umbrellas, Cotton Braces, Constitution Corals, 9-8 Cambricks, Shirting Cottons, Sewing Silks, Black Cambricks, &c. Superfine and Common Broad Cloths, Coatings, Plains, Serges, Baizes, and Two-cases of Hand Saws. Nov. 13

Nathaniel F. Williams, No. 15, Bowly's wharf, HAS just received from Boston, per schooner Federal George, 100 barrels Fall Mackerel, 50 ditto No. 1 and 2 Brel, 60 boxes Mould Candles. In Store, 100 barrels New York Prime Pork, of an excellent quality, 300 boxes Cod Fish, 200 ditto Brown Soap, 70 ditto White ditto, 150 ditto Spermaceti Candles, 75 ditto Sweet Oil, 20 pipes French Brandy, 5 hds. N. E. Rum, 30 barrels ditto, 3 ditto Currants. Nov. 25

Bank of Baltimore, November 1, 1866. NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders, that an election for Executive Directors, will be held at Bryden's tavern, on MONDAY, the first day of December next, at nine o'clock in the morning, and continue until three o'clock in the afternoon. By order of the President and Directors. JAMES COZ, Cashier. N. B. By act of incorporation five of the present directors are ineligible for the next year. Nov. 1

James Biscoe, No. 21, CALVERT-STREET, HAS received per ships Fame, Othello and Diana, from Liverpool, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, BRASS, AND JAPANESE WARES; And daily expects, per the Canton, a handsome supply of Bristol Goods. Octobe 29

84 bales Calcutta Goods, CONSISTING OF Beerboom Gurreals, Sannas, Baftas, Cossas, Emerties, Custas, Mamoodies, Blue Gilla Handkerchiefs, Bandlano do. &c. the whole entitled to drawback, will be landed this day—For sale by WALES & CLOPPEL, Who have also on hand, N. E. Rum, Mould and Dipt Candles, Chocolate, Cotton Cards, Mackerel, Brandy, Gin and 200 bags Pepper, entitled to drawback. Nov. 27

Just Received Per the schooner Harmony, from New York, and for sale, 110 barrels Mackerel, by DINSMORE & MOORE. On hand in Store, 20 barrels Pickled Salmon, 30 do do Bay Fat Mackerel, Hogs Lard and Butter, in small kegs, fit for exportation, 2 cases German Rouans, entitled to drawback, India Silk, Romal Handkerchiefs, Irish Dowlas Linens, Calicoes and Chintz, Which is offered at reduced prices by piece or package to close sales. Also, 4th proof well flavored Bordeaux Brandy and Holland Gin—With a general assortment of Groceries, &c. &c. August 4

PROPOSALS WILL be received by the subscribers for building, on an uniform plan, eight Brick Houses, fronting on Lexington-street and the New Market 150 feet. Tradesmen and Mechanics who are disposed to take ground for materials and work, are invited to make proposals. A Plat and Elevation will be shewn. GEO. GRUNDY & NEPHEW. Nov. 26

To be Let, AND possession given early in December, a large Three-story Brick HOUSE, in Harrison-street. For terms apply to RICHARD BENSON, No. 22, South-street. WAS FOUND, A few days since, a Gold SEAL. The owner, by describing the same, may receive it by applying as above. Nov. 27

Wanted, A healthy Young WOMAN, as West Nurse—None need apply without the best recommendations. Apply at No. 25, Bond-st. Nov. 28

IMPORTANT FACTS. Decius has directly encountered but few of our statements. The rest he has evaded, but not expressly contradicted. A few words will illustrate our remark.

1. It is not true that "our ministers proposed to surrender our claims," even in the case intimated by Decius. Granting that "their ultimate payment was to be assumed by the United States," it was not therefore "fairly equivalent to a surrender of them." Will Decius pretend that our claim upon the French government was "relinquished," by the convention of 1803, although it assumed the payment of 20 millions of francs by the government of the United States? The arrangement in both cases would have been precisely the same. The value of Louisiana was estimated at 60 millions of francs, of which 12,500,000 dollars only were to be paid to the French republic; the remaining 20 millions of francs being referred to the American claimants. In the same manner, the value of the Floridas would have been estimated at some particular sum, from which would have been deducted the amount of American claims; and the balance would have been paid in money or in back to Spain. In both cases, the amount of American claims would have been deducted from the price of the purchase. In both, "the claimant" would have been more conveniently "provided for;" for they would have looked to their own treasury for payment, instead of the coffers of Spain: Our own government would have advanced the amount of the claim, but would have received repayment in the value of the land.

2. Decius has strangely confounded his own pretenses with facts, and mere probabilities with positive assertions. In his next number, he alleges that "our ministers had proposed to establish the Colorado as the western boundary of Louisiana." In his last, he enquires, whether it is "not probable" from certain circumstances, that they had made it a proposition. Now what are those circumstances? "In their correspondence with the Spanish ministers, our ministers may have" stated, that they had exceeded their instructions? But Decius may have misunderstood the words of our ministers. Decius may have mistaken that our ministers language and even their bargaining expedients of policy which are so common in diplomatic concerns. Decius has forgotten to state the conditions, which we required on the part of Spain, and in these conditions may be found an explanation of the difference which exists in our pretenses. Our ministers may have as much exceeded their instructions by proposing to establish the Colorado as the western boundary, without stipulating the conditions on which that concession was to have been made, as if they had proposed it without receiving the smallest intimation.

It is true, that such a proposition would not have exceeded the instructions of our ministers, if they had taken care to accompany it with the proper conditions. Our ministers "were authorized to relinquish so much to the Westward as they could obtain to the Eastward of the Mississippi," and thus, successive territories were marked out, of which even the Colorado was not to be the fall. Had then our ministers advanced any other proposition, then their, they would have certainly exceeded their instructions; but what other reasons have we for such a belief, than the *ipse dixit* of Decius?

It is true that Decius "has no where positively asserted" that the Louisiana treaty was a concession; and yet Decius has asserted his belief, that such was the fact.—But Decius merely suggests, that "the treaty was signed, subsequently to the date expressed in the face of it." The suggestion is equally probable, that the date expressed upon the face of it, was the very same as the day of signing it. But this is not the true point at issue. Decius suggested, that the Louisiana treaty was a concession, for the purpose of "obviating" the objections, which the British ministry might plead to make to it. Granting then that the present explanation of Decius is correct; that a few days did intervene between the making and the signing of the convention; it does not therefore follow that this short interval of a few days was intended to provide against any apparent breach of neutrality. The true reason was to allow time enough to transcribe the convention in that splendid manner, which distinguishes all Bonaparte's treaties. It was a mere matter of form; and no diplomatic trick to evade a fancied breach of neutrality. But this last was the sense, in which Decius expressed and intended it. How far it was proper to advance such an insinuation against his government, upon such deficient evidence as he seemingly possesses, it is left to his ingenuity to determine.

3d and 4th. We agree with Decius, that "the messages" may be left to "speak for themselves." If the public message to the nation to breathe a spirited language, it was not because they believed a war with Spain was necessary, but because they wished to manifest to her that we would not, if necessary, decline it.—If the private message did not excite the same sentiments among the people, it was only because it was not laid before them.

5. Is Decius correct in asserting, that "several of the best informed members, who had voted for the majority, declared that Mr. Monroe's dispatches" had produced such an "important effect" upon their minds? Decius seems not very scrupulous in bringing the members of Congress into notice; why then does he hesitate to designate the names of those new converts to his doctrine? Why was not this "important effect" manifested in the Senate, before whom these dispatches were duly exhibited? It is impossible to believe, that Decius could have meant any thing more by the word "information" than facts; but what were the facts displayed in these dispatches? Does not Decius well know, that they contained nothing but "opinions?" Would even the opinions of Dr. Franklin under such circumstances, have sufficed to controul the decisions of Congress? Is it not a fact, that there is no "documented" communication between our ministers at Paris and London; and that the only channel lays between Paris and Washington; and Washington and London?

6th. "The veracity of Mr. Randolph is no worth implicated" by our assertions. We know not what communications passed between Mr. Randolph and the Secretary of the Treasury.—But Decius has left two other facts of equal importance in equal obscurity. He has neither confederated to inform us, whether the "two members" of Congress obtained their information from the cautious Secretary of the Treasury nor whether Mr. Randolph did "anxiously consult the President on the truth of these vague insinuations." Had such a communication existed, the *thunders* of Mr. R. could never have fallen on this ground.

FROM THE VIRGINIA AROUS. ON COMMERCIAL RESTRICTION. The United States have too separate causes of complaint against Britain; the imprisonment of her seamen, and the acknowledged depreciation of a particular branch of her commerce.

FROM THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

Decius has directly encountered but few of our statements. The rest he has evaded, but not expressly contradicted. A few words will illustrate our remark.

1. It is not true that "our ministers proposed to surrender our claims," even in the case intimated by Decius. Granting that "their ultimate payment was to be assumed by the United States," it was not therefore "fairly equivalent to a surrender of them." Will Decius pretend that our claim upon the French government was "relinquished," by the convention of 1803, although it assumed the payment of 20 millions of francs by the government of the United States? The arrangement in both cases would have been precisely the same. The value of Louisiana was estimated at 60 millions of francs, of which 12,500,000 dollars only were to be paid to the French republic; the remaining 20 millions of francs being referred to the American claimants. In the same manner, the value of the Floridas would have been estimated at some particular sum, from which would have been deducted the amount of American claims; and the balance would have been paid in money or in back to Spain. In both cases, the amount of American claims would have been deducted from the price of the purchase. In both, "the claimant" would have been more conveniently "provided for;" for they would have looked to their own treasury for payment, instead of the coffers of Spain: Our own government would have advanced the amount of the claim, but would have received repayment in the value of the land.

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