THE SENTINEL.

ROCKVILLE, MD.

FRIDAY, : FEBRUARY 22, 1861.

MARYLAND CONFERENCE CONVENTION.—This body assembled in Baltimore on Monday last, and adjourned on Tuesday, all the counties of the State being represented except Caroline, Dorchester, Harford, Prince George's, and Talbot. Judge E. F. CHAMBERS was chosen President, and, on taking the chair, delivered an able, Union-loving and patriotic address, which, with the resolutions and address adopted by the convention, we will lay before our readers next week.

The "Sun" thus speaks of this body and its proceedings: "This highly respectable, dignified and influential body of our fellow-citizens have, by their proceedings in counsel, won the confidence and elicited the esteem of all who are unaffected by prejudice, and disposed to consider honestly and impartially the important crisis in our national history. It will be seen that no usurpation of power or authority has been essayed, and no design incompatible with the rights of every citizen of the commonwealth implied. Every thing has been done 'decently and in order,' and the sovereignty of Maryland calmly and deliberately referred to the people, accompanied with the expression of an earnest desire that the voice of the State should be elicited by official authority. The sentiments contained in the resolutions and the address are such as we can commend to our readers with the clearest sense of propriety, and without any qualification whatsoever. Nothing could be more distinctly or better expressed, nothing could be more to an honest purpose, nothing more consistent with the present position, the general rights and the future welfare of the State than the resolutions and address with which this honorable convention of our citizens have established their patriotism and fidelity to the Union and the rights of the South.

AN INSULT TO MARYLAND.—There is not probably an official body in session in all the country more thoroughly saturated with black republicanism than the Legislature of New York; and this body has had the impudence to pass resolutions complimenting Governor Hicks, of this State, for refusing to convene the Legislature of Maryland in this crisis.—The meaning of this is plain. It is a public acknowledgment that the Governor of a Southern State, who refuses to extend to the people of that State the opportunity to speak and act officially in reference to their imperilled rights, earns the applause of their avowed enemies. The position of Maryland necessarily exposes her to insult from such sources at a time like this; but the day is not distant, we apprehend, when this good old State will redeem her honor and assert her dignity in the face of both her open and covert foes.

SIGNIFICANT FACT.—On the change of Administration, March 4th, there will be five living ex-Presidents of the United States—Van Buren, Tyler, Fillmore, Pierce and Buchanan. Every one of these retired Statesmen favors the plan of compromise known as the Crittenden plan, or something akin to it; while Mr. Lincoln, if the Republican organs are right—and his speeches may be taken as an indication of his policy—rejects all compromise, and prifers force. Is his wisdom greater than the combined wisdom of his predecessors?

☞ In the Virginia Convention, on Saturday, resolutions were presented strongly condemning the coercion of a seceding State, and declaring that if the Federal Government undertook forcibly to retake the forts in the seceding States, Virginia will regard it as an invasion of the rights of the Southern States, and if the Government undertakes to collect the duties in the seceding States, she will regard such acts as coercion, which she will resist with all the means in her power.

☞ LINCOLN arrived in New York on Tuesday last, and stopped at the Astor House.—His journey from Albany, his way-side speeches, his reception in New-York, and his speech there, present nothing new. He thanks the people, tells them what a very humble individual he is, thinks it time to quit speaking, and quits. He will arrive in Washington to-morrow.

☞ The New York *World*, (Repub.) says that the times are very dull among builders there, and that there are "thousands of carpenters, masons, laborers, &c., who are now struggling with poverty, and who were never more in need of work." Lincoln says that it is comfortable to think that every thing is going on right. "Nobody is hurt."

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—We see it stated in the Shepherdstown (Va.) Register that the work on dam No. 4, of this canal, which was commenced in 1857, has been finally completed under the supervision of Mr. Brown, the contractor, and that it is expected that navigation, throughout the entire line, will be resumed about the middle of March.

THE KIMMELL HOUSE.—This House, situated on C. street, between 4½ and 6th, has become a favorite resort for this and the adjoining counties of this State. A visit to this House will convince all that no more agreeable quarters can be found in the District. The table is well supplied, the beds superb, and the landlord polite and attentive.

PASSAGE OF THE TARIFF BILL.—The United States Senate, on Wednesday last, after a protracted session, passed the new tariff bill, but so loaded down with amendments that its fate in the House, to which it necessarily goes back, is by no means certain at this late day of the expiring Congress.

☞ The efforts of the Republicans to press their war bills through Congress will be warmly resisted by the conservative men of all parties; and if their opposition prove unavailing, it is believed that Mr. Buchanan will veto them.

A COMMISSION RESTORED.—It is stated that Captain Schaeffer, of the National Rifles of Washington city, who lost his commission because he said he would not march against the people of Maryland, has had it restored by President Buchanan.

☞ The communication of "Plain Farmer" has been received. We publish no communication unless "accompanied with the author's name." Let us know who you are, "Plain Farmer."

☞ Those indebted to us will please make it convenient to settle their accounts at Court, which commences next Monday week.

ROCKVILLE, MD., February 9, 1861.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Your Georgetown correspondent, in his letter as published in last Thursday's *Republican*, is evidently in error with respect to the Rockville volunteer company being entirely composed of true Union men. I am informed by the political friends of Captain Bowie that he is a disunionist; he is certainly a bitter enemy to the Republican party. In his letter published in the *Rockville Sentinel* of January 18th he declares that all who voted for Mr. Lincoln are guilty of moral treason against the State, and in last week's issue of the same journal appears another of his letters, which proves on which side the Captain (at least) of the Rockville Rangers would be found in case an attempt shall be made to drag this State into rebellion. The statement in your Thursday's paper is calculated to mislead the public, and I have been requested by gentlemen outside of our party, but fast friends of the Union, to call your attention to it. Justice to those persons who voted our ticket in this county seems also to require that the incorrect assertions should be contradicted.

The above is a letter purporting to be written from this place, and published in the "National Republican," an abolition paper of Washington city. We would state, that this place and election district was not dishonored, at the last election, by a single abolition vote; the "Rockville volunteer company" is called the Rockville Riflemen, and not the "Rockville Rangers;" the Captain is WILLIAM BOWIE, and *not* "Bowie." No political friend of Captain Bowie considers him a disunionist, and could not have so informed the writer of the above letter. From these discrepancies, it is plain that the letter was not written from this place, as it purports, but from some other locality, upon fabricated information. But it is significant in two points: it shows that Republicans consider their true opponent to be in the Democratic ranks, and that the so-called "Union" men are their friends and allies. How long, O Montgomerians! will you continue so to act as to afford "encouragement, and and comfort to your enemies?"

LINCOLN'S SPEECHES AND THE MORTIFICATION OF HIS FRIENDS.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Express writes:

The mortification of the republicans at Mr. Lincoln's recent speeches increases with every fresh emanation from the presidential tripod. They begin, when it is too late, to realize the truth of the allegations of the Union men of Illinois as to the incompetency of Lincoln for the presidency. During the canvass, his supporters appealed triumphantly to his published speeches as proof of his ability. But now appears, as suspected at the time, that these speeches were carefully prepared by Mr. Judd and other friends of Mr. Lincoln, revised and recevised, polished and rewritten, to such a degree that they who heard them on the stump could not recognize them in print. This was a part of the game of deception played by the republicans upon the people, to foist a man upon the country for its chief magistrate who was never regarded, by his most intimate acquaintances, as anything more than a jocose, cunning, country politician. I am assured by those who know him well, that a more illiterate man it would be difficult to find, even among the self-made lawyers of Illinois. His chief characteristic is an immense fund of gab, and a wonderful command of language, unaccompanied by a corresponding copiousness of ideas. The election of such a man at such a crisis is undoubted the greatest evil that has ever befallen this country. But the mischief is done, and the only relief for the American people is to shorten sail, caulk the hatches, put in the dead-lights, send down the topmasts, and prepare for a hurricane.

EMPLOYMENT OF THE PARSIMONY.—One of Mr. Lincoln's admirers from Springfield, in giving an account of the numerous presents forwarded to the President elect, says:

The oddest of all gifts to the President elect came to hand, however, in the course of yesterday morning. It was no more nor less than a whistle made out of a pig's tail. There is no "sell" in this. Your correspondent has seen the tangible evidence of the fact, moreover, saying that a whistle was made out of a pig's tail with his own eyes. The donor of the novel instrument is a prominent Ohio politician, residing at Columbus, and connected with the State government. Mr. Lincoln enjoyed the joke hugely. After practising upon the master-piece of Indian ingenuity for nearly an hour this morning, he jocosely remarked, that he had never suspected, up to this time, that "there was music in such a thing as that."

Admirable employment! The President elect of a great nation, on his way to the capital to assume the administration of our government, "hugely enjoying a pig tail whistle," and practising by the hour upon the delicate and delicious instrument. Wonder if he intends to entertain the foreign ambassadors with this novel and unique music.

THE INAUGURATION BALL.—The preparations for the inauguration ball are going on at Washington. The building in which it is to take place was commenced on Tuesday last by A. W. Ames, the contractor. It will be situated in the rear of the City Hall, and is to be 250 feet long and 60 feet wide, with supper room attached, of same length of the main building, 27 feet wide. The height will be 22 feet. It will be a frame building. The dancing floor will be constructed of North Carolina pine. The building will be covered with a felt roofing and lined inside with white muslin, or red, white and blue, to be hereafter determined. The orchestra will be large enough to accommodate sixty musicians. The main hall will be capable of holding eight thousand persons. The entrance will be through the main entrance of the City Hall. The dressing rooms for ladies and gentlemen will be in two large court rooms adjacent in the City Hall. The building will cost, when finished, $5,000; upholstery $1,600; Supper 3,000, including wines; music $1,200; gas fitting, chandeliers, &c., $800; door-keepers, attendants upon dressing-rooms, hall, incidental expenses, &c., $500; total $11,500. Price of tickets $10 each.—*Washington Star.*

Wonder if Fred Douglas will honor the occasion with his sable presence?

ANDREW JOHNSON.—The following brief philippic from Turner's Southern Star, printed at Camden, Ark., is a fair specimen of Arkansas writing. Speaking of Andrew Johnson's late speech that paper says:

"This scurrilous old puppy, who would not fight a yearling toad frog, if he could see a chance to run, has recently made a speech in the United States Senate, in which he advocated coercion in the very bitterest terms. Hanging is far too good for such a degraded wretch. He should be made to eat Yankee nutmeg graters, until his life was grated over, and then he should be taken to a soap factory and rendered up into soap grease with which to make soap to wash the feet of Horace Greeley. Tennessee should hurl such a despicable old traitor from her confidence immediately. We are satisfied that God had no hand in connecting such men."

THANKS.—Our thanks are due to the Hon. A. KENNEDY, of the U. S. Senate, and to Hon. GEO. W. HUGHES, of the House, for a number of valuable public documents.

MAJOR ANDERSON SICK.—The Charleston papers state that it was currently reported throughout the city on Sunday last that Major Anderson was ill.

ARKANSAS ELECTION.—Arkansas election returns from Desart, Madison and Helena counties show secession majorities. Little Rock gives a Union majority.

THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.—The Hon. JEFF. DAVIS, President elect for the Southern Confederacy, was, on Monday last, duly inaugurated at Montgomery, Alabama. He delivered an address on the occasion, in which he makes many important recommendations. We shall endeavor to publish it in our next.

It is stated that the cabinet of President Davis will probably consist of the following gentlemen: Secretary of State, Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia; Secretary of War, P. G. Hider, of Louisiana; Secretary of the Navy, S. R. Mallory, of Florida; Secretary of the Interior, W. Porcher Miles, of South Carolina; Postoffice Department, J. H. Hemphill, of Texas; Attorney General, John A. Elmore, of Alabama.

Messrs. Slidell and Toombs will probably be sent as ambassadors to France and England respectively.

AN ALTERCATION.—On Friday night last, about 9 o'clock, an altercation took place in Washington, between Mr. Kellogg, representative from Illinois, and Mr. Madill, editor of the Chicago "Tribune." The difficulty was caused by some remarks of the latter concerning the late expressions of what Mr. Madill termed anti-republican opinions in the speech of Mr. Kellogg in the House, which it is known fell like a thunderbolt in the ranks of the republicans. And also concerning the threats of Mr. Kellogg to read the Tribune out of the party. In the altercation Mr. Kellogg knocked down Mr. Madill and chastised him severely, until separated by the bystanders.

AN INSULT FROM OHIO.—We are informed by reliable authority (says the Balt. Sun) that the man Walcott, just appointed to the Peace Conference at Washington, from Ohio in place of Judge Wright, is the person who gained some miserable notoriety at the time of moving in one of the State courts of Ohio that an adjournment should be had on the day that John Brown was executed. A man capable of such a sentiment, and thus openly avowing his sympathy with invasion, servile insurrection and murder, is now accredited to a position of official association with gentlemen of the State thus outraged! This is truly a fling insult to injury.

WENDELL PHILLIPS GLOATING OVER THE BARAHING UP OF THE UNION.—On Sunday afternoon Wendell Phillips delivered an address in Boston, commencing thus:

Some men sit sad and troubling for the future, because the knell of this Union is sounded. But the heavens are almost all gold—and if some sable clouds linger on the horizon, they have turned their silver linings almost wholly to our sight. Everyman who possesses his soul in patience at that decision regains his manliness and his union is virtue.

In the course of his remarks he says: "Lincoln is sovereign over Charleston harbor; he pushes Webster and Winthrop aside; he puts up the Tribune, Sumner, Wade and Lovejoy, and runs down Thurlow Weed and Seward and Adams; he sets two cabinet ministers and is in favor of an insurrection."

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY AT FORT SMITH, ARKANSAS.—*Lynch Law.*—A terrible tragedy occurred at Fort Smith on the night of the 11th instant. A party of five overland mail and Little Rock coach drivers entered the grocery of a German named Berger and commenced quarreling; pistols were drawn on both sides the barkeeper, named Belcher, was shot through the heart and died instantly; Berger received a shot in the forehead and died at eight o'clock next morning. Three of the drivers, George Bennett, Matt Ellis and Pony Farmer, were put under arrest and guarded by a company of military. The other ran escaped.

On the next day, while the prisoners were undergoing examination, a mob entered the justice office and demanded them for the purpose of lynching them. One of the prisoners, name Pony Farmer, broke from custody, and attempted to escape. He was immediately fired upon and instantly killed. The crowd then secured the remaining prisoners and made preparations for execution, but before they could carry out their designs the authorities interfered and secured the prisoners, and lodged them in Greenwood jail.

LETTER FROM A SOLDIER IN FORT SUMTER.—*Fort Sumter, Feb. 7, 1861.*—We expect to be attacked every one of these days. We have 11 regular mortar batteries. They are trying to get about 1 thousand men out here in the harbor to help us in case we need them. We have a power of shot and shell. I expect we should have a hot time if Lincoln let us alone. We all think we shall be able to stand it for about ten days. They cannot take Fort Sumter by assault unless they wish to sacrifice from three to five thousand lives. It is impossible they can enter the fort, and they cannot come near enough to make a breach. They know it very well, and their plan is to bombard us till they kill us one after another, or till we are starved to death.

THE WAR FEELING IN LOUISIANA.—*Baton Rouge, February 19.*—Since Mr. Lincoln's last speech, forbeadowing a coercion policy, war is deemed inevitable. No apprehensions are felt of the conflict in the South. On the news of demonstration by the Lincoln government the provisional government will send immediately a large army to the North. The South will never wait to be invaded.

One hundred thousand dollars were asked for to-day in the Legislature to put the fort on the Mississippi in complete defense.

An appropriation bill, amounting to one million five hundred thousand dollars, passed the House.

THE WEATHER AT THE SOUTH.—At Charleston, S. C., last week the weather was unusually mild. Peach trees were in full bloom, green peas had been in blossom for a week, and strawberries were beginning to form. The Mercury anticipates that about the middle of next month strawberries and green peas will be among the table luxuries supplied to Major Anderson at Fort Sumter.

TENDER OF SERVICES TO GOV. HICKS.—The Williamsport Guards recently tendered their services to the Governor of Maryland, through Col. A. K. Stake, for the purpose of aiding the Governor in "sustaining the laws," should an emergency arise requiring the aid of the citizens of the State. Governor Hicks, in reply, says they will be informed whenever their services may be needed to "sustain the laws."

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.—This body, as yet, has made no report. The Guthrie-Johnson project of amending the constitution seems to be the favorite, which it is thought will be reported to-day or to-morrow.

THE MONEY PRESSURE.—The comptroller of St. Louis advertises for sale, on account of delinquent tax-payers, a list of property in that city filling thirteen columns of the Republican.

☞ Seven hundred applications for office have been made to Lincoln from Minnesota. An exchange suggests, that Mr. Lincoln enrol them in the army.

REJOICINGS.—At Charleston and Mobile, on the 18th instant, a salute of 100 guns was fired in honor of the inauguration of President DAVIS.

DR. GREEN'S OXYGENATED BITTERS.—We are not in the habit, as our readers are aware, of recommending or noticing the various nostrums that are urged upon the public attention. But there are occasional cases where a departure from this rule seems proper, and the article above named presents a case of this kind. This medicine has acquired a permanent reputation for the relief of dyspepsia, liver complaint, heart-burn, and all difficulties originating or proceeding from the digestive organs, and, containing no alcohol, no mineral, or any poisonous drug, it is one of the safest remedial prescriptions. For a fuller account the reader is referred to the advertisement of the article. *Worcester Spy.*

From personal knowledge we confirm all that is above said in relation to this popular and excellent remedy.

☞ There seems to be some fear of a scarcity of ladies at old Abe's Inauguration Ball, as the committee request all those who *desire* invitations to send in their names, and they will be sent free.

MISSOURI CONVENTION ELECTION.—The returns of the State election show that the State has gone overwhelmingly for the Union candidates. Not ten secessionists are elected.

☞ Fairfax (Va.) County Court has appropriated $1,200 to arm two volunteer companies.

Marriage.

MARRIED, on the 14th instant, by the Rev'd DANIEL MOZER, Rev'd JOHN W. MOSELEY, of Missouri, to Miss MAGGIE D. PETER, daughter of Maj. GEO. PETER, of Montgomery county, Md.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, February 20th, 1861.

GRAIN.—Some 4,000 bushels of Wheat offered on Change this morning, and prices were firm at yesterday's advance, viz: 1,500 $1 40 for common to medium white, 1,450 $1 55 for fair to good, and 1,000 $1 65 per bushel for prime and choice—red brought 1 27@1 31 per bushel, being 1c higher for the latter than yesterday, the demand for red was good. Some 2,000 bushels Corn offered and new white sold at 55@65 cts for common to prime, and do. yellow at 57@60 cts for fair to prime, an advance of 1@2 cents per bushel on yesterday's prices; the demand for both colors was fair. Of Oats 2,000 bushels offered and Maryland sold at 30@32 cts, and Pennsylvania at 32@34 cts per bushel. A lot of 300 bushels Maryland Rye sold at 68 cts per bushel; we quote Pennsylvania at 70@72 cts per bushel. *Sun.*

Commissioners' Meeting.

THE Commissioners for Montgomery county will meet on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, to make transfers and transact such other business as may be brought before them. They will continue in session six days.

URIAH FORREST, Clk
to Commissioners.

feb 22—4t

ATTENTION,

ALL YE LOVERS OF GOOD COFFEE!

Save your Money, and always have Good Coffee!

This can be daily done by using HEERMAN'S

Celebrated Coffee Roasters!

THIS is a little machine that every woman requires, as an article of economy and convenience. The coffee roasted in this machine is not only better and far better, but much stronger, as the strength is retained and not destroyed in the roasting. It takes no more space than a coffee pot.

One pound of coffee can be roasted in from ten to twelve minutes, and two pounds in twenty minutes. It is constructed, that the coffee is kept constantly in motion, and exposed to the same degree of heat consequently all the grains are roasted alike, and have exactly the same flavor, no foreign flavor being imparted from over-roasting, or not roasting enough. A glass window is inserted at the end of the coffee box, so that the coffee may be inspected just as much as it was in an open vessel, obviating the danger of roasting it too much, and the aroma passing off, which would be inevitable if the machine had to be opened whenever you wanted to inspect the coffee. It will beyond all, doubt make better coffee and more of it.

W. A. CUMMING has purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell the above Machine for the Montgomery county, and would be pleased to see them, and explain their advantages to all his friends and the public.

They can be seen at the Store of John H. Higgins, Esq., Rockville, at all times, can be found at private residence, and will supply all Dry Goods, Groceries, and a farmer's supply. Only from a dissatisfied country store.

feb 15—3t WM. A. CUMMING.

Kimmell House,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,

C STREET, Bet. 4½ and 6th Streets,

Near the National Hotel, and two Squares from the Railroad Depot.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

Fine Parlors for the accommodation of Ladies.

Room and Board, per day - - -	$2 00
Room alone, per day - - -	1 00
Meals, each - - -	50
Lodging, if the room is vacated by 7 a. m.	50

Otherwise it will be considered by the day.

THE KIMMELL HOUSE is newly and elegantly furnished, and in every respect a first-class hotel. I invite the public to call and examine. A. F. KEMMELL, Proprietor.

THE BEST LIVERY STABLE in the City Attached.

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The following Stages run from the Kimmell House daily, as follows: Marlboro', T B, Beantown, Bryantown, Charlotte Hall, Chaptico, Leonardtown, Rockville, and Frederick, Md.; Arlington and Lersburg, Va., leave at 6 o'cl'k a. m., and all others at 7, a. m.

jan 25—6m A. F. KIMMELL, Agent.

Stray Bull.

State of Maryland, Montgomery County—to wit:

I hereby certify that Thomas J. Austin, of Montgomery county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, this 8th day of February, 1861, as a stray, trespassing on his enclosures, A BULL, about two years old,—crop off the left ear, and bit over the right—the color is a light blue, mottled with a darker color from the knees down, and dark on the end of his tail, and dark head. Given under my hand the day and year above mentioned.

M. F. HARRISS, J. P.

The owner of the above Bull is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

T. J. AUSTIN,

About two miles below Darnestown, on the road leading to Rockville.

feb 15

MARCH COURT!

PERSONS visiting Rockville during March Court, are respectfully invited to call on the subscriber, at the Store of JOHN H. HIGGINS, Esq., and examine Heerman's Celebrated COFFEE ROASTER, the exclusive right for manufacture and sale of which, for this (Montgomery) county, has been purchased by him.

feb 15 WM. A. CUMMING.

Valuable Real Estate,

AT PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, sitting in Equity, passed in the case of Elizabeth E. Offutt and others, devisees of Thomas L. Offutt, deceased, the undersigned, Trustee, will offer at public sale, at the Court-House door, in Rockville,

On THURSDAY, the 7th of March next, AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

the following **REAL ESTATE**, which Thomas L. Offutt died, seized and possessed of, and which he directed to be sold by his last will and testament for the purposes therein mentioned, to wit:

No. 1, A Tract of Land,

being part of a tract called 'DARBY ISLAND,' containing between **60 and 70 ACRES**, situated in the Potomac river, and adjoining that part of said Island which belongs to Nathaniel Clagett, and lying opposite to the Mouth of Watt's Branch, and about two miles above the Big Falls. The improvements consist of a SMALL TENEMENT & CORN-HOUSE. The land is fertile and productive, and yields annually heavy crops of corn and small grain.

No. 2, A Small Tract of Land,

called 'Sycamore Island,' in the Potomac river, on the north side of 'Darby Island,' and also THREE OTHER SMALL TRACTS, called 'Nettle Island,' 'Willett's Choice,' and 'Willow Island,' being three other small Islands in the Potomac river, near 'Darby Island.' These islands are uncleared, and are well Wooded. The area of these islands can be ascertained on the day of sale.

No. 3, A Tract of Land,

containing **22¾ ACRES**, more or less. This tract lies about a mile and a half above the Cross Roads, and adjoins the lands of Ornatio Clagett, Mrs. A. C. Fisher, and J. G. Fields.

There is a small DWELLING HOUSE upon this tract. The land is naturally good and easily improved, and well watered. The largest portion of this tract is uncleared, and has an abundance of WOOD, and Oak and Chestnut Timber, for all necessary purposes.

No. 4, A Tract of Land,

containing **100 ACRES**, more or less, lying on the south side of the main road, opposite to No. 3, and extends to the Potomac river. A part of this tract is cleared. There is a good deal of valuable Oak and Chestnut TIMBER, and a sufficiency of Wood for every purpose upon it.

No. 5, A Tract of Land,

containing **50 ACRES**, lying between No. 4 and the lands of Mrs. Lois Chis Offutt, on the south side of the River road. This tract is unimproved, and covered with a growth of Cedar and Pine, and has some Oak and Chestnut Timber on it.

Plats of the aforegoing tracts will be exhibited on the day of sale, if practicable; if not, the land will be sold subject to a survey to be made by the trustee as soon as the weather will permit. Possession will be given as soon as the terms of sale shall be complied with.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fifth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale or the ratification thereof, and the remainder in two equal installments, in one and two years, and the deferred payments to be secured by the usual bills of the purchasers, with security to be approved by the Trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale. On the third payment being made, and the payment of the whole purchase money, the Trustee will at the expense of the purchasers, convey all the right, title, interest and estate of Thomas L. Offutt, of and in the said tracts of land, free, clear and discharged of all claim of the parties to the suit, and of any person or persons claiming by, from or under them.

feb 15—6t ALEX. KILGOUR, Trustee.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, in Laytonsville, Montgomery county, Md.,

On SATURDAY, the 23d instant,

the following property, to wit:

One NEGRO MAN, James,

to serve until the 1st day of January, 1868.

TERMS OF SALE.—A credit of six months will be given, by the purchaser giving note, with security to be approved by the subscriber.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M.

WM. THOMPSON, of R., Exr
of Joshua Stewart, deceased.

Nelson Burns, Auc'r. [jan 11—ts

Wholesale and Retail SADDLERY.

TO ALL PROMPT PAYING MEN of Montgomery county, I would say, I will be at Rockville on the third of Mr. Frank's on the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th of March, with a load of

No. 1 Saddlery,

made of leather tanned by the old process, and made in the best manner, so that the purchaser may depend on its wearing well. Also, a full supply of Dry Goods, Groceries, and a farmer's supply. Only from a dissatisfied country store.

feb 15—3t WM. A. CUMMING.

Farm at Private Sale.

THE subscriber will sell, at private sale, the Farm on which he at present resides, situated on the road leading from the Washington and Brookville turnpike to Sandy Spring, adjoining the lands of Francis Valdenar and Thomas Connelly, and contains

100 Acres of Land,

Fifteen of which are in WOOD. The land is in a fair state of cultivation—is divided into five fields—under good fencing, and well watered. The improvements consist of a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, Stable, Corn-House, &c. Within a very short distance of the dwelling, is a never-failing Spring, with Dairy attached. There is on this farm a young and thrifty Apple and Peach Orchard, of choice fruit.

For terms, apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or address him, by letter, at Colesville, Montgomery county, Md.

jan 18—tf JACOB KEMP.

SILVER WARE.

M. W. GALT & BRO.,

354 Pennsylvania avenue,

(*Four doors west of Brown's Hotel.*)

Call attention to their unusually large stock of new and elegant Silver Ware, consisting of Tea Sets, Waiters, Pitchers, Goblets, Forks, Spoons, &c.

Also, every possible variety of Fancy Silver Ware, suitable for wedding presents.

M. W. GALT & BRO., Jewellers,
354 Penn. Av. 4 doors west Brown's hotel,

mar 25 Washington, D. C.

The Greatest Invention of the Age!

CALL AND SEE HEERMAN'S CELEBRATED COFFEE ROASTER, which can only be obtained of the subscriber, at the store of JOHN H. HIGGINS, Esq., in Rockville.

feb 15 WM. A. CUMMING.

Lime and Tar,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, and for sale low, by DORSEY & WOOD,

No. 118 High St., Georgetown, D. C.

June 29

A Southern Invention.

WOODWORTH'S COMPOUND TOILET & WASHING SOAP

Patented March 13th 1860.

THE subscriber having purchased of Mr. Woodworth the Patent Right for Montgomery county, Md., for his IMPROVED SOAP, now offers for sale

Family Rights.

Also, SOAPS of every description manufactured by his process.

The subscriber has tested this soap thoroughly, and can, with confidence, recommend it to the citizens of Montgomery county. It is decidedly the

Cheapest and Best Soap

that has ever been made, and at the same time the mode of manufacturing the simplest that has ever been discovered. It can be made in TEN MINUTES. Any one can heat over the fire a quantity of water, and turn the same into the best Toilet or Washing Soap. It is made without any offensive smell. There is no lye or grease used, being made entirely from chemicals. It has been analyzed by some of the best chemists, and found to contain nothing that will injure the most delicate fibres, or the skin.

This soap has been used by thousands of families for the last six months, and it is universally preferred to any other, wherever it is known, both for its superior quality as a washing and toilet soap, and for the great economy there is in using it, being cheaper by

Several hundred per cent.

than any other soap known. Every family should possess it, and needs only to be known to be sought after by every household and laundress in the land.

☞ The chemicals for its manufacture can be obtained at any Drug Store, at a very trifling expense.

FAMILY RIGHTS, or any of the Soaps, can be obtained of the subscriber. Any one purchasing a family right, and are dissatisfied after giving the soap a fair trial, can return it. He will, if required by the person purchasing a right, make some of the soap.

PERRY TRAIL,
dec 7—tf Rockville, Md.

ROCKVILLE, Dec. 4th, 1860.

MR. TRAIL: The specimens of soap you gave me, I caused to be thoroughly tried, and found them to be all you represented. I have never seen any soaps to equal them, both for their superior quality, and for the great economy there is using them. I cheerfully recommend them to the public. A. F. BOSWELL.

Road Notice.

WE, the undersigned, citizens of Montgomery county, do hereby give notice that we will, at their FIRST MEETING, *Thirty days after the publication of this notice*, petition the Commissioners for the opening of a county road, beginning at a corner stone on the dividing line between the lands of Wm. Granger and M. F. Harriss, on the Falls road, leading from Rockville, to run thence with the dividing line on the lands of the said M. F. Harriss, to the lands of Samuel Wilson, on Watts Branch, through the said lands to Mrs. Anna M. Fisher's lands, through the said lands to the dividing line between John T. Selby and Mrs. Mary Dodd, with the said line to the dividing line between Mrs. M. Dodd and Mrs. R. V. Braddock, with the said line to the dividing line between Mrs. Braddock and Mrs. Mary L. Jones, with the said line to the dividing line between Mrs. Jones and Samuel Jones, with the said line to the county road leading from the Parson Meeting house road to the canal, at Lock No. 21.

JOHN T. SELBY,
JOHN C. L. CREAMER,
LEONARD GREEN,
SAMUEL JONES,
ALEX. F. BOSWELL,
EVERARD G. FISHER,
WM. L. DULEY,
JAMES R. CREAMER,
R. V. BRADDOCK
SAMUEL WILLSON.

feb 1—4t

ROAD NOTICE.

WE the undersigned, citizens of Montgomery county, Md., hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that we will apply to the Commissioners of said county, at their First Meeting, thirty days after the publication of this notice, to open a road for the public convenience, beginning at the Frederick road, near the Presbyterian church, running through the land of James Henderson, and through the land of the heirs of Remus Dorsey and John Crawford, to intersect an old road running across the land of Johnson Brown, thence with said road to Remus Snyder's mill.

Jos. Leamon,	Wm. A. Cooke,
Wm. Waters,	Colman Petty,
Solomon Dowden,	Evan Bowman,
R. E. Shaw,	James Orme,
Jas. O. Rabbitt,	Wm. Horner,
W. W. Blunt,	Nathan Cooke, jr.
Eugene Jones,	H. D. Cooke,
Joshua Dorsey,	G. W. Brown.

feb 15—3td

Road Notice.

WE, the undersigned, citizens of Montgomery county, Md., hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that we will apply to the Commissioners of said county, at their First Meeting, thirty days after the publication of this notice, to open a road for the public convenience, beginning at the Frederick road, near some sycamore trees, running through Elijah Thompson's land, then running through William Cook's land, then through Harry D. Cook's land, then through the land of the heirs of Remus Dorsey, then through Remus Snyder's land to his mill.

Wm. A. Cooke,	James Orme,
H. D. Cooke,	Wm. Horner,
N. Cooke, jr.	Jas. O. Rabbitt,
R. G. Dorsey,	Nathan Cooke,
W. W. Blunt,	G. W. Brown.
Evan Bowman,	[feb 15

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT for Montgomery County, as a Court of Equity.

JANUARY TERM, 1861.

CHAS. M. PRICE & OLIVER P. PRICE,
vs.
MARY A. PRICE & OTHERS.

ORDERED, that the sales made and reported by Charles M. Price, Trustee for the sale of the Real Estate of Wm. Price, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown, on or before the fourth Tuesday of July next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Rockville, once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $13,729 88. JAS. G. HENING, Cl'k

Circuit Court for Montgomery county.

True copy—Test,

JAMES G. HENING, Cl'k

Circuit Court for Montgomery county.

feb 1—4t

MEXICAN GUANO.

AN INVOICE OF SUPERIOR WHITE MEXICAN GUANO in store and for sale low, by

HYDE & DAVIDSON,
Water Street, Georgetown, D. C.

ALSO—In store, a lot of BROWN MEXICAN GUANO, at $15 per ton of 2200 lbs.

aug 3—6m

ALFRED LEA,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CORN, MEAL, OATS, BRAN, SHIP-STUFF, &c.

☞ Gentlemen who wish to dispose of their Crops, in the above line, will please favor him with their custom, at the corner of Bridge and Green Street, Georgetown, D. C.

July 20—6mo

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2.
The Edinburg Review (Whig.)

3.
The North British Review (F. Church.)

4.
Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine (Tory.)

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For Blackwood and two Reviews,	7 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews,	10 00

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For Blackwood & one Review -	"	8 00
For Blackwood & two Reviews -	"	11 00
For Blackwood & three Reviews -	"	15 00
For the four Reviews - -	"	13 00
For Blackwood & four Reviews -	"	17 00

Any of the above works will also be furnished to *new subscribers* for the year 1856-7 and 8,

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Thus a new subscriber may obtain the Reprints of the four Reviews and Blackwood

Six Consecutive Years for $32!!

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As we shall never again be likely to offer such inducements as those here presented,

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