

American,
Commercial Daily Advertiser.

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WILLIAM PECHIN,
(PRINTER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.)
51, SOUTH GAY-STREET,
NEAR THE CUSTOM-HOUSE, BALTIMORE.

Daily paper \$7 and Country paper 5 per ann.
All advertisements appear in both papers.

F SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1805.

150 barrels HERRINGS,
ARE OFFERED for Sale, for cash, on M' Elder-
ry's wharf, No. 17, by
WILLIAM BRUMWELL.

September 11 2a.m.

L. Tiernan, & Co.
HAVE received by the *Independence & Ceres*,
from Liverpool, an extensive and general
assortment of

FALL GOODS,

And by the next arrivals expect an additional
assortment.

Among the above are several packages suitable
for the West India market; a considerable
quantity of Manchester Goods, of the best quality
and patterns: Swansdown, Dimities, Muslins,
Cloths, Assorted, Blankets, Bear Skins, &c.
&c. that will be sold on very moderate terms by
the package; a few bales best quality superfine
Cloths, Hats in cases, Crowly Steel, with a great
variety of other goods.

September 4 W&S15*

M. Tiernan & Co.

No. 252, MARKET-STREET.
Have just received for the *Independence and Ceres*,
from Liverpool & Four Sisters, from Hull,
COATINGS, Cloths, Blankets, Flannels,
Kerseys, Halfhicks, Plains, Negro Cottons,
Swansdown, Casimiers, Taffies, Marches,
Hardware and Cutlery—and by the next
arrivals, the remainder of their

FALL GOODS,

Which will be sold on their usual low terms

By the package.

2 bales blue cloths with 2
ends of scarlet in each
3 trunks Madras handker-
chiefs
3 trunks Puffatics do.
2 bales blue Plains
6 bales Kerseys
6 do. Halfhicks
10 do. Rose Blankets
6 do. Striped do.
September 7 eo16*

Entitled to
Drawback

For Sale.

By public Vendue on TUESDAY, the 17th day
of September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at the
Merchants C. fee-House, in Philadelphia.

The fine Ship

LOUISIANA,

Burthen 789 66/93 tons, Custom-House measurement, five
years old, built at Calcutta of Teak wood; con-
sidered to be the best, and lasts best; she is armed
with 20 guns, will carry 30, and considered to
be one of the finest ships ever built. An inven-
tory of her sails, &c. &c. may be seen at the
counting-house of Messrs. Alexander & W. B. &
Co. and will be produced at the time of the sale,
where the terms of payment (which will be liberal)
and other particulars shall be made known.

August 29 eo15*

SECOND

Presbyterian church Lottery.

THE managers respectfully inform the public,
that they have this day completed the
drawing of 4000 tickets, and that the wheel
is now gained 896 dollars. The unavoidable
absence of Mr. Samuel Vincent, obliges the
managers to adjourn the drawing till Monday,
the 23d inst. when it will be resumed, and con-
tinued without delay until finished.—A few
tickets yet remain unsold, and may be had of
the managers, and at the usual places, and at
the original price, until Saturday the 14th inst.
after that date, should any remain on hand, they
will be disposed of to an individual who will re-
gulate the price according to circumstances.

N. B. Agreeably to the scheme the first
blank after 4000 tickets is entitled to 200
dollars; therefore those who have drawn pri-
zes, and intend to renew them, should be
prompt in their application.

September 5 dt4

Just Published,

And for Sale at the Bookstores of Samuel But-
ler, George Hill and John W. Butler,
Price ONE DOLLAR, neatly bound & lettered,

The Flowers of Fancy,

BEING a collection of Poems, Odes, Songs,
Sonnets, Elegies, &c. selected with a
careful attention to taste, elegance and delicacy,
from the most esteemed authors; among whom
are:—Cowper, Campbell, Moore, Smart, Wil-
kinson, Cottle, Southie, Mrs. Robinson, Opie,
&c. &c. In addition to selections from the
works of the above authors, the compiler has ex-
erted himself in selecting from among the in-
finity of anonymous pieces which every day ap-
pear in our newspapers and magazines, and has
intervened many of the fairest of these fugitive
Flowers of Fancy into this "Poetical Wreath,"
the mental fragrance of which, will, he trusts,
induce the true lovers of poetic taste to patronize
the present work.

September 11 eo17

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from
the Orphans' court of Baltimore county,
Letters of administration on the estate of
PETER LISKEY. All persons having claims
against said estate, are hereby notified to ex-
hibit the same with proper vouchers to the sub-
scriber for payment; and all persons indebted to
said estate are requested to make immediate
payment.

CATHARINE LISKEY.

September 5 eo17

15 This is to give notice,
that a number of the inhabitants of Baltimore
county, contiguous to the York Turnpike Road, in-
tend to petition the next General Assembly of
Maryland, for an act to repeal the act for making a
road in the said road at Tordson's Tavern, in order
that the Turnpike Company may have power
to strengthen the same.

August 20 2a.m.

FOR THE AMERICAN.

To the PEOPLE OF MARYLAND.

HAVING, in the American of the 6th
of June last, commenced a discussion of
the bill contemplating an alteration in the
judiciary establishment of the state; and
considering it a measure all-important and
interesting, and of such weighty
consideration, that upon it the approaching
elections in most of the counties will
probably hinge, it may be requisite to
pursue the investigation farther, and
develop the grounds upon which the
contemplated change is bottomed, that
the public may be the better enabled,
upon this great question of state policy,
to form a correct opinion, and ultimately
to determine whether it will most com-
port with the real welfare of the state,
to adopt or to reject the measure.

In the paper above alluded to, it is
essayed to be shewn that the general
court is by experience found to be
burthensome, cumbersome, inconvenient, op-
pressive, and promotive of great delay.
It shall be the subject of the present, to
bring into the view of the public, the
great difference of expence attending the
trial of facts in the general court and the
trial of the same facts in the county
courts; the saving to the people of the
state, which will result, from having the
suits which may be brought in the general
court, settled in the county courts; and
contrast the difference, in point of
expence to the state, between the
administration of the present judiciary
establishment, and that which is contemplated.

And here it may be necessary to pre-
mise, that the statements of the costs of
trials of facts in the county courts, which
are herein submitted, have been furnished
by a clerk of a county court, and therefore
may be considered accurate; those of the
costs of trials of the same facts in the
general court, although not taxed by the
clerk of that court, yet may be affirmed
to be rather under than over the usual
taxation of costs in the court. The
allowances to witnesses for their
attendance in either court are ascertained
by law, as also the itinerant charges to
witnesses coming to and returning from
the general court, and it is in the general
true, that the costs in the general court
are double the costs in the county court.

It is not material, in order to ascertain
this difference of expence, from what
county an instance shall be given, of a
cause carried up to the general court, as
the legal expenses, where similar pro-
ceedings are had in all respects, are the
same, except the itinerant charges allowed
to witnesses, and as the instance of
a cause, removed from any of the distant
counties, will better elucidate the
extent of the expence of a trial in the
general court, and the difference between
the expence of trying the cause in the
county court, and that of trying it in the
general court, we will take for example
a suit instituted in Allegany county court
for the recovery of seventy six pounds;
three witnesses summoned and attending
six days on the part of the plaintiff, and
the same number the same time for the
defendant, and all sworn in the cause
and all prove their attendance, and the
cause tried the second term after the
appearance court. By the bill of costs
furnished, it appears that the costs of the
plaintiff and defendant, of the trial of
the fact in Allegany county will amount
to about three thousand three hundred
and eighty seven pounds of tobacco,
equal to twenty one pounds three shillings
and four pence halfpenny current money,
that is—

Plaintiff's Costs. Defendant's Costs.
Attorney, 200 Attorney, 200
Sheriff, 253 Sheriff, 69
Clerk, 276 Clerk, 90
Crier, 78 Crier, 18
3 witnesses, six 3 witnesses, six
days attendance, 1080 days attendance, 1080
Jury fee, 96 1457

P. & D. costs, 3440 lb. Tob. equal to 21/10

But this cause, instead of being tried in
the county is—at the trial court, removed
by the proper process to the general court,
and there tried the third term after removal.
The same number of witnesses are
summoned for Plaintiff and Defendant,
and attend the same number of days, all
sworn, and each prove their attendance,
and each allowed sixteen days itinerant
charges. By the bills of cost herein after
stated, it appears that the costs of the
plaintiff and defendant in the county court
at the time of removal, amount to about
six hundred and sixty three pounds of
tobacco, equal to four pounds two shillings
and ten pence halfpenny current money,
and the costs of trial afterwards in the
general court, the third term after re-
moval, amount to about five thousand
three hundred and seven pounds of
tobacco, equal to thirty three pounds three
shillings and four pence halfpenny; to
which add fifty four pounds current money
for itinerant charges allowed by law,
making an aggregate of costs, in the
general court, equal to eighty seven pounds
three shillings and four pence halfpenny;
to these costs in the general court, add
the costs of the court below, before re-
moval, which will make in the entire
the sum of ninety one pound six shillings and
three pence, the amount of a trial of the
fact in the general court—thus

Plaintiff's Costs in Allegany before removal.	Defendant's Costs.
Attorney, 200	Attorney, 200
Sheriff, 41	Clerk, 124
Clerk, 78	624
Crier, 20	
Plt's costs, 339	
Def's costs, 324	

Plaintiff & Defendants costs
below, 663 lb tob. equal to 472.10¹

Plaintiff's cost in general court after removal.
Attorney, 400 Sheriff, 400
Attorney, 400 Clerk, 180
Sheriff, 160 Crier, 99
Clerk, 552 3 witnesses, 6
Crier, 161 days each for
3 witnesses, 6 days each for
attendance at \$1 50 pr day 1620
attendance at \$1 50 pr day 1620
Jury fee, 96 lb. Tob. 2368

Plt's costs, 2980

Def's costs, 2568

P. & D. costs, 5347 lb tob equal to 357.84¹

Add 16 days itinerant charges
to 6 witnesses, at \$1 50 per
day, 54 0 0

The costs of Allegany county
court before removal, as stat-
ed above, 663 lb. Tob. 4 2 10¹

Total expence of trial in gene-
ral court, 91 11 5

Deduct the costs of trial in Al-
legany court as above stated, 21 10 4

Difference between the ex-
pence of trial in the general
court and of trial in Allega-
ny county, 70 0 10¹

It therefore appears, that in the example
stated, the difference of expence be-
tween trying the cause in the general
court and county court will amount to
nearly the plaintiff's whole demand; and
in the preceding calculation the costs of
the transcript from the court below are
not added, which if added would aug-
ment the difference. Another example
—a suit is instituted in Worcester
county for the same sum, the same wit-
nesses summoned, and attending the same
number of days for each party, and
twelve days itinerant charges each, which
by law they are allowed for coming to
and returning from Easton.—

The plaintiff's cost of

trial in Worcester, 1550 lb. Tob.

Defendants' costs as
above 1457

Costs of trial in Wor-
ester, 105. tobacco, 3387 = L.21 3 4¹

Same cause removed to the general court
and there tried.

Plaintiff's and defend-
ants costs before re-
moval as above 663 = L.4 2 10¹

Plaintiff's and defend-
ants costs in the
general court as a-
bove lb. Tob. 3387 = L.8 4¹

Twelve days itinerant charges
of six witnesses, to and
from Easton, 40 10

Costs of trial at Easton, 78 1 3

Deduct the costs of plaintiff
and defendant for the trial
in the county court as a-
bove, 21 18 4¹

Difference, L.56 10 10¹

It again appears, that the difference
between trying a cause in Worcester
county, and removing the same cause to
the general court and there tried, is fifty
six pounds twelve shillings and ten pence
half penny, nearly three fourths of the
sum to be recovered.—There is the same
difference, as last above stated, between
a cause instituted and tried in St. Marys,
and the same cause removed to and tried
in the general court, and nearly the same
it removed from Somerset, Cecil, Charles
or Washington counties.—And there is
the same difference between the trial of
a cause, instituted in the county court,
and a cause originally instituted in the
general court, except the sum of four
pounds two shillings and ten pence, the
costs incurred before removal as above
stated.

But this calculation of difference of
expence, in the trial of causes in the
general and county courts, is but contrasting
a pigmy with a giant, if the witnesses
attend for more than six days, at one
dollar and fifty cents per diem, during the
third term. And instead of six witnesses
six days, twenty or more witnesses attend
from ten to eighteen days during a term,
and the cause is continued from term to
term for three, four or five terms; if any
person is curious of ascertaining such
expence, let him demand of the clerk of
the general court, the bill of costs in the
suit of Hall and Gittings, for fifteen or
twenty acres of land, valued, upon an
average, from fifteen to twenty dollars
per acre, these costs, in the general court,
it is asserted, amount to from two to three
thousand dollars, exclusively of the costs
in the court of appeals. Let a bill of
costs too in the suit of Stephenson and
Hoguire also be resorted to; and the
taxation of costs in the suits of Norwood
and the Baltimore Company, Howard
and Cromwell, and Howard and Moales,
and the taxation of costs in a variety of
other suits, which might be enumerated.
The detailed statements of the costs of

the trials of facts in the general and
county courts, it is presumed are correct.
Those of the costs in the county courts
from the person who furnished them I
trust are accurate, and those of the costs
in the general court (it is believed) if not
entirely accurate, are so nearly so, as to
make no material difference in the com-
parison, and if any, rather in favour of
the general court.

This subject of expence, may be con-
sidered in another view, that is,
the saving to suitors in having the cases in
the general court, not disputed, settled
in the county courts, these are generally
settled in both courts the second term
after the appearance court, it is instance,
say that there are eight hundred undisputed
cases to be settled in the general court
of the Western Shore annually, that is
judgments to be entered in each May and
October term; the plaintiff's costs in
each suit, upon an average, will be one
thousand and seventy two pounds of
Tobacco, and the defendants costs, four hundred
and eighty pounds of Tobacco, making
together, one thousand five hundred
and fifty two pounds of Tobacco; the
costs of settling the eight hundred
suits, at one thousand five hundred
and fifty two pounds of Tobacco each, will
then amount to one million two hundred
and forty one thousand six hundred
pounds of Tobacco, equal to seven, thou-
sand seven hundred and sixty pounds cur-
rent money.—The same number of suits
disputed amongst, and settled in the
several county courts, calculating the
plaintiff's costs in each suit, at four hun-
dred and thirty eight pounds of Tobacco,
and the defendants costs, at two hundred
and twenty eight pounds of Tobacco, and
together to six hundred and sixty six
pounds of Tobacco, will amount to five
hundred and thirty two thousand eight
hundred pounds of Tobacco, or three
thousand three hundred and thirty pounds
current money, making a saving every
year in favour of suitors on the Western
Shore alone, which appears by deducting
the one from the other, to the amount of
seven hundred and eight thousand eight
hundred pounds of Tobacco, equal to
four thousand four hundred and thirty
pounds current money, to this may be
added the saving in favour of suitors on
the Eastern Shore, which aggregate