$500,000
Female AGENTS,
to sell
Steel Plate County
Map of U. States, Canada
Brunswick,
surveys completed, Aug. 10,
$20,000 to engrave it and
$10 map ever made by Col-
and sells at the low price of
000 names are engraved on
County Map, but it is also
D RAILROAD MAP of the
Canadas combined in one,
RAILROAD STATION and
woman or man $3 to $5 per
back all maps that cannot
the money.
rth to try.
tions how to canvass well,
agents.
lesale Agents of our Maps in
lifornia, Canada, England,
A fortune may be made
dollars capital. No com-
No. 154 Broadway, N. Y.
rtment uses our Map of Vir-
and Pennsylvania, cost
hich is marked Antietam
rg, Maryland Heights, Wil-
Rhoversville, Noland's Ford,
the Potomac, and every
rland, Virginia, and Penn-
refunded.
LLOYD'S
Map of Kentucky, Indi-
and Illinois,
ority for Gen. Buell and the
Money refunded to any
ror in it.
Tribune, Aug. 2d.
AP OF VIRGINIA, MARY-
ENNSYLVANIA.—This Map
its cost is but 25 cents, and it
an be purchased."
EAT MAP OF THE MISSIS-
From Actual Surveys by
Wm. Bowen, Mississippi Riv-
Louis, Mo., showing every man's
owner's name from St. Louis
Mexico—1,250 miles—every
town, landing, and all places
on the river—colored in coun-
Price, $1 in sheets, $2
$2.50 on linen, with rollers.
WASHINGTON, Sept 17, '62
Send me your Map of
with price per hundred
Gen. Charles H. Davis, com-
Mississippi squadron, is authorized
any as are required for use of
ELLEE. Sec'y of the Navy.
ern Invention.
ODWORTH'S
OILET & WASHING SOAP
March 13th, 1860.
er having purchased of Mr.
the Patent Right for Monts
Md., for his IMPROVED
rs for sale
lly Rights.
of every description manu-
process.
has tested this soap thorough-
confidence, recommend it to
Montgomery county. It is de-
st and Best Soap
en made, and at the same time
nufacturing the simplest that
covered. It can be made in
. Any one can beat over the
of water, and turn the same in-
ilet of Washing Soap. It is
any offensive smell. There is
used, being made entirely from
has been analyzed by some of
ts, and found to contain no-
injure the most delicate fibres,
been used by thousands of fa-
st six months, and it is univer-
to any other, wherever it is
its superior quality as a wash-
oap, and for the great economy
it, being cheaper by
hundred per cent.
soap known. Every family
t, and needs only to be known
after by every household and
land.
nicals for its manufacture can
any Drug Store, at a very tri-
GHTS,—or any of the Soaps,
of the subscriber. Any one
ally right, and are dissatisfied
soap a fair trial, can return it.
fund by the person purchasing
some of the soap.
PERRY TRAIL,
Rockville, Md.
ROCKVILLE, Dec. 4th, 1860.
The specimens of soap you gave
be thoroughly tried, and found
you represented. I have never
to equal them, both for their
y, and for the great economy
them. I cheerfully recommend
blic. A. F. BOSWELL.
ners and Traders.
purchase all kinds of COUN-
PRODUCE, for which the
rices will be paid.
ing Georgetown, D. C. can find
r every kind of produce which
g.
DORSEY & WOOD,
High St., Georgetown, D. C.
NOTICE.
LIC are respectfully informed,
more interments will be hereafter
the Protestant Episcopal Burial
out the consent of the Rector,
o members of the Vestry.
visions of procuring LOTS FOR
be accommodated upon applic-
s.
er of the Vestry:
JOHN H. HIGGINS, Reg.
PUN CLOTHS, (Grey, all
with our usual stock of Cloths,
Cassimeres, &c., in medium, fine
grades.
ly—marked in plain figures.
ss of stock implies no obligation
PERRY & BRO.
Penn. Av. and Ninth street,
Buildings," Washington, D. C.
AN GUANO,
N GUANO, BONE DUST,
TER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
Fertilizers, for sale, by
JOHN J. BARNARD,
St., two doors west of High,
Georgetown, D. C.

THE SENTINEL.

ROCKVILLE, MD.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1863.

☞ THE WAR NEWS of the past week, which will be found elsewhere in to-day's paper, place the advantage, for the most part, with the Confederates; and, if we are to judge from the tenor of the Administration papers, is causing a corresponding degree of despondency, bordering on despair, in the Northern mind, which seems fast tending to a desire for peace. The Southern determination, however, is plainly discernible in the tone of its press, which persists in its opposition to any peace that is not based upon its entire separation from any further connection with the North.

☞ As will be seen by reference to the proceedings of Congress, the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, (Mr. Stevens,) has introduced a bill to raise one hundred and fifty thousand soldiers, of African descent, for the artillery and infantry service of the country. How do our Unconditional Union friends like this?

THE METROPOLITAN RAILROAD BILL.—The Metropolitan Railroad bill, reported in the House of Representatives on Friday, provides for four roads—one from Washington to Point of Rocks, direct; one from Point of Rocks to Hagerstown; one from Washington to Lewes, in Delaware, intended to be part of the air line to New York; one from Cumberland to Connellsville. The first is to be built by the Metropolitan company, whose bonds, to be secured by first mortgages, are to be guaranteed by government, as provided in the bill. The second is to be built by the corporation of Washington, which is to guarantee the bonds of the road.

EMANCIPATION IN MARYLAND.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* states that the Committee on Emancipation, on Thursday of last week, agreed to recommend to Congress that the bonds of Maryland be endorsed for ten millions of dollars, to pay for the slaves of loyal men, if the Legislature of this State shall abolish slavery.

☞ The Trustees of the Rockville Academy, on Tuesday last, elected MR. JAMES HUNGERFORD, as Assistant Teacher to that Institution. We learn that Mr. HUNGERFORD is a native of Calvert county, Md., and has, until recently, been engaged in school teaching in Baltimore county, and is represented as in every respect well qualified for the place.

INDISPOSITION OF JUDGE BREWER.—The adjourned term of Anne Arundle county Circuit Court, which was to have been held on Monday, the 12th instant, was called and adjourned over to the next day, by reason of the indisposition of His Honor, Judge Brewer. The Hon. Wm. H. Tuck of Annapolis, (formerly Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals,) was accordingly appointed in his stead.

SUBSTITUTES ACCEPTED.—The following is a list of the substitutes for persons drafted in this county, accepted during the past two weeks: George Lanbold, of Baltimore, for Albert Stewart; Wm. J. Mabb, of Michigan, for L. T. Wharton; John Carroll, of New York, for Wm. Penifield; Charles Brown, of Germany, for Charles W. Musgrave; John Brown, of New York, for John W. Dwyer; Geo. Austin, of Maine, for James Case; Patrick Shields, of Ireland, for John R. Abell; Geo. W. Cook, of Baltimore city, for Albert C. Fawcett; Frederick Wagner, of Prussia, for Abraham Fawcett; Wm. Longe, of Germany, for Charles Brewer; John Knowles, of Philadelphia, for J. G. White; Henry C. Newcomb, of Philadelphia, for Rufus T. Darby; Richard Harris, of Philadelphia, for W. F. W. Connell; Carl Kruger, of Germany, for Gassaway W. Linthicum; Henry Stern, of Germany, for Wm. S. Poole. Wm. H. H. Moulden, for physical disability, and William Hance, over age, were exempted.

MENDING HIS SHIRT.—We see from an extract from a private letter of a correspondent of a Northern paper, dated Washington, on New Year's day, that at a recent Cabinet meeting, Mr. Lincoln expressed himself as dissatisfied with the war, and that as soon as he could take off his overcoat, throw away his mittens, and mend his shirt, he would undertake the management of the war himself, and be at the head of the concern.

HON. JAMES A. BAYARD RE-ELECTED TO THE SENATE.—The Wilmington (Del.) *Gazette* states that the Legislature of Delaware met in joint ballot on Thursday, and re-elected the Hon. James A. Bayard to the U. S. Senate for six years from the 4th of March next. He received nineteen votes, which is the whole number of Democratic votes in the two Houses—fourteen in the House and five in the Senate.

SMALL-POX AMONG THE CONTRABANDS.—We learn that this loathsome disease continues its ravages amongst the runaway negroes now harbored in Washington, carrying off from fifteen to twenty daily.

☞ Gen. Hindman, the Confederate commander in Arkansas, is reported to have put to death ten Federal officers, in retaliation for the ten guerillas shot by Gen. McNeil in Missouri.

LOOK OUT.—The Washington papers state that "immediate steps will be taken by the War Department to arrest all deserters and drafted men, who have not gone into camp."

SENTENCE OF DEATH.—Frederick Smith, convicted at Hagerstown, Md., of the willful murder of Miss Agnes Tracy, has been sentenced, by Judge Weisel, to be hung on such day as the Governor shall designate.

☞ The publication of the Cambridge Democrat, which was suspended for several months, has been resumed.

INCREASE IN THE PRICE OF GOLD.—We see that Gold is now selling at a premium of 40½ cents.

☞ Charles R. Buckalew has been elected U. S. Senator from Pennsylvania, in the place of David L. Wilmot.

CONGRESS.

THURSDAY, Jan. 8.—There was no business of special importance done in the Senate to-day. Mr. Sherman made a speech favoring the passage of the bill to tax bank bills and fractional currency, and Mr. Saulsbury spoke at length on the State prisoner bill, taking occasion to denounce certain acts of the government. In the House the chairman of the committee of Ways and Means reported a bill to provide for the support of the government. The bill provides for the issue of nine hundred millions in six per cent. bonds, running twenty years, the interest payable in coin, and for the issue of three hundred millions in treasury notes, bearing an interest of one cent and a-half a day for one hundred dollars—that is, five and forty-seven and a-half per cent. a year. The notes to be receivable for all public dues, but are not legal tenders, nor convertible at will into legal tenders. The bill also provides for the issue of three hundred millions in legal tenders, fundable in the twenty-year bonds, and for the issue of fractional parts of a dollar to the amount of fifty millions, in lieu of the postal currency.

FRIDAY, Jan. 9.—In the Senate to-day a bill was introduced providing for the construction of a ship canal from the Mississippi river to Lake Michigan, and to enlarge the Erie and Oswego canal for naval purposes. A bill legalizing the removal of the prisoners from the penitentiary of the District of Columbia to Albany, New York, was presented and passed. A bill was introduced to suspend the sales of confiscated lands on the coast of South Carolina and Georgia until the 1st of December, 1863. In the House a bill was introduced to facilitate the transportation of troops between the city of Washington, Point of Rocks and Pittsburg. The miscellaneous and the consular and diplomatic appropriation bills were passed; the latter appropriates nearly a million and a quarter dollars.

MONDAY, Jan. 12.—In the Senate to-day a bill was introduced to aid West Virginia in securing the abolishment of slavery therein. The bill providing for a further issue of United States bonds and Treasury notes for the immediate relief of the Treasury was passed.—The bill authorizing the enlistment of twenty thousand volunteers for the defense of the State of Kentucky was discussed at length and passed. The House, in one form or another, was occupied with the slavery question nearly all day. A resolution was introduced approving, ratifying and confirming the President's emancipation proclamation, and was referred to the judiciary committee. A resolution was offered instructing the committee on military to inquire into the expediency of granting bounty land-warrants to soldiers of the United States army, to be located in confiscated lands of the South after the war shall have ended. A bill was introduced to raise one hundred and fifty thousand colored soldiers for the army of the United States. Resolutions were offered and laid on the table, inquiring into the responsibility of certain officers of the government who have prevented the rendition of fugitive slaves from Maryland to their owners, and in reference to the enticing away of slaves by Federal officers. A bill was introduced appropriating ten million dollars to aid the State of Maryland to abolish slavery therein—the State being allowed two years to pass an act of emancipation and to prohibit slavery thereafter. The finance bill was taken up and discussed until adjournment.

TUESDAY, Jan. 13.—There was no public business of importance done in either house of Congress to-day, the day being devoted to the consideration of resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Senator, James Alfred Pearce, of Maryland. Eulogies were delivered in the Senate by Senators Kennedy, Bayard and Fessenden, and in the House by Representatives Crisfield, Crittenden, McPherson and May.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14.—In the Senate, today, the House bill for the emancipation of slaves in Missouri was reported by the committee, and the Senate bill for the same purpose indefinitely postponed. The bill providing for the consolidation of the regiments now in the field, and one for the reorganization of the subsistence department, were reported back from the committee. A resolution of inquiry relative to the transportation of disloyal women to the South was adopted. Shortly after the Senate was called to order, Hon. Thos. H. Hicks, appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. James A. Pearce, appeared and was qualified. In the House the chairman of the committee of ways and means introduced a joint resolution, which was passed, providing for the immediate payment of the army and navy, by authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue one hundred millions United States notes, to be legal tenders for all debts except duties on imports, the amount to be deducted from any bill for this purpose which may be passed hereafter. The remainder of the session was occupied in general debate on the state of the country.

[*From the Wash. Star, of Monday.*]

The country will receive with undisguised distress the news of our recent disasters at Galverton and Vicksburg, of the truth of which no doubt exists. The question of most interest in connection with them is, simply—How can the recurrence of such mishaps to our arms be best guarded against in the future? It is the duty of the President of the United States to see to that point; and he will, doubtless, labor upon it earnestly. How completely war is a game of chess, is forcibly proved by this loss of our pawn on the coast of Texas, and the checkmate we at the same time receive on the bank of the Mississippi. The Rebels are fortunate, indeed, in having four of the most experienced and sagacious professional military men of the age—Davis, Lee, Johnson and Jackson—to plan and execute their moves; and until our Government avails itself of the best available military experience to devise our campaigns and to execute the portions of them which are to be executed from this point, we see no room for hope that a turn may take place in the tide of our military affairs. The country has evidently come to the same conclusion with so great unanimity as that its views on the subject must soon command the attention to which they are entitled. That we cannot much longer continue the war without thorough changes in its management, is at length so apparent, as that he must be blind, indeed, who does not begin to see it. The worst enemies to the success of our arms are those who would hide the cause of our disasters; for they are doing more to force us speedily to lay down our arms on the terms of the Rebels, than all semi-secessionists of the loyal States who are "crying peace," when there can be no peace; as any terms of peace that may fail to involve a thorough reconstruction of a single government over the territory of the United States, will merely afford a breathing spell in which both sides may prepare for a speedy renewal of the war, on some one of a hundred incidental pretexts.

☞ The "National Intelligencer" has another caustic editorial, the reverse of complimentary to our military authorities. That paper insinuates that there seems to be wanting a plan of campaign for the Army of the Potomac; and greatly expresses its gratification that the "Onward to Richmond" cry, which so purturbed government until McClellan had been displaced for "immobility," has entirely ceased to disturb the equanimity of the administration; and that the same journals which were once so clamorous for forward movements are now ingenious in stating reasons why the Army of the Potomac should not be expected to advance.

The "Intelligencer" notices the incontestible fact that there is (in Gen. Sumner's words) a "want of confidence" felt by the army since the disaster at Fredericksburg.—*Star.*

British Vessels to Run the Blockade.

The Washington *Republican* has a statement which it prefaces with vouchers for its reliability, that over forty vessels have lately sailed from British ports to run the Southern blockade. The list comprises the Justitia, Juno, Forth, Wave Queen, Calypso, Royal Bride, Albino, Doure, Denbigh, Flora and Beacon, all steamers, and all but the last named are owned by Lindsey. The Julia Usher has charged her name back to Annie Childs, and sailed from Liverpool about last November for Nassau. The following sailing vessels cleared from Liverpool before the 28th of November last, namely: Peep O'Day, Mary Francis, Clearance, Monmouth, Digby, Intrinsic, Queen of the Usk, and Severn. There are now at sea about forty blockade breakers that have been fitted out and loaded in British ports.—The vessels were loaded with arms, powder, clothes, shoes, medicines, and all domestic things now needed at the South.

It also stated that a large amount of Confederate bonds, secured by a pledge of cotton at seven cents per pound, has been sold in England at the rate of five shillings to the pound sterling, and that by these sales, seven hundred and fifty thousand pounds sterling have been realized by the agents of the Confederate government.

Climax of Radicalism.

Radicalism capped its climax on Friday last, in the House in the declaration of Thaddeus Stevens, its leader. During the debate with Representative Harding, of Kentucky, Stevens boldly declared that the present States in rebellion were not only out of the Union, but that they had no constitutional obligations, and that all relations between them and the Federal Government arose solely out of war measures on our part, and their position as belligerents on their own. This bold acknowledgment of secession proclivities fell on the House with astonishment, and it was not until Stevens had reiterated his position, that his friends saw that he had really uttered sentiments fully in accordance with those of the most blatant Rebels of the South. The matter became more exciting when Stevens defended himself in reply to inquiries put to him by Representatives Yeaman, Harding, Maynard and others. A few of the radicals attempted to smooth over Stevens' remarks, but made a failure of it, the designs of their leader being too apparent to be covered up. Radicalism has, therefore, fully unmasked itself.—*Des. to the N. Y. World.*

Message of the Governor of Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 9.—The Legislature of Kentucky met at Frankfort yesterday. Governor Robinson's Message recommends that Kentucky reject the President's Proclamation, and protests against any interference with her State policy as unwarranted by the Constitution. He thinks the Proclamation giving freedom to the slaves in the rebellious States inflicts upon Kentucky a fatal though indirect blow.

He says that the saddest result of the Proclamation will be to fire the whole South with one burning mass of inexhaustible hate, and destroy all hope of restoring the Union, which is only possible by adhering to the Constitution as it was; and, further, that in view of this most alarming act of military necessity, he advises the Legislature to place on record their protest against the Proclamation.

The New York Weekly Caucasian.

THE WHITE MAN'S PAPER.

The proprietors of THE CAUCASIAN are happy to announce that, "the press being once more free," they can now send their paper by mail. The Caucasian is issued by the Publishers of the Day-Book, the place of which paper it will take for the present. Through the long and dreary "reign of terror" it has been regularly issued, though at great loss. During that period its proprietors have received a multitude of inquiries for it which they could not supply. That time, however, is now passed, and they will be glad to furnish all with the paper who desire it. Subjected as The Caucasian has been, to the persecution of the misguided men in office, until its business is nearly ruined, it confidently appeals to all friends of a "free press," and requests that earnest efforts be made in every locality to extend its circulation

TERMS:—Single copies, $1.50; Four copies, $6; Ten copies, and an extra one to the getter up of the club, $12; Twenty copies to one address, and one to the getter up of the club, $20. The Caucasian will contain reports of markets, news, &c. ☞ Send for specimen copies.

Address—
VANEVRIE, HORTON & CO.
162 Nassau St. New York

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder,

On THURSDAY, the 29th instant,

AT THE HOUR OF 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

at the upper farm of the late Dr. WM. BREWER, near the farm of OTHO BREWER, on the Monocacy road, about 2½ miles north of Poolesville, the following property—to wit:

SIX FINE WORK HORSES, 3 or 4 Head of Cattle,

Farming Implements,

Consisting of Wagons, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Cradles, Hoes, &c., also,

A LOT OF CORN AND PROVENDER.

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums above five dollars, the purchaser giving note, bearing interest from date, with security to be approved by the subscriber; all sums of five dollars and under, to be paid in cash on the day of sale. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

JOHN BREWER, Ex'r
jan 16—ts of William Brewer.

Guano! Guano! Guano!

FARMERS and others wishing GUANO, can be supplied, at the lowest market rates, by calling at the Store Rooms of

DORSEY & WOOD,
No. 178 High St., Georgetown, D. C.
aug 1—tf

THOMAS J. GRIFFITH
vs.
JAMES PARKER, ET AL.

In the Circuit Court for Montgomery County—sitting in Equity.

THE object of this Bill is to procure a decree for a sale of certain mortgaged premises in Montgomery county aforesaid, which were, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1856, mortgaged by the above named defendant, James Parker, and Mary, his wife, to one William Bayley.

The Bill states, that on or about the 31st day of May, A. D. 1856, the said James Parker conveyed certain Real estate, which is particularly described or referred to in said Bill and Exhibit, T. J. G., No. 1, therein mentioned, unto the said William Bayley, by way of mortgage, to secure the payment of the sum of ($3,126.65,) thirty-one hundred and twenty-six dollars and sixty-five cents, with interest from the 13th day of June, A. D. 1855, which was then due and owing from the said James Parker to the said William Bayley, on or before the 13th day of June 1860, and according to the tenor of the five promissory notes of the said James Parker, mentioned in said mortgage, all dated the 13th day of June, 1855, each for the sum of ($625.33,) six hundred and twenty-five dollars and thirty-three cents, and payable respectively to the order of the said William Bayley annually in succession, with interest, as will more fully appear by reference to said Deed recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 5, follos 316, 317 and 318, one of the Land Records of Montgomery county aforesaid.

That about the 3d day of March, 1858, by Deed of Assignment, duly executed and recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 6, follos 478 and 479, one of the Land Records aforesaid, the said William Bayley assigned to the complainant the aforesaid mortgage, and the three mortgaged notes therein last mentioned; and that the last two notes therein mentioned, to wit: the note maturing June, 1859, and the one maturing June, 1860, are now due and unpaid, although the time limited in said mortgage for their payment has passed, and that payment thereof has been duly demanded—both of said James Parker and of William B. Mickum, hereinafter named, the principal of said two notes being ($1,250.66,) Twelve Hundred and Fifty Dollars and Sixty-six cents, with interest thereon from the 13th day of June, 1855.

That about the 26th day of June, 1857, the said Parker, by his bond of conveyance of that date, duly executed and recorded in Liber J. G. H., No. 6, folios 215, 216 and 217, one of the Land Records aforesaid, agreed to convey to the said William B. Mickum a part of said mortgaged premises, to wit: One hundred and Fourteen Acres thereof, more or less, and in said Bond particularly described, on payment of the sum of ($3,876,) Thirty-eight hundred and seventy-six dollars, as follows: First, the aforesaid mortgage to be paid, then the judgment of McConkey hereinafter mentioned, and the residue to be paid over to said Parker.

That said Mickum has made default under said Bond, by neglecting and refusing to pay the two mortgage notes above mentioned, now due and unpaid.

The Bill further states, that James McConkey recovered in the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, at the March Term, 1857, a judgment for $425 against said Parker, with interest and costs, and that an execution was issued on said judgment at the November Term, 1858, of said Court, when the same was entered to the use of the said Mickum, whereby, under the terms of said Bond, the Bill claims that said judgment should be deemed satisfied and discharged.

The Bill further states, that at the November Term, 1857, of said Court, the "Virginia Locomotive and Car Manufacturing Company of Alexandria," recovered a judgment against the said Parker for $136.96, with interest from the 16th day of September, 1856, and costs; and that said judgment stands open and unsatisfied upon the records of said Court, and that said Company is a non-resident, not being created by or located in the State of Maryland.

It is thereupon, this 12th day of January, A. D. 1863, adjudged and ordered, that the Complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be published once a week, for four successive weeks before the 15th day of February, A. D. 1863, in some newspaper published in Montgomery County aforesaid, give notice to to "The Virginia Locomotive and Car Manufacturing Company of Alexandria" aforesaid, and non-resident as aforesaid, of the substance and object of this Bill, and, warn it to appear in this Court, on or before the 2d day of March, A. D. 1863, to answer the premises and show cause, if any it has, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed.

JAMES G. HENING, Clk.
True Copy test:
jan 16—4t] JAS. G. HENING, Clk.

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Chas. T. Browning, of Montgomery county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 12th day of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a Red Spotted BUFFALO BULL, about three years old—no ear marks. Given under my hand. JOSHUA PURDOM, J. P.

The owner of the above described Bull is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
jan 16—4t CHARLES T. BROWNING.

WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to employ a BLACKSMITH and a WHEELRIGHT, of sober and industrious habits. To such as are accustomed to country work, and possessing the above qualifications, constant employment and liberal wages will be given.

LAWRENCE LYDDANE,
jan 9—tf Rockville, Md.

WANTED.

THE undersigned wishes to hire, for the present year, a sober and industrious MAN, who is well acquainted with farm work. One with a small family preferred. Any one applying, is requested to bring with him testimonials of the foregoing qualifications.

LOUIS W. WILLIAMS,
Residing on the old Georgetown road,
jan 9—3t near its junction with the pike.

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that James H. Higgins, of Rockville district, Montgomery county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 2d day of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, A HEIFER, with red sides, a white head, and white back and legs—no ear marks—supposed to be about three years old, and came to his premises about the first of November last. Given under my hand.

JOHN W. HALL, J. P.

The owner of the above described heifer is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.
jan 9—3t JAMES H. HIGGINS.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS are hereby notified and forewarned against trespassing on the place lately occupied by Benjamin Gartrell, deceased, of this county, by cutting and carrying off wood or timber, removing fences, or otherwise—all so offending will be dealt with according to law.

GREENBURY GARTRELL,
dec 1 For self and others.

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS, of every description, for sale at this office.

TAX SALE,

By order of the Commissioners of Montg'ry Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owners of the following Tracts and Lots of Land, that, unless the taxes due on the same are paid on or before the 22d day of March next, the said Tracts or Lots of Land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Rockville, on SATURDAY, the 28th of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of paying said taxes:

LOT No. 31, in the town of Rockville, assessed to Benjamin Gray's heirs—for the years 1859-'60—principal and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $0 65.

"JOSEPH'S PARK" and "LEEK'S FOREST," assessed to Jasper Jackson and J. Adams—for the years 1859-'60—principal and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $45 69.

CHAS. A. C. HIGGINS, Trustee
H. PRATHER, Col. 4th Election Dis.
jan 9—td$4.50

TAX SALE,

By order of the Commissioners of Montg'ry Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owners of the following Tracts and Lots of Land, that, unless the taxes due on the same are paid on or before the 22d day of March next, the said Tracts and Lots of Land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Rockville, on SATURDAY, the 28th of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of paying said taxes:

LOT No. 31, in the town of Rockville, assessed to Benjamin Gray's heirs—for the year 1861—principle and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $0 31 4-5.

"JOSEPH'S PARK" and "LEEK'S FOREST," assessed to Jasper Jackson and J. Adams—for the year 1861—principle and interest to the 1st of January, 1863, $26 08.

JOHN R. MILLER, Col.
jan 9—td$4.50 4th Election District.

TAX SALE,

By order of the Commissioners of Montg'ry Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owners of the following Tracts and Lots of Land, that, unless the taxes due on the same are paid on or before the 22d of March next, the said Tracts or Lots of Land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Rockville, on SATURDAY, the 28th of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of paying said taxes:

LOT No. 31, in the town of Rockville, assessed to Benjamin Gray's heirs—for the year 1862—principal and interest to the 1st January, 1863, $0 34.

"JOSEPH'S PARK" and "LEEK'S FOREST," assessed to Jasper Jackson and J. Adams—for the year 1862—principal and interest to the 1st January, 1863, $26 80.

JAMES H. CLAGETT, Col.
jan 9—td$4.50 4th Election District.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of two writs of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the residence of Henry Arnold,

On SATURDAY, the 17th day of January next,

at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., for cash, all the right, title, claim and interest, both at law and in equity, of the said Henry Arnold, of, in and to the following property—to wit:

All that Piece, Parcel or Tract of LAND, called "RESURVEY OR FRIENDLY NEED," or by whatever other name it may be called, containing 40 ACRES, more or less; also, 20 ACRES of ditto.

ALSO—One Bay HORSE; 1 Yoke of OXEN and Ox Yoke; 8 Head of CATTLE; 14 Head of SHEEP; 1 HOG; 1 White SOW & PIGS; Lot of Tobacco; Lot of Plank and Tobacco Sticks; Lot of Bee-Hives; Lot of Chesnut Singles; Lot of Pailings; 1 one-Horse Wagon; Lot of Fodder and Shucks; 25 Barrels of Long and Short Corn; 1 Stack of Hay; 1 Stack of Clover Seed; 1 Stack of Wheat; 1 Stack of Oats; 1 Wheat Fan; 1 Grind Stone; 2 Forks; Lot of Plank; Lot of Guano; Lot of Plank and Laths; Lot of Fellow-Plank; Cider Mill and Press; Distillery and Fixtures.

Seized and taken as the property of the said Henry Arnold, at the suit of George Peter, Trustee for the real estate of John Gassaway, deceased, and will be sold to satisfy the same.

JOHN T. BAKER,
dec 26—ts$4 Sheriff.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters of administration on the personal estate of

HORTON ADAMS,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of October, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of October, 1862. URIAH H. GRIFFITH,
jan 9—4t Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

LEVIN W. C. HOBBS,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 30th of December, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 30th day of December, 1862. ELIZABETH HOBBS,
jan 9—4t Executor.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery County letters of administration on the personal estate of

ANDREW S. M. WARD,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 2d day of December, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 2d day of December, 1862. GEORGE W. PLUMMER,
jan 9—4t Administrator.

Committed to Jail.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Montgomery county, on the 3d instant, a NEGRO MAN, who calls himself HAZ. BUTLER. He is a bright mulatto, 24 years of age, 6 feet high, and has a black fleshy lump in the small of his back. He says he belongs to John Shay, of Winchester, Va.

The owner of the above slave is requested to come forward, prove property, pay fees, and take him out of jail; otherwise, he will be discharged according to law.

JOHN T. BAKER, Sh'ff
jan 9—3t. Montgomery county.
(Balt. Sun copy 3 times and ch. Sh'ff.)

WILLIAM KILGOUR. JNO. W. CLAMPLITT.

KILGOUR & CAMPLITT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND

Solicitors in Chancery,

☞ OFFICE No. 517 Seventh Street, over Sweeney & Huyck's Banking House, WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ Will also practice before the various Departments of Government. Army and Navy Pensions procured; Bounty, Arrears of Pay, and Claims in general against the United States prosecuted and collected. Attention paid to officers' claims for recruiting.

REFERENCES.

Hon. Caleb B. Smith, Sec. Interior Dep't.
" Jos. C. G. Kennedy, Sup't Cen. office.
" Robert J. Walker, New York.
" Allen Hoodridge, Michigan.
" William Helmick, Ohio.
" Richard Wallach, Mayor Washington.
" Thos. Perrie, Cumberland, Md.
Thos. Devecmon, Esq.
dec 20—tf

THE DRAFT IS OVER!

WE would inform the Farmers and others of Montgomery county, that we have, at present, a very large and good Stock of—

SADDLES
RIDING BRIDLES
CARRIAGE HARNESS
WAGON GEARING
BLIND BRIDLES
COLLARS
AND WHIPS,

which we will sell, to prompt paying customers, ON THREE MONTHS' CREDIT, at very low rates.

Persons wishing anything in our line of business, can have it sent to any place on the Frederick and Georgetown road, free of charge. So send in your orders, and we will send the goods immediately.

☞ We will be in Rockville at March Court, at Mr. TRAIN's Hotel, and anything that you may need, send your order for it, and if it is not as ordered, no sale, as we do not compel persons to take any article if it is not as ordered.

☞ Persons knowing themselves indebted to us, will please prepare themselves to settle at March Court, if we do call upon them before. So come one and all, and see the stock, and examine for yourselves.

JOHN APPLEMAN & SON,
Middletown, Frederick county, Md.
dec 19—3m

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county letters of administration on the personal estate of

ELIZA RAY,

late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of January, 1863; otherwise, they may, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 6th day of January, 1862. WASHINGTON DAY,
jan 9—4t Administrator.

ESTRAY.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that John Day, of Montgomery County, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 8th of January, 1863, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a ROAN COLT, with a star in its forehead—about one year old last spring. Given under my hand.

JOHN OFFUTT, J. P.

The owner of the above described property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
jan 9—3t JOHN DAY.

Montgomery County—to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that WM. R. WINDSOR, of Montgomery county, brought before me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 10th day of December, 1862, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, a Red Brindle BULL, about 3 years old, with wide horns; no ear marks; with white spots on it. Given under my hand.

JOSHUA PURDOM, J. P.

The owner of the above described property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
dec 26—4t WM. R. WINDSOR.

Montgomery County to—wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY, that RICHARD CLAGETT, of Montgomery County, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for the said county, this tenth day of November, in the year 1862, as estrays, trespassing upon his enclosures, One Large White SOW, no mark; One Spotted do, marked with a slit in the left, and a crop and underbit in the right ear; One Brown BARROW, with crop in the left, and crop and slit in the right ear; One brown and black spotted BOAR, with crop and slit in left ear; One Small White SOW, no mark; One White and Black Spotted BARROW, with crop in each ear. Given under my hand.

D. H. DOUB, J. P.

The owner of the above described property is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
nov 14—3t* RICH'D CLAGGETT.

$25 REWARD!

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Clarksburg, Montgomery county, Md., on Saturday, the 27th of September, 1862, NEGRO MAN, PETER DORSEY; said negro is of dark complexion; about 6 feet high; strong, hearty looking fellow; about 28 years old. As he eloped without provocation, I will give the above reward if found and secured in jail so that I get him again.

NACY W. THOMPSON.
nov 14—tf.

MATLOCK & HERBERT,

MERCHANT & MILITARY TAILORS,

No. 358 Pennsylvania Avenue,

(Under Brown's Hotel,)

WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ A large assortment of Gentlemen's FURNISHING GOODS, constantly on hand. ☞ ORDERS from the country attended to.
may 9—1y

Lumber, Shingles, Laths,

BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, DOORS, SASH and SHUTTERS, for sale at the very lowest prices for cash, or approved credit. Before purchasing call and see us at our office, corner Eutaw and German streets, or at 127 Light Street Wharf, Baltimore, Maryland.

BURNS & SLOAN.
mar 27—tf

20 PER CENT. ADVANCE ON

WOOD.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the depreciation of paper money, the following prices will be required for Wood after the first of January next: Hickory, $4 per cord; Oak, $3.50; Pine, $3.

E. C. BELT.
dec 26—4t