THE SENTINEL.

ROCKVILLE, MD.

Friday Morning.....March 1, 1872.

Political Outlook.

The antagonism between the rival factions of the Republican party grows stronger and fiercer, and bids fair soon to become utterly irreconcilable. When it comes to that, every true patriot in the land will have reason to rejoice in the hope that the next Presidential election will result in the overthrow of the most corrupt, mischievous and injurious Administration that has ever had control of the government. GRANT and his Cabinet, his Congress, and all about him, have become odious to the better portion of the party that elevated him to the Presidency, who now openly avow his unfitness for the position, and have fully resolved to do all they can to save the country from the curse of his re-election.

Believing that no greater calamity could befall the country than the continuation of the Grant dynasty for another term, and that any change of Administration likely to be effected would be for the better, we bid these Reformers God-speed in the good work they have inaugurated. We do not see why they cannot consistently join hands with the Great Democratic party and aid in the election of a President who will run the government in the good, old-fashioned, safe way. This, we believe, would produce "the greatest good to the greatest number." But, if they are not prepared to go thus far, but are willing to meet the Democracy half-way, if we were called on to decide what should be done, it would not take us long to do it. Our decision would be reached through such simple reasoning as this: A change of Administration is absolutely demanded. That change cannot be effected by the Conservative Republicans alone; neither can it be brought about by the Democracy single-handed. But there is a probability, almost amounting to a certainty, that an alliance between the two would result in the defeat of GRANT and the extreme Radical faction. This being the great point to be gained, the Democratic party, by helping to gain it, could claim and would receive the greater part of the credit for the result, and the interests of the country would be immeasurably promoted by their action.

Editorial Felicities.

Many persons labor under the impression that there is nothing in the world so pleasant as the life of a newspaper man, especially one connected with the editorial department. They little dream of the cares and ills of his life, and the perplexities and anxieties that disturb his mind at the very time when he may be, apparently enjoying some of the richest favors bestowed upon him by the liberal and shrewd business man. The *pleasures* of an editor are "too numerous to mention" in detail; but, from our experience of them, the following may be taken as fair samples of the whole lot:

If his paper contains any considerable amount of political matter, some folks find fault. If it contains but little, they will have nothing to do with it, but to abuse it.

If he publishes anything that presents the claims of particular individuals to political preferment, he is charged with belonging to a "wing," "ring," "clique," or some other invidious thing, and is soundly berated by the rival of that individual and his especial friends.

If the type is too large, his paper does not contain a sufficiency of reading matter for some. If the type is too small, others cannot read it.

If he publishes something funny, some folks say he is a rattle-pate. If he don't, they say he is an old fossil.

If he is in a moralizing vein, there are those who say that he is sickly sentimental. If he don't moralize, they say his paper is as light as a penny novelette.

If he publishes original matter, they *bless* him for not giving them selections. If he makes selections, folks say he is too lazy to write more, and gives them that which they have read in some other paper, and sometimes that which is at variance with the principles he professes to advocate.

If he gives a living or a dead friend a complimentary notice, he is censured for being too partial. If he don't, others say he is an unfeeling, ungrateful, selfish hog.

If he inserts an article that pleases the ladies, the men become jealous.

If he finds it necessary to be much to himself in order to attend to his business properly, folks say he is too proud to mingle with the common herd. If he goes much into company, they say he never attends to business.

Verily, editing a paper is exceedingly pleasant as a business.

Heaven bless the poor editor who imagines he can dodge censure by trying to please everybody! If such an individual ever succeeded, we should be glad to know how he did it; for, no one ever tried harder to do it than ourselves, and yet we have fallen short of the mark. It may be that our failure to please everybody has been owing chiefly to our great desire and effort to do so, and, if we had been less solicitous about it, we should have been more successful. Not that we have been brought to the belief that an editor should go recklessly ahead, trying to find beams to knock and thump his poor head against, paying no respect to other men's opinions, fighting and elbowing and crowding all who differ with him. That, again, is another extreme. But our labors as an editor have fully convinced us that the most effectual way to give general satisfaction is, that the editor pursue the even tenor of his way, guided by his own judgment and the light that shines from the lamp of experience. Other people have a right to their opinions as to how a paper they patronize ought to be conducted, so has the editor; and, as his position and experience give him peculiar advantages in the determination of this matter, he should, with due deference to the opinions and respectful consideration of the suggestions of others, exercise his own best judgment in this regard and practically follow its dictates.

It is a great error to suppose that sensible people will respect an editor less for maintaining his opinion and practice of what he ought to be the best judge, or respect him more for yielding to the suggestions of those who have no experience in the business. An editor, who would have his influence for good felt within the sphere of his operations, should wear his own colors in spite of wind or weather, storm or sunshine. It costs the vacillating and irresolute ten times the trouble to wind, and shuffle, and twist, than it does honest manly independence to stand its ground.

For the Sentinel.

MR. EDITOR:—In a late number of the Baltimore *Sun* I have seen the Report of Professor Newell of the State Board to the Legislature. He proposes several changes in the State School Laws of which I heartily approve. But, one alteration which he asks, I cannot regard as judicious; and I think that many others in this county will agree with me. He proposes to take the selection of teachers for the individual schools out of the hands of the District Trustees and give it to County Commissioners. This would take way from these Trustees the most important part of their duties, and put a heavy burden on the shoulders of the County Commissioners, who have already about as much as they can well do in the time they are wont to devote to the schools. Moreover, it is not, as Professor Newell thinks, to be presumed that a County Board of three or five men are better prepared to select teachers acceptable to the several districts than the Trustees, who are generally themselves patrons of their particular schools; but just the contrary. The County Board, ignorant of the wishes of the patrons of the school, will feel great delicacy in sending them teachers, and will in most cases wait for a request from the Trustees to make an appointment; so that, to avoid giving offence, it will after all remain with these Trustees or the patrons; and the reference to the County Board, who meet but seldom will only occasion unnecessary delays in the opening of the schools, and put both patrons and applicants to much unnecessary trouble.

Permit me also to call the attention of our representatives in the Legislature to a change already made by the State Board in the School Law as it now stands.

Section 5, chapter VIII, has been altogether set aside, and, in its stead, another has been adopted. The writer, having graduated at a respectable College" and having taught nearly thirty years—and of these eight in the State of Maryland—applied under the provisions of this Article to the State Board through Professor Newell for a Life Certificate. He was refused, Professor Newell stating that the State Board had ordered that no such Certificate be issued until after due examination before them. To this several objections were made by the applicant, when Professor Newell proposed to visit him and examine him privately. So that this new regulation of the State Board means that no one shall have a Life Certificate of qualifications to teach in this State, of the First Grade, who does not come up to Professor Newell's standard of a number one teacher, or, it may be, agree with that gentleman or any other one who may hold his office, in his particular views and notions of teaching. Now Professor Newell has a high reputation as a teacher. I know nothing, I insinuate nothing against him. But did the Legislature mean to confer this office and power upon the Board or its Secretary? If so, why not have said so, and made the Section referred to so read? Why say one word about Certificates and Diplomas? The law ought certainly to be changed; for it is calculated to mislead others as it did me. I admit that the Section is indefinite, and may be amended. But if the Board has made and insists on this change why has not Professor Newell notified the Legislature of it in his Report?

Respectfully Yours, N.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.—There was no quorum in the Senate, on Monday, and no business transacted.

In the House of Delegates a full day's work was done. A bill was passed to its second reading. To authorize clerks of Montgomery Circuit Court to place accounts in hands of sheriffs for collection.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, a number of petitions for the education of colored children and for temperance laws were presented. The Senate concurred in the House proposition for a joint committee on the Maryland and Virginia boundary question.

In the House of Delegates Gov. Whyte sent in his first veto, which was sustained—yeas 14, nays 45—on bill to release the sureties of S. R. Gore. A joint resolution was offered and referred requesting the Governor to employ additional counsel to defend the registrars and election judges of Anne Arundel county indicted by the United States district grand jury for alleged violation of the enforcement act.

CONGRESS.—In the United States Senate, on Monday, there was a personal passage between Senators Morton and Trumbull, growing out of a resolution by Mr. Conkling calling for information to prove who had made the greatest number of recommendations to office.

The House devoted the day chiefly to the introduction of miscellaneous bills, resolutions and memorials, and sundry bills removing political disabilities were passed.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, the consideration of the resolution of Mr. Sumner in relation to the sale of arms to France was resumed, and in the course of the discussion which followed Mr. Schurz reiterated his views, previously expressed, and also criticized the corruptions of the general order system.

In the House the consideration of the deficiency appropriation bill occupied most of the day.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.—There are already two presidential tickets in the field.—The Labor Reform Convention which recently met at Columbus, Ohio, has nominated Judge David Davis, of the United States Supreme Court, for President, and Governor Joel Parker, of New Jersey, for Vice President, and the National Prohibition Convention which met at the same place has nominated James Black, of Pennsylvania, for President, and John Russell, of Michigan, for Vice President.

Judge Davis has accepted the nomination. He is a native of Cecil county, Maryland.

SPRING.—To-day we enter upon the first month of the Spring season, and if a long and hard Winter be any sign of an early and mild Spring, we may expect pleasant weather pretty soon. In this section the past Winter was extraordinarily variable and severe. Disease has been more prevalent and more deaths have occurred than we have known within the same given time. With the change of season we may reasonably hope for improvement in the general health.

GARDEN SEEDS.—As the season for preparing for Spring work is at hand, Farmers and Gardeners would do well to glance at the advertisement of Mr. John A. Baker, in to-day's issue. Mr. Baker has for sale Landreth's Garden Seeds, Garden Tools, Lawn Grass, &c., all of which will be disposed of at the lowest rates, and warranted as represented.

We are indebted to our delegate, O. H. P. Clark, for State documents.

To contribute to the increasing interest now manifested in our County, we publish in our columns the following letter from one of our farmers to the Washington *Patriot*:

NEWPORT (NOW DUVALL'S) MILL,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MD., Jan. 30, 1872.

To the Editor of The Patriot:

From what I learn as to vicious and expensive government, excessive taxation, and the very great cost of living within the District of Columbia, it is a matter of surprise to me that your wealthy residents, speculators, and projectors of "paper towns and cities" have thus long overlooked this most attractive, picturesque, and healthy locality here on the high hills, overlooking Rock creek, in sight of the bridge where the Metropolitan railroad crosses the creek, some six miles out, and near Knowles' Depot, presents to my mind even a location for a suburban settlement, unequaled by any other within the same distance from the Capitol.

Roads, churches, and schools are convenient in the neighborhood, and democratic instincts, habits, manners, customs, and laws govern the country and its people, who are comparatively exempt from taxation, sickness and fears as to the dictatorial swagger of any Board of Public Works.

Good, honest city folks may come among us with the assurance that they will be gladly received, and that we will strive to do them good.

FARMER.

The Administration Demoralized.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune of Saturday says:

"The administration party is more demoralized than it has ever before been, the undoubted consequences they would pay little or no attention to anything that the so-called labor reformers might do. The wisdom which it is credited with in refusing to pardon ex-Rebels have displeased all the cranks in both candidates, the impression that the convention at Cincinnati was made by the same forces, and the announcement to some leading Democrats that the force the great mass of their friends could be united to the support of Davis and Parker have tickled the shrewder of the friends of Grant and Grant, and some of them are admitting privately, though that the democrats and all of the anti-Grant Republicans outside of Davis and Parker, the nominees of the Philadelphia convention will have no easy task before him, even though he will have the whole of the patronage of the federal government at his back him."

War Cloud.

NEW YORK, February 24.—A special dispatch from Berlin says: The German authorities are on the qui vive. Two signal fires were ordered to be lighted the evening to move immediately, when ordered. The reason for this is the great and unusual activity which just now prevails among French political parties at Versailles and the extensive preparation on the part of the Germans of a possible counter-stroke if any in the actual government in France. Public rumors also sell the rights to judge of the proximity of any new Government which should succeed the present one. Whether the Emperor William will seize on the occasion by necessitating the recovery of Alsace and Lorraine, or whether Germany will be satisfied with the indemnity, remains to be seen. Should Prussia decide to take the latter course, it is certain that Germany will be satisfied with Europe.

ASSOME A NEW FOR TEACHERS.—We received [illegible] from Montgomery County teachers. Here is another upon which we would like them to set their figures to work:

If [illegible] a Bushel
[illegible] and
[illegible] and
At the [illegible] how [illegible] and?

DEATHS.

Died at the residence of his son in Washington city, D. C., on the morning of February 22nd, 1872, LILLIAN M. ABERT, wife of Colonel J. J. Abert, United States Army, in the 8th year of her age.

She was buried in the Rock Creek Church Cemetery on the 24th instant.

For the Sentinel.

Died at the residence of her father, near Olney, on the 20th of February, 1872, ELLEN M. ABERT, aged 5 years and 12 days.

THE MARKETS.

GEORGETOWN, Feb. 23, 1872.

Flour, Family	$8 50 a 8 75
" Extra	7 00 a 7 50
" Superfine	6 00 a 6 50
Wheat—White	$1 68 a 168
Wheat, choice Red	1 68 a 1 69
Corn, Yellow	0 68 a 0 69
" White	0 68 a 0 69
Oats	55 a 56
Rye	1 00 a 0 00
Eggs, per dozen	20 a 0 25
Butter	35 a 0 00
Pork	5 50 a 0 00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOCAL LAWS OF MARYLAND.

Chapter 8.

AN ACT To repeal section thirty-nine of Article fifteen of the Code of Public Local Laws entitled Montgomery County, relating to Justices of the Peace and Constables in said County, and to re-enact the same so as to read as follows:

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section thirty-nine of Article fifteen of the Code of Public Local Laws, entitled Montgomery County, be and the same is hereby repealed, and be re-enacted so as to read as follows:

SEC. 39. There shall be the following number of Justices of the Peace and Constables for Montgomery County: For election district number one four Justices of the Peace and three Constables; for election district number two four Justices of the Peace and two Constables; for election district number three four Justices of the Peace and two Constables; for election district number four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ten two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eleven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twelve two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirteen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fourteen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifteen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixteen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventeen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighteen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number nineteen two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number twenty-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number thirty-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number forty-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number fifty-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number sixty-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number seventy-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number eighty-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-one two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-two two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-three two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-four two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-five two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-six two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-seven two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-eight two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number ninety-nine two Justices of the Peace and one Constable; for election district number one hundred two Justices of the Peace and one Constable.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect on the first day of January, 1872.

Approved February 24, 1872.

MILTON Y. KIDD,
Clerk of the House of Delegates.

[illegible]
Clerk of the Senate.

mar 1—3m

Information Wanted.

ANY information concerning the whereabouts of JOHN GARVEY will be thankfully received by his father.

THOS. GARVEY,
Cherry St., Georgetown.

mar 1—2m

FOR RENT.

A FARM, [illegible] Washington Aqueduct Road, in a healthy neighborhood. Apply to

[illegible]
Mt. Rev. Bishop Bayley, Georgetown, D. C.

mar 1—3t

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS.

IN FULL VARIETY.

LAWN GRASS SEED,
FLOWER SEED,
GARDEN TOOLS,

DEALERS [illegible]

JOHN A. BAKER
Agent, Georgetown.

mar 1—tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of [illegible] was dissolved on the [illegible] day of February, 1872.

WM. M. FITCH,
L. BAKER NICHOLSON.

mar 1—3t

ADJOURNED MEETING.

THE COMMISSIONERS for Montgomery county will meet at the Court House in Rockville, on

MONDAY, the 18th day of March, 1872,

and continue [illegible]

TRANSFERS,

and CORRECTIONS of ASSESSMENT of TAX PAYERS [illegible] in their districts.

Per order—

JOSIAH TANEY, Clk.
for Commissioners.

mar 1—3m

ROAD SPECIMENS FOR SALE.

THE undersigned have [illegible] Montgomery County, [illegible] to sell at public sale, to the lowest bidder, the opening of a public road leading from Laytonsville to Damascus, [illegible] at or near where [illegible] Gate now the property of [illegible] Stanley.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I will attend at Oliver T. Warfield's Store, on *SATURDAY, the 9th day of March*, 1872, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making the same. Specifications made known on the day of sale.

mar 1—4t SOLOMON DOWDEN.

ROAD OPENING FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Commissioners for Montgomery county to sell at public sale, to the lowest bidder, the opening of a public road petitioned for by Howard A. Garrett and others, beginning where the county road ends leading to the Great Falls of the Potomac, to run through the lands of the heirs of Dr. John W. Anderson and W. A. Offutt, and to intersect with the U. S. Government Conduit Road, leading now to the Great Falls—

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I will attend at Offutt's Cross Roads, on *SATURDAY, March 9th*, 1872, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive bids for the same. Specifications made known on the day of sale.

S. M. LYDDANE.

mar 1—4t

EXAMINERS' NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Examiners by the Commissioners for Montgomery county, to ascertain whether the public convenience requires the opening of a public road beginning at a point on the Poolesville and Edwards' Ferry road at the dividing line between Mrs. E. A. Jarboe and T. V. Gott, running thence on their dividing line to the lands of Mr. Isaac [illegible], thence through his lands, Mr. J. H. Dade's and Mr. R. B. Astlin's, to the Messrs. Willards, and on or near the dividing line between the Messrs Willards, Samuel A. Jarboe and J. H. Allnutt to the river road, thence down the river road to the private road of Mr. Herberger, and on said private road to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at Sycamore Landing,

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to all interested that they will meet on the premises, on *MONDAY, April* 1st, 1872, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., to execute the commission as above stated.

THOS. H. WHITE,
A. T. HEMPSTONE,
JESSE T. HYATT,
Examiners.

mar 1—4t

FOR SALE

JOHNSON'S IRON BEAM PLOWS and Castings at a reduced price, by

N. D. OFFUTT,

CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.

—:o:—

WE ARE CLOSING OUT WINTER STOCK

At Reduced Prices,

to make room for an immense assortment of

SPRING GOODS.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS, CALL AT ONCE.

—:o:—

W. NORDLINGER'S

National Clothing Hall,

114 Bridge Street,

GEORGETOWN, D. C.

mar 1—tf

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court, wherein Mary Harriss and others are complainants, and Joseph Lockett and others are defendants, the subscriber, Trustee, will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder,

On TUESDAY, the 26th of March, 1872, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.,

in front of the Court House door in Rockville, all the REAL ESTATE of which William Harriss died seized and possessed. The Farm contains

285 ACRES OF LAND,

MORE OR LESS,

and is located on the public road leading from Rockville to the Union Meeting House and Darnestown Mill to Darnestown Warehouse on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. It lies from Georgetown, D. C., 22 miles from Rockville 14 miles from Darnestown and is well watered and watered under pretty fair fences, and in a good state of cultivation and improved by

TWO FRAME DWELLING-HOUSES,

one of which is on the Rockville Depot Lot, and all necessary Out Buildings. The farm will be sold in one lot or divided into two lots, as the purchasers may desire. Acre lots will be sold on the widow's dower in lot. Acre lots will be sold in the [illegible] of the farm. [illegible] Persons wishing to see the premises will call on the Subscriber, who will give information as to the terms of sale, and will be found at his residence in Rockville.

TERMS OF SALE: The purchaser will be required to pay the cash interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the single bills of the purchasers with a surety or sureties to be approved by said Trustee, and on the ratification of the sale by the Court and the payment of the whole purchase money, and not before, the said Trustee, by a good and sufficient deed, to be executed and acknowledged according to law, will convey to the purchaser or purchasers thereof, the property to him, her or them sold, free, clear and discharged of and from all claims of the parties to this cause, or of any person or persons claiming, or to claim by, from or under them, or any of them.

Conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser.

WILLIAM V. BOUIC,
Trustee.

N. B.—Mr. Wm. House, on the premises, will take pleasure in showing the property to persons desiring to purchase.

Mar 1—tdsn W. V. B.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters of administration, on the personal estate of

ENOCH HOLLAND,

late of said county, dec'd. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of February, 1872; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1872.

ZACHARIAH D. WATKINS,
Administrator, D. B. N., C. T. A.

mar 1—4t

COCOA NUTS, ORANGES,

Just received a full supply, which will be sold very low by

BOUIC BROS.

feb 23—tn

A Splendid Chance

TO GET BARGAINS IN

CLOTHING,

AT

FULLALOVE & HANAUER'S,

Popular Clothiers,

47 HIGH STREET,

ONE DOOR FROM CORNER BRIDGE ST.,

GEORGETOWN, D. C.

WHO ARE CLOSING OUT FALL AND WINTER STOCK to make room for

SPRING GOODS.

NOW IS THE TIME. GIVE US A CALL. [mch 1—tf

PUBLIC SALE!

THE subscribers having rented their farm, will offer at public sale, on the premises, 4½ miles southwest of Poolesville, on the river road, adjoining the lands of Elgin and Brother, Butler, Jones, &c.,

On WEDNESDAY, March 13th, 1872,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following personal property, to wit:

6 FIRST-RATE WORK HORSES,

ONE COLT, six months old;

2 YOKE No. 1 WORK OXEN,

1 Yearling Steer, 1 Sow and Pigs,

1 SOW, 2 HOGS, 5 Government Wagons, 1 Six-Horse broad-tired Wagon, nearly new; Cart and Harness 4 sets Breechbands, 4 sets Front Gears, Set Blacksmith's Tools, nearly new, one new Straw and Fodder Cutter, 1 Pair Carriages, &c.

LUMBER:

25,000 feet Fence Boards, 75,000 feet of Square Lumber and Boards.

TERMS OF SALE: A credit of six months will be given on all sums above $10, by the purchasers giving notes with approved security, bearing interest from date; all sums of $10 and under cash.

☞ No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

mar 1—2t WM. TREMBLER & CO.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON MANUFACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having located his place of business on the corner opposite Bond Bros. Store, in ROCKVILLE, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared at all times to execute all kinds of work in his line, such as—

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Work, Roofing, Guttering and Spouting. Repairing Stoves, &c. &c.

Being a practical workman he feels confident that he can give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage, a liberal share of which he respectfully solicits.

TIN WARE,

of every description constantly on hand and made to order, at very low prices.

☞ SECOND HAND STOVES, bought and sold, on liberal terms.

feb 23—1y HENRY VIETT.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters of administration on the personal estate of

WM. THOMPSON, of R.,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 26th day of February, 1872; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 26th day of February, 1872.

CHLOE E. THOMPSON,
JOHN T. WARFIELD,
Adm'rs with the will annexed.

feb 23—4t

FOR SALE.

I WILL sell my valuable Horse Young SLIM EXILE. Any person wishing to make interest on his money would do well to buy him as he is of fine stock and will take well in any country. He is eight old. His time is between 2:30 and 2:40, guaranteed, if kept down to his work. Apply to

WM. R. GAITHER,
Near Rockville.

If not sold by the 25th of March next, he will be on the season for mares.

Feb. 24—125mn

CANDIES! FRUITS!! Just received a nice assortment of CANDIES, composed in part of GUM DROPS, CHOCOLATE DROPS, BON BONS, BUTTER SCOTCH, POP CORN BALL.

Also, CANNED FRUITS, such as PEACHES STRAWBERRIES, CHERRIES, PINEAPPLES, GREEN CORN, GREEN PEAS, TOMATOES, OYSTERS, in one and two lb cans, which will be sold at the lowest prices by

BOUIC BROS.

feb 23—tn

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between J. Davis and S. C. Young under the firm and style of J. Davis & Co., Poolesville Maryland, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. Persons indebted to the firm are notified to settle at once, as the business will close immediately.

J. DAVIS.
S. C. YOUNG.

feb 23—3tn

NOTICE.

THE creditors of John L. Layton, late of Montgomery county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims with the vouchers thereof, in the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, on or before the 18th of March, 1872.

RICH'D. J. BOWIE,
RICH'D. M. WILLIAMS,
Trustees for the sale of the real estate of John L. Layton, deceased.

feb 23—3tn

MONTGOMERY FEMALE INSTITUTE.

☞ THIS SECOND TERM of the Scholastic year will begin on MONDAY, February 5th, and close June 30th, 1872.

COOKE D. LUCKETT,
Principal.

jan 26—2m

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court, wherein Otho W. Dudderar and Geo. Webster are complainants, and Andrew J. Tabler, Administrator, D. B. N., of Abraham Tabler, deceased, and others are defendants, the subscriber, as Trustee, will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, in the village of Hyattstown,

On THURSDAY, the 21st day of March next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, M.

all the Real Estate of which the said Abraham Tabler died seized and possessed, consisting of, 1st—

The Hyattstown Mills,

16 ACRES OF LAND, on Bennett's Creek, a little southeast of the village of Hyattstown, and six miles from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, improved by a first-rate GRIST AND SAW MILL with an excellent water-power capable of driving two sets of burrs,

and a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, containing eight rooms, a Miller's House, containing five rooms; a large Barn, Carriage House and Meat House, with a never-failing Spring of pure water convenient to the buildings. 2d—

A TRACT OF LAND,

adjoining the above, containing 74 Acres, more or less. This farm is well watered, has on it about 25 Acres of Fine Timber and the residue is divided into four fields, in a good state of cultivation. There are no buildings on this place. But there is a fine thrifty ORCHARD of choice fruit, in full bearing. 3rd—

LOTS IN HYATTSTOWN.

LOT No. 44, Front, improved by TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSES; one Brick and the other Frame; Corn House, Meat House, and a never-failing Well of Water. LOT No. 95, immediately back of the above, improved by a Carriage House and Orchard, in full bearing.

These two Lots will be sold together or separately, as may suit the convenience of purchasers.

LOT No. 45, improved by a fine FRAME STABLE, 20x30 feet, divided into convenient stalls, and covered with slate.

LOTS Nos. 43 and 47, front, and lots 100, 101, 102 and 103, back, are desirable Building Lots, but unimproved by buildings. Lot 47 has a Well on it. 4th—

THE TANYARD PROPERTY

Comprises LOTS Nos. 52, 53 and 54, front, and 106 and 107, back, and one lot adjoining the town; improved by a BARK SHED, Engine House and engine, 18 Vats, and all other buildings and fixtures necessary and convenient for the successful conduct of a First-Class Tannery, in good condition.

This is very desirable property for one desiring to engage in the Tanning business as Bark is abundant in the neighborhood, and can be obtained at low figures. 5th—

A Tract of Land,

lying on Tenallytown Creek, two miles east of Rockville, and about two miles from the Tenallytown Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and adjoining the lands of Robert Sullivan, Samuel Bennett and others, containing 32½ ACRES, more or less.

This land is unimproved by buildings but is well wooded, and in good state of cultivation, mostly in grass. 6th—

An Undivided Moiety of a Tract of Land

adjoining the above, containing 180 Acres, more or less, of which 80 Acres are in FINE TIMBER.

☞ By private arrangement with Henry C. Lewson, the owner of the other undivided moiety, the subscriber is authorized to sell his interest in this property at the same time and place, so that any one desiring to purchase can acquire the absolute ownership.

TERMS OF SALE, as prescribed by the Decree: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by said Court, and the balance in two equal installments in one and two years from the day of sale, respectively; the deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by the single bills of the purchaser or purchasers with a surety or sureties to be approved by the trustee; and on the ratification of said sale or sales, and on the payment of the whole purchase money (and not before) the trustee will by a good and sufficient deed to be executed and acknowledged according to law, convey to the purchaser or purchasers thereof, the property to him, her or them sold, free, clear and discharged of and from all claims of the parties to this cause, or of any person or persons claiming, or to claim by, from or under them, or any of them.

☞ Conveyancing and stamps at the cost of the purchaser.

ANDREW J. TABLER,
Trustee.

WM. B. TABLER, Agt'r.

ANDERSON & BOYD,
Attorneys for the Trustee.

N. B.—In accordance with the requirements of the decree, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said Abraham Tabler, dec'd, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, within two months from the day of sale.

ANDREW J. TABLER,
Trustee.

feb 23—4t

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court, wherein John Candler and others, are complainants, and Thomas F. Candler and others are defendants, the subscriber, as Trustee, will sell at public sale, in front of Windsor's Store, at Darnestown, in said county,

On Saturday, 16th day of March, 1872, at the hour of 3 o'clock, P. M.,

all that lot of LAND, called part of "Mount Pleasant," and containing

SIX AND ONE-FIFTH ACRES,

MORE OR LESS,

which a certain Elizabeth Darne, by deed bearing date, March 18th, 1852, conveyed to a certain Sarah Candler in trust for the use of John Candler and Cecilia E. Candler his wife and their children.

This Lot immediately adjoins the village of Darnestown, in said Montgomery county, and fronts on the road leading from Darnestown to Seneca Mills, and has on it an APPLE ORCHARD of very good fruit.

TERMS OF SALE, as prescribed by the Decree:—One-third of the purchase money, cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal installments, payable in one and two years from the day of sale, respectively; the deferred payments to be secured by the single bills of the purchaser or purchasers with a surety or sureties to be approved by the Trustee; and on the payment of the whole purchase money (and not before) the Trustee by a good and sufficient deed to be executed and acknowledged according to law, will convey to the purchaser or purchasers his, her or their heirs, the property and estate to him, her or them sold, free, clear of and discharged from all claim of the parties to this cause, and of any person or persons claiming by, from or under them, or either of them.

Stamps and conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser.

JAMES B. HENDERSON,
Trustee.

Feb. 23—4tn

FISH, FISH.

No. 1 LABRADOR HERRING and MACKEREL, in store and for sale low by

B. P. RILEY,
Georgetown, D. C.

feb 2