

that the magazines left by the French army, in the places which they shall successively evacuate, shall remain at its disposal; and that the high contracting parties shall make an arrangement relative to all contributions of war, whatsoever imposed on the different hereditary states occupied by the French army, an arrangement in virtue of which the raising of the said contributions shall entirely cease from the day of the exchange of the ratifications.—The French army shall draw its provisions and its sustenance from its own magazines, established on the routes by which it is to proceed.

XXIII. Immediately after the exchange of the ratification of the present treaty, Commissaries shall be named on both sides to give up and to receive in the names of their respective Sovereigns, all parts of the Venetian territory, not occupied by the troops of his majesty the Emperor of the French and king of Italy: The city of Venice, the Languis, and the possessions of Terra Firma, shall be given up in the space of fifteen days; Venetian Istria, and Dalmatia, the Mouths of the Cattaro, the Venetian Isles in the Adriatic, and all places and forts which they contain, in the space of six weeks from the change of the ratifications. The respective commissaries will take care that the separation of the artillery belonging to the Republic of Venice from the Austrian artillery be exactly made, the former being to remain entirely to the kingdom of Italy. They will determine by a mutual agreement the kind and nature of the objects, which being the property of the Emperor of Germany and of Austria are consequently to remain at his disposal. They will agree either on the sale to the kingdom of Italy, of the objects above mentioned, or their exchange for an equivalent quantity of artillery or other objects of the same, or a different nature, which shall have been left by the French armies in the hereditary states.

Every facility and every assistance shall be given to the Austrian troops, and to the civil and military administrations, to return into the Austrian states by the most convenient and sure way; as well as to the conveyance of the Imperial artillery, the naval and military magazines, and other objects which are not comprehended in the stipulations of sale or exchange which may be made.

XXIV. The ratifications of the present treaty shall be exchanged within the space of 8 days or sooner if possible.

Done and signed at Presburg, the 26th December, 1805.

(Signed) C. M. TALLEYRAND, (L.S.)  
(Signed) JOHN, Prince of Lichtenstein, (L.S.)  
(Signed) IOHANN, Count De Gyulai.

We have approved, and do approve, the above treaty, in all and each of its articles therein contained; we declare, that it is accepted, ratified and confirmed; and we promise, that it shall be inviolably observed, in faith of which, we have given these presents, signed with our hands, countersigned, and sealed with our imperial Seal—At the Palace of Schoebrun, 27th December, 1805.

By the emperor, NAPOLEON.  
The minister secretary of state, H.B. MARET.  
The minister of foreign relations, CH. MAUR. TALLEYRAND.

WASHINGTON, March 17.  
The nomination of Mr. Armstrong, as Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the court of Madrid, was this day approved by the senate, by the casting vote of their president.

YEAS—Messrs. Baldwin, Bradley, Condit, Howland, Kitchell, Maclay, Mitchell, Moore, Smith of N. Y. Smith of O. Smith of Ten. Smith of Vt. Thurston, Turner, Worthington—15.

NAYS—Messrs. Adams, Anderson, Bayard, Gaillard, Gillman, Hillhouse, Logan, Pickering, Plumer, Smith of M. Stone, Sumner, Tracy, White, Wright—15.

### American AND COMMERCIAL DAILY ADVERTISER. MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1806

A letter received from Boston from a Mercantile house, dated Lisbon, January 20, 1806, says—

“There is now here, unsold and afloat 30,000 bbls. of flour—Ninety three large vessels with grain here last month—between thirty and forty the month before; and fifteen this month—supplying this market with as much foreign bread-stuff as is usually consumed in six months. About twenty cargoes have been sold at auction, and commanded only 1 1/2 to 1 40 per bushel. A continental peace will not help the market. Flour is now dull at 9 50 per bbl.

Extract of a letter from the town of Washington, (Mississippi Territory) dated 11th February.

Lieut. Burke, pay-master to our regular troops in this country, recently returned from Natchitoches, and arrived here last evening from Fort Adams. He informs us, that the Spanish commandant at Natchitoches came on, to Natchitoches, with the Marquis de Casa Calvo, when captain Porter, ordered them both out of the territory ceded to the United States, which the commandant refused to comply with. Whereupon Captain Porter proceeded with a small party against the Spanish posts, drove the Spaniards from them, and pushed them over the Sabine river.

That as this news arrived, a second person brought intelligence, that a party of five hundred Spanish horse, had arrived to reinforce the post; that a severe engagement had taken place between them and captain Porter, and that the Spaniards had been routed.

This news is true, as captain Porter was determined to force the Spaniards over the Sabine river.

(Phil. True Amer.)

New-York, March 21.  
A letter from Amsterdam of the 10th Jan. says, that the ship Green from New-York for this port, is totally lost off the Texel—nothing but the crew saved. The ship Amity, Palmer, of Philadelphia, from New-York to Amsterdam was dashed to pieces in sight of the New-Diep.

every soul perished. This day, I expect, that mentions that four vessels that were lying in the Roads, were driven ashore.

In a letter from Deal, under date of 17th January, it is mentioned that a more severe gale of wind was experienced there for several days previous, than had been remembered by the oldest sailors; and that several ships had gone past with damage to the Downs.

Letters have been received from Amsterdam, in answer to those which went out in the ship Silenus, from New-York—she must therefore have arrived.

Gravesend, Jan. 6.—Passed by, the United States, from Bremen.

The editor of the Paris Argus, in his paper of the 13th ult. in a violent philippic against the British government, speaking of the late coalition, observes—“This shows the necessity of cutting off all communication between Great Britain & the Continent, to destroy the murderous seeds which she eternally scatters upon it, and to break for ever the lever which raises at her pleasure all the states of Europe.”

The same paper, in speaking of the effect which the death of Mr. Pitt will have upon the affairs of Great Britain, observes, that “as long as Mr. Pitt lived, the government was placed between the misfortunes of a revolution and the dangers of an invasion; but his death has opened new resources to all parties. Thus the grand cause which menaced the government with absolute ruin, is non-suited by an unexpected event.

In the list of the English Administration in yesterday's Gazette, we should have mentioned, that Lord Sidmouth, (late Mr. Addington) was appointed keeper of the Privy Seal.

On a re-perusal of the French papers by the ship Arcturus, we find that we have, in yesterday's Gazette, all that is interesting. The sickening bombast of the addresses to Bonaparte on his return to Paris, which almost exclusively occupies the French Journals, is unworthy of notice.

We shall, in all probability, have it in our power to lay before the readers of the Mercantile Advertiser, tomorrow, London intelligence to a later date than that by the Arcturus. The ships John Morgan and Minerva were last evening within the Hook; the former in 30 days from Liverpool, and the latter we have reason to believe in a very short passage from Nantz.

From the Merchants' Coffee House Books. March 22.

Arrived, the English brig Hero, Rawley, 19 days from St. Johns, N. B.—Plaster Paris and Fish—the master.

Also, schooner Montezuma, Gold, from Norfolk. Capt. Gold heard that there were a number of vessels in the different harbors, in the bay, bound up, but owing to the thickness of the weather, did not see them.

March 23

Arrived, schooner Financier, Wannell, 23 days from Gonaves. Coffee—John M'Fadon. Sailed in co. with the Exchange (arrived) Numa and others. Saw nothing of the fleet after parting.

Also, schooner General Eaton, Robinson, 24 days from Gonaves. Coffee; Tagart and Calwell, and Kreamer and Wilmot. Parted with the Numa about 8 days since in a gale. Lat. 31, and with the schr. John, of Philadelphia, in lat. 27.

Also, ship Two Friends, Latham, 48 days from Belfast. Ballast; Wm. Patterson and sons. Left ship America, Byrnes, of New York, and 2 other American ships at quarantine.

Arrived, ship Abeona, Hobson, 32 days from Liverpool. Salt, Crises and Dry Goods; Lorman and Fulford. Sailed in co. with the ship John Morgan, Bunker, for New York. The Packet Scott, for Boston, sailed 2 days before. Spoke nothing. Left there, February 14, the following Baltimore vessels; ships Diana, Hollybrook, for Baltimore, 18th Feb.; Fame Long, do. 1st March; Sally, Andrews, do. uncertain.

### ROBBERY.

50 Dollars Reward.

SOME daring villain broke open the subscriber's house, and stole therefrom two pocket books, containing about 90 dollars, 60 of which was in bank notes, chiefly on the Union Bank of Maryland. Note of hand drawn by Dawson and Thomas in favor of the subscriber, payable in 60 days from the date of the 25th Feb. and sundry other valuable papers. One of the pocket books was marked with the owner's name therein. There was likewise stolen, bacon and other merchandise.

20 dollars will be given for the pocket book and papers, and the above reward if the thief is detected and brought to justice, and the money secured. JAMES FINLEY.

March 24

Attention!

On WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, will be sold by Public Auction, on the premises (weather permitting, if not the next fair day) upon terms that will be made known, at 11 o'clock in the morning, three new two story BRICK HOUSES and LOTS OF GROUND, adjoining the FAIR and residence of Mr. John S. Home, situated on Fica and Mulberry streets, one of which houses (that Mr. Jacob Moore, painter, lived in) has a garden lot attached to it that would admit the building of a good corner house upon. There is a pump of the best water on the premises, and the houses have good dry cellars. The New Market, with the centre of which Fica street runs, makes the property of these houses, of a greater importance, and now making in the neighborhood, this is a very part of Baltimore at this time. LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auctioneers.

March 23

### Sale by Auction.

THIS DAY, the 21st inst. at 11 o'clock, at the auction room at the head of Gay-street dock, will commence the sale of A VARIETY OF DRY GOODS, After which at 12 o'clock, The cargo of Sugar, as advertised 312 bags Green Coffee 100 chests Hyson Skin Tea, on liberal credit without reserve 78 boxes White and Brown Sugars. At private sale, 700 bags of Coffee. LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auct'rs

### Sale by Auction.

Now landing, and will be sold at the auction room, at the head of Gay-street dock, on Monday, the 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, The cargo of the schr. Gipsy, from Trinidad, Consisting of 103 hhd. } prime Trinidad SUGAR. 27 bbls. } LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auct'rs. March 22.

### Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING, the 25th inst. at 10 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Frederick-street dock, will commence the sale of A VARIETY OF DRY GOODS, And at 12 o'clock, 33 hhd. Muscovado Sugar 318 bags Coffee 56 boxes White & Brown Havana Sugar 6 pipes Holland Gin 56 bags Carraccas Cocoa, &c. VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs. March 24

### For Sale

ON board the schooner Harmony, capt. A. Lachman, master, from New-York. A quantity of the first quality GOSHEN CHEESE, in casks. Also, a quantity of CANDLES. Apply to JOSEPH SMITH, Harbor Master. March 24

### To Let,

THAT convenient Three Story BRICK HOUSE, situated in Baltimore-street, near Philpot's Bridge. For terms apply to JOHN BARON, Near the Theatre. March 24

### Payfon & Smith,

HAVE received by the sloop Polly, captain Turner, and the brig Harriot, captain Luce, 45 pipes Weasop Gin, entitled to Debenture 17 boxes White Havana Sugar, entitled to Debenture 2 bales White Russia Sheetings of the best quality 50 bbls No. 1, Beef 250 bbls No. 2, do. 110 boxes Cod Fish 30 kegs Lard and 30 boxes dipt Candles. They have also for sale, Mess and Prime Pork, Mould Candles, Spermaceti Oil, Malaga and Teneriffe Wine, Brandy, Imperial and Souchong Tea, Pepper, Nutmegs, Leaf Sugar, Brown Shirtings, Russia and Havana Duck, Cotton & Wool Cards, &c. March 24

### A Pocket Book Found.

A SMALL LEATHER POCKET BOOK was found on Fell's Point, containing sundry papers and some money—the owner can have it by applying at No. 39, Thame's-street—proving his property and paying the expence of advertising. March 24 d4\*

### New Court-House.

THE Commissioners appointed by an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, to build a new court house for Baltimore county, are desirous of purchasing a piece of ground for the purpose; and are now ready to receive proposals to that effect, from the proprietor or proprietors, of any suitable piece of ground, within the city or precincts of Baltimore.—Such proposals, being in writing, sealed up, containing a full description of the ground offered, and the lowest terms on which it can be obtained, may be delivered to the subscriber, or to any of the commissioners, on or before Wednesday, the 23d of April next. ALEXANDER M'KIM, e6t2JA March 24

### Precincts Market-House LOTTERY.

FROM THE MANAGERS' BOOKS. THIRTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING. March 19. Two hundred tickets were drawn this day, of which the following are prizes: Prize of \$ 50 Nos. 592 9994 of \$ 25 No. 10 95 of \$ 20 Nos. 2940 6793 7857 of \$ 10 Nos. 1177 7833 10855 11206 11656 12298 13797 13439.

The following numbers are prizes of six dollars: 454 496 784 693 1082 1020 1363 1631 1180 1091 1859 2318 2308 2448 2168 2601 3047 3679 3876 3831 3937 4023 4831 5015 5470 5745 5374 5289 6909 6600 6840 6639 7500 7958 7223 7291 8801 8616 9152 9673 9145 10581 10753 10703 10825 10300 10349 10834 11332 11115 11953 12359 12110 12740 12602 12481 12565 13831 13984 13219 13713 13373 14770 14623 14651 14564 14833 14517. Adjourned till Wednesday next, the 26th instant. Tickets may yet be had from either of the managers—at the office of the AMERICAN, or from either of the subscribers, at the original price.

SAMUEL VINCENT, 44, N. Gay-street. SAMUEL COLE, 3, Light-street.

### 50 Dollars Reward.

TWO apprentices, who have run away from the subscriber, named CHARLES WHITE and ISAAC WEBB, haters by trade. Charles White will be 21 years of age next June—remarkably small fair complexion, and has short curly hair; had on a short blue coat and velvet pantaloons. Isaac Webb is about 14 years of age, well built and very stout; had on a velvet jacket and pantaloons. Twenty dollars will be paid for the apprehension of each, on their lodgment in jail. W. M. BRANSON, Hatter. Masters of vessels and others are notified not to carry off said runaway apprentices, at their peril. March 24

### Postscript.

We were favored, last evening, by a commercial friend, with London and Liverpool papers, received by the Abeona, from Liverpool, extending our dates of the former place to the 10th, five days later than received at N. York, and of Liverpool to the 12th February. The lateness of the hour at which they were received, rendered it impracticable to lay before our readers more than the following articles, which comprise the most interesting intelligence which a hasty reading pointed out.

We observe the London editors have copied the late Memorial of the Merchants of N. York; but nothing like remark or comment accompanies it.

LONDON, February 6. Rumours of pacific overtures having been made by the French Government, were prevalent in the city yesterday, which, added to the general satisfaction at the recent popular change of Administration, produced a rise in the price of Stocks.

February 8. Letters from Holland, of the 4th, were yesterday received in the city. One of these mentions a report, that Bonaparte had demanded of the King of Prussia to shut his ports against the commerce of England; upon which subject a very serious correspondence had taken place between the courts of Paris and Berlin, the result of which is not stated.

Yesterday the price of bread was ordered to be continued at 11d. 3-4, the quarter loaf of wheaten, and 10d. 1-4 household.

DEAL, February 6. Extract of a letter from Muscat, dated July 13, 1805, received at Calcutta, in August. “The Wahabios have laid siege to Judda, which has made all kind of provisions very scarce; rice is at 24 dollars per bag, and Bengal sugar at 18 dollars per bag. Fourteen American ships have arrived at Mocha, for coffee, which article is risen from 30 to 60 dollars per bale. Rice, at this place, is at 10 dollars per bag; sugar as above—There will be no less than 25 Arab ships this year for your port.”

Whilst the ship Henry Wellesley was at anchor in Muscat Roads, in June, eight or ten large dows arrived at that port, from the Red Sea; they were all in ballast, not having been able to procure a single bale of coffee, for which articles they had principally gone. These vessels reported, that the Americans had bought up the whole that was in the market, at an advanced and exorbitant price.

HAMBURG, January 31. The Archduke Charles, on his return to Vienna, immediately solicited marks of distinction for the officers and soldiers that had signified themselves under his command in Italy. They were readily granted by his brother. All the views of Napoleon are directed to the conquest of the Ottoman Empire, and Constantinople is mentioned as the future residence of the HOLY FATHER.

LONDON, February 10. The annexation of the Electorate of Hanover to the Prussian dominions was announced by a proclamation, dated the 9th inst. from Count Schulenburg, who had previously been appointed Governor of Hanover.

In consequence of the very extraordinary and unprecedented step taken by Count Schulenburg on the part of the King of Prussia for the administration of the Civil Government of the Electorate of Hanover, his Britannic Majesty's Arms have been taken down from the Tribunals and Public offices throughout Hanover; and the several Public Functionaries are prohibited, under the severest penalties, from maintaining any correspondence whatever with the King of Great Britain, or with his English or German Ministers!!!

Letters received in the City from the Continent state, that an arrangement has been made between the Courts of Berlin and St. Cloud, to shut out British commerce from the Prussian ports. We know not what degree of credit is due to this statement, but it seems not improbable.

Forty sail of transports with our troops from the Continent, arrived on Saturday in Yarmouth Roads.

ADDRESS OF BONAPARTE TO HIS ARMY.

From my imperial camp at Schoenbrunn, December 27. “SOLDIERS! For ten years I have done all I could to save the king of Naples; he has done every thing in his power to destroy himself.

After the battles of Dego, of Mondovì, and of Lodi, he could give me no effectual opposition. I placed confidence in the word of this Prince, and I behaved with generosity towards him.

When the second coalition was dissolved at Marengo, the king of Naples, who was the first to commence that unjust war abandoned at Luneville by his allies, remained alone, and without protection. He solicited my pardon, and I forgave him a second time. A few weeks ago you were at the gates of Naples. I had sufficient reason to suspect the treachery which was intended, and to avenge the insults which I had received. Still I was generous. I acknowledged the neutrality of Naples. I ordered you to evacuate that kingdom, and for the third time, the house of Naples was confirmed and saved.