

all the clamours in Great Britain for a reform in parliament, it was not one that members of the house of commons lived out of the boroughs, which sent them; but the complaint was, that rotten boroughs containing few inhabitants sent two and three members, while large towns sent scarcely one.

I am not bound to defend the provisions in the constitution on this subject. It is sufficient to my purpose to show what they are. What they should be, was an enquiry for the convention. And this remark dispatches a large portion of what is urged against my construction. Were the states allowed to vary and multiply qualifications for members to congress, it would be made up of a motley mixture. Some states would exclude certain professions, others would require property qualification, others again would arrange it so as to favor local interests. It cannot be material to congress in what minor sections of the states, the representatives reside, provided each state has its proportion. Congress is an assemblage of state, not of county representatives: Besides, the national and state governments are distinct, and it would not be fit to allow the very existence of the former, to depend on the latter. I confess the good sense and wisdom of the constitutional arrangement in this respect are striking and conclusive in my mind; and if they were not, since so it is, I must submit.

Marcellus says he has a large majority of the city on his side: if it be so, and Baltimore, I agree, is a very enlightened city, yet I acknowledge my preference that legal and constitutional questions should be decided by a different tribunal, tho' it be a less numerous one. I am however heartily content, with my friend Marcellus, to leave the further investigation of this subject to wiser heads, and to the ultimate decision of those, with whom the constitution has left it, and whose construction is law.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

"Who is to be our next Sheriff?"

Is the question among all classes of citizens now in the city and county of Baltimore—and as far as I have been able to learn, in a little tour I have had through the city and county, the public sentiment seems much divided between Hunter, Merriman and Trapnall. The friends of each candidate seem to be sanguine of success; and, without any particular knowledge of either Mr. Hunter or Mr. Merriman's pretensions, I am fully persuaded that their claims on the republican citizens and voters of Baltimore county and city, do not merit that consideration that Mr. Trapnall does. I am well aware that some republicans do not think the duties attached to the sheriff's office, makes it necessary for him to be a republican, these characters I beg leave to address myself more particularly to:—Your sheriff, fellow-citizens, is the most important officer you have in the county: he carries with him more weight and influence than any other officer in the county. In the term of your next sheriff you have to elect a President and Vice-President—if you elect a federalist, his weight and influence will be directed in favor of a federalist—if you elect a republican, he will, no doubt, support a republican—which, fellow-citizens, ought certainly, in some respect, give you your votes at the approaching election. That Mr. Merriman is a federalist of the true Hamiltonian School, appears to be well understood. That Mr. Hunter is a federalist, in company with federalists, when with republicans he has no political sentiments, is certain. That Mr. Henry Trapnall, with all men, and in all circles, is a firm and decided republican, is well known—A republican who has uniformly supported and advocated the principles contained in the Declaration of Independence—a gentleman, fellow-citizens, whose principles are of this cast—possessing equal, if not superior qualifications, for discharging the duties attached to the office—ought certainly, among republicans, be preferred to one whose political sentiments are known and suspected to be at war with those of our present republican administration.

Republican Voters, before you vote for a federal sheriff, reflect on the conduct of a federal sheriff in Litchfield, Connecticut, and then say, whether in your opinion, it mattered not whether your sheriff is a federalist or a republican.

Republican voters, I would recommend you to proceed as early on Monday next to the polls, and vote for Henry Trapnall, whom I know to be a decided JEFFERSONIAN.

BOSTON, September 26. LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the politeness of the Capt. and a passenger in the Venus, ar. here on Saturday last from Halifax, we have been favoured with London papers to the 7th, and Halifax papers, containing London, dates to the 9th Aug. two days later than our former advices.

By these accounts, it appears, that in consequence of dispatches received by his Majesty's Ministers, from Lord Jarmouth a Cabinet Council was immediately held; and the result was a determination that Lord Lauderdale, for whom passports were brought, should proceed immediately for Paris. His Lordship accordingly set out the very next day; and it was expected, that the question of peace or war, would be decided in a few days after his arrival. This step is supposed to have been accelerated

by the Treaty, concluded between Russia and France. The idea, however, of approaching peace, does not appear, to have excited those rejoicings with which the unfortunate treaty of Amiens was hailed; and unless better terms are obtained, the treaty which may possibly result, will not be very popular in Great Britain.

Mr. Fox at the latest date of our papers, was said to be so ill, that little hopes were entertained of his recovery. It is not infrequently observed, that Lord Lauderdale will have very little to do, except signing the preliminaries. To this opinion, however, is opposed many very natural considerations. It is possible, that he should not have many points of great importance to discuss and arrange. Among these are said to be several which relate to commerce and navigation; and which, from the high ground maintained by the British ministry will probably create many difficulties in the way of Peace.

The expedition having on board a large body of troops, has sailed for the Mediterranean; and is to be followed by Lord St Vincent, with a fleet squadron of ships. His Lordship's fleet is provisioned for eight months foreign service.

The port of Venice has been declared in a state of rigorous blockade by the British government.—The official notice of this measure, was gazetted only 4 days previous to the departure of Lord Lauderdale for Paris. This circumstance is sufficient to put down a thousand columns of newspaper speculation on the prospect of peace.

Italy, is in turn, to be divided into two great kingdoms, viz. South and North Italy, the capitals of which are Milan and Rome.

The Spaniards have 12 sail of the line in Cadiz roads nearly ready for sea.

Our verbal information from Halifax, states that letters were received by several gentlemen at that place, from their friends in England, advising that peace with France was confidently expected by the administration; but that the measure was by no means a popular one with the people of England, who looked upon such an event as fraught with the utmost danger. One of these letters, we understand goes so far as to state, that Mr. Fox had fixed certain points in his instructions to Lord Lauderdale, which he not acceded to on the part of France, his Lordship was to break off the negotiation, and return to England immediately.

The British ship Caesar, of 80 guns, Capt. Richardson, has arrived at Halifax, under jurnymasts—she is one of Ad. Straclan's squadron, which left Barbadoes on the 13th Aug. or the Chesapeake in pursuit of Jerome Bonaparte. The Caesar, spoke on the 22d ult. the Terrible of 73 guns, which had lost all her masts—she was towed by the D'cade frigate. Intelligence is said to have been received at Halifax, that 5 sail of Ad. Straclan's fleet, had been dismantled in the gulf of last month; and that several American vessels were met with in a similar situation.

American, AND Commercial Daily Advertiser.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1806.

The communication, respecting Mr. Fox's eligibility to represent this city, if elected, which appeared in last evening's papers, will have a place in the American on Monday.

Pursuant to a resolution entered into at the Pantheon, on the 30th Sept. the conference from the different wards (except the 3d and 4th) met at Mr. Fulton's Globe Inn, and after balloting for two persons to represent us in the General Assembly of this state, it appeared that Messrs. GLENN & BLAND had the highest number of votes.

Whereupon it was Resolved, That Messrs. Glenn and Bland be recommended to the citizens as proper persons to represent us as delegates in the next general assembly of this state.

Resolved, That the foregoing proceedings be published in the different newspapers of this city, and signed by the chairman and secretary.

HENRY STOFFER, Chairman. AQUILA MILES, Secretary. October 3.

To the Voters of the city and county of Baltimore FELLOW CITIZENS, N^o XI Monday is the day appointed to elect a Sheriff for the ensuing three years. As I am not personally acquainted with any of the candidates for this office, except Mr. TRAPNALL; I do therefore with great pleasure recommend him as a gentleman highly deserving and meritoriously entitled to our warmest support. I have known Mr. Trapnall for more than nine years, and have always found him to be a man of strict honor and integrity, and his private character stands fair and unimpeachable. And it may be observed, Mr. T. is a cripple, and on this ground he is doubly entitled to our friendship and support.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

To the Electors of the Eighth Ward. GENTLEMEN, A periodical change of representatives being justly esteemed, the vital principle of all republican governments,

whether national or municipal:—We take the liberty of nominating Mr. Thomas Sheppard as a suitable person to represent you in the first branch of the next city council.

In qualifications of Mr. Sheppard for that station, need not the eulogy, but will on the 6th of October, should he consent to serve, obtain the respect of his NEIGHBORS.

COMMUNICATED.

To WM. MAC CREERY, Esq.

SIR, WILL you, or will you not, if again elected, support the Yazo claimants? Did you any time since you began your congressional career vote in their favor, and what were your motives for so doing? Satisfactory answers to those questions, will determine many voters on Monday next.

Married on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Richards, Mr JOHN KERNS, to Miss SUSANNA ROBB, both of this city.

The Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church being necessarily prevented from attending Presbytery this week, feels it incumbent on him to apprise the congregation that they may expect Divine Service at their house of worship on the morning of next Lord's day, at their usual hour of meeting. October 4.

WESTERN PRECINCTS.

A meeting of the Voters of the Western Precincts will be held at Chamberlain's Inn, at the sign of the Hand, This day.

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Books. October 3.

The schooner Dorchester, Jacobs, hence to Bordeaux, put into Halifax, in distress; was repairing, and would proceed on her voyage about 25th September.

Arrived, ship Persia, McNeill, 180 days from Batavia, with coffee and sugar, to S. Smith and Buchanan, and Hollis and M'Blair. Left there, ship Sidney, Norman, of Baltimore; brig Lutw. Gant, do Robert, Dunkin, do Mars, Gardner, do ship Calumet, Trippe, Boston; ship Juno, do, Eliza, do, Fanny, Smith, Philadelphia; American, G. Yor, do for Japan. May 22d, in the Straights of Sunda, spoke ship Mirava, S. yth, 120 days from Baltimore for Batavia. Same day, ship Minerva, of Providence, from Isle of France. May 24, parted company with the Andrew, Watkins, for Philadelphia. July 7, in lat. 36, 28, S. long. 22, 31, E. spoke ship Bainbridge, J. nek, 73 days from Philadelphia, bound to Calcutta and Madras. Sept 8, lat 25, N. long 60, W. spoke sch. Angus, Hamilton, from New York for Curacao, out 28 days. July 27, saw seven sail of ships of the line, on the leg from Cape Henry, standing in.

Also, ship North America, Tucker, 69 days from Bremen, at 60 from Dover—Lions, &c.—Labs & Co. Sailed from Bremen 2 days before the Hero arrived at Alexandria. Left no American vessels at Dover. Sept 28, lat. 35, 23, long. 73, 80, spoke ship John and Frances, Sullivan, from Charleston, for Bordeaux, out 10 days.

Also, ship Bingham, from Boston, ballast, Falls & Brown. Brig Alo, from Salem, hemp, Amos A. Williams. Brig from Alexandria. Sch. William, from Boston, and four other schrs. from Boston, Portland, &c.

Easton, Sept. 27.

Arrived, sch. Venus, Ail n, in 6 days from Halifax. Left, ship Hope, Dyer, from St. Domingo, bound to N. w. York, cargo discharged and sold, waiting further proof; brig—Double, from N. York, bound to Bordeaux, waiting trial or further proof; ship Sally, Poor, of Newburyport, from Baltimore for Amsterdam, waiting further proof; brig Jennet, Court, from Baltimore for Bordeaux, waiting further proof; ship Fanny & Almira, from Bordeaux for New York, waiting further proof; sch. Rising Sun, Folger, from Martinique for New-York, waiting further proof; Charleston Packer, from Philadelphia to Bordeaux, waiting trial; sch. Friend's Adventure, capt. Mirach, from Norfolk, to St. S. Ivadore, ran ashore coming in and bilged, got off, waiting trial; brig Neptune, Braits, from Bordeaux to New-York, brig cleared, cargo condemned, to sail in 4 or 5 days; sch. Dorchester, Jacobs, from Baltimore to Bordeaux, put in distress, repaired and partly loaded, to sail in 4 days. Sept. 28.

Cleared (via Salem) ship Endeavour Page, from Calcutta: Diadama, Ridr Baltimore.

SALEM, September 25.

Arrived. Ship Endeavour, Page, from Calcutta, May 3; left the pilot May 14, in company America Davidson, and brig Sally, Siocum of Salem—Sugars at Calcutta very scarce and high; piece goods rising and scarce. Left there, ship Franklin, Wellam; Java, Cleveland; Argo, Northey; Ulysses, Dellany, of Salem; Pomona, Adams, of Newburyport from Madras; China Packet, Adwert, of Philadelphia—Brig Lovely Lass, of Philadelphia, sailed from Calcutta May 1st—Spoke off Point Palmira, ship South Carolina, of Philadelphia 66 days from Batavia, for Calcutta. July 28, lat. 30, 18, S. lon. 18, 24, the hon company's ship Surat, Castor, from China, having separated from the fleet in a gale off the Cape. Sept. 6, lat. 25; 45, long. 69 sch. Edward, Parat, from Baltimore, 28 days out, for Madra.

Sale by Auction.

THIS-MORNING

Thursday, the 4th instant, at 10 o'clock, at the Vendue Warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick-streets, will commence the sale of A VARIETY OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c. The property of a person leaving the city. Consisting of Dining and Card Tables, Mahogany and Fanny Chairs, Bureaus and Secretaries, Looking Glasses and Prints, in Gilt Frames Carpers, Andirons and Fenders, Feather Beds and Mattresses, Glass Lamps, Plat'd Candlesticks, &c. &c. THOMAS CHASE, Aucr. October 4

Sale by Auction of Furniture.

This Day. At half past 3 o'clock, at No. 10, Hance-street, nearly opposite Mr. Fean's Tavern; will be sold on accommodating terms, A large and general assortment of Elegant Household and kitchen Furniture. Consisting of elegant mahogany dining, card, pier and other Tables; Chairs, Benches, Bedding, Sideboard, Sofa, Carpets, pier and other Looking Glasses, &c. &c. Also, a quantity of well cared family Bacon. VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Aucr's. October 4

Sale by Auction.

ON MONDAY,

The 6th inst at 11 o'clock, on board the brig Amazon, Capt Burgess, at Baily's wharf, opposite Mr. Amos A. Williams's, will be sold, About 40 tons Hemp VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Aucr's. October 4

Sale by Auction.

On TUESDAY,

The 7th instant, at 12 o'clock, at our auction room, head of Frederick-street dock, will be sold, the entire cargo of the brig Luiza, Whelan, capt Kelly, from Saraguna, viz. 50 casks Cacao, 100 boxes Luce Oil, in flasks, 20 do do in bottles, 14 casks Maona. VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Aucr's. October 4

Sale by Auction.

On TUESDAY,

The 7th instant, at 10 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Frederick-street dock, will commence the sale of

A variety of Dry Goods;

Among which are, 2 bales fine Guirans, 1 do Russia Sheetting, 1 do Coating, 1 do Cassimere, 2 do Broad Cloth, 1 do men's doublemilled worsted hose, 1 do do. 1 man's Wool do, 1 do do. fine ribbed do, 1 do do. fine Black do, 1 do women's Black do, 1 do do. slate do, 1 do do. colored and white cotton do, 1 do Guernsey Frucks, 2 cases Calicoes, 2 do Shawls, 1 do Brown Holland, &c. &c. VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Aucr's. October 4

Hazlehurst Brothers & Co.

Have received by the General Mercer, and offer for sale,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GERMEN LINENS, Viz. Tickenburgs, Contiles, Hemsen, Oressala Morlaix, Onaburgs, Flaxen, D white, Heidens, or Brown, Platillas Royals, Rolis, Listados, White Rolls, Checks, No 2, Rouans, Book Checks, Bietagnes, Also, Cotton Hosiery, assorted in trunks. October 4 M W & Co

Amos Brown & Co.

109, MARKET-STREET. Have received their FALL SUPPLY of

SHOES,

Which they offer for sale very low, for cash or approved paper.

Also, 300 pairs Boots, 1000 do. Men's Shews, suitable for the West India Market, which will be sold at reduced prices, for approved paper at ninety days. 10 trunks Ladies's Kid Slippers 20 do do. Morocco do. and A few packages Leather do. Which they are selling on inviting terms for cash only. October 4

Onions For Sale.

A QUANTITY of ONIONS, raised from the seed, and in complete order for shipping; suitable for the West India Market, or for family use. Apply at No. 14, Market space. October 4

A young woman, who can produce good recommendations, wishes to engage as a Wet Nurse, if immediate application is made at this office. October 4

FOR THE AMERICAN.

I was informed yesterday by several persons, that a report was industriously circulating thro' the city, that I had no expectation of obtaining the office of Sheriff at the ensuing election, and had thrown my interest into the scale of Mr. Merriman.

Justice towards myself, and respect for the advocates of my election, oblige me in this public manner to contradict so unfounded a report, and to declare that I have not attached my interest to Mr. Merriman or any other particular candidate, but still continue to solicit the suffrage of the voters of the city and county—and if selected, shall consider rectitude of conduct the best return I can make my fellow citizens for the confidence reposed in me. JOHN BOULDIN. October 3, 1806

Baltimore Theatre

[Second time Here.]

THIS EVENING, October 4. Will be performed, a comedy, in 5 acts, called The Blind Bargain; OR HEAR IT OUT, [By F. Reynolds, Esq.] Jack Analyse, [his second appearance on this stage] Mr. CONE. To which will be added, a Grand Serious Pantomime, in 2 acts, called Brazen Mask; OR, ALBERTO AND ROSABELLA. [For further particulars see bills of the day.] BOX one Dollar—PIT three quarters of a Dollar. October 4

Books at Auction.

TO THE LOVERS OF LITERATURE.

Just received, a large quantity of valuable Books, and now open at 192, Market street, opposite the Globe Inn.

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING: Antient Europe, 2 vols. 2 vols. Mod. Europe, 5 vols. 2 vols. Gillis's Greece, 4 vols. 2 vols. Ferguson's Rome, 5 vols. 2 vols. Fourcroy's Chemistry 5 vols. Adam's France, 2 vols. 2 vols. Do Rome, 2 vols. 2 vols. Burk's Works, 8 vols. 2 vols. Bissot's Reign of Geo. 3d, 6 vols. 2 vols. Do. Life of Burk, 2 vols. 2 vols. Cavelli's Chemistry. 3 vols. 2 vols. Melmoth's Cicero, 3 vols. 2 vols. Do. Pliny, 2 vols. 2 vols. American Museum, 13 vols. 2 vols. British Classics, 39 vols. 2 vols. Chestersfield's Letters, 4 vols. 2 vols. Drake's Leisure Hours, 3 vols. 2 vols. Darwin's Phytologia, Curiousities of Literature, 2 vols. 2 vols. Luce's Canterbury Tales, 4 vols. 2 vols. Court of Berlin, 2 vols. 2 vols. Burton's Anatomy of Melancholy, 2 vols. 2 vols. Bomycastle's Astronomy, Castigm's Sketches, The above are principally European publications. Gentlemen of science and taste, are invited to call and view the books. The quantity now on hand, will only be disposed at public sale, to the first of next month. Sales as usual, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. W. M. PATTON.

William Merryman

Inform his friends and the voters of the city and county at large, That he continues to solicit their patronage for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. October 3

We, the subscribers, of the city of Baltimore, do hereby certify, that Mr. William Merryman has acted towards us, as his creditors, in an honorable and upright manner—and has settled with us, we believe to the utmost of his ability, and much to our satisfaction. We are convinced his failure in business proceeded not from his own misconduct, but from those misfortunes incident to trade.

And further, after the insolvent act was passed in his favor, he shewed no disposition to use it to our injury, but made us his creditors, such liberal propositions as, to convince us of his correct intentions towards us. P. Hoffman & Son, John Walvern, Luke Herman & Co. George Hoffman, Cor & J. Comgys, Calhoun & Lammot, S & L. Weibred, Philp R. I. Fries, Walter Jenkins, for Jas. Chalmers, jun. W. Jenkins & Co. for J. Chalmers Kent and Browne, for J. Chalmers and Son.

TO THE VOTERS

OF THE City and County of Baltimore. My Friends & Fellow Citizens,

HOWEVER unpleasant it may be to my feelings, justice to myself and a regard for truth, require that I should address you previous to the approaching Election. This is a duty which nothing but absolute necessity would constrain me to fulfil—but I find I must either sink under a load of false accusation, or rescue myself from its baneful effects by a public vindication. Amongst my fellow citizens, to whom I am not so intimately known, it has been industriously and insidiously circulated, that I am a man destitute of moral and religious principles—an infidel in the doctrine of Revelation, and an avowed Deist—for the refutation of this calumny, I can only appeal to those who have known me from my infancy upwards, and to my uniform conduct as a citizen. I rely with confidence that the good sense of the free and enlightened Voters of the city and county of Baltimore, will never suffer me to fall a sacrifice to such vile arts of calumny and detraction.

To injure my Election, it has moreover been alleged, that I am possessed of great wealth, and that the emoluments of the office would be no object with me; this is a charge which I did not suppose the bitterest enemy I possessed on earth would hazard against me. Instead of holding in the Water Company, stock to the amount of \$6,000, as has been unwarrantably asserted, I solemnly declare that I am the proprietor only of four shares at \$50 each, upon which \$50 have been paid; nor do I own, as has been falsely alleged, two valuable plantations in Baltimore county. I call upon those who have raised the report to produce any proof, either record or verbal, to substantiate the allegation.

By the dispensations of Providence, at which I do not repine, I have been condemned to a crippled condition for life; and although I trust fully adequate to discharge the duties of the office of Sheriff, yet I am incapable of hard and laborious industry; this consideration it is which induces me to solicit the appointment at the hands of my country, and should I be so fortunate as to meet its countenance and support, I shall endeavor to make a suitable return in the manner of discharging the trust confided to my care. Henry Trapnall. October 3