SATURDAY, OCTOBAR 4, 1806

2200wt. of Prime Hams, - FIT for EXPORTATION, for sale by LEVINUS CLARKSON, No. 2, head of the bason.

July 1

For Sale,

About 15,000 lbs. St. Domingo COFFEE, green and of a good quality, entitled to debenture, for terms apply to the subscriber JOHN SNYDER,

No. 41, Fell's street, Fells Point. August 6

To Let,

THAT elegant three story brick dwelling HOUSE, formally owned by Mr. Volk in Pratt-street, with every convenient back building a joining thereto, coach house, sta bles, &c. Possession will be given on the 11th of October next.

A convenient and well finished three story brick dwelling HOUSE, in Water-street, with or without stables. For terms apply at "No. 6, Calvert-street, to W. SMITH.

september 3

To Let,

THAT commostious and picesantly situate! two story brick DWELLIFG HOUSE No. 55, corner of Postt and Sharp-streets, with Stills, a lage fard and Garden attached thereto, i tely occupied by John Fitzhugh Esq Possession may be had the 22d instant -For terms apply to

SAMUEL STUMP. September 18

Russia Goods.

TMPORTED in the ship Messenger, James Buffinton, master, from St. Petersburg, and now landing,

160 tons clean Hemp, 150 do. old sable Iron,

30 refined, assorted, square and flat

1300 pieces Russia Sheeting, 1200 ditto heavy Sail Duck,

900 ditto Ravens Durk, and

9 tons Cornage, for sale on liberal credits by BEN. & GEO. WILLIAMS.

september 24 d10t-eo18t*

John M'Kim, jun. & Co. from England, a part of their FALL GOODS,

Which will be sold on moderate terms by the piece or package to punctual men. September 18.

Latters' Fur.

DUSSIA HARE and CONEY WOOL of It the very best quality, for sale by CHS. GHEQUIERE & H. KUNCKEL. Who also off-r for sale on liberal terms. 500 Oval Demi-Johns, Hyson, Young Hy-

son, Hyson Sain and Padre Souchong Tea, this Spring's importation, and of the very best quality, old red Figuiera Wine in pipes. August 27

American Printed Calicoes, BED COVERS. SHAWLS,

POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS, with a quantity of STARCH and HAIR POWDER,

For Sale by M'CULLOCH & LANNAYS,

No 15, Gaire street

septi mber 4

Empson & Wm. C. Bird, No 130, MARKET-STREET,

At the House lately occupied by Wm Clemm, jun a few downs from Calvert street. AKE the liberty to inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced the GROCERY BUSINESS, and have with great cure selected the richest and best articies in that line, which they recommend to private families, In keepers and others,

Consisting in part, of Cogniac, Bordeaux and Peach Brandy, Hill. d Gin and Jamaica Spirits Anugua Rum, fine flavored, 6 years old Madeira, sherry, Lisbon, Port & other Wines .. Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson & other Teas fresh and of the lat st importations. Spices of all kinds-Sugar and Coffee

Stied Gil, and Busket Salt Sp maceti and Mould Candles W. ranted Charolate, Pearl Barley Bordeaux pickles, Spanish Segars and Carinis Tobacco, soft shelled almonds and Muscatel

and bloom Raisins, &c. &c Which articles they will be glad to furnish their friends and others, on accommodating terms, by whole sale or retail; and they hope, by their struggles to please, they will merit and obtain a share of public patronage.

October 1 d15teo15t Just Received Per the schooner Harmony, from New York, and

:110 barrels Mackerel, by DINSMORE & MOORE. On hand in Store, 20 barrels Pickled Salmon,

do Bay Fat Mackerel, Hogs Land and Butter, in small kegs, fit for exportation,

2 cases German Rouans, entitled to deben-India Silk, Homal Handkerchiefs,

Irish Dowlas Linens, Calicoes and Chints, Which is offered at reduced prices by

piece or package to close sales. ALSO, 4th proof well flavored Bordeaux Brandy

and Holland Gin .-- With a general assortment of Emceties, &c. &c. August 4

SALT.

F 1000 bushels best Liverpool fine SALT, Just received per Gould's packet from Norfolk, For Sale by

JAS. BRUNDIGE, No 101, Bowly's wharf.

. October 3

hree Gentlemen BOARDERS will be taken at No. 89, Market-street, if application is made shortly.2 October 3

Campbell & Ritchie, IJAVE received by the different arrivals I from Liverpool and London, a general assurtment of

FALL GOODS,

Which they will sell on reasonable terms by the package or piece. A considerable 'allowance made for cash or acceptances in town. October 3

Taylor & Gough, No. 41. MARKET -- TREET. Have now received a very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

ferent kinds,

India Book Muslin,

Black and colored Lu-

testrin, s & Senshaws

Sill. Gloves & Sais ets

Cotton Counterpanes,

Ladies & Gentlemen's

Laced Clocks,

White and brown Pla-

Want & brown Tick-

Brown & white Rolls.

Ir sh Linen & Shect-

Sik and Cotton Sus-

White and black La-

Linen Cambricks,

Stuffs,

Dowlas,

tilias,

mgs.

Ces,

Estopilias.

penders,

Russia Sheeting

Britannias,

nour, s.

Siik Hose, plain &

Silk Handker liners,

Black Silk Velvet,

tions.

Bandanoes,

of different descr p-

CONSISTING OF Superfine and com- | Linen Checks of difmon cloths. Pisms & Half Thicks, Sewing Silk & Twists, Hannels and Swan 15 bales India Muslins downs, Cotton Checks Souty Romais,

Bennets Cord & Vel-Casimer s Blankets, Bucking Baizes, Worsted and cotton Hosie. Colorea Camels Hair Shawls. Cotton Twilled and Plain do.

Cotton Romal Hand kerelacis, Calicoes, Velvets, Cords & Fustians, Madras Handkerchiefs,

+ lam Levio & Leerled mui sprig Mushins, Combre and Cambray Musis, Cambric and Common Dimities, White and Colored

Threads, Bobbins and Tapes, Parsand Needles Colored Bindings, Ludies & Gentlemen's Beaver Glove.,

Silk Shawls, &c. &c. And expect a further supply of Wool.en Goods by the Diana. A part of the above goods we imported and

the rest were selected in the Philadelphia market, and it is to be presum d, can be sold up. on such low terms, as only n essa call from those disposed to purchase-Wholesale and Retail, for cash or notes in town, d8teo8t

Baltimore Races at

anton. On TUESDAY, 7th October, Will be run for over a andsome mile course near the city of Buitimore,

A Purse of \$300 free for any horse, mare, or gelding, the four mile heats. On WEDNESDAY, 8.h,

Apurse of \$100, two mile heats, free as alove, the winning horse the preceding day excepted.

On THURSDAY, 9th A purse of 200 dollars, three mile heats, free as above, the winning horses the preceding days excepted

The above races to be conducted agreeably to the rules, of the Baltimore Jockey Club; the horses to be entered with the subscriber the day previous to running, paying one shilling in the pound entrance, or double at the post-Frur horses to be entered each day, or no JOSEPH CLARK.

October 3

- o the Voters of the City and County of Baltimore. GENTLEMEN,

I TAVING been solicited by a number of in my friends in the city and county, to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election, and feeling a consciousness that I prissess the necessary qualifications to discharge the duties attached to that office, I now come forward and respectfully solicit your votes and interest at the ensuing election; assuring you, that, if I should become your choice, I shall make every exertion to discharge the duties attached to the office with punctuality, integrity and humanity, as far as may be consistent with the interest of those whom may have the honor to serve.

IOHN KERNS Notice.

THE Partnership formerly existing under the firm of Thomae and Vitrans, was dissolved on the 19th April, 1804. All those having not settled since with either of them, and being indebted yet to said firm, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who may have claims, will please present them to H. Thomae, No 56, North Howard-street, who is duly authorised to settle the same. H. THOMAE,

WM. VIBRANS. THE Subscriber is removed from No. 221, Mark, t-street, to No 56, North Howard street, where he offers for sale, his usual assortment of

GERMAN GOODS.

september 29

H. THOMAE. 2aw6t

alone; but that those who possess equal

or superior talents, and who are willing

to dedicate those talents to the public

service, should not be excluded by this

co stitutional veto, trom a seat in the

councils of the city. Whilst the prop sed

amendment cularges the range of selec-

tion, by establishing a reasonable proper:

ty qualification, it cannot be deemed to

impair the public security. It proposes

in the first place that no person shall be

eligible to either branch of the city coun-

cil, unless he possesses a freehold or

leasehold property to the amount of five

hundred pounds within the city of Halti-

more. No reserence is made to the salla-

cious cri erion of a public assessment;

but the intrinsic value of the property is,

as it ought to be, the only standard of its

estimation. This qualification must be

considered to every reasonable intent and

purpose sufficiently high. And why do

I say so? Because our habits and expen-

ditures are generally regulated by the

extent of our possessions, and an estate

of five hundred pounds of leasehold or

freehold property, would as much engage

the fostering care of its proprietor, as a

patrimony of ten thousand dollars would

stimulate the economical exertions of his

more sortunate neighbor. Moreover, it

is a property of that description upon

which all taxation must necessarily ope-

râte. Whateverlaws, therefore, are enact-

ed by which his fellow-citizens are affect-

ed, he too must necessarily feel the

inconvenience. This salutary princi-

ple whilst it affords an ample pledge,

that the important trust of legislation

will not be abused, enlarges the field of

choice, and opens the door of preferment

to talents and intelligence, as well as to

opulence. According to the requisitions

of the charter as it at present stands, in

some of the wards, not more than two

the state of the s

Goshen Cheese, 50 casks of the first quality, just arrived in the Dorothy, from New York. They will be sold low if taken from the wharf. Apply to

October 2

A. RICHARDSON, 34, Market-street. October 1

Joseph. Cappeau, No. 77, MARKET STREET, !! Is now opening a complete assurtment of all & Fancy Goods,

Which he offers for sale on his usual terms

To the Voters Of the City and County of Baltimore.

GENTLEMEN, THE subscriber havin; devoted several years of his life to obtain a knowledge of the SHERIFF'S basiness and duties, as Clerk to the three gentlemen who have successively filled that office, and in that capacity endeavoted to render every satisfaction to the p blic. He hopes his character and conduct, on enquiry, will be found such as to meet the approbation of his fellow citizens, whose support he respectfully solicits at the ensuing election for SHERIFF; should he be successful, he pledg. es himself to execute the duties of the office with industry, fidelity, and humanity. The public's humble servant,

JOHN HUNTER, september 11

For the AMERICAN: Mr. Pechin, AT the last session of the legislature certain amendments of the charter of Baltimore werd proposed, which now the poll in the straight waistcoat of con- mitted is the body of a state, &c. await the final decision of the first branch stitutional restrictions, but when you have. It seems agreed the states have no right of the city council. The policy and arrived, you are permitted to look to the to require a more advanced age than 25 propriety of adopting those amendments right or the left; the privileged few are years, nor a longer citize s ip tha 7 must be obvious to every mind, unwarped placed before you; your tongue is word- years. How does the addition of nore by prejudice, unbiassed by inverest. The less for any other purpose, than to years in these respects violate more the free and full expression of the public designate those children of fortune, constitution than superadding a district voice, is essential to the character of a and favorites of the constitution, and to state residence? They all have the representative republican government. you are condemned to the humiliating effect to contract the sphere of election. The right of r presentation is the ain necessity of exhibiting the solemn My antagonist would provably contend pillar in the edifice of your political mockery of an election, in nodding assent for the right in these cases, and call the happiness; it is the attribute which disto the one or the other. If to use the provisions in the constitution only "broad tinguishes freedom from slavery; it is language of levity upon so serious and lootings" on which members " nold their the pride of republicanism, the boast of interesting a subject were not to offer an | seats." It the state legislatures have the liberty, and the detestation of tyrints. Any unnecessary restrictions imposed upon this sacred privilege, must be deemed inimical to the rights of man, and the panciples of a free representative govern ment. Such it is conceived is the injuriou. operation of the charter of the city of Baltimore, as at present established. Way do I say so? Because, whilst it holds out the semblance of an electoral right, it denies the substance. The right of suffrage it is true, is recognised and conceded to the free voters of the city of Baltimore; but whilst they are flattered and deceived, whilst their senses are enchanted by this ignis fatuus of delusion and imposition, all the real blessings, all the substantial advantages of this high and ennobling prerogative are insidiausly withheld. To those who felo de se of its orn purposes But it fications, wit out a construction too exare acquainted with the practical operamay be said that five hundred pounds | travagantly forced to be tol rated. tion of this charter, and the mischievous' worth of property is not sufficient to | Certain factiontable cons. quences, which consequences resulting from it, little is secure a prudent administration of the iny opponent so loquently deprecites, I necessary to be said to demonstrate in legislative functions. To those who will en leavour to show flow from his conanti republican tendency. Look to the entertain doubts upon that subject, I struction, and not mine And here it may property qualifications necessary to conwould only observe, that by the constitue, not be amiss to offer some reasons, why stitute eligibility as a member of the first tion of Maryland, any person is eligible the right to prescribe " the times &:." or second branch of the city council. to the general assembly of the state, who was left to be exercised by congress at What is it? For the first branch, an possesses an estate of five hundred pounds their option. It was to prevent the disassessment on the books of the asse sor real or person. 1. This qualification gives solution or the federal government, which to the amount of one thousand dollars; him a right to legislate concerning life, might happen if the states neglected to for the second branch an assessment to liberty, and property to the last cent of make proper provisions for re-el-ctions the enormous amount of two thousand his constituents. Whilst the I gislative of members; and also to insure an equal dollars. What is this but an effectual jurisdiction of the city council is special right in all parts of a state to the elective preclusion of the exercise of the right of and defined, and cannot exceed the limit franchise. For instance, the state legissuffrage, in the election of the legislative of fifteen shillings in the pound. For lature might from partillity, or any other department of your municipal co-stituthirty years past the constitution of Ma- cause, give to one county in the state a far tim? What is it, but an aristocracy in ryland has been in operation, and to this larger number of representatives, than miniature? It is well known to the day not a whisper of complaint has been its population entitled it to. This injusproprietors of property, that according card up in the subject of the qualifica- tice congress could remedy by directing, to the stand rd by w ici it is estimated tion; nor have any disadvantages been that equal portions of a state shall have and assessed with a view to taxation, it is found to result from the establishment of an equal representation, and would come scare ly rated to the extent of one-fitth the principle. And should the amend- under the exercise of the right of preof its value! According then to th! ment proposed receive the sanction of scribing the "times &c" Again, acprovisions of this form of government, the citizens of Baltimore it is confidently | cording to my opponent's reasoning the no citizen can be chosen to the first expected that many advantages will be assembly may direct that the whole numbranch of the city council without a r. found to flow from its adoption, whilst ber of representatives shall reside in one property qualification to the amount of no inconveniences will be experienced. | ploce, for if it may enact that one shall five thous and doll ars; nor to the second Upon the remaining alterations, I shall reside in Baltimore city, it may also rewithout a property qualification of ten say nothing at present, although their quire that all shall reside here, thus the cousand dollars !- Lask the citizens of importance is sufficiently great to merit | people might be forced to elect all their Baltimore what is the meessiry consa solumn discussion. At some future representatives from Baltimore. This qu nees-what the inevitable effect of the priod I shall probably offer a few re- consequence is prevente, according to establishment of this principle, but a conmarks relative to them. cen ration of the ligislative functions in a focus of austocracy? What is it but a A VOTER. monopoly of l'gislauve power in the FOR THE AMERICAN. hands of the wealthy alone? Have we the sanction of experience in advancing the position, that talents and affluence are ins parable concomitants? Or is the lustre of an intellect derived from God, obscured by the splendor of a fortune, inherited from ... an? Let me appeal to the dispassi nate reflection of every impartial ind; I mean not to proscribe opulence, or deny to those who possess it their legitimate privileges in the community of legislation. Their rights are the matter he has greatly added to the inhabitant of Ohio might come here, to be held sacred and inviolable, as well difficulty of replying to him. I may "take up his abode," and by "the cunas the franchites of the poorer classes of praise him for his ingenuity and splendid ning arts of electioneering" be chosen a society. All I contend for is, that the diction, but cannot applaud him for strict representative, and be entitled to his seut; privilege of law-making shall not be forestall d in the hands of the affluent

tional remarks on the question of a non. jus into. Mark then, with what facility resident's eligibility to congress, and in he draws inferences without any premianswer to Marcellus of Wednesday. He | see, or from such as actually forbid those has said so much, which does not apply inferences! But behold a specimen of to the subject in dispute, that it will not yet more exquisite logic! I contend a be necessary, nor expected of me to fol- member must be in inhabitant of the low him closely. No argument he has state he represents; he contends he must urged shall however pass u noticed; and be a resident of the district he represents; I regret that by wandering so much from but he avers, that on my construction an

adherence to the question, nor for close while on his, no such Ohio passinger argumentation. cording to the rule of legal and logical abode in a district, as in the state? The construction, the enumeration of certain | whole state is divided into districts. The particulars, which go to the formation of act of assembly only requires a candidate a whole, contains in itself the exclusion of other particulars, unless the contrary while the constitution requires him to be be expressed. So in the case before us, inhabitant of the state. If there be the constitution has enumerated cert in any difference between the terms " resiqualifications for nembers to congress, | dent" and " inhabitant," I leave it to my and nothing is expressed to show that readers to decide, which is the stronger. that enumeration is not complete, the interence is irresistible that no others are Because the act of assembly requires that allowed to be added. I deny that the the representative for Baltimore shall be tenth amendment has any bearing upon a resident of the city, therefore we are the case, and in reasoning upon it Mar- | secure from all electioneering tricks of cellus has misquoted it. It does not say those, who take up their abode here;that such powers as are not expressly again, a Maryland representative accordforbidden to the states are lest for their ing to the constitution must be an inhaexercise, but says such as are not forbid. bitant of Maryland, therefore an inhabiden, &c. Now where is the difference tant of Ohio can be a representative for between a power being expressly forbid- Maryland, and of course be an inhabitant den, and being forbidden by necessary of Maryland.—All this may be excellent implication? This amendment applies reasoning, but as I am too dull to comonly to such powers as are not forbidden prehend the force of it, it will not be exto the states, nor reserved to the United | pected of me to refute it. It may be States. The powers of the latter descrip argumentum ad judicium, but I must tion are of two classes; one, those which doubt, whether those whom it convinces are lest to the tuture disposition of con- are selecti judices. It has happened in gress to exercise; the other, those which Pennsylvania, contrary to what has been. are assumed and ex-reised by the very said, that representatives have lived out organization of the constitution; the of the district, which sent them; for fixing qualifications of members to con. Albert Gallatin, esq. secretary of the gress belongs to the latter class. The treasury represented a district, in which power of establishing qualifications of the he'did not reside. It is only in instances president of the United States is not of men so distinguished, that electors will. expressly forbidden to the states, but is go out of their district for candidates. first assumed and exercised by the con- Nor can I possibly conceive, what misstitution, and in words not more explicit, chief can flow from allowing the electors than those establishing the qualifications to range where they please for candidates. of representatives. Will Marcellus, or Is it possible in the nature of things that any person venture to affirm that the state | a state, voting by districts, should resort legislatures have a right to vary, or add to a remote county, and elect for their to the president's qualifications? Yet representatives those, whom they do not such an interference is only forbidden by know, and who do not know them? Yes

necessary implication. If the 10th amend. this is feared by my opponent.

or three persons are eligible to the repre- ment bear at all on the subject, it fortifies sentative body! Is it not farcical? Is it my position, for itagain forbids the states not a perversion of language, and the from exercising prohibited powers. It height of absurdity, to dignify with the has reference in truth to such class, as sacred name of an election a choice under the regulation of the internal concerns of such circumstances. You may march to a state, the punishment of crimes com-

insult to the rights of man, and the pri- right thus to add to the qualifications of vileges of a free citizen—I would say candidates, I should have to ked for it in this is truly a Hobson's choice. Among the right, which the constitution has in the many inconveniences flowing from the first instance granted them in Sec. 4, the present method of ascertaining the Article 1, to prescribe "the times, places eligibility of councilmen, is the fr quent and manner of holding elections." My assessment of property to the telent in opponent has drawn no arguments from possession, by which the proprietor in this source, nor do I think as could with fee is . Rectually excluded from the coun- success; for the manner of holding cils of the city. His tenant is clothed elections, in which clouse alone can it be with that eligibility and endowed with contended this power is to be found, can those privileges, which ought, exclusively, only mean the momer of voting, either to rest in the absolute owner. Hence it by ballot or viv. voce, in one place in a appears that the charter, is at present county or in several, before the sixmodified, not only works great in reff or judges, and the like. This interconvenience, but manifest injust ce! In pre ation compl. tely satisfies the words aiming to threw the shield of protection | i. the claus's; nor can it be contended around the rights of property, it counter- that the right to prescribe the 'mainer's acts its own intention, and proves the &c. includes the right to multiply qu limy reasoning, by the constitution, which forbids the states, and also congress from requiring a resistence in any particular parts of a state. Thus my antagenist feetingly deplores a condition of things, I find it necessary to make some addi- which his own construction would bring could be eligible. And why not? Might I commence with repeating, that, ac- not such a stranger as easily take up his to be a resident of a particular place, Thus stands Marcellus's reasoning;