

ended to them by their experience since the founding of the colony; and they are satisfied that, besides the facilities that will afford for carrying on their operations, it will, in the score of economy, be highly important. The trade from Baltimore to Africa is already such as to insure at all times full freight from other quarters, should the society not be able to furnish it.

In conducting the affairs of the society from its commencement, the Board of Managers have had to rely upon the support of the managers of the State fund, when they failed to collect from the public, funds adequate to their wants. The policy of the State in establishing a separate colony for the reception of her emigrants, has in this manner, however, been fully corroborated; and the colony at Cape Palmas is now adequate to meet all the wants of colonization in Maryland, and to receive in comfort (offering them every prospect of happiness and prosperity) as many persons as it is probable will be found ready, in any year, to emigrate. Still the wants of the society, that cannot be supplied from the state fund, are many and pressing, and make it necessary that the friends of the cause should be called upon for assistance from time to time. During the coming year it is the intention of the Board to direct their agents to call upon all who feel an interest in the cause, for such aid as is in their power to give, for the purpose of raising the sum of four thousand dollars annually, for the ensuing four years. This sum will put it in the power of the Board to do many things for the colony in the advancement of agriculture, the promotion of education, and the introduction of a proper system of internal improvement, which are of vital importance, and in which the expenditure in the first instance of a comparatively small amount will be productive of the most permanent benefits.

Hitherto the Board have had to rely, in a great degree, upon the missionaries, established at the colony, for the means of educating the children of the emigrants; for though fully sensible of the importance of at once establishing a system of schools, yet the absolute and more pressing necessities incident to the founding of the settlement, prevented the Board, in the first instance, from doing more than provide in the 'ordinances' for the future wants and obligations of the colonists in this respect.