THE SENTINEL.

SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS.

The subjoined summary of War News, for the past week, we extract from the Baltimore *Gazette*:

FRIDAY, Jan. 30.—The destruction of American merchant vessels by the Confederate steamer Florida promises to rival, within a short time, the losses incurred through the activity of the Alabama. Already intelligence reaches us, by way of Havana, of the capture and burning, by the Florida, of four American vessels in less than one week after her appearance off the Island of Cuba. On the 22d instant she destroyed the bark Windward, from Matanzas, laden with molasses and bound for Portland, Maine. On the following day, off Cardenas, she captured and burned the brig Cora Anna, of Machias, Maine, laden with staves. On the same day, and in very nearly the same latitude, she captured two more brigs; sinking one and burning the other.—When she was last seen she had the British flag flying, and was steering for the Bahamas.

A somewhat serious difficulty has also occurred in another quarter. On the 23d inst., the United States mail steamer Reaney left Havana; but returned to that port the same day, in consequence of having been fired into by a Spanish man-of-war. The Reaney had the American flag flying at the time of the occurrence, and also Government despatches. No reasons are assigned for the act of the Spanish commander; but, by order of the American Consul at Havana, the Reaney again proceeded on her voyage, under the convoy of the gunboat Oneida.

From the blockading squadron off Savannah, we learn that the Confederate steamer Fingal has left her old berth, and is supposed to be on her way down the Wilmington river, and from thence to the Ogeechee river. The Nashville was also getting ready to run the blockade, for the purpose of sharing with the Florida and the Alabama in the destruction of Northern merchant ships.

A special despatch from Cairo, received at Chicago, states that the Federal forces under General McClernand have landed on the Louisiana shore, five miles below the mouth of the Yazoo river, and in full view of the city of Vicksburg. The river is now full, and two brigades are said to be engaged in deepening the famous "cut off," for the purpose of changing the channel of the Mississippi, and thus allowing vessels to proceed down the river without coming under the fire of the Confederate guns.

SATURDAY, Jan. 31.—The Harriet Lane is blockaded in Galveston Bay—so says a New Orleans correspondent of the New York *Tribune*. The writer also states that the Confederates are fortifying Galveston, and fitting out the Harriet Lane. The Federal fleet off Galveston, we are assured, is amply sufficient to retake that town, but that Commodore Bell does not do so for the curious reason that "his desire is to recapture the Harriet Lane, and not to destroy her." In the meantime, the Confederates, taking advantage of this generous forbearance, are concentrating large numbers of troops on the island to resist attack, and are doubtless doing their best to put the Harriet Lane in a condition to run the blockade successfully whenever a favorable opportunity occurs.

The Confederate steamer Tropic, formerly the Hustress, of the New York and Charleston line, after running the blockade of Charleston Harbor, with a cargo of cotton, turpentine and rosin, caught fire within sight of the blockading squadron, and was burned to the water's edge. Her crew and passengers were picked up subsequently by the United States steamer Quaker City.

From the New Orleans *Delta*—a journal of very doubtful authority—we learn that the Confederate steamer Cotton, which has heretofore successfully opposed the advance of the Federal gunboats up the Bayou Teche, has been totally destroyed by the forces under General Weitzel.

A similar doubt is thrown upon the reported destruction of the steamer Nashville by the United States iron-clad steamer Montauk. A letter from Hilton Head, dated on the 26th instant, states it as a *fact*, and as such it is telegraphed to the press from New York; but the Port Royal correspondence of the New York papers of the same date, whilst announcing that an expedition had set out for the purpose of endeavoring to capture or destroy the Nashville, makes no mention whatever of the result.

It is proper, however, to add, that a despatch is said to have reached Washington, giving an account of an interview on the Blackwater between General Peck and Gen. Roger A. Pryor, at which the latter is said to have admitted a Confederate defeat near Savannah. The Washington *Star* is of opinion that this affair refers to the Montauk; if so, it would in all probability, include also the Confederate steam ram Fingal and the Nashville.

A fleet of twenty-nine transports, under convoy of three gunboats, reached Nashville, Tennessee, on Thursday last.

MONDAY, Feb. 2.—The destruction of the Confederate steamer Cotton, during the military and naval engagement in Bayou Teche, Louisiana, is confirmed. From the letter of the correspondent of the New York *Times*, it is impossible to understand whether she took fire from some unexplained cause, or was disabled by the Federal artillery and subsequently set on fire by the Confederates themselves. The result of the combined operations of Commander Buchanan and General Weitzel does not appear to have been very satisfactory.—The destruction of the Cotton and the capture of some forty Confederates are the only fruits of an expedition which comprised five gunboats, six regiments of Federal troops, and some four batteries of artillery—the opposing force consisting of only eleven hundred men, supported by the gunboat Cotton. At the date of the letter to the *Times*, the expedition had returned to the point from whence it started; but the obstructions in the Bayou, which prevented the further progress of the Federal gunboats, had not been removed. There were other Confederate steamers preparing to take the place of the Cotton, and, in the language of the *Times'* correspondent, "the work would have to be done over again."

From Newport News, *via* Fortress Monroe, we are furnished with a telegram to the Richmond *Examiner*, dated Charleston, January 29th, and announcing the unconditional surrender to the Confederates of the Federal gunboat J. P. Smith, carrying eleven guns and two hundred and thirty men, after a sharp engagement at Stono river. The Federal loss is reported to have been very heavy, whilst the Confederates are said to have but one man wounded. Another gunboat, which was in the same engagement, escaped in a crippled condition.

"Something of a fight," we are told, has taken place on the Blackwater. A party of Confederates crossed the stream, and after some sharp skirmishing fell back, losing several of their number taken prisoners. The Federal loss is estimated at "about forty" killed and wounded—that of the Confederates was, we are assured, "considerably more."

A body of Confederate cavalry, one thousand strong, with a battery of four pieces of artillery, is at the shoals of the Cumberland river, awaiting the arrival of vessels on their way to Nashville. Great efforts are said to be making by the Confederates to capture such boats as may attempt to cross the Cumberland.

TUESDAY, Feb. 3.—The bombardment of Galveston, which was to have been renewed on or about the 19th ult., has been delayed by an unexpected circumstance. It will probably be remembered that one of the reasons assigned by Commander Bell for not opening upon the contumacious Texan town was his desire to capture the Harriet Lane uninjured. It was a queer reason; but, as many a worse one passes current for wisdom in these days, it was accepted without comment. But if Commander Bell desired to take and repossess himself of the Harriet Lane, the Confederates, on the other hand, were not disposed to risk the recapture of the vessel which they had so hardily won. Accordingly, on the morning of the 19th, the Harriet Lane ran the blockade of the harbor and put to sea, the Brooklyn and two or three gunboats following in chase. In consequence of this exciting episode the bombardment of Galveston has been suspended until the vessels which were in pursuit of the Harriet Lane shall have returned.

Passengers by the steamer Columbia, from New Orleans, which reached New York yesterday, report the total destruction of the Florida in the vicinity of the Cayes of Cardenas and Matanzas. The passengers quote the steamer Creole as authority for the statement, and the Creole credits it to the United States gunboat Cayuga, which latter vessel stated that she had observed a steamer on fire, and supposed it to be the Florida. The New York *Tribune* gives a much more circumstantial account of the affair, and speaks of it as being very generally credited at Havana.

From Richmond papers, received at Fortress Monroe, we learn that, on the 27th ult., an engagement took place between the Federal iron-clad steamer Montauk and Fort McAllister, at the mouth of the Ogeechee, sixteen miles south of the Savannah river. The Montauk finally drew off with her turret damaged.—A correspondent to the Washington *Star*, a bearer of despatches from Port Royal declares that the Montauk was not disabled at Fort McAllister. Commander Worden, we are told, simply went into the fight "to try his vessel," and, after sustaining the enemy's fire for four hours, withdrew without sustaining any injury. The same person states that nothing was known at Port Royal of the capture of the Federal gunboat J. P. Smith, in Stono river.

The Confederate General Morgan is reported to have again crossed the Cumberland river, either for the purpose of cutting off, to a still greater extent, railroad communication with Nashville, or of making another incursion in Northern and Central Kentucky.

It has been discovered that the famous canal, which was commenced opposite Vicksburg last summer, was planned "on unsound engineering principles." A new canal is, therefore, now being dug, through which it is hoped that the river will flow in due season, and constitute, at some future day, the improved channel of the Mississippi.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 4.—Beyond a few stray fragments of news, there has been nothing received within the last twenty-four hours that is worthy of note. Information has reached New York of additional losses to the American mercantile marine from Confederate cruisers. This time, however, it is neither the Alabama nor the Florida, but the Confederate privateer Retribution, which has been actively engaged in the work of destruction—the British steamer Solvent having reported at Aspinwall, the capture and burning, by the Retribution, of four or five American vessels off the Island of St. Thomas.

The war in Missouri is assuming a still more desperate and bloody character. Gen. Loan, commanding in the central district of the State, has issued orders directing that all guerillas, bushwhackers, rebel recruiting officers or commissaries, found within that military district, shall be promptly executed by the first commissioned officer into whose hands they may fall. All persons knowingly harboring, aiding or abetting them, are to suffer a like fate; their houses are to be destroyed, and their personal property confiscated. Any officer neglecting to carry out these orders is to be court-martialed.

THURSDAY, Feb. 5.—Intelligence of more than ordinary importance reaches us from Charleston, in the shape of telegrams to the Richmond papers. On the 31st ult.—Saturday last—the Federal gunboats blockading Charleston harbor were attacked by two Confederate steam rams, the Palmetto State and Chicora, accompanied by three small steamers as tenders.—During the fierce but brief contest that ensued, two of the Federal gunboats were sunk, four other vessels set on fire, and the remainder driven away. One of the above, the Mercedita, Commander Stellwagen, was sunk in five fathoms water. General Beauregard and Captain Ingraham, the Confederate military and naval commanders at Charleston, immediately issued a proclamation, formally declaring the blockade to be raised. In this daring exploit they did not lose a single man, whilst they claim that the Federal loss was very heavy. The French Consuls are reported to have held a meeting on the evening of the 31st, at which they unanimously expressed the opinion that the blockade had been legally raised. The New York *Herald* in commenting editorially upon this affair characterizes it as a "surprise" and "shameful defeat and dispersion of our blockading squadron at Charleston." A portion of the Federal fleet re-appeared before Charleston on the evening of Sunday last, "keeping far out;" but the Charleston telegram alleges that although the blockaders were in sight they had their steam up, evidently intending to run. It is probable the intention of the naval commander of that station to await the arrival of the ironclads, now on their way, before attempting any offensive movement.

The late intelligence from Charleston also furnishes additional details concerning the capture of the United States gunboat J. P. Smith in Stono river. Some doubt had been thrown upon the previous report by despatches from Washington; but the unconditional surrender of this vessel, together with her officers and crew, appears now to be confirmed beyond further question.

A second attack was made, on Monday last, upon Fort McAllister, at the mouth of the Ogeechee river. The Federal gunboats were again repulsed, but not until some of the guns in the Fort had been disabled and its commander killed by a shell.

Six steamers, forming a part of Gen. Foster's Expedition, were passed off Cape Fear on Saturday last *en route* for Port Royal.

We have advices from New Orleans to the 28th ult. A general movement of troops and transports up the river had taken place. The destination of the troops was understood to be Port Hudson. It was not believed, however, that any attempt would be made to reduce that important Confederate stronghold, for some weeks yet to come.

The New Orleans correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* reports as "a rumor of a startling character," but the truth of which could not be ascertained before the sailing of the steamer, that the negroes, recently sent down the river to garrison Forts Philip and Jackson, had come into collision with the white soldiers, and that a general revolt had taken place.

By a telegram from Paducah, Kentucky, we learn that on Tuesday last Fort Donelson was attacked by the Confederates at an early hour in the morning, and that the engagement was progressing at four o'clock in the afternoon Reinforcements were being pushed forward to the relief of the garrison.

We have news from the vicinity of Vicksburg to the 30th ult. General Grant had arrived and the work of widening and deepening the canal was progressing. The water was flowing through the canal which was dug last Summer—but which had since been abandoned—at the rate of about two miles an hour. The canal was, however, but two feet deep at one end and four feet deep at the other, and being dug through stiff blue clay, there were no signs of its widening. River men, says the New York *Times*, think the canal will be of no practical value; but, in this opinion, we are assured, "military engineers do not coincide." The Confederates have planted a battery on the river, which commands the lower end of the canal. The loss of Colonel Stewart, Chief of Cavalry, on Gen. McClernand's staff, who was shot by the Confederates and deserted by his own men, is deplored on more than one account. Colonel Stewart, when he fell into the hands of the enemy, had upon his person a memorandum book containing full estimates of the numbers and calibre of the forces and guns of Sherman and McClernand, their available character, and even the projects respecting the canal—in short, says the New York *Times*, "every thing that the enemy should not know."

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

REBECCA WADE,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 2nd day of December, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 2nd day of December, 1862. JOHN T. FLETCHALL,

dec 19—4t Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county, letters of administration *ad colligendum* of

ANN CARROLL,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 2nd of December, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 2nd day of December, 1862. JOSIAH HARDING,

dec 12 *Administrator ad colligendum.*

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters of administration on the personal estate of

SARAH N. FLETCHALL,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 11th day of November, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 11th day of November, 1862. WM. MATTHEWS,

WM. A. CHISWELL,

nov 14—4t Executors.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomero county letters of administration on the personal estate of

BENJAMIN GARTRELL,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the voucher thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 11th day of Novembhr, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under my hand this 11th day of November, 1862.

GREENBURY GARTRELL,

nov 11—4t Administratrix.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

LEVIN W. C. HOBBS,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 30th of December, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of December, 1862. ELIZABETH HOBBS,

jan 9—4t Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters of administration on the personal estate of

ELIZA RAY,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of January, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1862. WASHINGTON DAY,

jan 9—4t Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Monigomery letters of administration on the personal estate of

HORTON ADAMS,

late of said county, deceased All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of October, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of October, 1862. URIAH H. GRIFFITH,

jan 9—4t Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery County letters of administration on the personal estate of

ANDREW S. M. WARD,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 2d day of December, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 2d day of December, 1862. GEORGE W. PLUMMER,

jan 9—4t Administrator.

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Chas. T. Browning, of Montgomery county, Md., brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 12th day of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a Red Spotted BUFFALO BULL, about three years old—no ear marks. Given under my hand. JOSHUA FUBDOM, J. P.

The owner of the above described Bull is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

jan 16—4t CHARLES T. BROWNING.

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS, of every description, for sale at this office.

WILLIAM KILGOUR. JNO. W. CLAGETT.

KILGOUR & CAMPLITT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND

Solicitors in Chancery,

☞ OFFICE No. 517 Seventh Street, over Sweeney & Huyck's Banking House, WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ Will also practice before the various Departments of Government. Army and Navy Pensions procured; Bounty, Arrears of Pay, and Claims in general against the United States prosecuted and collected. Attention paid to officers' claims for recruiting.

REFERENCES.

Hon. Caleb B. Smith, Sec. Interior Dep't.
" Jos. C. G. Kennedy, Sup't Cen. office.
" Robert J. Walker, New York.
" Allen Goodridge, Michigan.
" William Helmick, Ohio.
" Richard Wallach, Mayor Washington.
" Thos. Perrie, Cumberland, Md.
Thos. Devecmon, Esq., " "

dec 26—tf.

Committed to Jail.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Montgomery county, on the 3d instant, a NEGRO MAN, who calls himself Hez. Butler. Hez. is a bright mulatto, 24 years of age, 6 feet high, and has a black fleshy lump in the small of his back. He says he belongs to John Shay of Winchester, Va.

The owner of the above slave is requested to come forward, prove property, pay fees, and take him out of jail; otherwise, he will be discharged according to law.

JOHN T. BAKER, Sh'ff

jan 9—3t Montgomery county.

[Balt. Sun copy 3 times and ch. Sh'ff.]

Committed to Jail.

WAS committed to the Jail of Montgomery county, on the 20th inst., A MULATTOMAN, who calls himself WILLIAM BRUCE. Bill is a bright mulatto, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, and had on, when committed, a cap; drab coat and pants, much worn; he says he is free, and resides in Frederick, Md.

The owner of the above described negro, if any, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay fees, and take him out of jail; otherwise, he will be discharged according to law.

JOHN T. BAKER, Sheriff

Jan 23—3t of Montgomery county.

Committed to Jail.

WAS committed to the Jail of Montgomery county, on the 20th inst., A NEGRO MAN, who calls himself JIM BUTLER.—Jim is a dark mulatto, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, and had on, when committed, a slouch hat and a suit of new coarse dark cloth; he says he is free, and resides in Frederick, Md.

The owner of the above described negro, if any, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay fees, and take him out of jail; otherwise, he will be discharged according to law.

JOHN T. BAKER, Sheriff

Jan 22—3t of Montgomery county.

Committed to Jail.

WAS committed to the Jail of Montgomery county, on the 20th inst., A NEGRO MAN, who calls himself THOMAS COOPER. Tom is a dark mulatto, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 10½ inches high, and had on, when committed, a slouch hat and a Federal uniform; he says he is free, and resides in Frederick, Md.

The owner of the above described negro, if any, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay fees, and take him out of jail; otherwise, he will be discharged according to law.

JOHN T. BAKER, Sheriff

Jan 23—3t of Montgomery county.

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that John Day, of Montgomery County, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 8th of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a ROAN COLT, with a star in its forehead—about one year old last spring. Given under my hand.

JOHN OFFUTT, J. P.

The owner of the above described property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

jan 9—3t JOHN DAY.

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that James H. Higgins, of Rockville district, Montgomery county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 2d day of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, A HEIFER, with red sides, a white head, and white back and legs—no ear marks—supposed to be about three years old, and came to his premises about the first of November last. Given under my hand.

JOHN W. HALL, J. P.

The owner of the above described heifer is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

Jan 9—3t JAMES H. HIGGINS.

ESTRAYS.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that James Hicks, of said Montgomery county brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the county aforesaid, on this 23d day of January, 1863, as strays, trespassing on his enclosures, the following described CATTLE—to wit: One Brown COW, white on the back and belly, crop in the left ear, and hind feet white—about ten years old; one very Dark Brown COW, underbit in the left ear, crop off the right, white on the end of her tail; one very Dark Brown COW, a star in her forehead, white belly, white on the end of her tail, about ten years old; one HEIFER, spotted brown and white, no horns, about one-and-a-half years old. Given under my hand.

THOMAS FAWCETT, J. P.

The owner or owners of the above described Cattle are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JAMES HICKS,

Living at Colesville, on the road leading from Washington to Westminster, 14 miles from Washington, D. C. [jan 30—3t

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that William R. Selby, of Montgomery Co., brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for the said county, this 17th day of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a medium sized ROAN MARE, with right hind hoof white, an enlargement on the right fore knee, very thin mane, about 14 or 15 years old. Given under my hand.

D. H. BOUIC, J. P.

The owner of the above described mare is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

jan 30—3t WILLIAM R. SELBY.

MONEY!

COLLECTING attended to in any part of the county, at a low per centage.

S. A. MATLOCK, Gen'l Ad'r & Ag't.

march 21 Rockville, Md.

TAX SALE,

By order of the Commissioners of Montg'ry Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owners of the following Tracts and Lots of Land, that, unless the taxes due on the same are paid on or before the 23d day of February next, the said Tracts or Lots of Land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Rockville, on SATURDAY, the 28th of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of paying said taxes:

LOT No. 31, in the town of Rockville, assessed to Benjamin Gray's heirs—for the years 1859-'60—principal and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $0 66.

"JOSEPH'S PARK" and "LEEK'S FOREST," assessed to Jasper Jackson and J. Adams—for the years 1859-'60—principal and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $45 60.

CHAS. A. C. HIGGINS, Trustee

S. PRATHER, Col. 4th Election Dis.

jan 9—td$4.50

TAX SALE,

By order of the Commissioners of Montg'ry Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owners of the following Tracts and Lots of Land, that, unless the taxes due on the same are paid on or before the 23d day of February next, the said Tracts and Lots of Land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Court-House door, in Rockville, on SATURDAY, the 28th of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of paying said taxes:

LOT No. 31, in the town of Rockville, assessed to Benjamin Gray's heirs—for the year 1861—principle and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $0 31 4-5.

"JOSEPH'S PARK" and "LEEK'S FOREST," assessed to Jasper Jackson and J. Adams—for the year 1861—principle and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $26 08.

JOHN R. MILLER, Col.

Jan 9—td$4.50 4th Election District.

TAX SALE,

By order of the Commissioners of Montg'ry Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owners of the following Tracts and Lots of Land, that, unless the taxes due on the same are paid on or before the 23d of February next, the said Tracts and Lots of Land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Rockville, **on SATURDAY, the 28th of February next,** at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of paying said taxes:

LOT No. 31, in the town of Rockville, assessed to Benjamin Gray's heirs—for the year 1862—principal and interest to the 1st January, 1863. $0 34.

"JOSEPH'S PARK" and "LEEK'S FOREST," assessed to Jasper Jackson and J. Adams—for the year 1862—principal and interest to the 1st January, 1863. $26 80.

JAMES H. CLAGETT, Col.

Jan 9—td$4.50 4th Election District.

THOMAS J. GRIFFITH vs. JAMES PARKER, ET AL. — In the Circuit Court for Montgomery County—sitting in Equity.

THE object of this Bill is to procure a decree for a sale of certain mortgaged premises in Montgomery county aforesaid, which were, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1856, mortgaged by the above named defendant, James Parker, and Mary, his wife, to one William Bayley.

The Bill states, that on or about the 31st day of May, A. D. 1856, the said James Parker conveyed certain real estate, which is particularly described or referred to in said Bill and Exhibit, T. J. G., No. 1, therein mentioned, unto the said William Bayley, by way of mortgage, to secure the payment of the sum of ($3,126.63,) thirty-one hundred and twenty-six dollars and sixty-five cents, with interest from the 13th day of June, A. D. 1855, which was then due and owing from the said James Parker to the said William Bayley, on or before the 13th day of June 1860, and according to the tenor of the five promissory notes of the said James Parker, mentioned in said mortgage, all dated the 13th day of June, 1855, each for the sum of ($625.33,) six hundred and twenty-five dollars and thirty-three cents, and payable respectively to the order of the said William Bayley annually in succession, with interest, as will more fully appear by reference to said Deed recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 5, folios 316, 317 and 318, one of the Land Records of Montgomery county aforesaid.

That about the 3d day of March, 1858, by Deed of Assignment, duly executed and recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 6, folios 478 and 479, one of the Land Records aforesaid, the said William Bayley assigned to the complainant the aforesaid mortgage, and the three mortgaged notes therein last mentioned; and that the last two notes therein mentioned, to wit: the note maturing June, 1859, and the one maturing June, 1860, are now due and unpaid, although the time limited in said mortgage for their payment has passed, and that payment thereof has been duly demanded both of said James Parker and of William B. Mickum, hereinafter named, the principal of said two notes being ($1,250.66,) Twelve Hundred and Fifty Dollars and Sixty-six cents, with interest thereon from the 13th day of June, 1855.

That about the 26th day of June, 1857, the said Parker, by his bond of conveyance of that date, duly executed and recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 6, folios 215, 216 and 217, one of the Land Records aforesaid, agreed to convey to the said William B. Mickum a part of said mortgaged premises, to wit: One hundred and Fourteen Acres thereof, more or less, and in said Bond particularly described, on payment of the sum of ($3,876,) Thirty-eight hundred and seventy-six dollars, as follows: First, the aforesaid mortgage to be paid, then the judgment of McConkey hereinafter mentioned, and the residue to be paid over to said Parker.

That said Mickum has made default under said Bond, by neglecting and refusing to pay the two mortgage notes above mentioned, now due and unpaid.

The Bill further states, that James McConkey recovered in the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, at the March Term, 1857, a judgment for $425 against said Parker, with interest and costs, and that an execution was issued on said judgment at the November Term, 1858, of said Court, when the same was entered to the use of the said Mickum, whereby, under the terms of said Bond, the Bill claims that said judgment should be deemed satisfied and discharged.

The Bill further states, that at the November Term, 1857, of said Court, the "Virginia Locomotive and Car Manufacturing Company of Alexandria," recovered a judgment against the said Parker for $136.96, with interest from the 16th day of September, 1856, and costs, and that said judgment stands open and unsatisfied upon the records of said Court, and that said Company is a non-resident, not being created by or located in the State of Maryland.

It is thereupon, this 12th day of January, A. D. 1863, adjudged and ordered that the Complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be published once a week, for four successive weeks before the 15th day of February, A. D. 1863, in some newspaper published in Montgomery County aforesaid, give notice to to "The Virginia Locomotive and Car Manufacturing Company of Alexandria" aforesaid, and non-resident as aforesaid, of the substance and object of this Bill, and warn it to appear in this Court, on or before the 2d day of March, A. D. 1863, to answer the premises and show cause, if any it has, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

JAMES G. HENING, Cl'k.

True Copy test:

jan 16—4t JAS. G. HENING, Cl'k.

COLLECTOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a distraint for State and County taxes, due for the years 1860-'61, the undersigned, Collector for the Fifth election district of Montgomery county, will offer at public sale, for cash, on

SATURDAY, 14th of February next,

AT THE HOUR OF 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

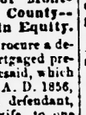
at the late residence of Anthony S. Martin, on the Washington and Brookville turnpike, the following property—to wit: One 3-horse Wagon, 1 Wheat Fan, 1 Grain Cradle, 1 Harrow, Singletrees, 1 No. 1 Barshear Plow, 1 Double Shovel do., 1 Horse-power Circular Saw and Belting, Lot of Old Iron, Lot of Chains, 1 Door Clamp, Buggy Hows, &c.

Seized and taken as the property of the said Anthony S. Martin, for taxes due as above stated, and will be sold to satisfy the same.

PERRIE LEIZEAR, Late Col.

Jan 23—ts for Fifth Election District.

THE DRAFT IS OVER!



WE would inform the Farmers and others of Montgomery county, that we have, at present, a very large and good Stock of—

SADDLES
RIDING BRIDLES
CARRIAGE HARNESS
WAGON GEARING
BLIND BRIDLES
COLLARS
AND WHIPS,

which we will sell to prompt paying customers, ON THREE MONTHS' CREDIT, at very low rates.

Persons wishing anything in our line of business, can have it sent to any place on the Frederick and Georgetown road, free of charge. So send in your orders, and we will send the goods immediately.

☞ We will be in Rockville at March Court, at Mr. Trail's Hotel, and anything that you may need, send your order for it, and if it is not as ordered, no sale, as we do not compel persons to take any article if it is not as ordered.

☞ Persons knowing themselves indebted to us, will please prepare themselves to settle at March Court, if we do call upon them before. So come one and all, and see the stock, and examine for yourselves.

JOHN APPLEMAN & SON,

Middletown, Frederick county, Md.

dec 19—3m

Special Notice.

Respectfully Addressed to the Citizens of Montgomery and surrounding Counties.

THE subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the citizens of Rockville and surrounding country to his NEW CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT, **No. 460 7th St.,** *opposite the Post Office, Washington, D. C.*, where may be found a fine and well selected stock of

CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS.

All of which will be sold at the lowest prices. A call is respectfully solicited. All my goods are new and made up in nice style.

N. B.—DON'T FORGET to call at the *PEOPLE'S STORE, No. 460 7th Street, opposite the Post Office, Washington city.*

Yours, respectfully,

June 29—3m J. H. SMITH.

☞ ALL IN WANT of *CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS & CAPS,* will find it to their advantage to call at SMITH'S, No. 460 7th St., opposite the Post Office, as you can save at least 25 or 20 per cent. by buying at the People's Clothing Store, Washington city. June 29

☞ COME TO THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHING Store, No. 460 7th Street, opposite the Post Office, Washington city, to get your CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS. June 29

☞ **Wanted**—Every body to know, that they can buy good CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, at very low prices, at *SMITH'S No. 460 7th Street, Washington, D. C.*

June 29—3m

☞ **Smith's,** No. 460 7th Street, Washington, D. C., is the best place to buy CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS. June 29

European & American DRY GOODS.

In all the Departments of FAMILY WANTS, (Both in fancy and first class Staple Fabrics,)

A FULL SUPPLY

For the Autumn and Winter of 1862,

NOW IN STORE.

THE extent and variety of our Stock of DRY GOODS, (at all times and seasons,) presents decided inducements to all consumers of such fabrics, who seek their supplies in the Washington market,

ONE PRICE ONLY, marked in plain figures; consequently no purchaser is deceived.

An inspection of Stock solicited: no obligation to purchase is thereby incurred.

All parcels properly packed for conveyance by Express, or other modes, free of charge.

PERRY & BROTHER,

Penn. Avenue and 9th Street,

"Perry Building," Washington, D. C.

sep 5—tf

AT REDUCED PRICES, FOR CASH!

No. 119 Bridge St., Georgetown, D. C.

SMOOT & BURROUGHS are, in consequence of the unsettled condition of the country, selling their ENTIRE STOCK, which is mostly fresh and very desirable, *for Cash, at very Reduced Prices,* and invite all their Montgomery friends to give them a call. They have a good assortment of—

New and desirable Dress Goods, every variety, from 12½ cts upwards
Embroideries, Gloves and Hosiery
Shawls, Best Hoop-Skirts, Ribands
Table Damasks, Napkins and Towellings
Linen and Cotton Sheeting and Shirtings
Gents' and Boys' Wear, all kinds

With a general assortment of HEAVY DOMESTIC GOODS, for Servants, &c.

may 17 S. & B.

Lumber for Sale.

A FULL ASSORTMENT of all kinds of BUILDING LUMBER, including

170,000 Cypress Shingles.

All persons in Montgomery county wishing Lumber, are invited to call and see my stock, comprising—

White and yellow PINE BOARDS AND PLANK, of different qualities;
JOIST AND SCANTLING, of assorted lengths and sizes; LATHS, &c.

For sale on very reasonable terms.

☞ OFFICE No. 47 WATER ST., Georgetown, D. C. JOSEPH LIBBEY.

aug 29—tf

Guano! Guano! Guano!

FARMERS and others wishing GUANO, can be supplied at the lowest market rates, by calling at the Store Rooms of

DORSEY & WOOD,

No. 118 High St., Georgetown, D. C.

aug 1—tf

PERUVIAN GUANO,
MEXICAN GUANO, BONE DUST
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

and all other Fertilizers, for sale, by

JOHN J. BARNARD,

Bridge St., two doors west of High,

july 25—2m Georgetown, D. C.