Montgomery County Sentinel.

Two Dollars, if paid at the end of the year

DEVOTION TO PARTY NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1871. VOL. XVII.—NO. 1.

W'N'S
R PHOSP
FOR ALL CROPS.
unparalleled succ
The BEST FERTILIZER
IN THE MARKET.
EAL OF EXPERIENCE
have demonstrated that it is not only a
Great Crop Producer,
but that nothing else is as a RENO-
VATOR OF WORN-OUT SOILS.
IT IS COMPED OF
Guano, Sulphuric Acid and
Potash and Soda;
FREE FROM ADULTERATION.
Bone Super Phosphate is used by many
sections of the country. We refer to those who have
WM. WILSON & CO., Baltimore, Md.
MONTGOMERY CO., MD., 5th Month 16th, 1870.
WILSON & CO., Baltimore, Md.
a small quantity of a fertilizer prepared by the
and was so well satisfied with its effects on corn and
the Fall following, and also induced several of my
to use other manure on for potatoes, and I after had a
which it as this, in which last Fall, with no additional
the same manure, and the result, so far, is that it is
now leading, and other wheat as to the character
crop. I have wheat in the same field, that the great
and Peruvian Guano, and it is very much better
the neighboring farmers to see the wheat, as
test that have been.
Super Phosphate as the only manure for my corn
stable manure, with no additional manure
fourths of the wheat I have seen. I do not ex-
wheat. I think all that is needed, is for farmers
and, further, I have been to see the manufactory
may rely upon being supplied with a genuine article.
WM. H. STABLER.
Wheat, Oats, and all other Crops,
PHOSPHATE IS UNEQUALLED.
THE SUPER PHOSPHATE
Co., Wilmington, Delaware. It is put up
STANDARD GUARANTEED.
quality, for a test, buy a single bag.
from Farmers, together with directions
R. M. JOHNSON,
520 Louisiana Avenue,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
ATTENTION, FARMERS!
AM PREPARED TO DO
ANY KIND, in my line, at
WHITE'S FERRY
LOWEST PRICE FOR CASH
CASH DOWN, OR SHIPPED
determined to give satisfaction
eral patronage. Will go
anal or River for Grain or
PRETTYMAN'S.
PRETTYMAN'S.
FERTILIZER
DUS!
to sell the following Fertilizers
they can be bought in any
States—freight added.
PERUVIAN GUANO
Improved Magry
enabling him to
per day, and more than
made by him; 50lbs per
with a drill, dust is
Excelsior Guano
Guano Co.

BUSINESS CARDS.

BROOKEVILLE
CARRIAGE FACTORY.
ESTABLISHED 1868.

THE SUBSCRIBER grateful
for the liberal patronage extended
to him for the past seven years,
informs the public that he still
continues to carry on the
Make and Repair Carriages,
of every description, at his old stand,
CARRIAGES
WORK
UNDERTAKING.
CASKETS
HEARSE
Galvan-
always on hand.
DING done promptly, and all work
executed to give satisfaction.
Our Copper lined is worth 50 per cent.
more than any other copper lined made.
ORDERS left at the
will be promptly attended to.
BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

BUSINESS CARDS.

R. A. BOGLEY,
Wheelwright and Undertaker,
ROCKVILLE, MD.
All orders promptly and expeditiously attended to, at moderate charges.
may 15—y

LUMBER, LUMBER.
WILLET & LIBBEY,
Cor. 6th & K Sts., Washington, D. C.
LARGE STOCK OF SIMONS & DAVIS' CYPRESS SHINGLES,
constantly on hand at a LOWER PRICE
they can be bought at any other

B. TALBOTT & SON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
GEORGETOWN D. C.
personal attention to the SALE
DELIVERY of all kinds of GRAIN
PRODUCE.
on Canal, near Market-House.

JOHN McDERMOTT & BROS.
COACH MAKERS
AND
CARRIAGE DEALERS,
Pennsylvania Av., near Third St.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
AND HARNESS
REPAIRING.
June, 1864.

BOYD BROS.,
MERCHANTS, ROCKVILLE, MD.,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware, Queensware,
Tinware, Boots & Shoes,
Hats, Notions, Drugs, &c.

SLATE ROOFS!
SLATE ROOFS, PIAZZA CORNICE
have purchased the
Stock of
DO Goods, Groceries
Hardware, Queensware
Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats
Liquors, Tobacco
Drugs, Paints and Oils
Patent Medicines, &c.
CHAS. W. NICHOLS,
HOUSE CARPENTER & BUILDER,
Plans and Specifications
ENDED TO ALL WORK
REPAIRING done. Orders from a distance promptly filled.
J. A. BRUNDON
June 24—y Gaithersburg, Md.
BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.
HAVING

BUSINESS CARDS.

DRY GOODS, &c.

HIGH STANDARD VALUES
IN ALL KINDS OF
American and European
FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS.
Novelties in Shawls, Pointes, Wrappings, Formosas, Ladies' Suits, Suitings, Parasols, &c., &c.
SPECIAL BARGAINS in all grades of French and American Black and Colored Silks, and other medium Dress Goods.
Poplins, Chintzes, Lawns, Organdies, Colored Linens, Cambrics, Percales, Ginghams, Poplins, Mohairs, Melange, White Goods, &c.
Embroidering, Sleeve Edges, Medicis, English Crapes, Crape Veils, Canvas and Iron Bonnet Frames, Gloves and all black goods of every colors and values that usually found in this market.
Cloths, Cassimeres, Cheviots, Suitings, Coatings, English and American Navy Blue Flannels, Corduroys, Tweeds, Doeskins, Cassimeres, and all other fabrics of reliable colors and qualities for Men, Youths and Boys.
Table Damasks, Sheetings, Towels, Napkins, Doylies, Shirtings, Linens, Bed Pillow Linens, Counterpanes, and all other kinds of dry goods for the private and general wants of families and Housekeepers.
Our Northern and Eastern connections enable us to offer
Black and White Check Lace Points, English Sacques and Dress Jackets.
Customers in the South and South-western States are informed that we are at all times fully supplied with the latest styles of
our Stock at their pleasure.
ONE PRICE ONLY MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
PERRY & BROTHER,
PENN. AVENUE AND NINTH STREET,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Established 1840.
NEW FIRM!
THE undersigned have associated themselves in the
under the name and style of J. T. NORRIS &
CO., for the purpose of conducting the
Mercantile Business,
IN DOOLEYS HALL, and have purchased the entire
Stock of
DO Goods, Groceries
Hardware, Queensware
Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats
Liquors, Tobacco
Drugs, Paints and Oils
Patent Medicines, &c.
And to add everything usually found in a first-class country store.
Taking this opportunity of returning thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to the old firm, we hope by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a continuance of the same.
We pledge ourselves to SELL AT AS LOW PRICES as can be bought in any country store.
J. T. NORRIS,
MARY ANN KING.
Dooleys, May 1st, 1871. 3m*
NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED a very large Stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, bought for cash, and will be sold on the same terms, AT THE LOWEST PRICES, consisting in part as follows:
Japanzed Poplin; Chambra Gingham
Fine French Lawns, 12½ cents
Black Alpaca; White and brown Linen
Duck and Drilling; Cottonades
Bed Ticking, 5-4, 6-4 and 10-4
Brown and bleached Sheeting Cotton
Large stock Calicoes, 6, 8, 10 and 12½ cts
Bleached and brown Cotton, from 8 cts up
Linen Table Diaper; Straw Matting, &c.
LADIES' HATS; SUNDOWNS, all colors
Ready-Made CLOTHING, very Cheap.
White and Brown SUGAR
TEA, COFFEE, RICE, SOAP
BACON, Concentrated LYE
CANNED FRUITS, of all kinds.
Grain Rakes, Whetstones,
Grain and Grass Scythes, Rifles, Snaths
Forks, Shovels, Spades, Hoes, &c.
Syrups, Molasses, Machine Oil
Buckets, Brooms, Rope, Twine
Jin, Glass and China Ware
Baskets, &c., &c., &c.
which will be sold at the LOWEST
Short and prompt-paying
WILLIAM JONES.

Correspondence.

Long Live the Democratic Party.

MR. EDITOR: Indeed you must excuse me for desiring to occupy so much space of your valuable paper, for it is a matter of fairness to the friends of Mr. Whyte, that the several successive articles that have appeared in your columns should receive some response. It was sincerely hoped that after the publication of the communication signed "Countryman," which seemed to be the ebullition of anger, and as the friends of Hon. Wm. Pinkney Whyte, with that fairness and moderation, which have characterized them throughout, did not answer the violent charges there brought against them, by a person representing himself to be a thorough-going Democrat, that would be the last of it, and that the feeling of disappointment, so natural and so honorable in the breasts of those citizens and fellow-democrats who had united in Judge Carmichael's nomination, would not be any longer worked upon and stirred up for other and more ambitious ends, but that it would rather be the effort of every intelligent party-man to pacify and not stimulate. I am aware, that *self-interest* wields the arm of the world, and is the mighty lever which moves and directs the actions and feelings of humanity, yet I cannot fully realize why principle should ever be sacrificed for it. As to the complaints of a few persons about the friends of Mr. Whyte exulting over their success, they can be answered by saying, that such is not the fact, except probably among a few indiscreet persons, and even if it were so, the gentlemen certainly have not forgotten that before the primary meeting that they, who were working with the friends of Mr. Carmichael, were not at all loth to make loud their boasts that *they* who are meant by *they*. I think not assume the province of determining, would beat us—meaning the friends of Mr. Whyte—three to one, and a whole lot of such wild, and, to us, disagreeable talk, for no one cares to be told that he is to be whipped clean out of his boots and not a grease spot left of him to tell the tale of the mournful tragedy, but, willing or unwilling, (no one wishes the bitter pill was forced repeatedly down our throats, and we had to grin and bear their taunts as best we could, and are proud to say, did so, like men, for we well thought that it was only the temporary storm of a *by* family quarrel, which, so soon as the irritating cause was removed in the final decision of the convention—or, in other words, the *one people* was made known, would be with united ranks, shoulder to shoulder, in support of the nominee. We defy any body to say the friends of Mr. Whyte ever assailed the high character of the honorable R. B. Carmichael. We all admitted that he was a worthy rival of our choice, and would have, if first pointed in our choice, supported him heart and soul. It was distinctly avowed and proclaimed, that we advocated the claims of Mr. Whyte on his own merits and fitness for the position, and in no instance, have we met rankling by revilings. The result has shown that our course was not only generous, but wise as the one to win on. The people of the whole State in convention, on the 19th instant, ratified and confirmed the man of our choice as the preferable nominee of the Democratic Conservative party.

Now, Mr Editor, some of the friends of Mr. [illegible] have said that we call them "Bad [illegible] and other hard names, [illegible] this is a mistake, as well as a little reproach. (So use a favorite phrase of our [illegible] friend and esteemed Doctor.) Have [illegible] we, as friends of Mr. Whyte, been loudly [illegible] of the servile employees of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, and of [illegible] claims to the Gubernatorial [illegible] because he would permit said railroad [illegible] to defraud the State of her just de- [illegible] How all this is to be done, is yet for [illegible] to explain; and other such [illegible] framed on the fictitious hostility of [illegible] and company to the people of the State.—Such assertions as those we have treated, and still do treat, with silent contempt, and regard them only as a failure to accomplish some devilish purpose. We are friendly to the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, because we regard this railroad as a great benefit to our county and State. Are we for these, and similar reasons to be ostracised as unworthy of public trust and confidence, and fit only to be scoffed at and mocked? We think, Mr. Editor, the gentlemen are uncharitable, aye, worse than that, mean and ignoble, to endeavor to bring about our ostracism for such causes. We are in favor of the protection of all great works, whose objects are to build up the prosperity of the State. The following words of Mr. Whyte meet with our approbation.

"I shall be the Governor of *the* whole people. Under the dominion of *no* clique or faction, interested *personally* in none of the great works of public improvement, wedded to no interest requiring special legislation, recognizing *alike* all honorable members of the Democratic Conservative party, there shall be 'no power behind the throne greater than the throne itself.'" Words uttered with a frankness and fairness equal even to that of a Carmichael. All we ask, Mr. Editor, of the friends of Judge Carmichael is that they accord to us the same freedom of choice, which they claim for themselves; we are fellow-Democrats, with records as pure and unsainted as theirs. We know our rights and privileges as members of the same party, and the [illegible] them, are not to be ed under fear or daunted by threats as embodied in these wo crat[illegible] contest in our particular[illegible] Getting in our party [illegible]

framed by Jefferson, Madison and the other fathers, and not under the new, framed by one scarcely knew who."

In conclusion permit me to say in our behalf that we do not regard ourselves as "leaders of the Democratic Party," we were simply friendly to the nomination of Mr. Whyte and now expect those who were the advocates of the nomination of Judge Carmichael, to co-operate with us zealously in the approaching campaign and thus show forth their fealty to the party whose maxim has always been "*principles and not men.*"

Says "Democrat" in your last issue, "Upon you" (meaning Whyte's friends)" will, then rest the responsibility of our defeat." Sir, we ignore any such responsibility, we are willing gladly to undertake *our* part in the success of the Democratic ticket, but "Democrat" must also buckle on the harness and fight with us shoulder by side, if he is true to his party through sunshine and storm, through prosperity and adversity. "Democrat" must not forget the principles, "*principles and not men.*" Let us entreat those who have advocated the nomination of Judge Carmichael, by all the respect hereafter, and by all that is dear to them here below, to repress the ardor of their passions, to subdue the violence of party spirit, to listen to the voice of reason and look to the interest of their country. Shall we not also use "Democratic" word of caution appropriately in view of the great issues now at stake and say to him. "Beware!" for the Radicals are now preparing for a death grapple and if the cause of democracy suffer, woe be to him who faltered." The nominess of the Democratic Conservative party are good and sound men and so recognized over the whole State. Examine their records, those of you who desire to do right and act fairly, and you will find them spotless.

I am yours, most respectfully,
UNUS POPULI.

United States Senator.

MR. EDITOR: As the duty will devolve on the next legislature of Maryland, of selecting from among her distinguished sons, a suitable person to represent the State, in the Senate of the United States, in place of the Hon. George Vickers, whose term will expire on the 4th of March next, there is no one who would fill that elevated position, with more dignity and ability than Judge RICHARD B. CARMICHAEL.

The firmness with which he endeavored to uphold the sacred trust confided to him as one of the Judiciary of the State, against the ruthless hands of Federal power, which struck him down whilst in discharge of his duty, is still fresh in the minds of his countrymen, and should command for him the cordial endorsement of every true Marylander, by his elevation to the above distinguished position.

JUSTICE.

DEATH OF HON. JOHN SLIDELL.—A brief cable dispatch from London announces the death of Hon John Slidell, at the age of seventy-eight years. It has been just three months since the death of Hon James M. Mason, with whose name that of Mr. Slidell will always be associated. Mr. Slidell was a native of New York, but removing to New Orleans in early life, he there identified himself with the South, and attained great distinction at the bar. He was appointed United States district attorney for Louisiana under President Jackson, was [illegible] Assembly elected to the Legislature, was a [illegible] Democratic Convention held in Charleston in April, 1845, [illegible] was then sent by President Polk minister to Mexico to negotiate the settlement of questions then in dispute, but his mission proving fruitless, he returned early 1846. In 1853 he was chosen United States Senator, which position he held up to the breaking out of the late war. On retiring from that body, he predicted in a memorable speech the ruin of American commerce in case war was forced upon the South. In the fall of 1861 he was dispatched by the Confederate government a commissioner to France, together with Mr. Mason, who was appointed in the same capacity to England. Sailing from Charleston, they ran the blockade, and embarked at Havana on the English steamer Trent. This vessel was boarded at sea, by Captain Wilkes, of the United States steamer San Jacinto, who arrested both commissioners and secretaries, and they were placed in confinement at Fort Warren Boston harbor. On the demand of the British government, however, they were soon after released and permitted to depart for Europe. Since the close of the war Mr. Slidell has resided principally abroad.

TAKE YOUR COUNTY PAPER.—Well, Squire, you say you don't take your county paper.

No, Major, I get the city papers on so much better terms, and so I take a couple of them.

But, Squire, these county papers are a great convenience to us. The more we encourage them, the better the editor can make them.

I don't know that they are of any [illegible] to me.

The farm you sold last spring year in one of them, and you there customer.

Very true, Major, but I for it.

Now, if your neighb that press, you would means of publishing and your