When Selfridge saw the note, he loaded the pistols, put them in his pocket and went to seek Mr. Austin, swearing that he would shoot him wherever he could find him, Selfridge went to one of the insurance companies where Mr. Austin was, but it happened that he was in a back room, where he was not seen by his fell seeker.

Unable to meet with Mr. Austin, walking up a street, he met his son, a youth of 19—Selfridge accosted him. As they were alone no one can tell what conversation took place, but a witness who lived opposite to where they stood and saw them, stated in his evidence before the coroner's inquest, that they had been but a few moments together when Selfridge pulled a pistol from his pocket and lodged the contents of it in the bosom of the young gentleman, who immediately expired!

The Jury, consisting of 11 federalists, gave a verdict of "murder with malice aforethought." Mr. Russel, editor of the Centinel, a federal paper, was on the jury.

American, AND Commercial Daily Advertiser.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1806.

Mr. Pechin,

ELIAS GLENN, Esq. is recommended as a fit and suitable character to represent this city in the Legislature of Maryland, at their next session. His unshaken and steady republican principles, added to his political acquirements eminently entitle him to the suffrages and support of the citizens of Baltimore.

MR. PECHIN,

Some time ago Mr. *Alexander M'Kim* was nominated to the citizens of Baltimore, as a suitable person for electing the next Senate of Maryland; and it appears is willing to serve for this purpose. Please to remind our people of this, as it is generally allowed that no person better qualified for this peculiar office can be easily found. His knowledge of the characters of our most eminent citizens, his uprightness & judgment render him a most useful elector of a body that must be taken out of every part of the state, and will give him weight among the electors that may prove highly advantageous to Baltimore, as well as to society at large.

A VOTER.

Our correspondent at Nassau, has forwarded us a file of the Gazette to the 2d inst.—but it is quite barren of marine or other intelligence—The annexed articles are all it affords.

NASSAU, August 1.

Arrived, brig Two Brothers, Tedder, 20 days from Baltimore.

The sch'r Lucy, of Charleston, with 63 slaves, bound to New Orleans, detained by his Majesty's schr. Haddock, arrived here on Wednesday.

Yesterday a report prevailed in town, brought from Exuma, and said to have been received there by an American vessel, *of a French force of seven sail of the line having arrived in the West Indies*;—of this report, however, after a diligent enquiry, we have not been able to obtain any particulars.

We mentioned, some days since, that attempts had been made to frighten the editor of the '*Western World*,' (published at Frankford, Kentucky,) from a further developement and exposure of the conspiracies of *Wilkinson, Blount*, and others—these attempts having failed, it appears from the last number of that paper that an attempt has been made to assassinate the editor, which, we are happy to find, likewise proved abortive.

A young man of the name of George Adams, who had been among the first subscribers to the West World, soon after the publication of the first number of that paper, desired his name to be erased from the subscription list, alledging that he was in the employment or under the influence of some of the characters implicated in the conspiracy, which rendered it improper for him to patronize the 'World.' The editor of that paper, Mr. Street, mentioned this circumstance to a third person, who communicated it to Adams, enquiring if it was true. The consequence was, that when they next met Adams attacked Street with a bludgeon;—Street drew a dagger to defend himself, but could not use it, a Mr. Bodly having interposed. Adams, however, took advantage of this interposition and drawing a pistol from his pocket, cocked and fired it at Street—the ball entered his clothes grazed the skin at the lower termination of the *sternum*. Street supposing himself to be badly wounded, ran towards Adams with his drawn dagger, intending to strike; Adams threw his empty pistol at Street as he advanced, and then fled.—Street had ceased to pursue him, and was exposing the slight wound to the spectators, in order to lessen their fears for his safety, when Adams returned with another loaded pistol, swearing if he had not before effected his purpose he would now do it—several persons however, interfered, and prevented him from firing a second time.

A grand jury, a few days afterwards, found a bill against Adams for an attempt to murder Street—but the *attornies* for Adams having found some *exceptions* to the indictment, it was quashed for the present.

All these attempts have had no other effect than to stimulate Street to proceed in the interesting exposure of the conspiracies of Wilkinson, &c.—a fruther continuation of which is given in the last number of his paper, that mentions the above circumstances—this we shall publish to-morrow. Honorable mention is made in it of our friend Jonathan Dayton, and much more is promised.

Aurora

From the N. Y. Daily Advertiser.

It appears that Kentucky is quite in an uproar, since the publications have been made accusing certain great men of a plot to put that state into the hands of the Spaniards. A quarrel has taken place between Mr. Street, a printer, and Mr. Preston Brown a relation of Mr. Brown the senator, one of the accused.—Something like a challenge was sent by Mr. S. to Mr. P. B. and by him handed to the attorney general. A Mr. Sneed attacked Mr. Street, who resisted with a pen knife—caucusses of the members of the Spanish association are said to be held nightly. But the "*Western World*," a new paper continues to publish what it considers proofs of the existence of a conspiracy. In one of their latest publications the editors say, "many virtuous men measuring the integrity of the *world* by that of their own, view perhaps the danger past, and could wish that what we have related respecting the Spanish association, had been buried in oblivion—we regret that they are mistaken. Sincere would be the pleasure, could we declare that Kentucky, the state of Ohio, Tennessee, the Indiana, and the Mississippi Territories, were free from traitors; but unhappily many, very many, in whom the citizens place the highest confidence *are at this moment organized for the express purpose of effecting a separation of these states from the union*. The names of the principal leaders shall appear in the sequel."

In a Liverpool paper of July 25, we find the following Rules and directions which experience had sanctioned, and which are recommended to be adopted in cases of drowning.

1. On an alarm of a person being drowned, let fire be made in any house near at hand; water be warmed; flannels, wine or spirits, and mustard or hartshorn, be procured; and a surgeon be sent for. The following means may be applied with safety and usefulness, before medical advice can be obtained.

2. When the body is first taken out of the water, let it be stripped, wrapped, (except the face, which must be kept upward) in a blanket, or any dry warm clothing and conveyed to a house, without any violent motion—The head must not be held down; but raised with the shoulders, rather higher than the rest of the body; and let the mouth and nostrils be perfectly cleaned.

3. Let the body be made quite dry with warm cloths, and then laid between warm blanketts or a bed or matrass, leaving the face uncovered. If it is a young child, let a person lie close on each side of it in the bed. If it is a grown person, the body and bed may be placed out of doors in the sun shine, or in a room with the windows and doors open, when the weather is warm: if in cold weather let it be in a room where there is a fire, but let some fresh air be admitted.

4. Let no more than six or seven persons stay in the room at the same time. Let five of them constantly, but gently rub the body, between the blankets, with warm flannels; one rubbing each leg & foot; one each arm and hand, and one the body, especially about the heart. No salt must be used. Let bricks or tiles be heated, or bottles be filled with water, as warm as can be felt with comfort; let them be covered with flannels or woolen cloths, and be put to the feet and hands and under the arm pits of the body; and others be warmed against the first become cool.

5. While the above means are continually used, let one person put the pipe of a bellows into one of the nostrils, while another person holds the mouth and the other nostrial close shut. Blow gently with the bellows, or in want of it, with the breath, through a quill or clean waxed tobacco pipe till the breast of the drowned is observed to rise a little; then leave the mouth and both nostrials free, till the breast sinks, or it may be pressed down very gently with your hand. When the breast has sunk, do again as before; and if the body begins to breath, leave off by degrees and touch the inside of the nostrils with a feather dipped in hartshorn or strong mustard.

6. Continue to use all these means, if necessary, for 4 hours; till signs of life appear; or till a surgeon arrives; whose father advice may be followed. If the body can be electrified, the earlier the better. If these means fail of effect, let the body be covered to the neck with warm water in a tub, and hot water be added to keep it equally warm.

7. If life appears, let a tea spoon full of luke warm water be put into the mouth, and if this is swallowed, put warm wine, or spirits mixed with warm water, likewise in a tea spoon, into the mouth. A clyster, of a pint of warm water mixed with a glass of spirits; or with a table spoonful of hartshorn, may immediately be given upon appearance of life.

8. Let the person recovered remain some hours in a warm bed, and have some warm whey or ale posset. Let gentle sweating be encouraged; and if disposed to sleep, let no disturbance be given, till he wakes perfectly restored.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 12.

The Turkish government is busily employed in the equipment of about 30 or 40 ships; among which are 10 of the line of different sizes. It was first intended to equip only seven. This fleet will be ready for sea at the end of the month; the troops that are to be embarked on board the squadron are daily exercising and training according to the new system.

The grand Vizier is now employed in putting in motion a great number of troops, which have also been trained and disciplined in the European manner. They are to form a corps de reserve in the rear of the army which is to march into Servia against the rebels.

[*Moniteur, June* 29]

Port of Baltimore.

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Books.

August 22.

Arrived schooner Adherbal. M'Neal, 22 days from New Orleans—Sugar—John Walraven—Left brig Antelope, Gray, from Baltimore, in 10 days. At the Belize, August 3, ship Fame, Jones, of Baltimore, for La Vera Cruz, and the ship New York, George of Philadelphia, for Amsterdam. Sailed in co. with ship Aurora, Southerland, of New York, for Bordeaux; brig George, of do. for do. parted co. 10th. Off Tortugas same day, Havanna, bearing S. by E. 12 leagues distant was boarded by the British Frigate Ceberes, captain Selby, and treated politely. 13th, lat 28, 20, long 73, 30, Spoke schooner Thomas Jefferson, Grant, from St. Jago, for Philadelphia, out 19 days, crew very sickly. 20th, off Cape Henry, brig Polly, Robinson, from Newburyport for Charleston, out 14 days.

Also, schooner Greyhound, Holmes, 12 days from Havanna—Sugar and Coffee—Albert Seekamp—Left there brig Lucy Ann, for Baltimore in 7 days; Union, Besse, do. 4 days; Susan, White, do. 5 or 6 days; schooner Jefferson, Philadelphia, 2 days, and many others, names not recollected.

Also, schooner Jane, Darnell, 22 days from Laguira—Cocoa, Cotton Indigo & Coffee—John Baron. Left there brig Endyman, Sater, for Philadelphia, in 5 days; Polly, for Provincetown in 5 days. August 12, lat. 27, long. 72, fell in with a ships main mast which had been burned appeared to have been done but a few days before, supposed by the French squadron. The day the Jane sailed, 4 of the heads of the officers of Miranda's 2 schooners, taken by the Spaniards where hung up in jibbetts, and it was said that 10 had been hanged of the 58, and the remainder sent in chains to the mines. One of the men taken had a wife and six children in New York, one of his suns was with him and set at Liberty.

Also, Arrived English schooner Ann, Chapman—Sugar and Logwood—Hugh Thompson. Sailed in co with the English Tortola fleet. There were no American vessels in the fleet.

Also, schooner Wolf, White, 54 days from London—Dry Goods—James Brays and others. Left the 23d of June, ship Sally, Ashbury, of New York for Baltimore, to sail the 5th July; ship Fair American, Dans, of Baltimore, just gone into dock to copper, and to sail about 25th July; Nankin, Everard, for New York, in 4 days; Rebecca, Minns, of Norfolk, uncertain; Wanderer, Haswell, for Carleston; Isabella, Green, Charleston, for River of Plate in 3 days; Portsmouth, Lewis, of Baltimore, under repairs; schooner Severn, Woodberry, of Beverly, for the Isle of May, and several others unknown. July 1, lat. 47, long. 7, 17, W. spoke ship Betsey, M'Dougal, from Amsterdam for New York, out 14 days. 14th, lat. 43, 57, long. 32, 13, schooner Joseph, Francis, from Marble head, for Bilboa, out 14 days. 16th, lat. 41, 21, long. 34, was boarded by the British privateer Eliza, examined my papers and permitted me to proceed. August 18, lat 36, 36, long. 73, spoke ship Coro, Moody, from Baltimore for Amsterdam, out 3 days. On the 3d July, lat. 39, long. 32, after a heavy gale, the vessel sprung a leak and in a short time had 4 feet water in her hold, kept both pumps going, and could not gain on it until they got the top-sail hauled under the leak, after which one pump kept her free.

Boston, August 17.

Arrived, Amazon, Price, *Baltimore*. Julia, Baker *Baltimore*.

Cleared, Macy, Luce. *Baltimore*—Betsy, Green *Baltimore*.

New-York, August 20.

ARRIVED,

The ship Indian Chief, Lilly in 52 days from Hull. Left, the ship Ann, Flowers, for New-York to sail the 10th July. July 9, lat. 53, 30, long. 15, spoke ship Hope, Lovett, 20 days from Beverly for Amsterdam. 19th, lat. 51, 8, long. 41, spoke ship Factor, Whitney, 20 days from Beverly, for Amsterdam. August 13, lat. 40, 7, long. 69, 8, spoke the ship Swift, 4 days from New-York, for Liverpool. August 14th, in lat. 40, long. 69, 30, spoke the brig Pennsylvania, from N. York, for the River La Plata. Sailed in co. ship Susannah, Wilson, for N. York, and parted the 4th July, in lat. 50, long. 53. A Norfolk brig from Rotterdam had just arrived at Hull.

The ship Mary, Goodrich, of Newburyport, from Gottenburg via Falmouth, in 57 days. Left at Falmouth, a New-York ship, bound to Holland, detained; brig ——, Brown, of Norfolk, do. *and a Baltimore brig, do.* July 4, in lat. 44, long. 40, the Mary sprung aleak, and made 8 inches water in five minutes; after throwing over part of the cargo, found the leak and stopped it. June 22, in lat. 49, 27, spoke ship Regulator, 36 days from Philadelphia for Rotterdam. July 16th, in lat. 42, 47, spoke the barque Hope, from Plymouth for Rotterdam.—21st, spoke ship Jupiter, from Philadelphia for Liverpool. August 5, in lat. 42, 9, spoke schooner William, from Boston for Fayal.

The ship Merry Quaker, Brown, in 24 days from City of St. Domingo.

The brig Northern Liberties, Clough, in 23 days from Point-Petre, Guad. Left Hetty, Bunker, for New-York, in 14 days; Henry, Cutter, for Portland in 25; sch'r Fly, M'Farlane, Philadelphia, 8; *Three Brothers, Fitch, Baltimore*, 15; John Langdon, Bernard, Portsmouth 3; Virginia, Bicker, New-York, 14; Horizon, Jenkins, New York in 3; Polly, Wynkoop, for New York; Almira, Kennard, Portsmouth, 2; William, Moulton, Portland, 15; Mary-Ann, Sawyer.

The brig Jane, Fowler, in 20 days from St. Croix. Left, brig Planter, Denison, of New Haven, to sail in 10 days; schr. Lark, Hunt, of ditto in 3; ship Isabella, Zuill, of New York. At West-End, brig Henry, Brown, of New Haven, to sail in 4 days; brig Alfred, Briant, for New-York in 8.

The brig Commerce, Mattocks, in 56 days from Belfast. Left the ship Young Factor, to sail in 10 days for New York; and the ship Recovery, of Norfolk, repairing.

The ship Fair American, Williams, in 89 days from Liverpool. May 29, in lat. 49, spoke the ship Charles, of New Bedford, for Hull. June 28, in lat. 42, long. 54, 47, spoke the brig Young Eagle, Rogers, 19 days from Bordeaux for New-York. July 3, in lat. 40, 42, spoke ship Independence, 11 days from Charleston. 6th, lat. 40, 55, spoke ship Wm. Johnson, of Newburyport, 11 days from Norfolk, for Rotterdam. 18th, in lat. 41, 50, long. 67, spoke a schooner from Boston for Liverpool, and the brig Elam, 9 days from Boston.

The brig Sussex, Lee, in 19 days from St. Kitts. The Sussex was from Martinique bound to this port, captured and sent into St. Kitts—part of her cargo condemned, and the remainder cleared. The ship Osiris, of this port, sailed the same day for Antigua, to wait trial: the crew of the Osiris had been turned ashore at Antigua, and the ship partly dismantled.—The ship Experiment, of New-Orleans, from Guadaloupe, for Boston, with a cargo of sugar, waiting trial. The ship Maisville, of Philadelphia, was to sail in a few days.

The brig Harriet, Hall, in 24 days from the City of St. Domingo. Left ship Hamet and Fortune, and a schooner of Philadelphia; schr. Clarinda, for New York in 12 days. Spoke, Aug. 11, in lat. 33, 16, long. 72, brig Ann, 10 days out from Newburyport.

The schooner Citizen, Hanford, in 12 days from Havanna. Left ship Citizen, Allen, for New York in 12 days; schr. Jefferson, Goff, for Philadelphia in 2; also, left a number of others, names unknown. Spoke, in lat 58, long. 74, 24, schr. Eliza, Huntington, 22 days from Martinique to New-London.

A good riding Mare,

WITH Saddle and Bridle, will be bartered for MECHANICS' BANK STOCK, *at par* She may be seen at the Hanseatic Hotel.—Apply at B. Chastellier's Broker's-Office, Bryden's.

August 23. d4t

To Let,

A WELL finished brick HOUSE, with every convenience attached thereto, situate on the corner of Howard and German-streets. To a good tenant the terms will be accommodating. Apply to G. P. Krouse, or to

JOHN M. DOSH,
41, South Charles-street.

August 23 eo

Madeira Wine.

4 pipes
13 half pipes } Old L. P. Madeira WINE.
and
9 qr. casks

Entitled to drawback—for sale by

WM. M'DONALD,
103, Bowly's wharf.

August 23. S&W12t

To Let,

And possession given immediately,

THAT large & commodious Brick HOUSE, at the corner of Gay and Fish-streets, sign of Cross Keys, near Griffith's bridge. The stand is good for, and has been occupied as, a Public House for upwards of 20 years; the Stabling and Yard are large and convenient, a small distance from the house. Terms will be pleasing to a good tenant. Apply to

WM. THOMPSON,
No. 4, Centre-Market.

N. B. An APPRENTICE wanted to the Watch-Making business—one from the country would be preferred. Apply as above.

August 23 w&s8t

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to petition the county court for Queen Ann's county, to be held the fourth Monday in October next, to extend to me the benefit of an act of assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session in the year eighteen hundred and five.

JOHN LEATHERBURG.

Queen Ann's county, August 19, (23) d8t

Sale by Auction.

Is now landing from the schooner Horizon, captain Jerkins, from Guadaloupe, and will be sold THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 23d, at 12 o'clock, at the head of Smith's dock, Gay-street.

100 hhds. of the very first quality MOLASSES,

AND

20 tons Campeachy LOGWOOD.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

Sale by Auction.

Will be added to the sale This Morning at 12 o'clock, at the head of Smith's dock,

35 bbls. first quality Sugar.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

August 23

Sale by Auction.

Is just arrived in the ship Tentacao, from Oporto, and the schooner Ethan Allen, from Trinidad, and will be sold on WEDNESDAY, the 27th instant, at 12 o'clock, on O'Donnell's wharf, near the head of Frederick-street dock, on a liberal credit,

10 pipes
22 half pipes } of the very first quality PORT WINE.
16 qr. casks
60 boxes Lemons
12 bales Walnuts

AND

59 hhds. of very prime Trinidad Sugar.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

August 23.

Sale by Auction—This Day.

Precisely at 10 o'clock, at Wm. Cook's, No. 8, Centre-Market, formerly occupied by Joseph Roche, at an auction room, will be sold without reserve,

A variety of DRY GOODS, ready made Waring Apparel, Gold & Silver Watches, &c.

Also,

A quantity of Household Furniture, consisting of Desks and Bureaus, Mahogany Dining and Breakfast Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, China Ware and sundry Kitchen Furniture.

JOSEPH CLARK, Auct'r.

☞ N. B. Sales of Household Furniture, Watches, Waring Apparel, and all kinds of Dry Goods, will be executed at the above place, every Wednesday and Saturday, to commence precisely at 10 o'clock A. M.—Any articles intended for sale at the above place will be thankfully received at any time, by Mr. William Cook, on the premises, and attended to with punctuality and dispatch, by the public's most obedient and humble servant,

JOSEPH CLARK.

August 23

Claret Wine.

250 cases first quality Medoc CLARET WINE, entitled to debenture, is just received and offered for sale on accommodating terms, by ISAIAH MANKIN;

Who has also for sale,

Prime Green Coffee, } Entitled to drawback
Jamaica Rum,
Holland Gin,
Cognac Brandy,
Aloque Wine,
Imperial, and } TEA,
Young Hyson
Glauber Salts,
Cider and white Wine Vinegar,
Bordeaux Prunes,
Pickled Salmon, in small kegs,
Mackerel, in barrels,
Richmond Tobacco, &c. &c.

August 23 d6t

Strayed Away

FROM the Subscriber some days since, a small black and white COW; her left horn bending in more than the right; her bag and tits white; a small white spot in her face; she was bought of Adolph F. Plate, by the subscriber, corner of Alisanna and Market-streets, Fell's Point, who will pay a liberal reward if brought home.

SARAH BRAYTON.

August 23. d4t*

In Baltimore County Court,

JULY 31st, 1806.

RICHARD SWEENEY, an insolvent debtor of Baltimore county, having heretofore applied, by petition in writing, to the judges of the said county court, praying the benefit of the "act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at the last session of the general assembly, and a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition; and the said Richard Sweeney having proved to the satisfaction of the said court that he hath resided in the state of Maryland the two preceding years, prior to the passage of the said act; and having been brought before the said court, and discharged from imprisonment, on taking the oath by the said act required.

It is thereupon adjudged and ordered, by the said court, that the said Richard Sweeney appear before the county court, at the court-house in the said county, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of the third day of November next, to answer such interrogatories as may be proposed to him by his creditors; that the said day be, and it is hereby appointed, the time for the said creditors to appear & recommend a trustee for their benefit; and that the said Richard Sweeney give them notice of the passage of this order, (by causing a copy to be inserted in some one of the daily papers of the city of Baltimore, every other day for three months successively.

Signed by order,

WM. GIBSON, Clerk.

August 2 eo3m

Wanted to Purchase,

A SMART, active Negro BOY, 16 or 18 years of age—one from the country would be preferred, for whom a generous price will be given. Apply to the Printer.

August 19. d4t*

To the Voters of the City and County of Baltimore.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING been solicited by a number of my friends in the city and county, to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election, and feeling a consciousness that I possess the necessary qualifications to discharge the duties attached to that office, I now come forward and respectfully solicit your votes and interest at the ensuing election; assuring you, that, if I should be the choice, I shall make every exertion to discharge the duties attached to the office with punctuality, integrity and humanity, as far as may be consistent with the interest of those whom I may have the honor to serve.

JOHN KERNS