PRINTER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.) 31, SOUTH GAY-STREET, NEAR THE CUSTOM HOUSE, BALTIMORR.

Daily paper 37 and Country paper 5 per ann. TAll udvertisements appear inboth papers. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1805

The Subscriber

Offers for saie on moderate terms. TENERIFFE London particular WINE, in whole and half pipes, and quarter casks, suitable for the Spanish West-India markets.

Bordeaux White WINE, in quarter masks, of a superior quality, and 2 barrels of PRUNES, all entitled to drawback.

JOHN BARON, Holiday-street, near he Theatre.

Jacob Wynard,

TAS removed his BOOT & SHOE MA-NUFACTORY, from the corner of Water-street and Cumberland Row, to No. 50, op. posite the lower Marsh Market, and next door from the opposite corner where he late resided. Where he has on hand as usual,

A large and general assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, with which his friends and the public in general, can be accommodated on the most pleasing terms. Nov. 19

BY THE General Mercer from Varel,

Listadocs, Checks No. 2 Platillas Bretagnes Creas a la Morlaix Davis Estropillas. White Rolls, &c. Received, and for Sale by

I. B. A. ALLEGRE, No. 45, South-street. Nov. 19

Just Received, Per the schooner Alexander, captain M. L. Atcho,

from Trieste, 800 boxes Castile Soap, marbled 100 do. white, in small cakes do.

20 cases-Platillas

12 do Checks and Stripes 2 do Fine Shirting Linea

do Dowlas

do Britamias bale sine Camel's Hair

4 do Turkey Red Cotton 4 barrels Quicksilver 50 nigs Lead,

Which the Subscribers offer for Sale at reduced prices, and on a liberal credit. JOSEPH YOUNG,

LORMAN & FULTORD. Nov. 19 d3t-eo3t

Ju't Received,

MD for sale w the Subsc iber, fifty barrels of Susqueh anna SHAD—who is, as usual, supplied with a energiassortment of GRUCE. RIES; also, cours. one one S.i.L.T, which will be sold on inviting terms.

JAMES FOY, No. 84, Dugan's wharf.

Nov. 14

FALL GOODS.

Bolton Jackson & Co. Market street, Copposite the Columbian Inn.) LIAVE received by the different arrivals

I from Liverpool, and the Perseverance from Lundon, a very general assortment of DRY GOODS, Amongst which are, a variety of packages

suitable for the West India market-A consi derable portion of them having been purchased for bills at short dutes, it is presumed they will be found on inspection, as low as any offered for sale at this market.

N. B. A few cases black India lutestrings and senshaws, will be sold cheap. septemi -- 19 .

STICKNEY's

Patent Improved Andirons, "HE principle of which is, to cause a friction or current of sir similar to en sir furnace, and consequently requires a less quantity of wood to heat a room than usual. They have the effect in a great measure to remedy a amoaky chimney, by a rarification of the zir passing in a confined direction; and with the assistance of a few loose iron bars, will answer equally well for coal as wood. The improvemen: may be attached to brass and irons already made. Apply to the store of the patentee, No 1. Pratt screet, nearly opposite the bridge. Nev. 21 d2t-law2t

SHOES. Alexander Fimister & Co. At the sign of the Golden Shoe, 33, Market-street,

Arce doors from South Gay-street, LIAVE just received, and are now opening I'L a tresh supply of SHOES, from their Manufectories, which with their former stock, makes their fall assortment complete. Oct. 12

Burnett's Oyster House, Bond-street, near the corner of Shakespeare-

street, Fell's Point. RATEFUL for past favors, the Subscriber returns his thanks to his friends and eustomers, and begs leave to assure them, that every exertion will be used to merit their appro-CHARLES BURNETT.

N. B. A constant supply of the best Oysters that can be procured will be kept during the A BCASON Nov. 1.

Washington Tontine. CUBSCRIBERS to this institution, who have not fixed the lives on which they shoose their stock to depend, will please to take notice that it cannot be done after the 31st day of December ensuing—the constitution pro-'riding that after that day there can be no change of lives. Written directions on this subject; sent to the subscriber in season, will

be duly attended to BEN. STODDERT.

The Subscribers. Offer at Private Sale, on liberal terms, 50,000 tot. of Caraccus GocoA; In bags, tierces and barrels. LEMMON & CAMPBELL. Nov. 20

Geo. C. Muller, Two doors below the Customs House, LYAS imported by the late arrivals from Va-

II rel, and offers for sale, Estopillas uni Listados Brown Platilias Burlaps Hessians Nov. 22

Brown Rolls Osnaburgs Ticklenburgs Bed Ticking Cetton Bagging Glass Ware, &c.

Bank of Baltimore, November 1, 1805.

TOTICE is hereby given to the stockhold-LY ers, that an election for fifteen Directors will be held at Bryden's Inn, on Monday, the 2d day of December next, from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

JAMES COX, Cashier. N. B. Not more than two thirds of the present board are eligible for the next year. Nov. 2

For ale.

T the Livery Stables of Mr. Henry Crowl, 2 a pleasant Saddle HORSE, Saddle and Bridle—the terms are moderate. Apply a his office for further particulars. Sept. 28

Mrs. M. Thomas

CQUAINTS her friends and the mublic, That she has moved from No. 3, South, to No. 2, North Gay-street, where she will carry on the MILLINERY BUSINESS in all its rarious branches, and MANTUA MAKING. Country merchants supplied on the shortest notice with any article in her line.

N. B. A young woman of genteel connections will be taken as an apprentice. Oct 17

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm' of Clarett and Warfield between the subscribers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All those having claims against the said concern, are desired to present them to Wm. K. CLAGE IT for settlement, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment to him, he being duly authorised to settle the same.

WM. K. CLAGETT DENNIS WARFIELD.

The business heretofore carried on by Clagett & Warfield will be continued bytthe subscriber, at No. 63, Smith's-wharf. WM. K. CLAGETT.

September 6

Indian King.

THE subscribers having removed from the sign of Commerce and Liberty, Water-st. to that noted Inn, the Indian King, in the same street, lately occupied by Mr. Win. Southword, beg leave to inform their friends in particular and the public in general, that they have fitted | menaced, and to offer them, in short, not an accommodation; and that they have laid in a complete supply of the best liquors of the very first quality.

OYSTERS to be had during the season. Genteel boarders will be accommodated on reasonable terms by the day, week, month or KERNS & SPECK.

N. B. Horses taken in at Livery-good stabling and careful attendants. September 21.

Hugh Thompson

Has now in store, and offers for sale, LARGE quantity of CLARET, in linds. In of a superior quality, prepared for the East or West India Market, and iron hooped. Claret in cases of two, three, and four dozen each, calculated for either home

consumption, or exportation. Saint Croix Sugar Jamuica)

Antigua > RUM Grenada

White and Brown Havanna Sugar Teneriffe Wine

Men's Hats (of French Manufactory) in eases of 25 each, of a superior quality—all] entitled to drawback. The whole of which will be disposed of on accommodating terms.

Frederick Lindenberger & Co.] AVE received by the Ceres, from Liverpool, a part of their fall importation of Hardware, Cutlery & Saddlery.

Which makes their assortment very general and extensive, among which are the following articles, viz-

Frying pans

Sheet iron

Crowly and blistered

Girth, surcingle and

White lead in oil, in

straining webbs, &c.

kegs of 14 & 28 lbs.

Anvils and vices Spades and shovels Taylors and hatters'

Irons Sad irons Iron and brass wire Card wire

Guns, assorted

Shot and barlead Tin in boxes

Red lead Mill, cross-cut & pit | Men's & women's saddle trees Saddlers' tacks Sprigs

Wrought nails from Powder proofs and 3d to 20d shot moulds, Which, with almost every other articlelin the Hardware line, they offer for sale on the usual

september 24

John Buffum, No. 84, BOWLY'S WHARF, HAS FOR SALE,

40 pipes Corsica -35 qr. canks Malaga & Wine 3 pipes Fayal. 17 pipes Spanish Brandy do American Gin

12 puncheons Antigua Rums 35 boxes Dipt Candies do Sweet Oil, 12 bottles each 180 cases 30 flasks each

do black Florence Lutestringe do Bologna Grapes 50 bags heavy Black Pepper 180 pieces Ravens Duck 170 do Rueria do 10 do Sheeting

Tar Cloth 400 do Marble Tile 16 hales India Goods, consisting of Fine Gogmary, Chandpoor and John Latty Sannas, Sologurry and Jalalpore Cossas. Many of the above goods are entitled to drawback, which

will be received in part payment. Nov. 21

MANUFESTO OF RUSSIA, Alluded to in the Note of the Emperor of Gera many, published in this paper yesterday.

[Translated for the N. Y. MercantileiAdvertiser.]

Copy of the Declaration transmitted by Count de Rasoumowsky, Ambassador of his Imperial Majesty of all the Russias.

It would be superfluous to retrace here the motives which induced his majesty the Emperor of all the Russias to recal the plenipotentiary whom he had sent, in concert with his Britannic Majesty, to treat for peace with the chief of the French government.

These motives are too just and too evident not to be appreciated by all Europe. They have been expressed in the note transmitted to the ministry of his Prussian Majesty by M. de Novozilzoff, the 28th June (10th July) and the resolution they had provoked is but a consequence of the same sentiments and principles which have constantly induced his Imperial nuclesty to employ his assidious cares for the

re-establishment of general tranquility. Since the rupture between France and England, his majesty has seen with surprize and sorrow the greater part of the states of the Continent successively compelled to bear the weight of a war entirely maritime in its principle, and foreign to their immediate interests ; but he could not persevere in the hope that the means of a frank and friendly negociation would be sufficient to put an end to that afflictive state of things, when he was apprised that, without any regard for the solemn steps tending to establish peace, and at the very moment when Russia offered to treat for its conclusion, new states were still losing their independence

If, therefore, his Imperial majesty has taken the resolution of recaling his plenipotentiary, it is only because he had acquired the complete certainty that that mission would not have a satisfactory issue, not that his ardent wishes for restoring peace to Europe were in the least diministed.

The most signal proof which the Emperor can give of it, is to adhere at the present time to the request which has just been made by his Austrian Imperial Majesty and King, simultaneously to England, France, Prussia and Russia, for the purpose of having the interrupted negociations resumed.

His Imperial Majesty, however, cannot, in the mean time, dissemble the probability that a conduct on the part of the French government similar to that which has already compelled the emperor to retract his first steps tenards a negoriation for peace, will render ineffectual that which Austria proposes to renew.

The painful apprehension but which experience justifies, of seeing new encroachments take place at the moment the new negociation will have been accepted or during its course : that greater dingers will arise for Europe from a step that has no other aim but to save it : the certainty that they will be unavoidable as soon as the just demands of the continental powers, as well as those which the French povernment will set forward in support of its successive encroachments, shall not have been satisfied on either point; the obligation especially, in which the Emperor finds hin seif in such calamities and difficult circs mstances, to come to the assistance of his ames, whose security and even existence is imminently efficacious; all these considerations united, point out the only conduct which it appertains to his imperial majesty to follow. Russia cannot at present resume the thread of interrupted negociations but by putting herself in a situation to succor her allies at the very moment they should be attacked, and to preserve Europe from an ulterior overthrow. She must combine her measures in such a manner as to procure herself a well grounded hope that the negociation for peace will promise happier results than those obtained from all the pacific steps made until now, and which have unhappily been marked only by the want of regard which the French government has shown for the instances & representations of Russia and other continental powers, and by an increase,

continually repeated, of the dangers of Europe. It is in consequence of all that has just been alledged, that the undersigned has orders to make known to the ministry of his Austrian Imperial Majesty and King, in answer to the no c w'ich Ambassador Count de Stadion, has transmitted to the Cabinet of St. Petersburgh on the 26th July (7th August) that his majesty the Emperor of all the Russias has taken the following determinations:

To adhere to the request of renewing the negociations for peace, interrupted by the recal of M. de Novozilzoff, and to proceed government shall have manifested a similar disposition: To cause two armies of 50,000 men each,

immediately to advance towards the Danube through Galicia, with the view of combining with the negociations for peace a powerful armament of mediation and observation, calculated to prevent future encroachments during the work of pacification, and to guarantee at its issue, Austria and the neighboring country from all attack on the part of France:

To invite his imperial majesty and king, and other powers still to co-operate on their side in that salutary measure whose suitableness will be acknowledged by the French government itself, if it will judge impartially.

The undersigned, in acquitting himself of his present office near the ministry of his Austrian Imperial M. jesty, must add, by express orders from the Emperor his master, that it is altogether a most sincere desire of restoring peace to Europe that regulates his conduct in this instance; that Russia will bring to the negociations for peace, dispositions the most conciliating and the most proper to attain the happy issue thereof; and that she declares solumnly she will be ready to withdraw her troops as soon as the result somuch wished for shall have been obtained by sureties sufficient for all the states of Europe.

His Imperial Majesty invites formally his Austrian Imperial Majesty and King to join in the measures he has adopted; and the undersigned is authorised to act in concert with his ministry upon every thing that may relate to this important object. (igned,)

C. A. DE ROSOUMOWSKY, Vienna, Saturday 19th August (31st Aug.)

John Campbell White & Sons, ARE NOW LANDING FOR SALE,

30 hhds. first quality Jamaica Sugars 30 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Brandy 72 qr. casks Malaga Wine? Entitled to 5 cases Bourbon Indigo 5 Drawback. 100 boxes Mould Candles

10 hhds. Green Copperas 10 chests Bohen Tea 50 casks London refined Saltpetre 40 barrels Boston No. 1. Beef

100 boxes Fig Blue

Nov. 14 .

American.

COMMERCIAL DAILY ADVERTISER

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1805

Ship Friendship, Towers, of and for this port, was left at Bordeaux the 5th wit.

The following Communication was made to the City Council by the Mayor, at the commencement of the present extra-session :-

Gentlemen of the City Council, IN consequence of receiving the enclosed letter from a company associated for the purpose of introducing a permanent supply water into the city of Baltimore, requesting to that the pipes may be prepared and laid adequate to thit demand," I have considered it incumbent upon me to call you together, that thereon. In weighing this proposition, you will naturally take into view the permanent annual expence that must be incurred by your concurrence with it; and whether any less expensive measure may not be adopted, which would afford to the citizens of Baltimore the greatest possible security for a regular and abundant supply of this necessary of life for all public purposes. Should no measure more advisable than that presented by the letter be devised, forasmuch as the company intend to apply, at the present session, to the legislature, for an act of incorporation, it may proper to endeavor to ascertain the nature of the charter they may apply for, and how far, if at all, it may affect the rights or interests of the city-corporation, in relation to this subject. These are objects interesting and important; and it appears to me that they could not at any more proper time than the present be respectfully submitted to your consideration.

At the last session of the city council, a resethe city council, to cause to be laid before the general assembly of Maryland, a remonstrance in behalf of this corporation, against a law passed by the general assembly, whereby the city corporation are deprived of funds granted to the city of Baltimore, by the charter of incorporation, and to petition the legislature to reinstate the said funds in the city of Baltimore; and likewise to petition for certain alterations in the act of incorporation of this city. As the general assemble is at present in session, and the memorial and petition have not yet been presented, it is with you to decide. whether it would not be more respectful and expedient, if, in council you should adopt your memorial and petition, rather than commit the subject to be excented by three members of the corporation; and I would submit to your consideration he propriety of adopting further measures relating to the objects noticed in the resolution of the last session.

THORUWGOOD SMITH. November 6, 1505.

from our correspondent, Nosolk Japers to the 19th inst. They furnish European Intelligence, a few days later than the arrival at N. York-of which, the fellowing summary, extracted from the I edger, with the subjoined extracts from French papers, form the principal articles.

Of the armics—their movements will! be found in the succeeding columns. The Fremen army it will be seen had crossed the Rhine in three places, and is comminued by the emperor Bonaparte in person, who it will be observed had arrived at Strasbourg. The Austrian army had been prompt in entering Bavaria, and was animated by the presence of the Emperor of Austria. The Russian army in two divisions were advancing through Gallicia, and were expected to form a junction with the Austrian army in Germany, sometime in October. The Austrian army in Italy is commanded by the archduke Charles, and that of the French

Diplomatic relations, do not appear to thereon as soon as the chief of the French | be entirely broken off between France & Austria, as by the latest accounts it wil be seen that the French ambassador was still at Vienna, and we do not perceive after a careful examination, that the Austrian minister had quitted Paris.

Ospeace—some efforts were still making by the king of Prussia, for its preservation, but it was thought without any prospect of success. This cautious government had determined to maintain its neutrality, notwithstanding there are some vague articles inserted in the French and Austrian Journals, which indicate a disposition in Prussia, to adopt a different conduct. These journals appear to offer their wishes for facts; we do not perceive any thing that induces us to suppose, that Prussia will become a party in

The Helvetic republic, have received assurances from Austria, that her neutra-

lity will be respected. Of Sweden and Denmark, we do not perceive any thing very remarkable, except, that the former power is said to have entered into a treaty of subsidy with G. Britain and Russia, by which Sweden & Russia are to furnish each 24,000 land forces. The king of Prussia has carnestly invited the king of Denmark, to unite with Saxony and Hesse, in mea-

sures to maintain their neutrality. A Russian fleet was daily expected in Copenhagen Roads, but was not arrived on the 15th of September. In this fleet, were a number of transports with troops, no doubt existed that this fleet would soon arrive, as twenty pilots from Copenhagen and Elsineur, had been hired at a great expence to conduct it.

On every side, the most active preparations for war were making, particularly in France. If a judgment is to be formed from the papers we have perused, nothing can surpass the animation of the councils, the people, and the armies of France."

Translations from Erench papers receives at the office of the Public Ledger, by the ship Eliza captain Smith, in 38 days from Bordeaux PARIS, September 26.

His excellency the minister for foreign affairs left Paris to repair to Strasburg for the purpose of being near the Emperor.

The Tribunate held a public sitting to-day.

Mr. Freville on the conclusion of a report of

the committee, to which a communication had been referred of the government, relative to the invasion of Bavaria by the Austrian armies, proposed to decree that an address should be presented to his majesty the Emperor and king to avow the devotion of the nation to its chief, of its gratitude towards him for all the personal sacrifices he has made for the maintenance of peace, &c. This proposition was unanimously adopted. Mr. Jaubert on this occasion made a speech, from which we make the following extracts: The speaker after having demonknow, "whether the corporation will require strated that general Bonaparte, in the midst of any, and what quantity of water, to be deliver- his greatest victories, had surpassed in modered for the public use of extinguishing of fires, ation the most illustrious conquerors; that called afterwards to the imperial throne; he had never ceased to manifest the same sentiments; he then took a view of the conduct of you may have an opportunity of deciding Austria with her recent provocations. He discovered the cause of them, first in the perfidy of the Cabinet of London which to secure to itself the exclusive dominion of the seas, has succeeded in forming a new coalition, secondly, in the hereditary hatred of Austria against France, in the fear in which she herself holds Russia, in the absurd idea of annexing the fragments of a throne, which she thinks ready to fall, and in the never ceasing wish of reuniting Bavaria to her states. But said he, our confidence cannot be misplaced. Does history cite a military force equal to that which is today both our defence and our boast-I speak only of the number of our troops-It is immense-What a work is that of our army ! What soldiers! What Captains! They will have only to recognize the countries in which they were victorious-The soul becomes elevated, the heart affected when we view that great man tearing himself from the repose which he has earned by his victories and numerous benefactions, to fly to the defence of the lution passed, authorising the mayor and the Empire, animating by his presence those brave presidents of the first and accord branch of thousands of whom a single look of his renders capable of any prodigy. In the interior, every one will do his duty. Who is ignorant, that this is the reason why the country is still active; No gentlemen, the result cannot be doubtful, peace will be restored to the world, the liberty of navigating the seas will be complete. Europe will repose on an immovable basis, Russia will remain near the pole, and Austria who violates the peace, to become an accomplice in the piracies of the cabinet of London, may find her fate in the strong expressions of the Gollen Bull-"Omneregnum in se ipsum divisum desolabitur num principes ejus facti sunt socii f trom."

VERONA, Se tunber 3 His excellency Marshall Massens, Commander in chief of the army of Italy, has established his head-quarters at Valeggie. He reviewathe different corps which so coessively arrive On the 10th, the following proctamation was put upon the order of the army.

"Soldiers of the army of Italy, His Majesty the Emperorand King has appointed me your Commander in Chief. It is grat ful to me to By exptain Dengle's Facket from Nor- : see again my ancient companions in arms, and up the same, with every convenience for their illusory assistance, but real, immediate, and folk, arrived yesterday, we received, to find in them the sentiments which I knew them to possess, attachment to discipline, and devotion to their duty: I shall always speak to them the language of hes: sentiments, and it is a pleas re to me to trink that they will know how to answer it, if the political circumstances obl ge His Majesty the Emperor and King to hive the signal of battle, in spite of the disire he has constantly manifested to maintain peace; Soldiers! you will remember that you are upon a firid of battle, illustrated by his victories, and that at every step we shall find traces of his

magnanimity and of his genius. " I replace at your head a General distinguished by his services, he is called to anot' er destination, whi her no doubt your wishes will accompany him; upon whatever theatre His Majesty may place us, Soldiers, let us justi y his choice, and let usever have but one thoughts

our Country and our emperor. The Marshal of the Empire, Commander in Signed MASSENA. The two banks of the Adige are now occupi-

ed by considerable forces. The fortifications of Mantua, lately inspected by the Marshal, have been found in such a state as to be looked upon as impregnable.

LEMBERG, Sept. 14. To the different generals, we have announce ed as having commands in the two Russian armies, under M. D'Abraxin, are added, the Count de Buxhouden governor of Riges, and the generals of Infintry Michelson, and Guleints, and the Count de Tolstoy, the military governor of St. Petersburgh.

The Prusian frontiers are inaccessible to the Russian army, according to the declaration of his Prussian mejesty, maintain a strict neutrality, and also by the large armies which cover the Prussian frontiers Tho Russian generals have been compelled to avoid the Prussian dominions in Poland; four columns of the Russian army have in consequence, defiled at Brody, towards the Eastern frontier Gallicia and press forward to Moravia: apart will pass near Pulaw, the others approach Cracoria, and our

FRANKFORT, September 23. The French troops of the army of Hanover arrived yesterday in the vicinity of this place. The general in chief marshal Bernadotte, has his head quarters about a league and a half from this place. Yesterday afternoon the senate assembled to deliberate upon a demand of the French general for a certain number of rations. The third division of French Butavian army has arrived at Coblentz.

September 24. The first division of the French Batavisa army, which has arrived at Mazence, is to pass the Rhine tomorrow the 25th, and will arrive the same day at Frankfort, and it is presumed will form a junction with the army of Hanover, corps of which are daily arriving in our vicinity, after which it is probable, they will take the rout for Aschaffenburg and Wurtsburg. The general Kellerman arrived here yesterday, from the head-quarters of the general in chief marshal Bernadotte, who is expected here to morrow. The Austrian army which had advanced into Bavaria, has formed a junction with

the Austrian corps assembled near Bregentz. We wait with extreme impatience and anxiety, the result of the mission of M. de Meerfeldt to Berlin, and that of the compte de Haugwitz to Vienna, These are, perliaps, the last efforts of Prussia to prevent hostilities.

September.25. The first division of the French Batavish army which resterday crossed the Rhine, halted last night at Welbacher Singlingen ; this morning it continued its march for Frankfort. The second division will arrive this evening at

Frankfort. The troops of the army of Hanoret are to pass the Mein on the side of Hanau, for which purpose a bridge has been constructed at that The junction of the two armics will