Cecil County Maryland



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

Prepared by the Cecil County Treasurer's Office



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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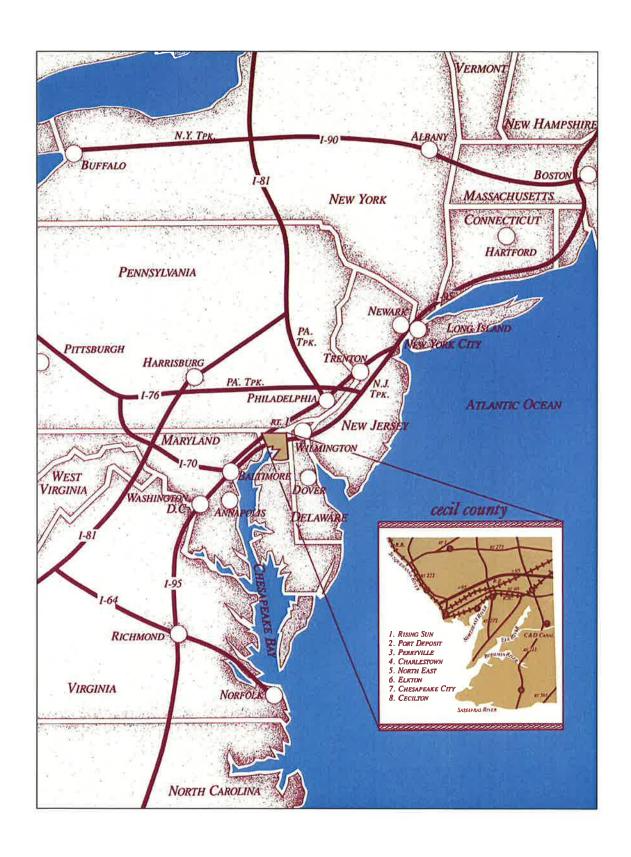
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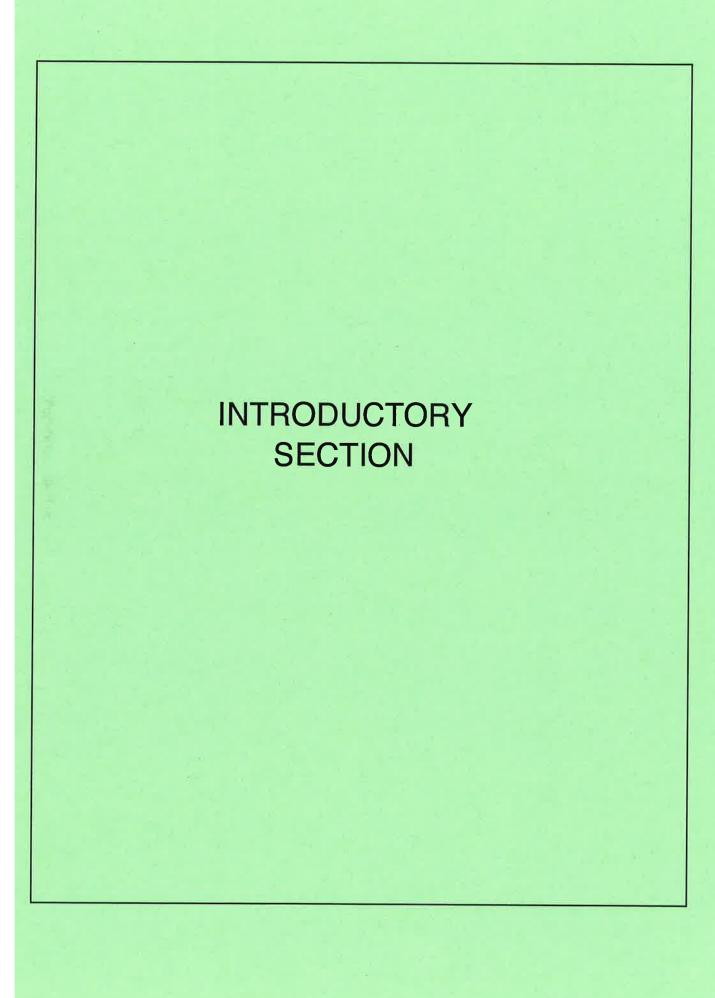
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ELKTON, MARYLAND 21921-5970

October 31, 2007

o the Board of County Commissioners and he Citizens of Cecil County, Maryland

'ursuant to Maryland state law that requires essentially all local governments to prepare a omplete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting rinciples (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm f licensed certified public accountants, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial teport of Cecil County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

his report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Cecil County. consequently, management of the County assumes responsibility for the completeness and airness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making nese representations, the management of Cecil County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost should not outweigh the benefits, Cecil County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than cosolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As langement, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

ecil County's financial statements have been audited by Santora CPA Group, a firm of licensed extified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable scurance that the financial statements of Cecil County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are see of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence apporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting inciples used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial atement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that Cecil County's financial statements for e fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The dependent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this port.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Cecil County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Cecil County's financial planning and control. The County maintains certain budgetary controls (further explained in Note 2 to the financial statements) to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the County's Board of Estimates. Activities of the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund are included in the annual budget. The County Commissioners may pass budget amendments through the end of the fiscal year and, with certain limitations, department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The County uses a six-year Capital Improvement Program to plan and budget for its capital projects. This plan is updated throughout the fiscal year and is used as a management tool for decisions involving the scheduling and funding of various capital projects. The County includes the current portion of the Capital Improvement Plan in its annual operating budget. The County maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual operating budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and other major funds, this comparison is presented starting on page 22 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For non-major governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report starting on page 74.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Cecil County was incorporated in 1674 and is located in the northeast corner of the State of Maryland. Local government is provided by a Board of five Commissioners, elected every four years, who exercise those powers granted by the General Assembly of Maryland. The commissioners exercise both legislative and executive powers under a Maryland commissioner form of government. Other elected officials include the County Treasurer, the Sheriff, the State's Attorney, and three Circuit Court Judges.

The government serves a population of over 99,500 over a land area of 352 square miles. The County is empowered to levy a property tax on real property and certain personal property used in business, an income tax on residents and non-residents working in the County, and to levy or collect various other taxes and charges for services. Cecil County provides a wide range of services to its citizens including police, a correctional institution, and emergency management; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, bridges, other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. Fire protection is provided by several volunteer fire departments located throughout the County and the County assists with the funding of these companies. Water and wastewater services are provided by the County in certain areas and a central landfill is maintained. Cecil County is also financially accountable for, and provides significant financial

support to, the legally separate Board of Education of Cecil County, Cecil Community College, the Cecil County Public Library and the Bainbridge Development Corporation. These entities, considered component units of the County, are included in these financial statements and are further described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Cecil County is located in the northeastern part of the State, midway between Baltimore and Philadelphia. From a residential, industrial and commercial standpoint, Cecil County's location is ideal. Interstate 95, the most important business corridor on the country's east coast, traverses the northern part of the county from east to west and provides Cecil County easy access to major Mid-Atlantic markets which has resulted in strong economic growth. Much of this area is also accessible by rail and Cecil County is becoming a key spot for those industries in the Mid-Atlantic region that demand access to transportation afforded by rail-served land.

Cecil County has an abundance of industrial land available for development. The County continues to pursue its primary economic development objective of encouraging substantial growth in the industrial sector, particularly in the areas of light manufacturing, distribution, research and development, and corporate office development. Unemployment in the County rose slightly to 4.3% for fiscal year 2007. This is just slightly above the state average of 3.85% for the same period.

In accordance with its adopted land use plan, Cecil County encourages development in what is locally known as the "growth corridor" located between Route 40 and I-95. While growth continues in the manufacturing and distribution sectors, agriculture remains a major segment of the economy and the County is taking steps to preserve its farmland. Cecil County has a growing tourism industry due to ready access to the Chesapeake Bay and five of its tributaries, several parks and outdoor recreation areas, scenic small towns and a wealth of history. The County continues to maintain an attractive mix of suburban and rural areas.

Property taxes and local income taxes provided approximately 76% of Cecil County's operating revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. Although revenues from these two sources have increased annually over the past several years and are expected to continue to grow due to a combination of residential, commercial and industrial growth and rising assessment values, 2007 tax revenue was less than originally budgeted. This shortfall contributed to a deficit of \$4,418,971 which reduced fund balance to \$35,802,062 of which \$5,606,793 is unreserved and undesignated.

Under the Base Realignment and Closure act (BRAC), the United States Army is in the process of moving jobs from Fort Monmoth, New Jersey to Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG), located less than fifteen miles from Cecil County's southwest border. This relocation is expected to affect the entire region around APG including Harford, Baltimore, and Cecil counties. While the Army's ordinance school will move, thus reducing the number of "military" jobs by about 4,000, the base will gain approximately 8,200 new civilian jobs in the electronics and advanced communications research and development fields. Average pay for the new jobs is expected to be in the upper \$80,000 range; 62% will require a four year degree and 20% will require a master's degree. Additionally, many new contractor jobs are expected to be created in the surrounding area.

Major Initiatives

Current Year. In fiscal year 2006-2007, the County funded several major programs designed to improve services for citizens including the following:

- Continued systematic repair or replacement of the counties bridges. Four bridges were completed and reopened in FY2007. Total expenditure for bridge replacement during the fiscal year was \$ 4,198,321.
- Substantial completion of the new public library in Perryville and relocation of the Chesapeake City library to larger quarters.
- Began work on a new County Administration building which is expected to be substantially completed by November 2007.

The County continues to fund much of its capital improvement program through pay-as-you-go funding. Accordingly, it has designated over \$13.2 million of its June 30, 2007, General Fund fund balance toward capital projects.

Over 460 new jobs were created in Cecil County as a result of new or expanded industrial development during FY2007. Two examples of the types of development the County experienced include:

- Perryville Cold Storage constructed a new 400,000 square foot rail-serviced, refrigerated distribution center in the Principio Business Park at a cost of \$30 million.
- New England Motor Freight began operations at their truck terminal in the North East Commerce Center. The terminal cost nine million dollars to construct and employs 150.
- Champion Properties completed construction of a 600,000 square foot regional distribution center.

Long Term. Due to its ideal location and BRAC, the County is one of the fastest growing counties in Maryland. While the economic future is bright, the County must find ways to manage this growth in order to preserve the quality of life its citizens now enjoy.

In the area of education, renovation on Elkton High School and Perryville Middle School will continue throughout FY08, as well as renovation of the Calvert Elementary School and Perryville High School. Construction on the new library in Perryville is substantially complete with expected occupancy in late 2007. Planning will begin for renovation of the physical education building at the Cecil Community College Main Campus.

Showing a commitment to the future development of Cecil County, several firms are in the process of building in Cecil County. Some examples include:

- PTFE Compounds is building a 40,000 square foot manufacturing facility.
- Strickland Steel, a metal fabrication company, is building a 10,000 square foot facility in the Triumph Industrial Park
- Cecil Technology Campus has completed a 45,000 speculative building in the Principio Industrial Park. When finished, the campus will contain 225,000 square feet of office facilities.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Debt Administration. Moody's Investors Service has raised the County's rating on its general obligation debt to Aa3 while the rating from Standard & Poor's Corporation has remained AA-. Under current State statutes, the County's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to authorization by the Maryland State Legislature. The County has ongoing authority under State law to issue bonds for water and sewer projects up to 15% of the assessable base. At June 30, 2007, the County's net general obligation debt was \$114,842,045 and debt per capita equaled \$1,154.12.

Cash Management. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, or other investments authorized by State statute and the County's Investment Policy. Each bank holding County funds provides regular reports of collateralization of the County's deposits. The County earned interest revenue of \$4,895,423 on all investments (excluding component units) for the year ended June 30, 2007.

The County's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. All investments held by the County during the year ended June 30, 2007, were classified in the lowest risk category as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Risk Management. The County is self-insured for health care provided for employees of County government, the Cecil Community College and the Cecil County Public Library. The County insures liability, property damage and excess liability coverage through the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust, which is a public entity risk pool. Workers' compensation insurance is provided through Injured Workers Insurance Fund, an independent agency of the State of Maryland.

Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits. The County sponsors a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its public safety employees. All other employees, excluding some contractual and part-time employees, are covered through the County's participation the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System. The County has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its annual contractual payment to the Pension System.

The County also provides \$75 per month towards post-retirement heath and dental care benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 59 retired employees receiving these benefits, which are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. While GAAP does not currently require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to provide these benefits the County will be required to report this liability in next year.

Additional information on the County's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in Notes 14 and 15 to the financial statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Cecil County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award which recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government

financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements. The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Cecil County Treasurer's Office; each member of the staff has my sincere appreciation.

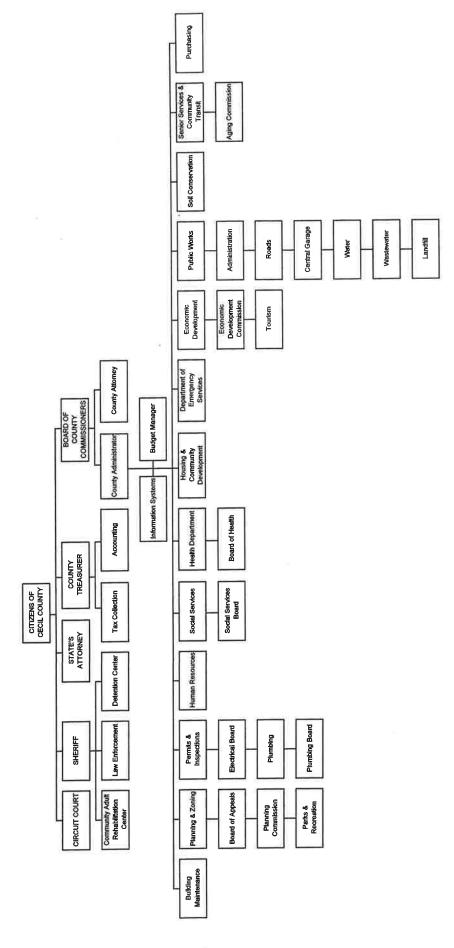
In closing, with the leadership and support of the Board of County Commissioners, preparation of this report reflects the interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of Cecil County Government in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Pamela R. Howard

Treasurer of Cecil County

COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND FISCAL YEAR 2007



Cecil County, Maryland

Principal Officials

June 30, 2007

Elected Officials

Board of County Commissioners

President

Vice President

Commissioner

Commissioner

Commissioner

Treasurer

Sheriff

State's Attorney

Circuit Court

Administrative Judge

Judge Judge Dexter M. Thompson, Jr.

Christopher J. Eastridge

William C. Manlove

Rebecca J. Demmler

Brian L. Lockhart

Pamela R. Howard

Barry A. Janney, Sr.

Wayne L. Tome

Mark H. Guns

O. Robert Lidums Richard E. Jackson

Other Officials and Department Directors

County Administrator

County Attorney

Alfred C. Wein, Jr. Findlay M. McCool

Department Directors

Senior Services & Community Transit

Economic Development Emergency Management

Housing & Community Development

Human Resources
Permits and Inspections
Planning and Zoning

Public Works

Susan Twigg Vernon Thompson Frank Muller

David B. Mahaney Donna M. Nichols Patrick T. Conway Eric S. Sennstrom W. Scott Flanigan

District Court

Administrative Judge

Judge

James C. McKinney Stephen J. Baker

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Cecil County Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2006

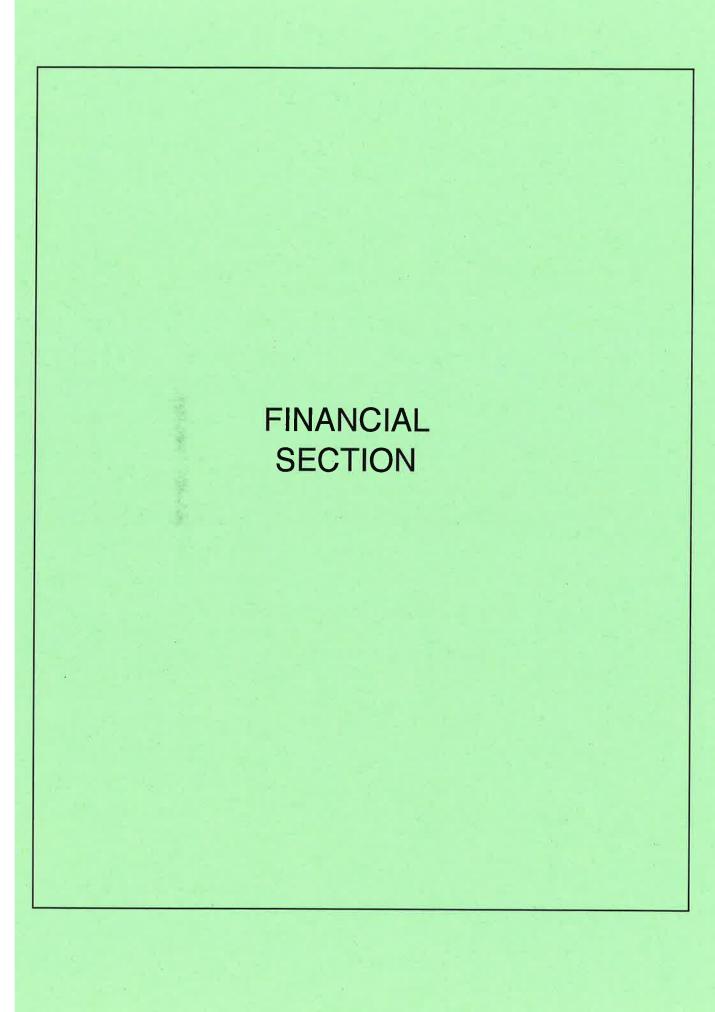
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WINTED STATES AND CORPORATION OF COR

President

Executive Director







William A. Santora, CPA John A. D'Agostino, CPA, MST Heath N. Kahrs, CPA

Robert Freed, Principal Linda A. Pappajohn, Principal

Independent Auditors' Report

To the County Commissioners Cecil County, Maryland

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cecil County, Maryland (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Board of Education of Cecil County, Cecil Community College, Cecil County Public Library, and the Bainbridge Development Corporation, which collectively represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. These financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Board of Education, Cecil Community College, Cecil County Public Library, and the Bainbridge Development Corporation, are based solely upon the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Housing Programs Fund and Highway Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the County Commissioners

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2007, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

74 Grover

October 31, 2007

Newark, Delaware

CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

June 30, 2007

The Treasurer of Cecil County and the Board of County Commissioners of Cecil County are pleased to present to readers of the financial statements of Cecil County this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Cecil County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County (primary government) exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$133,163,903 (net assets). Of this amount, \$132,986,511 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, and \$5,385,127 was restricted for specific purposes. The County has a negative \$5,207,735 in unrestricted net assets due to the fact that while the County issues general obligation bonds to pay for school construction, the assets (school buildings) are owned by the Cecil County Board of Education which is a separate legal entity. Component units reported net assets of \$206,158,670, with \$8,488,513 unrestricted.
- Total net assets of the primary government decreased by \$1,667,388 or 1.2%. The net assets of governmental activities decreased \$2,365,304 from the previous year, while the net assets from business activities increased \$697,916.
- At June 30, 2007, the County reported combined ending fund balances in governmental funds of \$62,433,073, a decrease of \$8,247,163 from the previous year. A \$4,418,971 decrease in General Fund fund balance is largely attributable to additional pay-as-you-go funding for capital improvements combined with tax revenue falling short of original budget. The fund balance decrease in the General Capital Projects fund, \$792,891, was due to a reduction in grant revenue as projects were completed and grant revenue fully expended. The Board of Education Construction fund decreased by \$1,534,011 as expenditures exceeded new bond funding.
- The unreserved balance of the General Fund was \$23,092,967, or 15.1% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Of this balance, \$17,486,174 has been designated for capital expenditures and fiscal year 2008 expenditures. The combined unreserved fund balance in the Special revenue, Debt service, General Capital Projects and non-major funds totaled \$26,046,841; of this, \$10,275,618 is attributable to the General Capital Projects Fund, \$8,656,619 is attributable to the Board of Education Construction Fund and \$6,451,874 to non-major funds.
- The County's general obligation debt related to governmental activities was \$115,740,554, an increase of \$19,348,065. This increase came from the issuance of the 2006 bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to Cecil County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide inancial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This

report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Cecil County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets (page 18) presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (page 19) presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The statements also present financial information for the County's component units.

- Governmental Activities Most of the County's basic services are reported in this category.
 Taxes and intergovernmental revenues generally support these services. Services provided include general administration, public safety, public works, social services, parks, education, libraries, and economic development.
- Business-type Activities The County charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of the water, wastewater, and landfill services it provides.
- Discretely Presented Nonfiduciary Component Units (Component Units) Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County includes in this report the Board of Education of Cecil County, Cecil Community College, Cecil County Public Library, and the Bainbridge Development Corporation.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements begin on page 20 and provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts to maintain control over specific sources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Cecil County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, the fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances available for future spending at fiscal year end. This information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Since the fund statements do not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations are provided (pages 21 and 23) to demonstrate the differences

between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Assets and between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities. Comparison of the two sets of statements for the governmental funds and the governmental activities may provide the reader with insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions as the fund statements are from a short-term perspective and the activities statements show long term information.

The County presents the following major governmental funds individually in the County's basic financial statements:

- General
- Housing Programs
- Highway
- General Capital Projects
- Board of Education Construction

The remaining non-major governmental funds have been combined and presented in one column. Combining statements for the non-major funds is presented beginning on page 71.

- Proprietary Funds When the County charges for the services it provides, proprietary funds are generally used to report these activities. Cecil County uses two types of proprietary funds; enterprise funds which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and internal service funds which are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the government funds. Proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) utilize accrual accounting; the same method used by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public - water, wastewater, and landfill services. Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities - the Central Garage and Health Insurance.
- Fiduciary Funds The County acts as a fiduciary to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has agency funds to collect and remit certain taxes and fees on behalf of the state and several local municipalities. The Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees is a component unit of the county. Payment of retirement, disability and death benefits to participants as well as contributions from the county and participants are accounted for in a fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets beginning on page 32 and are reported using accrual accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent assets available to the County to finance its operations.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a ull understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 37 of this report.

Other information. Other information includes combining financial statements for non-major jovernmental funds. These funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on he governmental fund financial statements. Detailed General Fund budget information as well as combining and individual non-major fund statements begins on page 68.

The County also provides certain informational and statistical schedules that begin on page 99.

Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

Net Assets. As noted earlier, Cecil County's net assets exceeded liabilities by \$133,163,903. Over time, changes in net assets serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. A year-to-year comparison of net assets follows:

Cecil County's Net Assets as of June 30, 2007 and 2006

	Governmer 2007	tal Activites2006			Governmen 2007	nt-wide Total 2006		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 93,725,904 139,785,004	\$ 93,632,266 117,284,416	\$ 16,939,302 47,491,036	\$ 17,622,049 44,934,023	\$ 110,665,206 187,276,040	\$ 111,254,315 162,218,439		
Total Assets	233,510,908	210,916,682	64,430,338	62,556,072	297,941,246	273,472,754		
Long Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	108,216,398 24,446,491	89,698,558 18,004,801	28,375,353 3,739,101	28,518,228 2,419,876	136,591,751 28,185,592	118,216,786 20,424,677		
Total Liabilities	132,662,889	107,703,359	32,114,454	30,938,104	164,777,343	138,641,463		
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Asset net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	:s, 109,193,073 4,461,531 (12,806,585)	87,707,104 4,463,489 11,042,730	23,793,438 923,596 7,598,850	20,670,342 929,726 10,017,900	132,986,511 5,385,127 (5,207,735)	108,377,446 5,393,215 		
Total Net Assets	\$ 100,848,019	\$ 103,213,323	\$ 32,315,884	\$ 31,617,968	\$ 133,163,903	\$ 134,831,291		

The largest component of the County's net assets, \$132,986,511, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and others), less any related outstanding debt. The increase in Invested in Capital Assets (net of Related Debt) of \$24,609,065 is primarily caused by net capital asset additions exceeding the net change of depreciation and new debt. It should be noted that capital assets are not available for future spending as they are used to provide services to citizens. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources as the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to repay these liabilities. Additionally, it should be noted that while the County issues debt for the construction and renovation of public schools, the school buildings are owned by the legally separate Board of Education of Cecil County. Consequently, the County's financial statements reflect debt incurred on behalf of the Board of Education, but do not show the related asset.

Restricted net assets of \$5,385,127 are the next largest component and represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, state or County law provisions, or enabling legislation on how they may be used. Restricted assets for governmental activities decreased by \$1,958 while restricted net assets for business-type activities decreased \$6,130 for a total decrease of \$8,088 from fiscal year 2006.

The remaining portion of net assets is a negative unrestricted net asset balance of \$5,207,735. Governmental activities' unrestricted net assets, negative \$12,806,585, is due to outstanding debt incurred to construct or renovate buildings owned by the Board of Education. Business-type activities unrestricted net assets of \$7,598,850 are derived from the landfill, \$3,904,546, wastewater

Government-wide Total

10,219,407

96,385,038

3,876,453

1,181,638

2,386,359

558,077

867,921

3,953,215

4,631,952

(1,667,388) \$

180,149,458

4,330,990

824,410

3,511,634

4,065,771

8,401,815

2,642,391

867,921

3,953,215

4,631,952

9,453,088

697,916 \$

340,882

9,124,168

75,496,621

2,986,777

959,773

464,606

498,225

3,507,162

824,410

3,511,634

4,065,771

145,097,455

23,045,510

199,476

services, \$3,927,898 and water services, negative \$233,594, and are essentially limited to use by the operation from which the net assets derive.

Governmental Activities

10,219,407

96,385,038

3,876,453

1,181,638

2,386,359

558,077

4,330,990

170,696,370

(2,365,304) \$

340,882

Highways, Streets, & Bridges

Health and Welfare

Education

Public Libraries

Municipalities

Wastewater

Landfill

Recreation and Culture

Economic Development

Interest on Long Term Debt

Total Expenses

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets

Agricultural Programs

Cecil County's Changes in Net Assets

Business-type Activities

		401011										
		2007	_	2006	_	2007		2006	-	2007	_	2006
REVENUES												
Program Revenues:						·	_		•	40.040.070	•	45 400 0E0
Charges for Services	\$	5,138,783	\$	4,873,950	\$	8,675,189	\$	10,236,000	\$	13,813,972	\$	15,109,950
Operating Grants & Contributions		16,731,002		15,645,620		-		8.50		16,731,002		15,645,620
Capital Grants & Contributions		3,224,095		4,582,308		1,373,258		747,580		4,597,353		5,329,888
General Revenues:												TO 004 454
Property Taxes		80,546,737		72,324,454		1.7		-		80,546,737		72,324,454
Income Taxes		46,864,546		46,103,323		1.5				46,864,546		46,103,323
Entitlements		8,701,341		10,331,555		150				8,701,341		10,331,555
Investment Earnings		5,159,287		3,203,450		63,057		48,257		5,222,344		3,251,707
Other Revenue & Gains/Losses	- No	1,965,275		34,099		39,500	_	12,369	_	2,004,775		46,468
Total Revenues		168,331,066	_	157,098,759		10,151,004	_	11,044,206	_	178,482,070		168,142,965
EXPENSES												
General Government		9,863,529		8,067,921				-		9,863,529		8,067,921
Public Safety		28,205,141		24,026,137						28,205,141		24,026,137
Hohways Streets & Bridges		13,348,855		11,364,774		-		~		13,348,855		11,364,774

9,124,168

75,496,621

2,986,777

959,773

464,606

498,225

3,507,162

199,476

Changes in Net Assets. As shown in the above schedule, the County's combined net assets decreased \$1,667,388 over the course of this fiscal year's operations.

136,695,640

20,403,119

The net assets of the governmental activities decreased \$2,365,304. The increase in revenue from governmental activities was relatively small, 7.1%, and was insufficient to cover the increase 24.9% in expenses caused by the demands of a growing population. Some key elements of the changes are:

- Property tax increase of \$8,222,283 (11.3%)
- Increase of \$4,179,004 (17.3%) in expenses for public safety
- Increase of \$20,888,417 (27.6%) in expenses for education

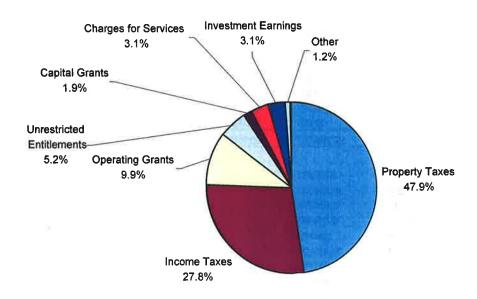
These items will be discussed in greater detail in the fund statement analysis beginning on page 9.

Although the net assets of the County's business-type activities increased by \$697,916, these resources cannot be used to make up for any net asset deficit in governmental activities due to state statutory restrictions. The County can only use these business-type net assets to finance the water, wastewater, and landfill operations.

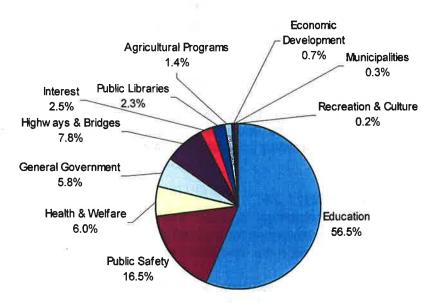
Governmental Activities

The following charts depict revenues and expenditures of the governmental activities for the fiscal year.

Revenues - Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



Functional Expenses - Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2007



Revenues of governmental activities for fiscal year 2007 exceeded 2006 by \$11,232,307. Of this increase, \$8,222,283 came from increased property tax revenues and \$1,955,837 from investment earnings. The key revenue elements are discussed later in the fund statement comparisons.

Expenses of governmental activities for fiscal year 2007 were \$34,000,729 higher than those of 2006 and increased in all categories. The largest component of the increase in governmental activities, \$20,888,417 in the education category, was due to increased spending for construction and renovation of schools. Public Safety expenses increased by \$4,179,004 in part because of increases in salaries and a new program to assist volunteer fire companies with the purchase of capital equipment. Renovation of several county bridges was largely responsible for a \$1,984,081 increase in Highways, Streets and Bridges and spending for agricultural land preservation increased \$1,921,753. Key components of these changes are discussed later in the fund statement comparison.

Business-type Activities

In 2007, net assets of business-type activities increased by \$697,916 from fiscal year 2006. This change was \$1,944,475 less than the increase that occurred between 2006 and 2005. In 2006, the Carpenter's Point sewer was largely completed and area residents were charged one-time fees for connection to the system, thus temporarily increasing revenue in that year.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As previously noted. Cecil County uses fund accounting as means of ensuring and demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds provide useful information regarding near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Unreserved fund balance is particularly helpful in measuring the net resources available for spending at fiscal year end.

As the County completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds reported fund balances of \$62,433,073. Of the current ending fund balances, \$23,092,967 is reported as unreserved in the General Fund, \$26,046,841 as unreserved in special revenue, debt service and capital project funds, and \$13,293,265 is reported as reserved for encumbrances, inventories & prepaid items, contingencies, and notes receivable in all funds.

The unreserved balance of the General Fund amounts to 15.1% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Of the unreserved balance, \$17,486,174 has been designated for capital expenditures and fiscal year 2008 expenditures.

Governmental Funds

General Fund – Comparison to Prior Year. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of fiscal year, the reserved fund balance was \$12,709,095 and the unreserved fund balance was \$23,092,967. The General Fund reserved fund balance is not available for new spending; most of it, \$11,508,756, has already been committed for contingencies as required by County policy and the remaining balance consists of inventory & prepaid items and non-current notes receivable neither of which is readily available for spending. The County has designated \$13,211,790 of the unreserved fund balance for future capital projects and \$4,274,384 for fiscal year 2008 expenditures.

The fund balance of Cecil County's General Fund decreased by \$4,418,971 in fiscal year 2007. Total General Fund revenue increased by \$11,458,966 due largely to the following:

- Property taxes increased \$6,123,730 or 8,5% due to increased property tax assessments combined with growth in the County. The County maintained a constant tax rate (versus constant yield).
- Income taxes increased \$2,256,123 over the previous year as the County's economy continues to grow.
- Recordation fees decreased \$1,162,360 from 2006 as the County felt the effects of the nationwide slump in the housing market. This was the major cause of the \$983,275 decrease in intergovernmental revenues.
- Investment earnings increased by \$1,892,189 due to a combination of higher interest rates and more funds available for investment.
- The County received a refund of \$1,796,867. Woodlawn is an inactive landfill owned by the County and was included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) National Priorities List of hazardous waste sites. The County, along with other corporate entities, entered into a consent agreement in 1996 and was required to pay approximately \$4.8 million as its share of the cleanup. The cost of remediation, which is now complete, was less than anticipated and the excess funds have been returned to the participating parties.

While General Fund revenue increased by 8.4%, expenditures and transfers out increased by 15.9% or \$21,016,401 over 2006. The following are key components of this increase:

- Expenditures for education (excluding education-related construction) increased \$4,107,852 and consisted of a \$3,486,090 increase for the Board of Education and an increase of \$621,762 for Cecil Community College.
- Public Safety experienced a \$3,744,165 increase largely due to increased funding to volunteer fire companies for capital equipment, \$1,424,330 and increased wages and benefits for Sheriff's Office employees, \$1,042,072. Increased wages and wage benefits for other public safety employees as well as higher prices for gasoline accounted for the rest of the change.
- The Cecil County Public Library received \$903,228 in additional funding in fiscal year 2007 to assist with the increased operating costs.
- Transfers to other funds increased \$9,450,887 and included a \$6,699,267 increase in funding for capital projects.

General Fund - Comparison to Budget. Total revenues, \$148,430,108, exceeded budget by \$2,256,289 due mainly to the nearly \$1.8 million refund mentioned earlier. Revenue from income taxes exceeded final budget by \$1,064,546, however, this was offset by shortfalls in intergovernmental revenue including \$372,280 related to the Healthy Marriage grant; approximately \$200,000 in grants for emergency services; and approximately \$300,000 of shortfalls in various other grants. Charges for Services exceeded budget by \$227,437 which includes a \$199,762 increase in 911 fees.

Actual expenditures and transfers out were \$7,389,520 less than final budget. General Government expenditures were approximately \$2.7 million less than budget primarily due to operating savings in the Information Systems department, Board of Elections, Office of the Administrator, Special Projects and Reserve for Emergencies. The departments within the Public Safety category had combined operating savings of \$1,923,445; of this, approximately \$1.2 million was attributable to Law Enforcement and Emergency Management. The Department of Social Services won approval for a federal grant in the amount of \$556,000, but because the grant was awarded late in the fiscal year, \$358,556 was not spent as of June 30, 2007. Due mainly to delays in road paving and equipment purchases in the Roads Department, the operating transfer from the General Fund to the Special Revenue funds was \$1,290,710 less than budget.

Housing Programs. The Fund remained relatively unchanged showing an increase to fund balance of \$86,772. Expenditures were up 5.3% from the previous year due to overall increases in the cost of operations.

Highway Fund. The Fund had increased spending of \$802,390 over 2006; over half of this increase was due to increased costs related to snow removal while the purchase of capital assets accounted for an additional \$121,599. Due to weather-related delays in construction combined with delays in purchasing capital equipment, expenditures were under budget by \$1,113,533; consequently, the operating transfer from the General fund was also under budget by \$1,067,353.

General Capital Projects Fund. Spending levels of general capital projects fund was relatively unchanged from 2006.

Board of Education Construction Fund. The Fund reported an increase of \$17,381,127 in spending compared to 2006 due to large construction costs associated with adding additional classrooms to accommodate full day kindergarten and the continued renovation of Elkton High and Perryville Middle School.

Non-Major Governmental Funds. Spending levels of non-major funds increased by \$7,407,688 compared to 2006. Approximately \$1.8 million of this was due to increased expenditures for agricultural land preservation; an additional \$2.1 million went toward payment of debt service and expenditures for library construction increased by just over \$3.4 million.

Proprietary Funds

Water Services Fund. Revenue in this fund increased by 4.2% from last year to \$787,028 and expenses increased by 5.3% to \$867,921 resulting in an operating loss of \$80,893. The continuing losses in this fund are primarily generated by depreciation on capital assets.

Wastewater Services Fund. This fund had an operating loss of \$1,043,215 versus a gain of \$781,635 in 2006. Revenues for fiscal year 2007 decreased by approximately \$1.4 million as fiscal year 2006 included a special assessment of \$1,478,400 for users of the Carpenter's Point sewer system. Adjusted for this one-time charge, revenues increased 3% or \$71,925 year over year. Operating expenses increased by \$418,375 to \$3,520,669 largely due to depreciation. Connection fees of \$923,950 and capital asset contributions from developers in the amount of \$443,508 combined to help offset the operating loss for a decrease in net assets of \$78,591.

Landfill Fund. In fiscal year 2007, the County began to strictly enforce regulations that allow only county residents to use the landfill; consequently revenue from user fees was down slightly \$186,054 from the previous year. At the same time, the County began an aggressive campaign to encourage recycling; the costs related to this program contributed to a \$585,460 increase in expenses. The landfill ended the year with operating income of \$1,026,921. Although operating income is down \$771,514 from the previous year, the county's ultimate goal is to prolong the useful life of the landfill thus deferring the cost.

Health Insurance Internal Service Fund – Premiums received from participants increased by \$483,559 to \$6,880,536 as price increases have taken effect. Medical claims and administrative fees increased \$244,858 to \$5,781,718 due to a combination of medical inflation and increased

prescription costs. The County strives to fund only 85% of health plan costs with the remainder paid by participants.

Central Garage Internal Service Fund - The County uses a third party vehicle maintenance company to operate the County's vehicle maintenance facility. The Fund records the full value of the services, parts, and cost of the supplying the facility to the contractor and charges user departments for the services. The fund allocates back to users all costs and retains as net assets only the remaining useful life of buildings and equipment. The fund's 2007 operating costs were slightly lower than 2006 by \$29,511. In part, this represents an effort by the County to modernize its fleet and perform timely preventative maintenance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County adopted its fiscal year 2007 budget on May 30, 2006, and amended it to meet operational needs during the year. The legal level of budgetary control is at the departmental level and while department heads may make budget tranfers within their own department, the Board of County Commissioners must approve any budget amendments that increase or decrease revenue or move appropriations between departments.

Budget changes during the year added \$8,004,033 to expenditures and transfers and decreased revenues by \$2,113,757. The key elements of these changes are as follows:

- Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund were increased by \$5,133,000. Of this, the appropriation for the new county office building was increased by five million dollars.
- \$908,700 was re-appropriated from FY2006 for capital equipment purchases for the volunteer fire companies.
- The County received additional federal grant funds in the amount of \$556,000 to promote healthy marriages.
- Estimated revenue from property taxes was reduced by approximately \$2.4 million due to a reduction in the cap on assessment increases.
 - A \$3,450,000 decrease in estimated income tax revenue was necessary due to a flat revenue stream.
 - Estimated revenue from investment earnings was increased by \$3,230,000 due to favorable interest rates.

The final budget contained \$146,173,819 of revenues, \$160,214,844 of expenditures and transfers, and \$14,041,025 of appropriated fund balance. The actual revenues and other financing sources were \$2,351,334 above final budget and actual expenditures and transfers \$7,270,720 below final budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2007, the County had invested \$187,276,040, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see the table below). Depreciation and depletion charges for this fiscal year totaled \$9,165,033.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The completion of a Landfill gas recovery system.
- The construction of a new County Administration Building

 Highway projects within the Highway Fund and General Capital Projects Fund continue to emphasize complete refurbishment of the County's bridges as well as maintaining pavement resurfacing programs.

The following table comprises the County's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and depletion.

Cecil County's Capital Assets as of June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmen	tal.	Activites	Business-type Activites					Total			
	2007		_	2006		2007		2006	7	2007	_	2006	
	\$	8,136,191	\$	7,922,233	\$	875,348	\$	875,348	\$	9,011,539	\$	8,797,581	
ction in Progress		13,766,302		13,480,856		3,381,721		2,058,173		17,148,023		15,539,029	
& Land Improvements		2,092,718		846,029		2,649,361		3,362,168		4,742,079		4,208,197	
ys & Bridges		81,582,240		72,055,342		*		3+3		81,582,240		72,055,342	
ystems		-				13,840,930		13,452,215		13,840,930		13,452,215	
s		16,157,847		16,335,904		7,205,634		7,143,331		23,363,481		23,479,235	
ery & Equipment	_	18,049,706		6,644,052	-	19,538,042		18,042,788		37,587,748	_	24,686,840	
Capital Assets	\$	139,785,004	\$	117,284,416	\$	47,491,036	\$	44,934,023	\$	187,276,040	\$	162,218,439	

Additional information on the County's capital assets is contained in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$138,746,478. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Governmental activities report \$114,842,046 and business-type activities report \$19,289,498 of general obligation bonds. Special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment consists of \$184,934. Revenue bonds for which the government is liable for fee or tax increases to repay the debt in the event revenue from landfill fees is insufficient to pay the related debt service account for \$4,430,000.

The County is empowered by state law to issue debt obligations within the limits of authority passed from time to time by the state legislature. There is no legal aggregate limit to the amount of indebtedness. In November 2007, the County issued \$26,720,000 in general obligation bonds, all of which supported current construction programs at the Board of Education, Cecil County Libraries, and highway construction.

The County's bond rating from Moody's Investors Service increased to Aa3 while its, Standard and Poor's rating of AA-, remained the same. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Cecil County is expected to be the fastest growing county in Maryland for the next several years. While the Base Realignment and Closure Act (BRAC) is expected to bring more jobs to the region, especially in neighboring Harford County, it will also bring more residential growth and increased demands for services and infrastructure to Cecil County. The County must find a way to channel this growth to its designated growth corridor in order to preserve the agricultural areas in the rest of the county and to this end, it is working with State and local officials to develop adequate

infrastructure to support the growth.

Cecil's unemployment rate averaged 4.3% for fiscal year 2007 and is slightly higher than the State's average for the same period of time. The County's economy is a diversified mix of agricultural, manufacturing and service industries which follows national inflation and activity trends. It is not likely to be significantly impacted by any one industry's problems.

All these economic factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for fiscal year 2008. The County's budget addresses the development and land preservation needs as well as expanded public safety and infrastructure needs. The property tax rate decreased to \$.96 per \$100 of assessed value while reassessments and increased taxable assets increased the taxable assessed property base. The County appropriated \$4,274,384 of the current fiscal year \$23,092,967 unreserved fund balance for future expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Cecil County's finances to the citizens of Cecil County and other users of such data. Requests for additional copies of this report, questions concerning any of the information in this report, and requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Pamela R. Howard, Cecil County Treasurer, 129 E. Main Street, Elkton, MD 21921. Effective January 11, 2008, this address will change to 200 Chesapeake Boulevard, Elkton, MD 21921.

The component units issue their own audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained directly from the units from sources listed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2007

	Р			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS	\$ 69,983,120	\$ 12,903,767	\$ 82,886,887	\$ 27,502,065
Cash and Investments (Note 3) Receivables, Net (Note 4)	1,570,782	3,427,922	4,998,704	1,557,718
Due from Primary Government	1,570,762	5,727,322	7,000,704	4,563,290
Due from Other Governments	19,044,782	-	19,044,782	2,734,519
Internal Balances	366,312	(366,312)	10,044,702	2,707,010
Inventories	344,204	(000,012)	344,204	185,835
Prepaid Items & Other Assets	1,417,410	50,329	1,467,739	518,753
Restricted Assets:	1,411,110	00,020	1,107,700	0.10,1.00
Cash and Investments	999,294	923,596	1,922,890	3,522,514
Capital Assets, Net (Note 6):	000,204	020,000	1,022,000	0,022,011
Land	8,136,191	875,348	9,011,539	6,531,516
Construction in Progress	13,766,302	3,381,721	17,148,023	52,403,358
Landfill & Land Improvements	2,092,718	2,649,361	4,742,079	3,394,017
Highways & Bridges	81,582,240	2,010,001	81,582,240	[a]
Utility Systems	01,002,240	13,840,930	13,840,930	(E)
Buildings	16,157,847	7,205,634	23,363,481	123,589,935
Machinery & Equipment	18,049,706	19,538,042	37,587,748	11,577,517
Total Assets	233,510,908	64,430,338	297,941,246	238,081,037
				/ -
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	7,167,327	2,038,014	9,205,341	9,814,117
Salary and Benefits Payable	1,492,445	91,214	1,583,659	10,279,741
Due to Component Units	4,563,290	(*)	4,563,290	122
Unearned Revenue	606,167	<u>~</u>	606,167	3,483,187
Other Liabilities	892,781	204,446	1,097,227	3.43
Liabilities Payable with Restricted Assets	20,156	(4)	20,156	: + :
Long Term Liabilities (Note 8):				
Due within one year:				
Bonds Payable	7,956,849	1,331,842	9,288,691	
Capital Leases	12		#.	631,742
Insurance Claims Payable	882,091	-	882,091	1,325,000
Compensated Absences	865,385	73,585	938,970	507,228
Due in more than one year:				
Bonds Payable	107,783,705	22,365,756	130,149,461	V#3
Capital Leases			-	3,339,540
Compensated Absences	432,693	36,794	469,487	2,541,812
Accrued Landfill Closure/Postclosure		5,972,803	5,972,803	
Total Liabilities	132,662,889	32,114,454	164,777,343	31,922,367
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	109,193,073	23,793,438	132,986,511	193,525,061
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	89,027	-	89,027	611,410
Health and Welfare	662,730	-	662,730	3€
Agriculture	2,693,973	-	2,693,973	-
Economic Development	808,495		808,495	=
Debt Service and Other	207,306	923,596	1,130,902	3,533,686
Unrestricted	(12,806,585)		(5,207,735)	8,488,513
Total Net Assets	\$ 100,848,019	\$ 32,315,884	\$133,163,903	\$ 206,158,670
140				

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CECIL COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Program Revenues			Net (Expe	t Assets		
			Grants and C	ontributions	P	rimary Governme	ent	
		Charges for	-	General	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Eunations/Brograms	Evnonces	•	Operating	Capital	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital	ACTIVITIES	Activities	Iotai	Units
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 9,863,529	\$ 1,092,989	\$ 384,441		\$ (8,386,099)	\$ -	\$ (8,386,099)	\$
Public Safety	28,205,141	2,598,355	2,343,615		(23,263,171)	2	(23,263,171)	120
Highways, Streets,								
and Bridges	13,348,855	1,206,587	6,919,931	3,224,095	(1,998,242)		(1,998,242)	:=):
Health and Welfare	10,219,407	169,214	5,639,821		(4,410,372)	*	(4,410,372)	
Recreation and Culture	340,882	71,638	598,154		328,910	2	328,910	· ·
Education	96,385,038				(96,385,038)		(96,385,038)	-
Public Libraries	3,876,453				(3,876,453)	5	(3,876,453)	558
Economic Development	1,181,638		258,224		(923,414)	*	(923,414)	(●)
Agriculture	2,386,359		586,816		(1,799,543)	-	(1,799,543)	2
Municipalities	558,077				(558,077)		(558,077)	
Interest on								
Long-Term Debt	4,330,990				(4,330,990)		(4,330,990)	
Total Governmental								
Activities	170,696,370	5,138,783	16,731,002	3,224,095	(145,602,490)		(145,602,490)	
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	867,921	787,028	500	5,800		(75,093)	(75,093)	-
Wastewater	3,953,215	2,477,454	-	1,367,458	-	(108,303)	(108,303)	-
Landfill	4,631,952	5,410,707				778,755	778,755	
Total Business-Type								
Activities	9,453,088	8,675,189		1,373,258	=	595,359	595,359	
Total Primary Government	\$180,149,458	<u>\$ 13,813,972</u>	\$ 16,731,002	\$ 4,597,353	(145,602,490)	595,359	(145,007,131)	
Component Units:								
Board of Education	\$176,419,162	\$ 3,377,578	\$ 43,428,584	\$37,684,828		_		(91,928,172)
Cecil Community College	20,630,343	5,306,708	2,351,544	1,169,126			950	(11,802,965)
Cecil County Library	3,696,483	109,692	2,001,044	1,100,120	-	-	220	(3,586,791)
Bainbridge Development	0,000,400	100,002						(3,300,731)
Corporation	817,600	64,203					-	(753,397)
•			A 45 700 400	# 00 050 054			-	
Total Component Units	\$201,563,588	\$ 8,858,181	\$ 45,780,128	\$38,853,954		+		(108,071,325)
Gene	ral Revenues:							
Та	xes:							
	Property Taxes,	Levied for Gen	eral Purposes		78,732,734		78,732,734	
	Income Taxes				48,678,549	-	48,678,549	
Inv	estment Earning	gs			5,159,287	63,057	5,222,344	1,805,181
			Asset Sales Gair	าร	1,965,275	39,500	2,004,775	541,929
	ents From the P				*	÷	(₩)(76,354,468
	ents From the S					•	341	65,593,441
	s, Entitlements,							
r	not Restricted to				8,701,341		8,701,341	1,122,857
	Total Genera	al Revenues, Sp	ecial Items, and	Transfers	143,237,186	102,557	143,339,743	145,417,876
	Change ii	n Net Assets			(2,365,304)	697,916	(1,667,388)	37,346,551
Net A	ssets - June 30), 2006			103,213,323	31,617,968	134,831,291	168,812,119
Net A	ssets - June 30	, 2007			\$ 100,848,019	\$ 32,315,884	\$ 133,163,903	\$206,158,670

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Housing Programs	Highway	General Capital Projects	Board of Education Construction	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments (Note 3)	\$32,150,448	\$ =	\$2,488,062	\$ 12,907,264	\$10,930,567	\$ 6,578,695	\$ 65,055,036
Receivables, Net (Note 4)	1,070,469	Ψ -	757	28,290	Ψ 10,000,001	449,725	1,549,241
Due from Other Funds	229,629	20	707	20,200	-		229,629
Due from Other Governments	17,263,166	8,000	1,484,545			289,071	19,044,782
Inventory	36,040	0,000	280,791	51	7.50	987	317,818
Advances to Other Funds	366,312	9	200,731	2	-	007	366,312
Other Assets	146,057	8		-	100	-	146,057
Restricted Assets:	140,007						1-10,001
Cash and Investments (Note 3)	92,414	709,806	-	-	-	197,074	999,294
			3				
Total Assets	51,354,535	717,806	4,254,155	12,935,554	10,930,567	7,515,552	87,708,169
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,203,164	\$ 8.000	\$3,877,730	\$ 2,356,557	\$ 2,273,948	\$ 868,394	\$ 10,587,793
Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,254,181	16,403	95,634	-	-	126,227	1,492,445
Due to Other Funds	120	10,517	27	<u>u</u>	-	69.057	79,574
Due to Component Units	(=)		90		96		
Due to Other Governments	2	₽	127	2	₩:	2	<u> </u>
Unearned Revenue	12,111,151	5	55.5	5		5	12,111,151
Other Liabilities	983,977	-		2	940	4	983,977
Liabilities Payable from							
Restricted Funds		20,156					20,156
Total Llabilities	15,552,473	55,076	3,973,364	2,356,557	2,273,948	1,063,678	25,275,096
Fund Balances:							
Reserved:				000 070			000.070
Encumbrances	378	.	5.50	303,379		77.	303,379
Inventories and	182.097		280,791				462,888
Prepaid Items Non-Current Notes Receivable	,		200,791				6,045
Contingencies	11,508,756	-		-	-	-	11,508,756
Pending tax refund	645,885						645,885
Advances to other funds	366,312						366,312
Unreserved, Reported in:	300,312						000,012
General Fund:							
Designated	17,986,174		_				17,986,174
Undesignated	5,106,793	ਨ: ਹ	120 120		120	죠. 요:	5,106,793
Special Revenue Funds	3,100,793	662,730		-		3,798,801	4,461,531
Debt Service Funds	-5	552,750			:=: :=:	2,100,001	1, 701,001
Capital Project Funds				10,275,618	8,656,619	2,653,073	21,585,310
Total Fund Balances	35,802,062	662,730	280,791	10,578,997	8,656,619	6,451,874	62,433,073
	-					-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$51,354,535</u>	\$ 717,806	\$4,254,155	\$ 12,935,554	\$ 10,930,567	\$ 7,515,552	\$ 87,708,169

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The Total Net Assets reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets (Page 16) is different because:

Total Fund Balances for Government Funds (Page 18)	\$	62,433,073
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation as detailed in Note 6 are included in the Statement of Net Assets. Also excluded are \$280,785 of internal service capital assets accounted for in the following line.		139,504,219
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and health insurance costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets. The increase is equal to the internal service net assets.		4,159,117
Some of the County's taxes and other revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay the current year's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unearned revenue in the funds. Property Taxes \$ 415,464 Income Taxes \$ 11,093,206		11,508,670
Long-term liabilities applicable to the governmental activities including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current year and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Compensated Absences \$ (1,298,078) Accrued interest on long-term debt (892,781)	÷	
Deferred Charges - Bond Issuance Costs (1,388,056) Deferred Charges - Bond Premium 1,174,353 Deferred Charges - Advance Refunding Difference 674,480 Bonds and Notes Payable (115,026,978)		116,757,060)
Total Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Page 16)		100,848,019

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General	Housing Programs	Highway	General Capital Projects	Board of Education Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 78,510,957	\$ =	\$ -	\$	\$ -	•	Ф 70 E40 0E7
Special Assessments - Current	\$ 70,510,857	Φ -	φ -	Φ	a -	\$	\$ 78,510,957
Income Taxes	46 964 E46	5	1/5/	17.	20	44,017	44,017
Licenses and Permits	46,864,546		4.500	29.0	7 4 00	·	46,864,546
Intergovernmental	1,658,794	2.645.046	4,500	500 500	189	0.404.044	1,663,294
Charges for Services	11,467,703	3,615,916	6,878,356	523,589	(#)	3,194,241	25,679,805
Investment Earnings	3,120,102	45.005	6,202			344,869	3,471,173
Contributions & Other Revenues	4,895,423	15,295	11 12	(*)	3-0	29,974	4,940,692
Continuations & Other Revenues	1,912,583	131,269				107,983	2,151,835
Total Revenues	148,430,108	3,762,480	6,889,058	523,589	-	3,721,084	163,326,319
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	9,750,668	160	S¥6	200	× 1	-	9,750,668
Public Safety	26,275,432		-		101	1,606,339	27,881,771
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	2,247,359	::=:	14,684,075		7-	198	16,931,434
Health and Welfare	4,185,312	3,675,708	- 1		-	2,280,368	10,141,388
Recreation and Culture	447,998	1990	: := :		-	636,738	1,084,736
Education	73,076,278	10	12	120	9		73,076,278
Public Libraries	3,449,390	8.5	:=:	:=:	÷		3,449,390
Economic Development	1,172,390	-	929	-	12	10,000	1,182,390
Agriculture	548,920	(5)				1,839,355	2,388,275
Municipalities	558,077	(6 4 6	5-2	4	54		558,077
Debt Service:							·
Principal	980	0 = 0	-	-	-	7,668,902	7,668,902
Interest	727	920	-	-	-	4,026,203	4,026,203
Capital Outlay	(#)			12,919,241	23,253,697	4,357,464	40,530,402
Total Expenditures	121,711,824	3,675,708	14,684,075	12,919,241	23,253,697	22,425,369	198,669,914
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	26,718,284	86,772	(7,795,017)	(12,395,652)	(23,253,697)	_(18,704,285)	(35,343,595)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from							
Capital Asset Disposal	95,045		-				95,045
Bonds Issued	3.50		:#.:	4,414,583	20,205,776	2,106,781	26,727,140
Premium on Debt Issued	20			274,166		-	274,166
Transfers In	(04 000 000)	:0:	7,756,805	6,914,012	1,513,910	15,047,573	31,232,300
Transfers Out	(31,232,300)						_(31,232,300)
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)	(31,137,255)		7,756,805	11,602,761	21,719,686	17,154,354	27,096,351
,		APR-000-1-100-1	11100,000		2111 10,000		27,000,001
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,418,971)	86,772	(38,212)	(792,891)	(1,534,011)	(1,549,931)	(8,247,245)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2006	40,221,033	575,958	319,003	11,371,888	10,190,630	8,001,805	70,680,318
Fund Balances - June 30, 2007	\$ 35,802,062	\$ 662,730	\$ 280,791	\$ 10,578,997	\$ 8,656,619	\$ 6,451,874	\$ 62,433,073

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Page 17) are different because:

	` •	•		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Government Fun	nds (Page 20)		\$	(8,247,245)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditure of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount (\$29,016,512) exceeded depreciation (\$6,463,127) in the content of the cont	neir estimated useful by which capital outl	lives and ays		22,553,385
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the whereas in governmental funds, the proceeds from the Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change capital asset less accumulated depreciation.	sale increase finance	cial resources.		(38,038)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provi- are not reported as revenues in the funds. The followin non-current resources. Property Taxes Income Taxes Net Adjustment				2,035,780
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) pro- to governmental funds, while the repayment of the princ current financial resources of governmental funds. Nei any effect on net assets. Also governmental funds repo premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is fir- are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activitie	cipal of long-term de ther transaction, hov ort the effect of issua st issued, whereas t	bt consumes vever, has ance costs,		
	Debt issued:	Repayments:		
General Obligation bonds Issuance Costs & Similar Items Net Adjustment	\$ (26,727,140)	\$7,668,902 (135,229) 7,533,673		(19,193,467)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in gare not recognized for transactions that are not normall financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, how accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regare available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it a impact of the net changes in balances. Compensated Absences	governmental funds, y paid with expenda ever, which is prese ardless of when final not recognized unde	expenditures ble available nted on the ncial resources er the modified		(10,100,401)
Accrued interest on long-term debt		(169,558)		
Net Adjustment				(290,414)
The net revenue of certain internal service funds is repor	rted with governmen	tal activities.		814,695
Change in Net Assets of Government Activities (Page	17)		\$	(2,365,304)
			170	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 80,898,626	\$ 78,492,404	\$ 78,510,957	\$ 18,553
Income Taxes	49,250,000	45,800,000	46,864,546	1,064,546
Licenses and Permits	2,057,530	1,697,530	1,658,794	(38,736)
Intergovernmental	12,111,453	12,361,220	11,467,703	(893,517)
Charges for Services	2,269,967	2,892,665	3,120,102	227,437
Investment Earnings	1,700,000	4,930,000	4,895,423	(34,577)
Contributions & Other Revenues			1,912,583	1,912,583
Total Revenues	148,287,576	146,173,819	148,430,108	2,256,289
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	12,200,484	12,354,992	9,750,668	2,604,324
Public Safety	27,348,906	28,198,877	26,275,432	1,923,445
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	2,666,846	2,667,819	2,247,359	420,460
Health and Welfare	4,100,171	4,632,267	4,185,312	446,955
Recreation and Culture	681,048	712,720	447,998	264,722
Education	73,074,078	73,076,278	73,076,278	:=:
Public Libraries	3,448,670	3,449,390	3,449,390	: = 2
Economic Development	983,620	1,256,958	1,172,390	84,568
Agriculture	576,138	573,314	548,920	24,394
Municipalities	558,078	558,078	558,077	1
Total Expenditures	125,638,039	127,480,693	121,711,824	5,768,869
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	22,649,537	18,693,126	26,718,284	8,025,158
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal		_	95,045	95,045
Transfers Out	(26,572,772)	(32,734,151)	(31,232,300)	1,501,851
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(26,572,772)	(32,734,151)	(31,137,255)	1,596,896
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(3,923,235)	(14,041,025)	(4,418,971)	9,622,054
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	40,221,033	40,221,033	40,221,033	-
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 36,297,798	\$ 26,180,008	\$ 35,802,062	\$ 9,622,054

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND HOUSING PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,304,898	\$ 3,506,929	\$ 3,615,916	\$ 108,987
Investment Earnings	5,700	5,700	15,295	9,595
Contributions & Other Revenues	24,500	24,500	131,269	106,769
Total Revenues	3,335,098	3,537,129	3,762,480	225,351
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Health and Welfare	3,335,098	3,548,641	3,675,708	(127,067)
Total Expenditures	3,335,098	3,548,641	3,675,708	(127,067)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,512)	86,772	98,284
Net Change in Fund Balance		(11,512)	86,772	98,284
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	575,958	575,958	575,958	100
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 575,958	\$ 564,446	\$ 662,730	\$ 98,284

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND HIGHWAY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Licenses and Permits	\$ 5.000	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,500	\$ (500)
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	15,105,024	6,960,450	6,878,356 6,202	(82,094) 6,202
Investment Earnings	8,000	8,000		(8,000)
Total Revenues	15,118,024	6,973,450	6,889,058	(84,392)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	15,118,024	15,797,608	14,684,075	1,113,533
Total Expenditures	15,118,024	15,797,608	14,684,075	1,113,533
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(8,824,158)	(7,795,017)	1,029,141
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u> </u>	8,824,158 	7,756,805	(1,067,353)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,824,158	7,756,805	(1,067,353)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(38,212)	(38,212)
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006		319,003	319,003	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ -	\$ 319,003	\$ 280,791	\$ (38,212)



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Busin	Governmental Activities -			
	Water Services	Wastewater Services	Landfill	Total	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ 2,348,075	\$ 10,555,692	\$ 12,903,767	\$ 4,928,084
Receivables, Net:	000 (5)	700.075	050 =00		
Accounts Other	226,154	733,075	656,720	1,615,949	21,541
Inventory	4,451	34,302	13,254	52,007	26.286
Prepaid Items and Other Assets	-	12,460	37,869	50,329	26,386 97,000
Total Current Assets	230,605	3,127,912	11,263,535		
	230,603	3,127,912	11,203,030	14,622,052	5,073,011
Non-Current Assets: Restricted Assets: Cash and Investments	241		022 500	922 500	
Accounts Receivable - Non-Current	-	1,759,966	923,596	923,596	-
Capital Assets, Net:	=	1,735,500		1,759,966	-
Land	18,367	379,143	477,838	875,348	:=0
Construction in Progress	380,881	1,824,962	1,175,878	3,381,721	(20)
Landfill and Land Improvements	-	1,010,986	1,638,375	2,649,361	(#)
Water and Wastewater Lines	895,576	12,945,354	-	13,840,930	27
Buildings	84,013	6,136,708	984,913	7,205,634	248,620
Machinery & Equipment	695,811	14,708,540	4,133,691	19,538,042	32,165
Total Non-Current Assets	2,074,648	_38,765,659	9,334,291	50,174,598	280,785
Total Assets	2,305,253	41,893,571	20,597,826	64,796,650	5,353,796
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	69,534	650,947	1,110,364	1,830,845	158,847
Construction Retainage Payable	7.	119,883	87,286	207,169	
Salary & Benefits Payable	10,914	30,385	49,915	91,214	-
Accrued Expenses & Other Liabilities	5	127,124	77,322	204,446	882,091
Due to Other Funds	2	923	-	•	150,055
Unearned Revenue	*	044.040	200 200	4.004.040	3,686
Bonds Payable Compensated Absences	. 11,626	941,842 21,093	390,000 40,866	1,331,842	
		21,093	40,000	73,585	
Total Current Liabilities	92,074	1,891,274	1,755,753	3,739,101	1,194,679
Non-Current Liabilities:					
Bonds Payable					
(Net of Unamortized Discounts)	-	18,347,657	4,018,099	22,365,756	5.
Advances From Other Funds	366,312	40.540	00.400	366,312	-
Compensated Absences Accrued Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs	5,813	10,548	20,433 5,972,803	36,794 5,972,803	
	070.405	40.050.005			
Total Non-Current Liabilities	372,125	18,358,205	10,011,335	28,741,665	<u>u</u>
Total Liabilities	464,199	20,249,479	11,767,088	32,480,766	1,194,679
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,074,648	17,716,194	4,002,596	23,793,438	280,785
Restricted for:			000		
Debt Service Unrestricted	(222 E04)	2 007 000	923,596	923,596	0.070.000
	(233,594)	3,927,898	3,904,546	7,598,850	3,878,332
Total Net Assets	\$1,841,054	\$ 21,644,092	\$ 8,830,738	\$ 32,315,884	\$ 4,159,117

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Busines	Governmental _Activities -			
	Water Services	Wastewater Services	_Landfill_	Total	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Services:					
Sales and User Fees	\$ 787,028	\$ 2,477,454	\$5,410,707	\$ 8,675,189	\$ 8,036,479
Total Operating Revenues	787,028	2,477,454	5,410,707	8,675,189	8,036,479
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and Related	293,456	753,118	1,107,792	2,154,366	-
Materials, Supplies, and Services	465,225	1,146,814	1,366,301	2,978,340	1,644,169
Benefit Payments	-	-	.,000,00.	=:	5,781,718
Depreciation	109,240	1,620,737	511,530	2,241,507	14,492
Depletion	:=:	.,0.20,. 0.	460,370	460,370	,
Landfill Closure and Postclosure	-	-	937,793	937,793	-
		- -	- 3311.00	001,100	•
Total Operating Expenses	867,921	3,520,669	4,383,786	8,772,376	7,440,379
Operating Income (Loss)	(80,893)	_(1,043,215)	1,026,921	(97,187)	596,100
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment Earnings	27	21,142	41,915	63,057	218,595
Interest Expense	90	(432,546)	(248,166)	(680,712)	₩/
Gain/Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	<u>~</u> (8,570	30,930	39,500	-
Total Non-Operating					
Revenues (Expenses)		(402,834)	(175,321)	(578,155)	218,595
Net Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(80,893)	(1,446,049)	851,600	(675,342)	814,695
Capital Contributions:					
Sewage and Water Connection Fees	5,800	923,950		929,750	
Developers Capital Contributions	3,000	443,508	-	443,508	
Developers Capital Continuutions	 	443,000	-	443,300	
Change in Net Assets	(75,093)	(78,591)	851,600	697,916	814,695
Net Assets - June 30, 2006	_1,916,147	21,722,683	7,979,138	31,617,968	3,344,422
Net Assets - June 30, 2007	\$1,841,054	\$21,644,092	\$ 8,830,738	\$32,315,884	\$ 4,159,117

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Busine	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Wastewater			Internal	
	Services	Services	Landfill	Total	Service Funds	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 775,950	\$2,534,226	\$ 5,314,530	\$ 8,624,706	\$ 8,037,199	
Payments to Suppliers	(524, 254)	(684,073)	(495,741)	(1,704,068)	(7,395,200)	
Payments to Employees	(290,947)	(756,221)	(1,089,581)	(2,136,749)	<u> </u>	
Net Cash Provided by (used in)	(20.054)	4 000 000	2 700 000	4 700 000	044.000	
Operating Activities	(39,251)	1,093,932	3,729,208	4,783,889	641,999	
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Advances to Other Funds		(0.000)	55		(26,240)	
Advances from Other Funds	304,565	(6,937)	· ·	297,628	-	
Net Cash Provided by (used in)		(0.007)			(00.040)	
Non-Capital Financing Activities	304,565	(6,937)		297,628	(26,240)	
Cash Flows From Capital and						
Related Financing Activities:						
Proceeds from Bond Issues and Capital Leases		726,968	-	726,968	5	
Sewage and Water Connection Fees	5,800	923,950	(0.074.005)	929,750	¥	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(271,114)	(1,372,764)	(3,674,665)	(5,318,543)	5.00	
Principal Paid on Bond Maturities and Capital Leases Interest Paid on Bonds and Capital Leases	5 %	(927,856)	(370,000)	(1,297,856) (675,906)	5	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	(432,546) 8,570	(243,360) 56,667	65,237	-	
		0,570	30,007	05,237	·	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital						
and Related Financing Activities	(265,314)	(1,073,678)	(4,231,358)	(5,570,350)	*	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		24.442	44.045	22.257	040.505	
Interest on Investments	<u> </u>	21,142	41,915	63,057	218,595	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		21,142	41,915	63,057	218,595	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash						
and Cash Equivalents	828	34,459	(460,235)	(425,776)	834,354	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2006						
(including \$929,726 for the Landfill Fund						
reported in restricted accounts)		2,313,616	11,939,523	14,253,139	4,093,730	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2007						
(including \$923,596 for the Landfill Fund						
reported in restricted accounts)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$2,348,075	\$ 11,479,288	\$ 13,827,363	\$ 4,928,084	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Busines	ise Funds	Governmental Activities -		
	Water Services	Wastewater Services	Landfill	Total	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (80,893)	\$(1,043,215)	\$1,026,921	\$ (97,187)	\$ 596,100
Adjustments to reconcile Operating Income (Loss)					
to Net Cash provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:					
Depreciation and Depletion	109,240	1,620,737	971,900	2,701,877	14,492
Increase in Closure/Postclosure Liability	-	-	937,793	937,793	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(11,078)	56,772	(96,176)	(50,482)	(2,533)
Decrease in Other Assets	()	1,517	8,308	9,825	10,181
Increase (Decrease)in Accounts Payable	(59,029)	471,728	865,098	1,277,797	2,848
Increase (Decrease) in Salaries & Benefits Payable	1,223	858	10,655	12,736	(m)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	71	(10,502)	(2,847)	(13,349)	17,659
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	2	(E	116	(Se)	3,252
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	1,286	(3,963)	7,556	4,879	
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	\$ (39,251)	\$ 1,093,932	\$3,729,208	\$4,783,889	\$ 641,999

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Pension Fund (Blended Component Unit) Public Safety Employees	Agency Funds State & Town Collections
ASSETS		
Cash and Short-Term Investments Receivables, Net:	\$ 845,831	\$ 307,784
Property Taxes & Fees	-	104,637
Interest & Other	40,183	-
Investments, at fair value:		
U.S. Government Obligations	1,000,804	_
U.S. Agencies Obligations	33,493	-
Other Governmental Agencies	2,289,093	달
Domestic Corporate Bonds	1,550,265	9
Domestic Stocks	8,520,717	-
International Stocks	1,800,618	
Total Investments	15,194,990	- <u>- 5</u> e
Total Assets	16,081,004	412,421
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	5,839	2
Due to Other Governments	<u> </u>	412,421
Total Liabilities	5,839	412,421
NET ASSETS		
Held in Trust for: Employees' Pension Benefits	16 075 165	
	<u>16,075,165</u>	
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 16,075,165</u>	\$ -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Pension Fund
	(Blended
	Component Unit)
	Public Safety
	Employees
ADDITIONS Contributions Cecil County Participants	\$ 1,274,061 646,476
Total Contributions	1,920,537
INVESTMENT INCOME Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	1,638,414
Interest and Dividends	487,140
	2,125,554
Less: Investment Expense	(132,161)
Net Investment Income	1,993,393
Total Additions	3,913,930
DEDUCTIONS Pension Benefits	409,872
Refunds of Contributions	140,019
Administrative Expense	75,899
Total Deductions	625,790
Change in Net Assets	3,288,140
Net Assets - June 30, 2006	12,787,025
Net Assets - June 30, 2007	<u>\$ 16,075,165</u>

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED NONFIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2007

	Board of Education	Cecil Community College	Cecil County Public Library	Bainbridge Development Corporation	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 23,176,123	\$ 2,779,430	\$ 1,158,444	\$ 388,068	\$ 27,502,065
Receivables, Net	296,854	570,364	8,500	682,000	1,557,718
Due from Primary Government	2,985,031	397,568	1,180,691	=	4,563,290
Due from Other Governments	2,734,519	-		1	2,734,519
Inventories	185,835	=	9		185,835
Prepaid Expenses & Other Assets	280,800	237,953	2		518,753
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Investments	-	3,301,219	=	221,295	3,522,514
Capital Assets, Net:					
Land	1,202,153	1,779,763	2	3,549,600	6,531,516
Construction in Progress	52,403,358	-	-	-	52,403,358
Land Improvements	3,394,017	5	=		3,394,017
Buildings & Leasehold Improvements	94,847,980	28,741,955	ê.	<u> </u>	123,589,935
Machinery & Equipment	8,633,842	1,383,815	1,554,606	5,254	11,577,517
Total Assets	190,140,512	39,192,067	3,902,241	4,846,217	238,081,037
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	8,002,490	311,665	1,166,267	333,695	9,814,117
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	9,754,867	521,888	.,	2,986	10,279,741
Unearned Revenue	2,122,965	1,337,722	-	22,500	3,483,187
Due within one year:	_,,	1,007,1.22		,	5, 105, 101
Capital Leases	613,644	18,098	<u></u>	=	631,742
Insurance Claims Payable	1,325,000	#	<u> </u>	~	1,325,000
Compensated Absences	312,525	153,484	41,219	-	507,228
Due in more than one year:	, , , , , , ,		,		,
Capital Leases	3,339,540	22	=	2	3,339,540
Compensated Absences	2,465,070	76,742		-	2,541,812
Total Liabilities	27,936,101	2,419,599	1,207,486	359,181	31,922,367
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of Related Debt	156,528,166	31,887,435	1,554,606	3,554,854	193,525,061
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	611,410		ŝ	<u> </u>	611,410
Donor Restrictions	2	3,533,686	2	5	3,533,686
Unrestricted	5,064,835	1,351,347	1,140,149	932,182	8,488,513
Total Net Assets	\$162,204,411	\$ 36,772,468	\$ 2,694,755	\$ 4,487,036	\$206,158,670

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED NONFIDUCIARY COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		P	rogram Reveni	ues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
			Grants and C	ontributions	Component Units								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating	Capital	Board of Education	Cecil Community College	Cecil County Public Library	Bainbridge Development Corporation	Total				
Board of Education Instruction Student Services Interest on Long term Deb Total Board of Education	\$ 171,451,944 4,965,606 1,612 \$ 176,419,162	\$ 598,235 2,779,343 	\$ 41,039,008 2,389,576 	\$37,684,828 	\$ (92,129,873) 203,313 (1,612) (91,928,172)	\$ - - - -	\$ -	\$	\$ (92,129,873) 203,313 (1,612) (91,928,172)				
Cecil Community College Instruction Student Services Total Cecil Community College	\$ 19,653,633 976,710 \$ 20,630,343	\$4,334,868 971,840 \$5,306,708	\$ 2,351,544 \$ 2,351,544	\$ 1,169,126 		(11,798,095) (4,870) (11,802,965)	(sa)		(11,798,095) (4,870) (11,802,965)				
Cecil County Public Librar Public Libraries Total Cecil County Library	ry \$ 3,696,483 \$ 3,696,483	\$ 109,692 \$ 109,692	\$ - \$ -	<u>\$</u> -			(3,586,791)		(3,586,791)				
Bainbridge Development Corporation Economic Development Total Bainbridge Development Corporation	\$ 817,600 \$ 817,600		\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>				(753,397) (753,397)	(753,397) (753,397)				
Gene Pa Pa Gr. Inv	ral Revenues: yments From the yments From the ants, Entitlement not Restricted to yestment Earning her Revenues inc	emment ment utions rams	65,715,090 61,013,725 1,143,097 215,963	7,194,488 3,833,805 1,113,473 579,056 192,149	3,444,890 745,911 9,384 22,925 133,817	60,103	76,354,468 65,593,441 1,122,857 1,805,181 541,929						
			pecial Items, and	d Transfers	128,087,875	12,912,971	4,356,927	60,103	145.417,876				
àlaé A	Change in Ssets - June 30	Net Assets			36,159,703	1,110,006	770,136	(693,294)	37,346,551				
					126,044,708	35,662,462	1,924,619	5,180,330	168,812,119				
Net A	ssets - June 30	, 2007			\$ 162,204,411	\$36,772,468	\$ 2,694,755	\$4,487,036	\$ 206,158,670				



. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

he accounting and reporting policies of the County conform in all material respects to accounting rincipals generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States as applicable to governments. The Jovernmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing overnmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's <u>Jodification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u> (GASB Codification). The Jounty has adopted all GASB Statements through No. 42, and Statements 44, 46, 47 and 50.

- 1 June 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 47 "Accounting for Termination Benefits" to be nplemented in statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2006. This statement establishes counting standards for termination benefits. As of June 30, 2007, Cecil County does not provide ermination benefits.
- n May 2007, the GASB issued Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures" to be implemented for periods eginning after June 15, 2007. This statement amends certain disclosure requirements. The County as adopted this Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

he following summarizes the County's significant accounting policies.

. Financial Reporting Entity

ecil County (the County) was incorporated in 1674. Local government is provided by a Board of five commissioners, elected every four years, who exercise those powers granted by the General ssembly of Maryland. The County principally provides general administrative services; public safety ervices; street, highway, and bridge repairs and maintenance; education; a correctional institution; and anitation system maintenance.

he County is financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it appoints a voting majority of ne organization's board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for ne organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the ounty. The County may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the ounty regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing oard appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board.

he accompanying financial statements include various agencies, departments, organizations, and ffices which are legally part of the Board of County Commissioners of Cecil County (the primary overnment), and the County's blended and discretely presented component units; entities for which regovernment is considered financially accountable. The discretely presented component units are sported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are gally separate from the government.

lended Component Unit

he Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees is a public employee retirement plan that overs certain public safety employees. The County appoints all members of the Plan's trustees, makes I employer contributions to the Plan, only County public safety employees can be members of the lan, and the County is financially responsible for the Plan's pension obligations. The Plan is a lended component unit because it provides services and benefits exclusively to the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Board of Education of Cecil County is responsible for elementary and secondary education in the County and operates all public schools (grades K through 12). The County is financially accountable for the Board of Education because the County approves the Board's annual budget and provides a substantial portion of the Board's operating and capital funding.

Cecil Community College provides post-secondary and continuing education for residents of Cecil County and its surrounding counties. The County is financially accountable for the College because of the relationship under State law and the funding of a substantial portion of the College's operating and capital budgets.

The Cecil County Public Library operates all public libraries within the County. The County is financially accountable for the Library because of the relationship under State law and the funding of a majority of the Library's operating and capital budgets.

The Bainbridge Development Corporation was established to develop the closed Bainbridge Naval Training Center located outside Port Deposit. The Corporation received the property of the former Center from the U. S. Navy and may grant, sell, or conduct business activity to develop the property to the benefit of Cecil County. The County Commissioners appoint all members of the Corporation's Board of Directors and the County is the recipient of net earnings in excess of the needs of the Corporation.

Each of the discretely presented component units has been audited by other independent auditors and these reports have been issued under separate covers. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Board of Education of Cecil County 201 Booth Street Elkton, MD 21921

Cecil County Public Library 301 Newark Avenue Elkton, MD 21921 Cecil Community College One Seahawk Drive North East, MD 21901

Bainbridge Development Corporation 98 North Main Street, PO Box 2 Port Deposit, MD 21904

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units. Eliminations of interfund activity have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

eparate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary inds, even though the last are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major dividual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as on-major funds. In addition, the fund financial statements present internal service funds and fiduciary inds by fund type.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

overnment-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

he government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement icus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund statements. evenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, gardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year or which they are levied. Grants and similar items (non-exchange transactions) are recognized as evenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Agency inds report only assets and liabilities as they do not have a measurement focus, but do use the ccrual basis of accounting.

overnment Fund Financial Statements

he government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources easurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon s they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are ollected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For overnmental fund types, the County considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within) days after fiscal year-end. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual include property taxes, come taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and dividend income, and grants associated with the arrent fiscal year. Only the portion of the special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal ear is considered to be susceptible to accrual and recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All ther revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the ounty.

xpenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred (upon receipt of goods or services), ccept for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated osences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital ssets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Long-term debt issues and equisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

ne County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources of the County except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund. The general tax revenues of the County, as well as other resources received and not designated for a specified purpose, are accounted for in the General Fund.

The **Housing Programs Fund**, a special revenue fund, accounts for state and federal grants legally restricted to assist low income families and individuals with paying their rent, utility, and other housing costs.

The Highway Fund, a special revenue fund, was established to account for the expenditures on highway and road operations in the County. State highway user revenues fund the majority of these expenditures.

The General Capital Projects - Construction Fund, a capital projects fund, was established to account for the expenditures on buildings and other facilities intended for general use by the County. Bonds and other general County resources fund these expenditures.

The Board of Education - Construction Fund, a capital projects fund, was established to account for the expenditures on Board of Education buildings and other capital facilities funded by bonds and general County resources.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the water service operations and is intended to be self-supporting through user charges. The Water Fund operates water treatment, storage, and distributions systems.

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the sewage and wastewater service operations and is intended to be self-supporting through user charges. The Wastewater Fund operates sewage collection and treatment systems.

The Landfill Fund accounts for the solid waste operations and is intended to be self-supporting through user charges. The Landfill Fund operates solid waste collection points, recycling programs, and a central landfill.

The County also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for vehicle maintenance services and financing of health insurance provided by the County to other departments or component units of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. In addition, employee contributions to the health insurance plan and related expenses are accounted for within these funds.

The Pension Fund accounts for the activities of The Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees, a blended component unit, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees or their beneficiaries.

Agency Funds account for assets held by the County in a custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. The State Tax Collection Fund and the State Bay Restoration Fund are used to account for taxes and fees collected by the County on behalf of the State of Maryland. The Town Collection Funds are used to account for taxes and fees collected by the County on behalf of the towns of Cecilton, Charlestown, Chesapeake City, Elkton, North East, Perryville and Port Deposit.

All government and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the County follow Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The County also has the option to follow subsequent private-sector guidance for its business-type activities and enterprise funds with certain limitations, but has elected not to do so.

Vith limited exceptions, the effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide nancial statements. Exceptions include charges by one government function to another where ervices have been provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program evenues reported for the various functions.

roprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating evenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in onnection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of ne water, wastewater, and landfill enterprise funds and the garage and health insurance internal ervice funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and wastewater funds ecognize as operating revenues the portion of connection fees related to the cost to connect ustomers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost f sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and xpenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Vhen both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use in certain programs, it is the county's policy to apply cost-reimbursement grant resources first to those programs, followed by bond roceeds, categorical block grants, and then by general revenues, as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

eposits and Investments

he County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and hort-term investments with maturities within one year of acquisition. Available funds are pooled in the seneral Fund and investment income is recorded in the General Fund unless required to do otherwise y statute, grant, or covenant.

nvestments of the pension plan are recorded at fair value. Securities traded on a national or iternational exchange are valued at the last reported sales price using current exchange rates.

leceivables and Payables

roperty taxes on real estate are recorded as receivables and attached as an enforceable lien on roperty on July 1, the date levied. Semi-annual installment payments are mandatory for qualified roperties unless the taxpayer chooses to pay in one installment. Qualified property is defined as "an wner-occupied principal residence." Under the semi-annual plan, one-half of the tax bill is due eptember 30 with the balance due on December 31. For all other properties, the bill is due in its ntirety on September 30. After the due date, interest is charged on the delinquent portion at one ercent per month. A three percent penalty is charged March 1 and thereafter. The County holds an nnual property tax lien certificate sale the first Monday of June to collect all unpaid property taxes as f that date.

ersonal property taxes are imposed on certain machinery and equipment used in business. ersonal property taxes are billed and recorded as receivables annually throughout the year. ayment is due in 30 days. The County charges one percent per month interest on all delinquent usiness taxes as well as a three percent penalty, which accrues March 1.

he County bills and collects its own property taxes, and revenues are recognized in the government ands in the period in which they become susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both

measurable and available. Outstanding tax levies are offset on the government fund balance sheet by deferred revenues in the liabilities section. Annual, interim and delinquent real estate taxes as yet uncollected are included as deferred revenue. The amounts collected within the first 60 days of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are recorded as revenue.

Local income taxes are collected on behalf of the County by the State of Maryland and are remitted to the County monthly except for the months of April, July and December. In the event a taxpayer lives in an incorporated municipality, the County only receives 33 percent of the income tax, with the remainder going to the respective municipality. The tax rate is determined annually by the Board of County Commissioners. For the tax years ended December 31, 2006 and 2007, the local income tax rate was 2.80 percent of Maryland taxable income. Income taxes collected by the State and remitted within the first 60 days of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are recorded as due from other governments. In accordance with GASB Statement 33, income taxes are considered a derived revenue transaction and amounts due the County from transactions prior to year-end but not collected within 60 days are recorded in the governmental fund balance sheet as a receivable and an equal amount deferred as not available.

Water, wastewater, and landfill customer charges are recorded when billed except that an amount is recorded for services rendered, but not yet billed, as of the close of the fiscal year. The accrued amount is based on actual billings made subsequent to year-end for water and wastewater customers that are billed quarterly based on consumption/use through the end of the quarter.

Revenues in the government-wide financial statements are susceptible to accrual in the period in which they become measurable unless accorded other treatment by GASB standards. All revenues and receivables in the government-wide and governmental fund statements are shown net of allowances for uncollectible accounts. Allowances are based on historic trends or specific account evaluation as necessary.

Due to/from Other Funds which are recorded in the fund financial statements is the year-end outstanding balance of a variety of transactions between funds to finance operations, service debt and otherwise meet obligations as they become due.

Due to/from Other Governments (or Component Units) primarily consist of amounts arising from transfer payments and amounts due from grantors or to grantees for specific programs and capital projects.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of the General Fund, Highway Fund, and Enterprise Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, which are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the County are classified as restricted as their use is limited by third party restrictions and / or enabling legislation.

apital Assets

capital assets including property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County has defined apital assets as assets with a minimum cost of \$5,000 (\$25,000 to \$50,000 for land improvements, uildings, and infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets may be surchased or constructed and are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Estimated historic osts are either based on similar assets of the same era or on deflated current values obtained from the flaryland Department of Assessments and Taxation. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated air value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the alue of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

apital assets of the County and its components are depreciated using the straight-line method over ne estimated useful lives of the related assets. The County records six months' depreciation in the ear the asset is acquired. Depletion of the landfill is based on usage of estimated capacity. The county and its components generally use the following estimated useful lives unless an asset's life has een adjusted based on actual experience:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Land and Leasehold Improvements	15 – 30
Roads and Bridges	8 – 50
Buildings	20 – 50
Building Improvements	20 - 30
Vehicles, Computers, Equipment	5 – 15

eferred Revenue

referred revenue consists of revenues that have not met all requirements of revenue recognition. referred items primarily consist of reimbursement-type grants where costs have not yet been incurred; his includes instances where the County receives periodic advance funding, but has not expended the rinds nor met all the criteria to claim the funds as revenue for the current fiscal period. Deferred iterest income has also been recorded with a note receivable. In the fund financial statements, eferred revenue includes property and income taxes that are not available resources.

compensated Absences

compensated absences are those earned but unused absences for which employees will be paid, such is vacation and sick leave. Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. It is not county's policy to permit employees to accumulate all earned but unused sick leave and up to 30 ays of vacation leave. Vacation and sick pay are accrued as applicable in the government-wide and roprietary fund financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if it has matured, or example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

ong-Term Liabilities

the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial tatements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable overnment activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond remiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the

bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and bond issuance costs during the current financial period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Assets and Fund Equity

The difference between fund assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund statements. Net Assets are classified as "Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt," legally "Restricted" for a specific purpose or "Unrestricted" and available for appropriation for the general purposes of the fund.

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose or are otherwise not available for appropriation. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability 2.

A. **Budgetary Accounting and Control**

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. The County adopts legal annual budgets for the general fund, certain special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The County legally adopts project length budgets for its capital projects funds. Since project periods may differ from the County's fiscal year, a comparison of budgetary information for the combined capital projects funds would not be meaningful and has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements.
- b. As of February 1 of each year, County department heads are required to submit to the Board of Estimates preliminary operating budgets for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budgets submitted include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them as well as narrative justification for increases of operating expenditures (i.e., additional employees, capital expenditures and so forth).
- The submitted budgets are then subject to a detailed review by the Board of Estimates. This review process, which continues through May, includes meetings with the department heads, making comparisons with prior years' spending patterns, and forecasting future needs.
- d. As required by the County Code, the proposed budget is made available for public inspection for at least 10 days prior to the date of adoption, with adoption required by June 1. Simultaneous to the budget adoption, the Board of Estimates adopts the appropriate measures required to put the budget into effect and fixes the rate of taxation.

After the legal adoption of the budget, the Commissioners file a copy of the budget with the Department of Fiscal Services of the State of Maryland. Should supplemental budget appropriations be required, the Commissioners may authorize such budget changes at the biweekly Commissioners' meetings. The County's legal level of budgetary control is at the departmental level. Department heads may make budget amendments within their respective departments, however all amendments above the departmental level, i.e., interdepartmental and functional, require the formal approval of the County Commissioners in public session. The original budget adopted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, and the budget as revised for budget amendments approved by the County Commissioners during the year are presented as part of the budget versus actual schedules presented in these financial statements.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end for all funds except the capital projects funds. The County legally adopts project-length budgets for its capital projects funds and unexpended appropriations automatically carry forward to the next fiscal year.

Legally Adopted Budgets – General and Major Special Revenue Funds

Sovernmental funds, for which budgets have been legally adopted and included in the appropriate statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for the year nded June 30, 2007, were the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds.

Il budgets for the above funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting rinciples. Budgeted deficiencies within each governmental fund are provided for by prior year esignations of fund balance.

Expenditures Over Appropriations

Puring the year ended June 30, 2007, expenditures in the Housing Programs Fund exceeded ppropriations by \$127,067.

. Deposit and Investment Portfolio Disclosure

he County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the ension plan fund, which is managed separately. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on ne combined balance sheet under the caption "Cash and Investments." Restricted cash and investments represent deposits and investments that are held by the County subject to specific grant or nan imposed restrictions. Each component unit manages its cash and investments in a similar nanner.

<u>sustodial Risk</u> In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the overnment's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires at least 02% collateralization of deposits in excess of FDIC insurance.

The summary below identifies the investment type of the deposits and investments of the primary government and its component units.

				Discretely Presented
	Primary Government			omponent Units
<u>Deposits</u>				
Insured Deposits (FDIC)	\$	347,258	\$	1,485,126
Uninsured Deposits - Collateral held by pledging				
bank's agent in the County or Unit's name		2,431,801		3,494,895
Certificates of Deposit due within One Year - Collateral held by pledging bank's agent in the County or Unit's name		24,802,857		3,328,603
Total Deposits	\$	27,581,916	\$	8,308,624
Investments				
Money Market Mutual Funds		20,543,022		. 6
Investment in Maryland Local Government Investment Pool		37,833,328		20,417,655
U.S. Government obligations		976,932		17
U.S. Agencies - Government guaranteed		33,492		499,531
U.S. Agencies - Other		2,312,965		
Corporate Bonds		1,550,266		l¥.
Stock Equities		10,321,335		12
Balanced Fund Mutual Fund	-		1	3,000,987
Total Investments	<u>\$</u>	73,571,340	\$	23,918,173

<u>Credit Risk.</u> It is the County's policy to minimize credit risk by investing only in the highest quality investments including U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agency obligations; collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit; the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool; commercial paper and money market mutual funds of the highest rating; and bankers' acceptances guaranteed by a financial institution with the highest rating.

The Pension Plan minimizes credit risk by limiting its fixed income investments to those of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government; other U.S. Agency securities; and corporate notes and bonds with a rating comparable to Standard & Poor's rating of A. All agency securities held by the County that were not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government had a rating of AAA.

The Maryland Local Government Investment Pool is duly chartered, administered and subject to regulatory oversight by the State of Maryland. This pool is managed in a "Rule 2(a)-7 like" manner and has an S&P rating of AAAm. All money market funds have a Moody's rating of Aaa. A bank sponsored collateral pool for governmental entities is 102% collateralized with U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities. Securities of agencies of the U.S. government that have an implied and not explicit guarantee are classified as U.S. Agencies – Other. All bonds are pension plan assets and had a S&P rating of A or better at purchase.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>. The County limits its interest rate risk by primarily investing in securities with maturity dates under one year.

Il corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury, and U.S. Agencies investments are held by the pension plan. It is ne plan's policy to hold investments until maturity unless there is an economic reason to do otherwise. It is of June 30, 2007, the pension plan had the following investments and maturities.

Investment		Fair Value		ss than 1	1	- 5 Years	_6	- 10 Years	Over 10 Years	
S. Treasury Obligations	\$	976,932	\$	183,341	\$	329,194	\$	288,623	\$	175,774
S. Agencies - Govt. guaranteed		33,492		.77		-		:=:		33,492
S. Agencies - Other		2,312,965		117,443		146,135		265,409		1,783,978
orporate Bonds		1,550,265	_	133,791	_	722,469	_	622,830		71,175
	\$	4,873,654	\$	434,575	\$	1,197,798	\$	1,176,862	\$	2,064,419

<u>soncentration Risk</u>. The County limits the investment in certain instruments to a certain percentage of s portfolio as follows: U.S Treasury Obligations and U.S. Government Agency or sponsored istrumentalities, 100%; Repurchase agreements, 100%; Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, 00%; collateralized, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, 80%; money market mutual funds, 60%, ankers acceptances, 40% and commercial paper, 5%. The County's portfolio was in compliance with his policy.

he pension plan ensures diversity of its portfolio as follows: Large capitalization, 35% - 50%; mid apitalization, 0% - 10%; small capitalization, 0% - 10%; international equity, 0% - 5%; fixed income, 5% - 50%; and cash equivalents 0% - 10%. At June 30, 2007, the plan had \$1,605,760 or 10.0% of its ssets invested in Federal National Mortgage Association securities. All investments were in ompliance with the County's and Pension's Investment Policies.

he following provides reconciliation between the amounts disclosed in the footnote on page 46 and ne amounts presented in the Statement of Net Assets.

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total
Deposits Investments Petty Cash Amounts	\$ 27,581,916 73,571,340 5,126	23,918,173	\$ 35,890,540 97,489,513 12,226
Total	\$ 101,158,382	\$ 32,233,897	\$ 133,392,279
Unrestricted Restricted Fiduciary Funds	\$ 82,886,887 1,922,890 16,348,605		\$ 110,388,952 5,445,404 17,557,923
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 101,158,382	\$ 32,233,897	\$ 133,392,279

4. Receivables

Primary Government

The following are receivables as of year-end for the Government's major and non-major funds including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts. Receivables of the internal service funds in the amount of \$21,541 are included in the governmental activities of the government-wide statement.

	Governmental Fund Financial Statements										Government-wide Statements			
	_	General	-	lousing rograms	_	lighway		Capital Projects	N	on-Major Funds		Total	_	Governmental Activities
Receivables:														
Property Taxes	\$	1,195,149	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,195,149	\$	1,195,149
Accounts				100,284		-		28,290		145,041		273,615		295,156
Notes-Current (Note 5)		2,537		€		-		-		-		2,537		2,537
Notes-Non-Current (Note 5)		6,063		2		-		_		303,680		309,743		309,743
Interest and Other	_	524,882	_	-	_	757			_	1,004	_	526,643		526,643
Gross Receivables		1,728,631		100,284		757		28,290		449,725		2,307,687		2,329,228
Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles	_	(658,162)	_	(100,284)	_		_	<u>-</u>	_			(758,446)	_	(758,446)
Net Total Receivables	\$	1,070,469	\$	_	\$	757	\$	28,290	\$	449,725	\$	1,549,241	\$	1,570,782

Receivables as of year-end for the Government's enterprise funds and business-type activities including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Enterprise Fund Financial Statements													0	Government-wide Statements		
				Cur	ren	t		Non-0	Cur	rent						
	_	Water Services	Wastewater Services		Landfill Services		Total		Water Services		Wastewater Services		_	Business-type Activities		
Receivables:																
Accounts	\$	226,154	\$	771,827	\$	752,805	\$	1,750,786	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,750,786		
Other		4,451		34,302		13,254		52,007		<u>=</u>		-		52,007		
Non-Current	-		_	-	_						_	1,759,966	_	1,759,966		
Gross Receivables		230,605		806,129		766,059		1,802,793		ê		1,759,966		3,562,759		
Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles	_			(38,752)	_	(96,085)	_	(134,837)			::—		_	(134,837)		
Net Total Receivables	\$	230,605	\$	767,377	\$	669,974	\$	1,667,956	\$		\$	1,759,966	\$	3,427,922		

component Units

teceivables as of year-end for the Component Units are as follows:

	Board of Education	Cecil Community College	Cecil County Library	Bainbridge Development Corporation	Total
Receivables:					
Accounts	296,854	967,932	8,500	682,000	1,955,286
Other					
Gross Receivables	296,854	967,932	8,500	682,000	1,955,286
Uncollectibles		(397,568)	- <u> </u>		(397,568)
let Total Receivables	296,854	570,364	8,500	682,000	1,557,718

. Notes Receivable

. General Fund

he County, in cooperation with the Maryland Department of Business and Economic Development, rovided an economic development loan to James E. Water, II trading as Triumph Industrial Park which xpanded its facilities thereby adding jobs to the local economy. As of June 30, 2007, the balance was 8,600. This loan has an interest rate of 5% and final payment is due June 2010. Additionally, the county has guaranteed a related State loan in the amount of \$210,000.

3. Economic Development Loan Fund

he fund provides small loans in conjunction with other lenders to enhance economic development ithin the County. The total outstanding at June 30, 2007 was \$303,680.

Capital Assets 6.

Primary Government A.

The capital asset activity for Governmental Activities for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	June 30, 2006	_Increases_	Decreases	June 30
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,922,233	\$ 213,958	\$ -	\$ 8,1
Construction in Progress	13,480,856	9,140,432	(8,854,986)	<u>13,7</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	21,403,089	9,354,390	(8,854,986)	21,9
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,124,222	1,302,037	-	2,4
Highways & Bridges	178,002,309	13,854,366	(5,415,792)	186,₄
Building and Improvements	23,830,511	356,512	-	24,1
Machinery & Equipment	13,845,782	12,998,689	(624,823)	26,2
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	216,802,824	28,511,604	(6,040,615)	239,2
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(278,193)	(55,348)	30	(3
Highways & Bridges	(105,946,967)	(4,327,468)	5,415,792	(104,8
Building and Improvements	(7,494,607)	(537,713)	(#6)	(8,0
Machinery & Equipment	(7,201,730)	(1,557,089)	592,021	(8,
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(120,921,497)	(6,477,618)	6,007,813	(121,
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	95,881,327	22,033,986	(32,802)	117,8
Government Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 117,284,416	\$ 31,388,376	\$ (8,887,788)	\$ 139,7

'he capital asset activity for Business-Type Activities for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	June 30, 2006	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2007
Business-Type Activites:				
apital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 875,348	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 875,348
Construction in Progress	2,058,174	4,343,020	(3,019,473)	3,381,721
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,933,522	4,343,020	(3,019,473)	4,257,069
apital Assets Being Depreciated				
Landfill and Land Improvements	14,277,371	261,596		14,538,967
Water & Wastewater Lines	22,840,519	1,105,809		23,946,328
Buildings & Improvements	11,456,084	349,212		11,805,296
Machinery & Equipment	23,630,913	2,721,884	(183,419)	26,169,378
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	72,204,887	4,438,501	(183,419)	76,459,969
ess Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Landfill and Land Improvements	(10,915,203)	(974,403)	3	(11,889,606)
Water & Wastewater Lines	(9,388,304)	(717,094)	5	(10,105,398)
Building and Improvements	(4,312,753)	(286,909)		(4,599,662)
Machinery & Equipment	(5,588,125)	(1,200,892)	157,682	(6,631,335)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(30,204,385)	(3,179,298)	157,682	(33,226,001)
otal Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	42,000,502	1,259,203	(25,737)	43,233,968
susiness-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 44,934,024	\$ 5,602,223	\$ (3,045,210)	\$ 47,491,037

Depreciation and depletion expense was charged to the following activities:

Sovernmental Activites:	Business-type Activities:							
General Government	\$	225,100	Enterprise Funds:					
Public Safety		1,156,676	Water	\$	109,240			
Highways, Streets, and Bridges		4,772,372	Wastewater		1,620,737			
Health and Welfare		219,682	Landfill		1,449,321			
Recreation and Culture		40,949		\$	3,179,298			
Public Libraries		47,351						
Economic Development		995						
	\$	6,463,126						

Construction Commitments

Cecil County has active construction contracts as of June 30, 2007. The programs include highway, streets, bridges, an emergency communications system, and water production and wastewater treatment facilities. At year-end the County's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	 ent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment				
Highways and Bridges Other Capital Projects	\$ 126,163 2,218,891	\$	1,046,136 6,968,227			
Total	\$ 2,345,054	\$	8,014,363			

B. **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The following summarizes the capital asset activity of the County's component units for the year ended June 30, 2007.

	June 30, 2006	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2007
Board of Education				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,202,153	\$::=	\$ -	\$ 1,202,15
Construction in Progress	19,676,889	37,680,377	(4,953,907)	52,403,35
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciate	20,879,042	37,680,377	(4,953,907)	53,605,51;
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	4,158,988	468,427	<u> </u>	4,627,41
Building and Improvements	165,780,078	2,930,859	(107,800)	168,603,13
Machinery & Equipment	18,989,664	3,409,771	(2,060,172)	20,339,26:
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	188,928,730	6,809,057	(2,167,972)	193,569,81
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(1,023,354)	(210,045)	1 19	(1,233,399
Building and Improvements	(68,747,052)	(5,010,620)	2,515	(73,755,15
Machinery & Equipment	(11,673,077)	(2,001,186)	1,968,842	(11,705,42
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(81,443,483)	(7,221,851)	1,971,357	(86,693,97
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	107,485,247	(412,794)	(196,615)	106,875,838
Board of Education Capital Assets, Net	\$ 128,364,289	\$ 37,267,583	\$ (5,150,522)	\$ 160,481,350

apital assets of County's component Units (continued)

Community College Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	1,248,276	\$	531,487	\$		\$	1,779,763
Construction in Progress	·	1,240,270	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciate		1,248,276		531,487				1,779,763
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Leasehold and Other Improvements		3,170,318		116,924		: #:		3,287,242
Building and Improvements		36,201,011		561,824				36,762,835
Machinery & Equipment		5,580,173		229,177		(49,406)		5,759,944
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		44,951,502	0	907,925	-	(49,406)	2	45,810,021
.ess Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Leasehold and Other Improvements		(1,319,452)		(171,548)		-		(1,491,000)
Building and Improvements		(8,901,213)		(915,909)		-		(9,817,122)
Machinery & Equipment		(4,039,199)		(386,207)		49,277		(4,376,129)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(14,259,864)	:	(1,473,664)		49,277	3	(15,684,251)
otal Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		30,691,638		(565,739)		(129)		30,125,770
Community College Capital Assets, Net	\$	31,939,914	\$	(34,252)	\$	(129)	\$	31,905,533
	_		-	75.11=3=/	<u> </u>		-	0.10001000
ublic Library								
apital Assets Being Depreciated								
Machinery & Equipment	_	2,411,726	_	569,121		(284,902)	_	2,695,945
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	2,411,726	-	569,121	_	(284,902)	·	2,695,945
.ess Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Machinery & Equipment		(1,014,482)		(411,759)		284,902		(1,141,339)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(1,014,482)		(411,759)	_	284,902		(1,141,339)
otal Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	1,397,244	,	157,362		- 15		1,554,606
³ ublic Library Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,397,244	\$	157,362	\$		\$	1,554,606
<u>Bainbridge Development Corporation</u> Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$	3,549,600	\$		\$		\$	3,549,600
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciate	3	3,549,600		v	*		3	3,549,600
		3,349,000			_		-	3,549,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated		= 0=0						
Machinery & Equipment		5,052	_	5,550	-			10,602
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	5,052	_	5,550	_			10,602
.ess Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Machinery & Equipment		(3,480)	0	(1,868)	_			(5,348)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,480)	_	(1,868)	_	0	_	(5,348)
otal Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		1,572	-	3,682	_			5,254
}ainbridge Development								
Corporation Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,551,172	<u>\$</u>	3,682	<u>\$</u>		\$	3,554,854

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Advances and Transfers

Interfund balances arise primarily from the General Fund's role as receiver, investor, and disburser of cash. Transactions that are short term are classisied as interfund receivables. The compositon of interfund receivables as of June 30, 2007, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General Fund	Housing Programs Fund	\$	10,517		
	Non-Major Governmental Funds		69,057		
	Internal Service Funds		150,055		
		\$	229,629		

Interfund transfers from the General Fund consist of operating transfers to finance debt service of \$11,606,846, capital projects and highway maintenance of \$17,020,139, and \$2,605,315 to provide additional support to several special revenue programs. The transfers for the year ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Transfers In						
Transfers Out	Highway Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Board of Education Construction Fund	Library Construction Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	
General Fund	\$ 7,756,805	\$ 6,914,012	\$ 1,513,910	\$ 650,000	\$ 14,397,573	\$ 31,232,30	

8. Long-Term Debt

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	<u>J</u>	Balance une 30, 2006	š -	Additions	F	Reductions	<u>_J</u>	Balance une 30, 2007	_	Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable	\$	95,968,924	\$	26,727,140	\$	(7,669,084)	\$	115,026,980	\$	7,972,692
Less: Deferred Charges										
Premium on Debts Issued		1,253,188		274,166		(139,299)		1,388,055		139,299
Gain on Refunding		(829,623)	_	-		155,142		(674,481)		(155,142)
Total Bonds Payable		96,392,489		27,001,306		(7,653,241)		115,740,554		7,956,849
Insurance Claims Payable		776,298		5,589,022		(5,483,229)		882,091		882,091
Compensated Absences	-	1,177,222	-	1,442,995	,	(1,322,140)	_	1,298,077	_	865,385
Governmental Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	98,346,009	\$	34,033,323	\$	(14,458,610)	\$	117,920,722	\$	9,704,325

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Business-Type Activities:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 24,290,387	\$ 726,967	\$ (1,297,856) \$	23,719,498 \$	1,336,252
Less: Discount on Issuance	(26,706)	·	4,806	(21,900)	(4,410)
Total Bonds Payable	24,263,681	726,967	(1,293,050)	23,697,598	1,331,842
Compensated Absences Accrued Landfill Closure	105,498	96,327	(91,446)	110,379	73,585
and Postclosure Costs	5,512,433	460,370		5,972,803	
Business-Type Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 29,881,612	\$ 1,283,664	\$ (1,384,496) \$	29,780,780 \$	1,405,427
Component Units					
Board of Education	\$ 7,099,847	\$ 1,815,800	\$ (859,868) \$	8,055,779 \$	2,251,169
Cecil Community College	234,920	21,926	(8,522)	248,324	171,582
Cecil County Public Library	31,146	10,073	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41,219	41,219
Component Units					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 7,365,913	\$ 1,847,799	\$ (868,390) \$	8,345,322 \$	2,463,970

he fund responsible for incurring the compensated absences pays the obligation.

General Obligation Bonds

ecil County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of lajor capital assets. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and businesspe activities; they are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These onds are generally issued as 10 to 20 year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal due each ear.

ecil County has also issued special assessment debt to provide for the construction of shore erosion ontrol projects. These funds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited y the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists at the time a debt service payment is due, the overnment must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received.

ecil County has also recorded the issuance of revenue bonds (i.e., bonds supported by revenues of le County's enterprise operations). The economic essence of the 2000 Maryland Environmental ervices Lease, Revenue Bonds is that of a revenue bond obligation issued by the County. The bonds nanced the expansion of the County's central landfill and the County has pledged income derived from le landfill to pay debt service. In the event that a deficiency exists at the time a debt service payment due, the government must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received.

here are certain limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures including call ovisions. The County is in compliance with the limitations and restrictions.

The following is a summary of general, special assessment, and revenue bonds outstanding as June 30, 2007.

Date of Issue/ Maturity	Amount of Original Issue	Description	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2007
1988/2007	1,295,949	Refinanced Bonds issued for reconstruction of the County jail.	8.6%	64,086
1992/2011	367,103	Maryland Water Quality Financing Administration, Charlestown Manor Sewer.	4.45%	91,712
1997/2012	4,850,000	Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds of 1997.	4.9725%	2,380,000
1999/2019	11,795,000	Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds of 1999.	5.10% - 5.25%	800,000
2001/2010	2,068,166	Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds of 2001, Series A.	5.765%	967,959
2001/2021	15,245,000	Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds of 2001, Series B.	5.765%	12,465,000
2002/2023	2,050,000	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2002	2.0%	1,702,255
2002/2024	6,279,112	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2002B	1.9%	5,346,014
2002/2017	13,795,000	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2002	3.0%-3.875%	10,775,000
2003/2043	845,000	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2003A	4.252%	812,214
2003/2023	21,140	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2003	2.25%-4.5%	14,180,000
2004/2023	2,616,645	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2003B	1.2%	2,241,020
2004/2044	1,585,000	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2004A	4.577%	1,543,296
2004/2025	8,000,000	Sanitary District Bond, Series 2004B	1.1%	7,552,988

ist of Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2007 (continued):

Date of Issue/ Maturity	Amount of Original Issue	Description	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2007		
2004/2024	9,025,000	Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds of 2004	3.0% - 4.3%	8,350,000		
2005/2025	39,615,000	Consolidated Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2005	3.75% - 5%	38,140,000		
2007/2027	26,720,000	Consolidated G.O. Public Improvement Bonds of 2006	3.5% - 5%	26,720,000		
Bub-Total General Obligation Bonds						
1996/2011	107,801	West View Shores - Shore Erosion Control District	None	35,934		
2004/2019	149,000	West View Shores II - Shore Erosion Control District	None	149,000		
ub-Total Special Assessment Debt						
2000/2015	6,385,000	Maryland Environmental Services Lease, Revenue Bonds (Cecil Co.), Series 2000	4.75% - 5.5%	4,430,000		
ub-Total Revenue Bonds						
Total				\$ 138,746,478		

ond issues described as "Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds" are used to finance the design, anning, renovation, construction, and equipping of public facilities in Cecil County. The majority of the onds are for school construction. Funding from Sanitary District Bonds is used to design, plan, movate, construct or equip various water or wastewater facilities. Maryland Environmental Services ease, Revenue Bonds were used to pay for construction of a new cell at the landfill. The County also sued bonds to pay for reconstruction of the County jail (1988/2007), Charlestown Manor Sewer 992/2011) and erosion control at West View Shores.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for principal and interest for bonds payable as of June 30, 2007, are as follows:

		General Obliga	ation Bonds		•	ssessment nds	Revenu	e Bond:	
Year Ending	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	<u>Int</u>	
2008	7,961,145	4,497,543	941,842	377,403	11,550		390,000		
2009	7,124,847	4,220,426	957,125	337,959	11,550	-	415,000		
2010	7,463,374	3,929,964	972,713	322,371	13,286		435,000		
2011	7,367,680	3,494,135	980,461	306,471	13,286	9	460,000		
2012	7,160,000	3,363,203	977,025	290,614	13,286	a	2,730,000		
2013-2017	29,925,000	12,996,722	5,120,519	1,217,674	30,494	*	5 5 X		
2018-2022	28,175,000	7,011,403	5,540,596	797,597	30,494	-	:=(
2023-2027	19,665,000	1,767,604	2,262,318	412,947	30,494	÷	:=1		
2028-2032		A#0	343,699	304,801	30,494		:=0:		
2033-2037	*	S=:	428,015	220,485		7	-		
2038-2042			533,033	115,467					
2043-2047	:		232,151	15,630					
	114,842,046	\$ 41,281,000	19,289,498	\$ 4,719,418	184,934	<u>\$ -</u>	4,430,000	\$ 1	
Less: Funds not Drawn									
Total	\$ 114,842,046		\$ 19,289,498		\$ 184,934		\$ 4,430,000		

C. **Conduit Debt Obligations**

The County has issued revenue based bonds for the express purpose of providing capital financing to third parties who are not part of the County or its component units. Although the debt bears the County's name, the County has no obligation for this debt beyond the resources of the third party or the related project as provided for in the bonds. Because the County has no liability for this debt, it is not recorded in the County's financial statements. Three revenue bond issues are outstanding. The face amount of these offerings amount to \$7,935,000. As of June 30, 2007, the aggregate principal amount remaining payable for these bonds is \$6,480,711.

Leases

Operating Leasea

he County leases office facilities including a public safety facility under noncancelable operating eases. The Board of Education leases office and warehouse space, and bus parking. The future ninimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

		Primary Government	Board of Education
2008		398,024	637,116
2009		392,170	607,038
2010		359,700	345,447
2011		382,180	352,676
2012		389,674	360,095
2013-2017		2,073,373	· 8 8 8
2018-2022		2,281,593	
2023-2027		2,549,067	(e)
2028-2032		2,686,885	-
2033-2037		1,791,242	g =
Total Commitm	nent under the Operating Lease	\$ 13,303,908	\$ 2,302,372

Capital Leases

he Board of Education has entered into capital leases for maintenance vehicles and portable lassrooms. Cecil Community College has entered into capital leases for an automobile and telephone ystem upgrades. These leases expire at various times over the next four fiscal years. As of une 30, 2007, future minimum payments under capital leases were as follows:

	Board of <u>Education</u>	Community College
9008	613,644	18,465
.009	634,730	
1010	546,427	; =
.011-2021	2,158,383	
otal Commitment under the Capital Leases	3,953,184	18,465

10. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its central refuse landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure.

Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each statement of net assets date.

The landfill closure and postclosure care liability of \$5,972,803 at June 30, 2007, represented the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of approximately 90% of the estimated capacity of the currently constructed cells at the landfill. The remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$624,647 will be recognized as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2007. Actual cost may be different because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The estimated life of the landfill is through 2011.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to meet certain financial assurance requirements relative to financing the expected cost of closure and postclosure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

11. Reserved and Designated Fund Balances

The County reserves fund balance where amounts either do not constitute "available spendable resources" or are not expected to be received by the General Fund in the next operating cycle. Fund balances have been reserved for the following purposes at June 30, 2007:

General Fund

The reserved fund balance of \$12,709,095 at June 30, 2007, represents the following:

Inventory, Deposits, and Prepaid Expenses	\$	182,097
Contingencies in accordance with Board of County Commissioners' resolution		11,508,756
IKEA refund due to change in prior year personal property assessment		645,885
Advance to Water Services Fund		366,312
Non-Current Notes Receivable	-	6,045
	\$	12.709.095

The designated fund balance of \$17,486,174 at June 30, 2007, represents the following:

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	\$	4,274,384
Designated for park land acquisition	\$	500,000
Designated for anticipated pay-as-you go capital projects funding	_	13,211,790
	\$	17,986,174

ther Funds

he reserved fund balance in other funds amounts to \$584,170 at June 30, 2007, and consists of the blowing:

Major Fund Highway Fund Inventory \$ 280,791
Major Fund General Capital Projects Encumbrances 303,379

\$ 584,170

he unreserved fund balances for all special revenue funds amounting to \$4,461,531 and all capital inds totaling \$21,585,310 are designated to be used for subsequent years' expenditures for various rants, activities, and capital projects.

2. Risk Management

\Lambda. Health Insurance

he County is self-insured for health care benefits provided to employees. The County pays 5% of the cost of providing benefits with employees contributing 15% of the cost. Benefits re provided through the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. The Fund was established if fiscal year 1993 to provide health benefits to employees of the County government, and two omponent units (Cecil Community College and Cecil County Public Library). Under the Plan, harges are made to employers on a formula basis. Interfund charges within the County are scorded as revenue in the Health Insurance Fund and as expenditure/expense to the enefiting department.

he County manages the Plan through retention of risk in the Internal Service Fund and the urchase of commercial insurance. The payment of health-related claims is processed rough a third-party administrator. Excess insurance is purchased to cover individual claims at exceed \$150,000 per plan year or if total claims for a plan year exceed a formula-based mit. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage purchased by the County in ny of the past three fiscal years.

he liability for Health Insurance Fund claims of \$882,091 is based on standard insurance dustry practices in estimating claims for insured losses incurred but not reported by June 30, 007. Historical claims experience and other relevant reports are the bases for these stimates.

Changes in the fund's claims liability for the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning Fiscal Year Liability	Claims and Claims Incurred	Claims Paid	Ending Fiscal Year Liability
2005-2006	696,457	5,241,880	(5,162,039)	776,298
2006-2007	776,298	5,589,022	(5,483,229)	882,091

B. Other Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts or damage to assets, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and other losses. The County participates in the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust (LGIT) and Injured Workers' Insurance Fund. Coverage and deductibles under LGIT vary depending on type of incident. The Injured Workers' Insurance Fund provides coverage up to the statutory limit of each incident.

The County insures its primary liability, property damage, and excess liability coverages through participation in the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust (LGIT), a public entity risk pool. The LGIT created a self-insurance pool to offer coverage to Maryland local governments.

For the pooled coverage, there is a total risk and cost sharing for all participants. Liabilities in excess of assets of the Trust may be assessed to participating members. Stop loss insurance is provided to protect against catastrophic losses.

Premiums are paid by the General Fund. The County does not have any claim liability in addition to premiums, unless an assessment is made by the Trust.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Educational Funding Commitments

The Annotated Code of Maryland (the Code) requires that the County provide funding equal to at least 32% of the Cecil Community College current expenditures. The County has met the funding requirement for the year ended June 30, 2007. Funding for the year ending June 30, 2008, is estimated to be \$7,410,325. The Code also requires that the County maintain its funding level from year to year for the Board of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2007, such funding amounted to \$65,715,090 and is estimated to be \$65,915,162 for the year ending June 30, 2008.

B. Litigation and Grant Compliance

The County is a party to numerous legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The legal proceedings are not, in the opinion of the County's attorneys, likely to have a material adverse impact on the County's financial position.

The use of grant monies received by the County for funding certain programs or projects is subject to compliance audits by disbursing governmental agencies. The County believes it is in compliance with all significant grant requirements.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

. Pension Plans – Primary Government

he County sponsors a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan, the Cecil County Pension Plan or Public Safety Employees (PPPSE), to provide benefits to certain law enforcement and public safety ersonnel. Except for employees of the Bainbridge Development Corporation, all other County mployees and the employees of its component units are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system.

ecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees (PPPSE)

lan description. Established by the Board of County Commissioners of Cecil County on July 1, 2002, ne Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees (PPPSE) is a single-employer, defined enefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to Plan members and their eneficiaries. The Plan covers all full-time employees on the County's Public Safety Pay Scale hired fter June 30, 2002, the Cecil County Sheriff, and eligible public safety employees who have opted to onvert from the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System Plan. As of July 1, 2006, the date of ne latest actuarial valuation, there were 179 active Plan members, 25 retirees receiving benefits, and 6 nembers entitled to but not yet receiving retirement benefits. Responsibility for the administration and peration of the Plan is vested with a 9-member Board of Trustees. The Plan issues publicly available nancial statements which are available from the Cecil County Department of Human Resources, 129. Main St. Elkton, MD 21921. After January 4, 2008, the address for the Department of Human esources will be 200 Chesapeake Blvd, Elkton, MD 21921.

ummary of significant accounting policies - basis of accounting and valuation of investments.

he Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member ontributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to be Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the ontributions. Benefits and refunds of contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a ational or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates, or fixed income securities, fair value may be based on quoted market prices.

unding Policy. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the County are established by solution of the Board of County Commissioners and may be amended by resolution. Plan members re required to contribute 8% of the base compensation. Cecil County as the employer is required to take actuarially determined annual contribution amounts; the current rate is 17.4% of covered payroll.

nnual Pension Cost. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the County's annual contribution to the PPSE was \$1,274,061 and equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution to the Public Safety Plan was determined as part of the July 1, 2006, actuarial valuation using the entry ge normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 8% investment rate of sturn compounded annually, net of investment expenses; (b) projected salary increases of 7.5% per par compounded annually for the first five years, 7% annually for the next five years, and 6% annually thereafter; (c) termination of service estimates as 12% annually for the first five years, 6% annually for the next five years, and 1% annually thereafter; (d) an inflation rate of 3.5% resulting in post-retirement enefit increases of the maximum 2%; (e) rates of mortality, disablement and retirement are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables, a 1952 Society of Actuaries study, and comparable pension experience. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of

short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2007, was 26 years.

Three-Year Trend Information for PPPSE

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension	
June 30	Cost	Covered	Obligation	
2005	1,160,256	100%	3#1	
2006	1,251,450	100%	6 ₹2	
2007	1,274,061	100%	(=	

The Plan has had three actuarial valuations. These valuations are summarized as follows:

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Retirement Plans and Benefits Cecil County Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees

Accru Liabil Actuarial (AAL Valuation Value of Projected		Actuanal Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Cost Method (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
	2004	8,665,871	16,498,936	7,833,065	52.5%	7,061,252	110.9%
	2005	10,717,426	18,301,914	7,584,488	58.6%	7,249,072	104.6%
		10,717,420	10,501,514	7,004,400	00.070	1,273,012	104.070
	2006	12,928,657	21,635,271	8,706,614	59.8%	7,827,147	111.2%

Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS)

<u>Plan description.</u> Except for public safety personnel participating in the Pension Plan for Public Safety described previously and employees of Bainbridge Development Corporation, the employees of the County and its component units are covered by a plan within either the Employees' Retirement and Pension System or the Teachers' Retirement and Pension System. These plans are part of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (MSRPS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Retirement Agency. The MSRPS was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland (State law) to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to state employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the administration and operation of the MSRPS is vested in a 14-member Board of Trustees. The MSRPS issues annual financial statements which are publicly available and may be obtained by writing to the State

tetirement and Pension System of Maryland, 301 West Preston Street, Baltimore, MD 21201, or by alling 1-800-492-5909.

unding policy. The contribution requirements for plan members, the County and its component units re established by State law. Employees are required to contribute two percent to seven percent of neir compensation, depending on the plan in which they are enrolled. Employers, including the County, re required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on annual actuarial valuations using ne entry age normal cost method with projection and other actuarial assumptions adopted by the loard of Trustees. Current employer contribution rates to the Employees' Retirement and Employees' rension plans vary from 8.1% to 13.1% of covered payroll depending on the plan. The County's ontributions to the MSRPS for the years ending June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005, were \$998,860, 764,589 and \$723,287 respectively and equaled the required and actual contribution for each year.

ummary of total pension costs. The total annual pension cost for the County and its component units the MSRPS and the Pension Plan for Public Safety Employees for the year ended June 30, 2007, as equal to the required and actual contributions as follows:

	MSRPS		Public Safety		Total	
Primary Government Component Units	\$	998,860	\$	1,274,061	\$	2,272,921
Board of Education		9,106,080		0,00		9,106,080
Community College		273,172		(e.		273,172
Public Library		131,093	-		131,09	
Total	\$	10,509,205	\$	1,274,061	\$	11,783,266

3. Defined Contribution Plan

Imployees of the Community College are eligible to be covered under the Teachers' Insurance and Innuity Association - College Retirement Equity Fund (TIAA-CREF). TIAA-CREF, a private insurance ompany, is the optional retirement program chosen by the State Board of Community Colleges for rofessional staff only. The College also has chosen TIAA-CREF to provide retirement benefits to ertain employees not eligible to participate in any other plan. This plan is a Defined Contribution Plan. Fovered payroll for employees participating in the TIAA-CREF Plan was \$5,034,562 in 2007. The mount contributed by the State on the College's behalf was \$339,656 (6.70% of covered payroll), and ne amount contributed by the College was \$33,115 (.65% of covered payroll) for fiscal year 2007.

5. <u>Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits</u>

rimary Government

addition to the pension plans described in Note 14 the County provides post-retirement health care enefits, in accordance with a County-approved plan, to all employees of the County, Cecil County ublic Library and Cecil Community College. The retiree must be continuously employed for four years nmediately preceding retirement date and must have attained the age of 62 with five years of service rage 55 with 15 years of service. Currently, 59 employees have met these eligibility requirements nd participate in the Plan. The County contributes \$75 per month per participant to the Plan, and the articipant is required to pay the balance of the Plan's insurance premiums, as well as any annual eductibles. During fiscal year 2007, post-retirement health care costs of \$52,425 were recorded.

Board of Education

The Board of Education (the Board) offers post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with a Board-adopted plan, to all retired employees who have completed fourteen years or more of service and been continuously covered by the Board's health care plan for one year prior to retirement. Currently, 426 retirees meet these requirements. The Board pays retirees' health care premium up to a maximum of \$5,237 per year based on years of service and employee classification. Expenditures for post-retirement health care benefits are recognized as retirees' report claims and an accrual for an estimate of the amount payable at each year-end is provided. During fiscal year 2007, \$1,615,262 was recorded for post-retirement health care costs.

16. Subsequent events

The County's primary bank, Mercantile County Bank, was purchased by PNC Bank on March 2, 2007; the bank formally began operating as PNC on September 17, 2007. This change is not expected to adversely affect the County.

On October 1, 2007, the County established a new 457(b) defined contribution employee retirement plan with MetLife. This plan replaces the 457(b) plan that was established in 1973. Under the previous plan, investment contracts were established between ING (previously Aetna) and the employee on an individual basis; the County acted as intermediary to withhold and remit employee contributions. Under the new Plan, the County will act as the Plan Sponsor in a Trust capacity for the employees. An investment committee has been the overall administration of the plan and an investment consultant has been engaged to advise the committee as to various investment options. Employees who join the plan can select from a variety of investment options covering a broad range of market sectors or employees may opt to leave funds with ING, but will be unable to make future payroll contributions.

Major Governmental Fund

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

ne following budget and actual schedule presents General Fund activity in its lowest level of legal adgetary control - the department.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 80,898,626	\$ 78,492,404	\$ 78,510,957	\$ 18,553
Income Taxes	49,250,000	45,800,000	46,864,546	1,064,546
Licenses and Permits	2,057,530	1,697,530	1,658,794	(38,736)
Intergovernmental	12,111,453	12,361,220	11,467,703	(893,517)
Charges for Services	2,269,967	2,892,665	3,120,102	227,437
Investment Earnings	1,700,000	4,930,000	4,895,423	(34,577)
Contributions & Other Revenues		g <u>====================================</u>	1,912,583	1,912,583
Total Revenues	148,287,576	146,173,819	148,430,108	2,256,289
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal		<u> </u>	95,045	95,045
Total Other Financing Sources			95,045	95,045
Total Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources	\$148,287,576	\$146,173,819	\$148,525,153	\$ 2,351,334
Expenditures				
General Government				
County Commissioners	\$ 403,899	\$ 396,366	\$ 358,724	\$ 37,642
Office of Administrator	706,585	664,728	436,897	227,831
Budget	100,005	100,522	94,479	6,043
Administration Building Maintenance	27,200	14,700	11,452	3,248
Purchasing Department	158,017	152,787 ⁻	150,849	1,938
Central Store Building Maintenance	7,400	7,400	6,563	837
Other General Government	1,541,363	1,574,663	1,302,713	271,950
Judgments and Losses	20,000	20,000	10,866	9,134
Reserve for Emergencies	250,000	250,000	=	250,000
Human Resources	583,922	576,566	537,517	39,049
Tax Collection	948,174	963,846	856,891	106,955
Accounting	661,046	632,950	552,556	80,394
Information Systems	1,299,334	1,318,002	775,011	542,991
Circuit Court	1,647,065	1,827,535	1,553,221	274,314
Orphans Court	24,411	24,411	21,418	2,993
Board of Elections	1,002,454	1,002,454	512,803	489,651
Voting Machine Maintenance	3,200	3,200	2,440	760 7.075
Liquor Board Licensing	211,517	210,052	202,077	7,975
Planning and Zoning	703,456	692,625	595,969 10,844	96,656 8 756
Board of Appeals Planning Commission	28,600 38,000	28,600 42,000	19,844 39,568	8,756
Chesapeake Bay Critical Area	289,484	42,000 286,232	275,749	2,432 10,483
Courthouse Maintenance	1,545,352	1,565,353	1,433,061	132,292
Total General Government	\$ 12,200,484	\$ 12,354,992	\$ 9,750,668	\$ 2,604,324

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (Continued)			15	
Public Safety				
State's Attorney's Office	\$ 1,647,381	\$ 1,691,007	\$ 1,601,253	\$ 89,754
Sheriff's Office - Law Enforcement	8,211,245	7,868,494	7,174,235	694,259
Sheriff - Special Assignments	41,515	57,515	52,410	5,105
Sheriff Patrol - Charlestown	41,515	41,515	36,514	5,001
Sheriff Patrol - Chesapeake City	41,515	41,515	29,399	12,116
Sheriff Patrol - Port Deposit	22,900	(*	(
Detention Center	5,931,372	5,871,021	5,595,519	275,502
Detention Center Maintenance	308,400	309,253	272,487	36,766
County Work Release Program	577,466	622,198	562,648	59,550
Community Work Service Program	15,188	15,188	13,201	1,987
Emergency Management	2,156,426	2,425,017	1,920,399	504,618
Emergency Medical Services	2,737,330	2,618,148	2,612,735	5,413
Volunteer Fire Departments	3,736,572	4,645,272	4,490,489	154,783
Civil Defense - 911 System	120,100	130,100	129,472	628
EMCDA Facility Maintenance	455,359	534,022	468,228	65,794
Permits and Licenses	795,887	794,877	782,708	12,169
Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	508,735	533,735	533,735	
Total Public Safety	27,348,906	28,198,877	26,275,432	1,923,445
Highways, Streets, and Bridges				
Public Works Administration	2,593,808	2,594,089	2,185,457	408,632
Weed Control	73,038	73,730	61,902	11,828
Total Highways, Streets, and Bridges	2,666,846	2,667,819	2,247,359	420,460
Health and Welfare				
Health Department	2,218,522	2,218,522	2,218,521	1
New Health Department Maintenance	181,792	155,274	123,431	31,843
Mosquito Control	34,640	34,640	19,480	15,160
Pauper Burials	3,000	3,000	2,000	1,000
Social Services	475,052	471,142	460,385	10,757
Domestic Violence	621,181	645,275	627,284	17,991
Healthy Marriage	· ·	556,000	197,444	358,556
Domestic Violence - Coord. Council	46,443	46,543	43,707	2,836
Youth Panel	15,516	15,716	14,523	1,193
Maryland School for the Blind	4,290	7,890	6,575	1,315
Senior Center Maintenance	62,420	40,950	37,849	3,101
Old Help Center Maintenance	6,000	6,000	5,474	526
Cecil County Adult Day Care	34,237	34,237	34,237	: :
Non-Profit Agencies	397,078	397,078	394,402	2,676
Total Health and Welfare	\$ 4,100,171	\$ 4,632,267	\$ 4,185,312	\$ 446,955

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures (Continued)					
Recreation and Culture					
Board of Parks	\$ 651,968	\$ 683,640	\$ 426,184	\$ 257,456	
Parks and Recreation Maintenance	8,670	8,670	7,667	1,003	
Old Library Building Maintenance	20,410	20,410	14,147	6,263	
Total Recreation and Culture	681,048	712,720	447,998	264,722	
Education					
Cecil County Board of Education	65,715,090	65,715,090	65,715,090		
Cecil Community College	7,328,988	7,331,188	7,331,188		
Cecil Community College - Scholarships	30,000	30,000	30,000		
Total Education	73,074,078	73,076,278	73,076,278		
Public Libraries	3,448,670	3,449,390	3,449,390		
Economic Development	983,620	1,256,958	1,172,390	84,568	
Agriculture					
Agricultural Extension Service	197,186	197,186	190,526	6,660	
Agricultural Extension Serv Bldg Maint.	44,778	44,778	43,962	816	
Soil Conservation	306,174	303,350	289,674	13,676	
Gypsy Moth Control	28,000	28,000	24,758	3,242	
Total Agriculture	576,138	573,314	548,920	24,394	
Municipalities	558,078	558,078	558,077	1	
Total Expenditures	125,638,039	127,480,693	121,711,824	5,768,869	
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers to Special Revenue Funds	10,624,451	11,652,830	10,362,120	1,290,710	
Transfers to Debt Service Fund	12,173,686	12,173,686	11,606,846		
Transfers to Capital Projects Funds	3,774,635	8,907,635	9,263,334	566,840 (355,699)	
•		0,907,033	9,200,334	(300,099)	
Total Other Financing Uses	26,572,772	32,734,151	31,232,300	1,501,851	
Total Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	\$152,210,811	\$160,214,844	\$152,944,124	\$ 7,270,720	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	_	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	100	Capital Projects Funds		Total lon-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments Receivables, Net	\$	3,364,697 449,674	\$	- 51	\$	3,213,998	\$	6,578,695 449,725
Due from Other Governments Inventory Restricted Assets: Cash		289,071 987		-		-		289,071 987
and Investments	==	197,074	_		_			197,074
Total Assets	\$	4,301,503	<u>\$</u>	51	\$	3,213,998	\$	7,515,552
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	307,469	\$		\$	560,925	\$	868,394
Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds		126,227		51		=		126,227
Due to Component Units	7	69,006	_		-		_	69,057
Total Liabilities	-	502,702	-	51		560,925		1,063,678
Fund Balances: Reserved:								
Encumbrances Unreserved:		-		-		-		
Special Revenue Funds		3,798,801		-		=		3,798,801
Debt Service		-		-		-		0.050.070
Capital Project Funds	_		-		-	2,653,073	-	2,653,073
Total Fund Balances	:	3,798,801	-		-	2,653,073	-	6,451,874
Total Liabilities and	•	4 004 500	•	- 4	•	0.040.000	•	7 545 550
Fund Balances	\$	4,301,503	\$	51	\$	3,213,998	\$	7,515,552

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

- 2	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Special Assessments	\$ ==	\$ 44,017	\$ ==	\$ 44,017
Intergovernmental	3,194,241	<u> </u>	(2)	3,194,241
Charges for Services	344,869	=	=	344,869
Investment Earnings	29,974	<u>=</u>	3	29,974
Contributions & Other Revenues	107,983			107,983
Total Revenues	3,677,067	44,017		3,721,084
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety	1,606,339	7-	2	1,606,339
Health and Welfare	2,280,368	82	2	2,280,368
Recreation and Culture	636,738	:=:		636,738
Economic Development	10,000	(=	-	10,000
Agriculture	1,839,355	(<u>*</u>	-	1,839,355
Debt Service:				.,,
Principal	-,	7,668,902		7,668,902
Interest		4,026,203	=	4,026,203
Capital Outlay			4,357,464	4,357,464
Total Expenditures	6,372,800	11,695,105	4,357,464	22,425,369
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	_(2,695,733)	(11,651,088)	(4,357,464)	(18,704,285)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Bonds Issued	¥		2,106,781	2,106,781
Transfers In	2,605,315	11,606,846	835,412	15,047,573
Total Other Financing Sources	2,605,315	11,606,846	2,942,193	17,154,354
Net Change in Fund Balances	(90,418)	(44,242)	(1,415,271)	(1,549,931)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2006	3,889,219	44,242	4,068,344	8,001,805
Fund Balances - June 30, 2007	\$ 3,798,801	\$ -	\$ 2,653,073	\$ 6,451,874

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for operating revenues that are restricted to finance particular functions or activities of government.

pmmunity Adult Rehabilitation Center Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of e "live-in, work-out" center located at the Cecil County Detention Center. The program is apported by legally restricted state grants, charges to the inmate population, and funds from punty government resources.

ther Public Safety Fund - This fund is used to account for federal funds legally restricted to ecific public safety purposes.

pen Space Fund - This fund is used to account for state Program Open Space Fund grants pally restricted to the acquisition and/or development of recreational facilities.

pricultural Land Preservation Fund - This fund is used to account for federal, state (including a Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Foundation programs), and County funding of pricultural land easement purchases and direct land purchases.

Ipin Falls Covered Bridge Fund - This fund is used to account for funds restricted to the poort of repairs and maintenance to historic Gilpin Falls Covered Bridge

enior Services & Community Transit Fund - This fund is used to account for services, ograms, and activities supported by legally restricted state and federal grants, and County evernment resources providing additional funds.

conomic Development Revolving Loan Fund - This fund is used to account for federal ammunity Development Block Grants and state revolving loan programs legally restricted to conomic development programs within the County

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Community Adult Rehabilitation Center	Other n Public Safety	Open Space	Agricultural Land Preservation	Gilpin Falls Covered Bridge	Senior Services & Community Transit	Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund	Total
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Receivables, Net:	\$ -	\$ 30,492	\$ 358,902	\$2,577,039	\$ 89,027	\$	\$ 309,237	\$3,364,697
Accounts	2,259		25,797	116,934	=	() = (9+3	144,990
Interest	8 4	12	=	720	2	(2)	1,004	1,004
Notes		: K#3			*	:: =:	303,680	303,680
Due from Other Funds	12	021	2	-	2	-	(<u>-</u>	-
Due from Other Governments		(0)	38,752	300		171,041	30 * 6	289,071
Invertory	987	-	=	-	- 3	*	-	987
Restricted Assets: Cash								
and Investments	2,500						194,574	197,074
Total Assets	\$ 85,024	\$30,492	\$ 423,451	\$2,693,973	\$ 89,027	\$ 171,041	\$ 808,495	\$4,301,503
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable Salaries and	\$ 10,033	\$ -	\$ 246,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,799	\$ -	\$ 307,469
Benefits Payable	53,976	_	_	-	-	72,251	_	126,227
Due to Other Funds	21,015					47,991		69,006
Total Liabilities	85,024		246,637	-		171,041	_	502,702
Fund Balances: Unreserved, Designated: Subsequent Years'								
Expenditures		30,492	176,814	2,693,973	89,027		808,495	3,798,801
Total Fund Balances		30,492	176,814	2,693,973	89,027		808,495	3,798,801
Total Liabilities								
and Fund Balances	\$ 85,024	\$30,492	\$ 423,451	\$2,693,973	\$ 89,027	\$ 171,041	\$ 808,495	\$4,301,503

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Community Adult Rehabilitation Center	Other Public Safety	Open Space	Agricultural Land Preservation	Gilpin Falls Covered Bridge	Senior Services & Community Transit	Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for Services Investment Earnings Contributions & Other Revenues Total Revenues	\$ 1,025,230 226,024 	\$ -	\$ 501,283 	\$ 586,816 - - - - 586,816	\$ - 4,502 - 4,502	\$ 1,070,912 118,845 - 13,112 1,202,869	\$ 10,000 - 25,472 - 35,472	\$3,194,241 344,869 29,974 107,983 3,677,067
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety Health and Welfare Recreation and Culture Economic Development Agriculture	1,580,734	25,605	636,738 - -	1,839,355		2,280,368	10,000	1,606,339 2,280,368 636,738 10,000 1,839,355
Total Expenditures	1,580,734	25,605	636,738	1,839,355		2,280,368	10,000	6,372,800
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING	(329,480)	(25,605)	(40,584)	_(1,252,539)	4,502	_(1,077,499)	25,472	(2,695,733)
SOURCES Transfers In	329,480	20,524	177,812	1,000,000		1,077,499		2,605,315
Total Other Financing Sources Net Change in Fund Balances	329,480	20,524	<u>177,812</u> 137,228	1,000,000	4,502	1,077,499	25,472	<u>2,605,315</u> (90,418)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2006		35,573	39,586	2,946,512	84,525		783,023	3,889,219
Fund Balances - June 30, 2007	\$ -	\$ 30,492	\$ 176,814	\$ 2,693,973	\$ 89,027	<u>\$</u>	\$ 808,495	\$3,798,801

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMMUNITY ADULT REHABILITATION CENTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Varlance with Final Budget - Positive	
8:	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 1,223,425 218,250	\$ 1,223,425 218,250	\$ 1,025,230 226,024	\$ (198,195) 7,774	
Total Revenues	1,441,675	1,441,675	1,251,254	(190,421)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Safety	1,744,008	1,719,002	1,580,734	138,268	
Total Expenditures	1,744,008	1,719,002	1,580,734	138,268	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(302,333)	(277,327)	(329,480)	(52,153)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	302,333	277,327	329,480	52,153	
Total Other Financing Sources	302,333	277,327	329,480	52,153	
Net Change in Fund Balance	· 152	=	.7h		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	:	·			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER PUBLIC SAFETY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Contributions & Other Revenues	\$	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$	
Total Revenues	·				
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Public Safety	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	56,097	25,605	30,492	
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	56,097	25,605	30,492	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	<u></u>	(56,097)	(25,605)	30,492	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	======	20,524	20,524	15	
Total Other Financing Sources		20,524	20,524		
Net Change in Fund Balance	ā	(35,573)	(5,081)	30,492	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	35,573	35,573	35,573		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 35,573	<u>\$</u>	\$ 30,492	\$ 30,492	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OPEN SPACE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 899,858	\$ 899,858	\$ 501,283	\$ (398,575)	
Contributions & Other Revenues	Ψ 099,000 ————————————————————————————————	ψ 039,030 ———————————————————————————————————	94,871	94,871	
Total Revenues	899,858	899,858	596,154	(303,704)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				80	
Recreation and Culture	1,077,670	1,077,670	636,738	440,932	
Total Expenditures	1,077,670	1,077,670	636,738	440,932	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(177,812)	(177,812)	(40,584)	137,228	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	177,812	177,812	177,812		
Total Other Financing Sources	177,812	177,812	177,812	<u>=</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	w	137,228	137,228	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	39,586	39,586	39,586		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 39,586	\$ 39,586	\$ 176,814	\$ 137,228	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AGRICULTURAL LAND PRESERVATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 586,816	\$ 586,816	
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	·	586,816	586,816	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Agriculture	1,000,000	4,126,976	1,839,355	2,287,621	
Total Expenditures	1,000,000	4,126,976	1,839,355	2,287,621	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,000,000)	(4,126,976)	(1,252,539)	2,874,437	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	1,000,000	1,180,464	1,000,000	(180,464)	
Total Other Financing Sources	1,000,000	1,180,464	1,000,000	(180,464)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1)	(2,946,512)	(252,539)	2,693,973	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	2,946,512	2,946,512	2,946,512	<u> </u>	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 2,946,512	\$ -	\$ 2,693,973	\$ 2,693,973	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GILPIN FALLS COVERED BRIDGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	•	•	. 4.500	A 4.500	
Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,502	\$ 4,502	
Total Revenues			4,502	4,502	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Highways, Streets, and Bridges					
Total Expenditures	(<u>a</u>)				
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures			4,502	4,502	
Net Change in Fund Balance)=:	3 2	4,502	4,502	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	84,525	84,525	84,525		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 84,525	\$ 84,525	\$ 89,027	\$ 4,502	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SENIOR SERVICES & COMMUNITY TRANSIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 1,216,534 93,000	\$ 1,312,921 93,000	\$ 1,070,912 118,845	\$ (242,009) 25,845	
Contributions & Other Revenues			13,112	13,112	
Total Revenues	1,309,534	1,405,921	1,202,869	(203,052)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Health and Welfare	2,420,466	2,578,466	2,280,368	298,098	
Total Expenditures	2,420,466	2,578,466	2,280,368	298,098	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,110,932)	(1,172,545)	(1,077,499)	95,046	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	1,110,932	1,172,545	1,077,499	(95,046)	
Total Other Financing					
Sources	1,110,932	1,172,545	1,077,499	(95,046)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	o#i	ne:	-	-	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006					
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING LOAN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$	\$ 10,00	00 \$ 10,000	\$	
Charges for Services Investment Earnings	# # P		25,472	25,472	
Total Revenues	-	10,00	35,472	25,472	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Economic Development		10,00	10,000	· · ·	
Total Expenditures		10,00	10,000	/ 5	
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures			25,472	25,472	
Net Change in Fund Balance	3		25,472	25,472	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	783,023	783,02	23 783,023		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 783,023	\$ 783,02	23 \$ 808,495	\$ 25,472	

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds account for all financial resources used in acquiring and constructing capital facilities and other fixed assets excluding those financed by the proprietary and trust funds.

Immunity College Construction - This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of capital facilities and other fixed assets of Cecil Community College. These spenditures are financed from the proceeds of certain County general obligation bonds and from punty general resources.

brary Construction - This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, and novation of capital facilities in the Cecil County Public Library System. These expenditures are anced from the proceeds of certain County general obligation bonds and from County general sources.

Ipin Falls Construction - This fund is used to account for the renovation of the Gilpin Falls overed Bridge, which is an historical landmark located in the County. These expenditures are anced from donations, grants, and County general resources.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Community College Construction	Library Construction	Gilpin Falls Construction	Total
	-			
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ 2,827,448	\$ 386,550	\$ 3,213,998
Total Assets		2,827,448	386,550	3,213,998
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		545,070	15,855	560,925
Total Liabilities		545,070	15,855	560,925
Fund Balances: Reserved:				
Encumbrances Unreserved: Designated:	•	-	F)	-
Various Construction				
Projects	:	2,282,378	370,695	2,653,073
Total Fund Balances		2,282,378	370,695	2,653,073
Total Liabilities				
and Fund Balances	\$	\$ 2,827,448	\$ 386,550	\$ 3,213,998

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Community College Construction	Library Construction	Gilpin Falls Construction	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Revenues			·	-
EXPENDITURES Capital Projects	185,412	4,146,876	25,176	4,357,464
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(185,412)	(4,146,876)	(25, 176)	(4,357,464)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	SES)			
Bonds Issued Transfers in	- 185,412	2,106,781 650,000		2,106,781 835,412
Total Other Financing Sources	185,412	2,756,781		2,942,193
Net Change in Fund Balances	=	(1,390,095)	(25,176)	(1,415,271)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2006		3,672,473	395,871	4,068,344
Fund Balances - June 30, 2007	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,282,378	\$ 370,695	\$ 2,653,073



Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is maintained to account for the issuance and payments of long term general obligation bonds and other long term debt.

BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS Cash and Investments Receivables, Net	\$	- 51
Total Assets		51
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities: Due to Other Funds	-	51
Total Liabilities	·	51
Fund Balances: Debt Service		
Total Fund Balances		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	51

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR FUND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Special Assessments	\$ 44,105	\$ 44,105	\$ 44,017	\$ (88)
Total Revenues	44,105	44,105	44,017	(88)
EXPENDITURES Debt Service:				
Principal	7,693,004	7,693,004	7,668,902	24,102
Interest	4,524,787	4,524,787	4,026,203	498,584
Total Expenditures	12,217,791	12,217,791	11,695,105	522,686
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_(12,173,686)	_(12,173,686)	_(11,651,088)	522,598
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	12,173,686	12,173,686	11,606,846	(566,840)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,173,686	12,173,686	11,606,846	(566,840)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	<u>~</u>	(44,242)	(44,242)
Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	44,242	44,242	44,242	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$ 44,242	\$ 44,242	<u>\$</u>	\$ (44,242)

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are maintained to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department to other departments or governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and allocations of costs of the group health insurance plan. The plan employer participants are Cecil County Government, Cecil Community College, and Cecil County Public Library.

Central Garage Fund - This fund is used to account for the expenditures and allocations of the vehicle repair and maintenance shop. The expenditures consist of a third party vehicle maintenance services contract and the costs (including depreciation and utilities) to provide use of the County's central garage facility.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2007

	Health Insurance	Central Garage	Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments Receivables, Net:	\$ 4,928,084	\$ 9-	\$ 4,928,084
Accounts	21,541	X (€)	21,541
Inventory	<u>;</u> ±;	26,386	26,386
Prepaid Items & Other Assets	97,000	2-2	97,000
Total Current Assets	5,046,625	26,386	5,073,011
Non-Current Assets: Capital Assets, Net:			
Buildings	35	248,620	248,620
Machinery & Equipment		32,165	32,165
Total Non-Current Assets	-	280,785	280,785
Total Assets	\$ 5,046,625	\$ 307,171	\$ 5,353,796
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,731	\$ 157,116	\$ 158,847
Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenses	992.004	150,055	150,055
Unearned Revenue	882,091 3,686	·•·	882,091
		-	3,686
Total Liabilities	887,508	307,171	1,194,679
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets	*	280,785	280,785
Unrestricted (Deficit)	4,159,117	(280,785)	3,878,332
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,159,117	<u> </u>	\$ 4,159,117

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Health Insuranc		Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 6,879	<u>\$ 1,156,663</u>	\$ 8,036,479
Operating Expenses: Benefit Payments Materials, Supplies, and Services	5,781, 501,		5,781,718 1,644,169
Depreciation	:(-	14,492	14,492
Total Operating Expenses	6,283	716 1,156,663	7,440,379
Operating Income (Loss)	596,	100	596,100
Non-Operating Revenues			
Investment Earnings	218,	595	218,595
Total Non-Operating Revenues	218,	595	218,595
Change in Net Assets	814,	695 -	814,695
Net Assets - June 30, 2006	3,344,	422 -	3,344,422
Net Assets - June 30, 2007	\$ 4,159,	<u>117</u> \$ -	\$ 4,159,117

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Health	Central	Total Internal Service
	Insurance	Garage	Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from Service Charges & Insured Payments to Suppliers and Providers	\$ 6,880,536 (6,264,777)	\$ 1,156,663 (1,130,423)	\$ 8,037,199 _(7,395,200)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	615,759	26,240	641,999
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities: Advances to Other Funds	-	(26,240)	(26,240)
Net Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities		(26,240)	(26,240)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest on Investments	218,595	-	218,595
Net Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	218,595	<u>=</u>	218,595
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	834,354	2	834,354
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2006	4,093,730		4,093,730
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2007	\$ 4,928,084	\$	\$4,928,084
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	\$ 596,100	Ψ.	\$ 596,100
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	-	14,492	14,492
(Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(2,533)	₩.	(2,533)
Decrease in Inventory	45	10,181	10,181
Increase in Accounts Payable	1,281	1,567	2,848
Increase in Accrued Expenses Increase in Deferred Revenue	17,659	16	17,659
	3,252	() () () () () () () () () ()	3,252
Total Adjustments	19,659	26,240	45,899
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 615,759	\$ 26,240	\$ 641,999



Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are maintained to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity.

ate Tax Collection Fund - This fund is maintained to account for state taxes collected and held an agency capacity.

ate Bay Restoration Fee Collection Fund - This fund is maintained to account for state Bay estoration Fees collected and held in an agency capacity.

wn Collection Funds - These fund are maintained to account for taxes billed and collected on half of the County's incorporated towns and held in an agency capacity.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

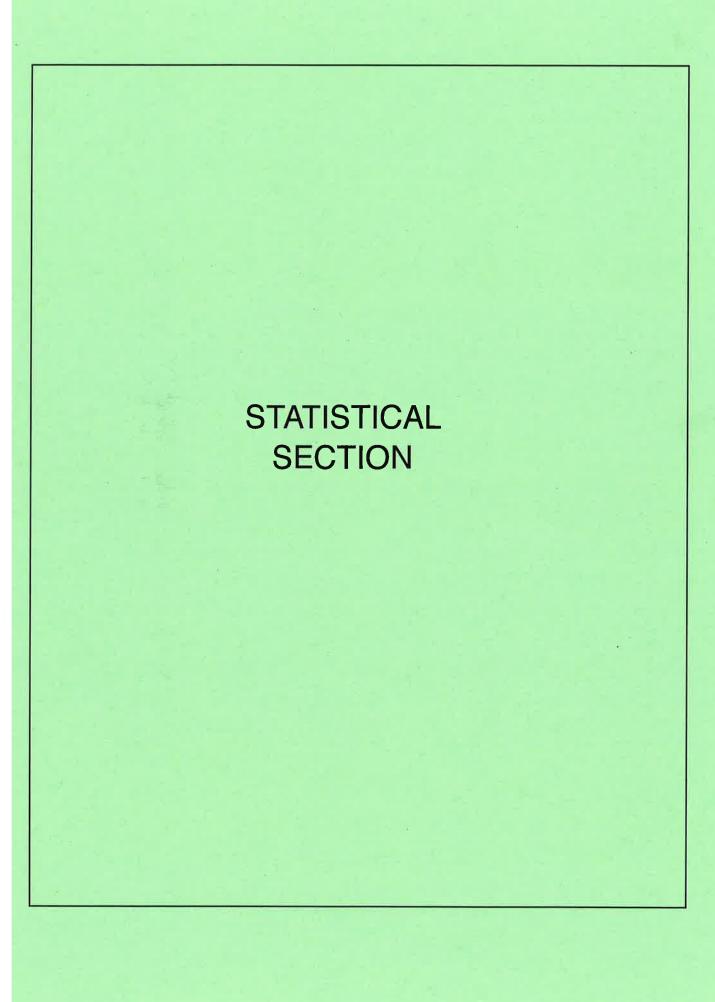
	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2007
COLLECTIONS - STATE TAXES				
Assets Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 119,608 16,266	\$ 8,491,050 10,078,369	\$ (8,466,045) (10,066,756)	\$ 144,613 27,879
Total Assets	\$ 135,874	\$ 18,569,419	\$ (18,532,801)	\$ 172,492
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	135,874	16,933,446	(16,896,828)	172,492
Total Liabilities	\$ 135,874	\$ 16,933,446	\$ (16,896,828)	\$ 172,492
COLLECTIONS - STATE BAY RESTORA	ATION FEE			
Assets Cash Accounts Receivable - Fees	\$ 78,088 42,373	\$ 870,537 912,607	\$ (864,683) (888,651)	\$ 83,942 66,329
Total Assets	\$ 120,461	\$ 1,783,144	\$ (1,753,334)	\$ 150,271
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	120,461	1,608,727	(1,578,917)	150,271
Total Liabilities	\$ 120,461	\$ 1,608,727	\$ (1,578,917)	\$ 150,271
COLLECTIONS - CECILTON Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Fees & Taxes	\$ 2,252 750	\$ 133,833 108,073	\$ (135,280) (108,816)	\$ 805 7
Total Assets	\$ 3,002	\$ 241,906	\$ (244,096)	\$ 812
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	3,002	133,434	(135,624)	812
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,002	\$ 133,434	\$ (135,624)	\$ 812
COLLECTIONS - CHESAPEAKE CITY Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 2,422 (285)	\$ 282,424 288,778	\$ (283,772) (287,573)	\$ 1,074 920
Total Assets	\$ 2,137	\$ 571,202	\$ (571,345)	\$ 1,994
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	2,137	<u>496,053</u>	(496,196)	1,994
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,137	\$ 496,053	\$ (496,196)	\$ 1,994

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions		Balance June 30, 2007
COLLECTIONS - CHARLESTOWN Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 2,109 	\$ 230,739 253,761	\$ (228,127) (252,232)	\$ 4,721 2,322
Total Assets	\$ 2,902	\$ 484,500	\$ (480,359)	\$ 7,043
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	2,902	228,410	(224,269)	7,043
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,902	\$ 228,410	\$ (224,269)	\$ 7,043
COLLECTIONS - ELKTON Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 25,918 13,361	\$ 4,858,255 4,984,515	\$ (4,832,888) (4,994,396)	\$ 51,285 3,480
Total Assets	\$ 39,279	\$ 9,842,770	\$ (9,827,284)	\$ 54,765
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	39,279	4,848,806	(4,833,320)	54,765
Total Liabilities	\$ 39,279	\$ 4,848,806	\$ (4,833,320)	\$ 54,765
COLLECTIONS - NORTH EAST Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Fees & Taxes	\$ 13,363 786	\$ 1,163,251 1,217,876	\$ (1,167,493) (1,217,582)	\$ 9,121 1,080
Total Assets	\$ 14,149	\$ 2,381,127	\$ (2,385,075)	\$ 10,201
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	14,149	1,324,596	(1,328,544)	10,201
Total Liabilities	\$ 14,149	\$ 1,324,596	\$ (1,328,544)	\$ 10,201
COLLECTIONS - PORT DEPOSIT Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 3,128 383	\$ 257,586 269,938	\$ (256,468) (270,198)	\$ 4,246 123
Total Assets	\$ 3,511	\$ 527,524	\$ (526,666)	\$ 4,369
Liabilities Due to Other Governments	3,511	255,108	(254,250)	4,369
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,511	\$ 255,108	\$ (254,250)	\$ 4,369

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Balance June 30, 2006	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2007
COLLECTIONS - PERRYVILLE Assets				
Cash Accounts Receivable - Property Taxes	\$ 2,784 1,296	\$ 1,031,111 1,286,423	\$ (1,025,918) (1,285,222)	\$ 7,977 2,497
Total Assets	\$ 4,080	\$ 2,317,534	\$ (2,311,140)	\$ 10,474
Liabilities				
Due to Other Governments	4,080	1,026,262	(1,019,868)	10,474
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,080	\$ 1,026,262	\$ (1,019,868)	\$ 10,474
TOTALS - ALL FUNDS Assets				
Cash	\$ 249,672	\$ 17,318,786	\$ (17,260,674)	\$ 307,784
Accounts Receivable - Fees & Taxes	75,723	19,400,340	(19,371,426)	104,637
Total Assets	\$ 325,395	\$ 36,719,126	\$ (36,632,100)	\$ 412,421
Liabilities				
Due to Other Governments	325,395	26,854,842	(26,767,816)	412,421
Total Liabilities	\$ 325,395	\$ 26,854,842	\$ (26,767,816)	\$ 412,421



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Cecil County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	99
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	104
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant revenue source, the property tax	
Debt Capacity	108
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	113
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	115
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the services it performs.	

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.



Table I

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT	(Accrual Basis of Accounting)	(Unaudited)
-------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$ 76,401,238 2,538,876 (16,602,232)	\$ 72,003,665 1,665,713 (9,244,958)	\$ 77,792,074 2,364,272 2,653,858	\$ 87,707,104 4,463,489 11,042,730	\$ 109,193,073 4,461,531 (12,806,585)
Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 62,337,882	\$ 64,424,420	\$ 82,810,204	\$103,213,323	\$ 100,848,019
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 21,074,093 8,694,845 (6,888,054)	\$ 21,354,093 7,985,353 (2,630,243)	\$ 23,806,044 3,884,856 1,284,677	\$ 20,670,342 929,726 10,017,900	\$ 23,793,438 923,596 7,598,850
Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$ 22,880,884	\$ 26,709,203	\$ 28,975,577	\$ 31,617,968	\$ 32,315,884
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 97,475,331 11,233,721 (23,490,286)	\$ 93,357,758 9,651,066 (11,875,201)	\$101,598,118 6,249,128 3,938,535	\$ 108,377,446 5,393,215 21,060,630	\$ 132,986,511 5,385,127 (5,207,735)
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$85,218,766	\$ 91,133,623	\$111,785,781	\$134,831,291	\$ 133,163,903

Note: Governmental activities infrastructure was not fully included in net assets until June 30, 2003.

	CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)	CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS ccrual Basis of Accounting (Unaudited)	S S (Ĝi		Table II
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
EXPENSES					
Governmental Activities:	\$ 7.075.038	£ 6 933 993	\$ 7.454.740	\$ 8.067.921	\$ 9,863,529
Celleral Government Public Safety	_	_	7		
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	8,632,969	12,200,812 8 520 107	8,738,927	11,364,774 9.124.169	13,348,855 10,219,407
Recreation and Culture	327,824	202,076	249,125	199,476	340,882
Education	64,563,579	70,352,269	67,220,411	75,496,621	96,385,038 3 876 453
Public Libraries Economic Develonment	1,614,184	699.693	680,716	959,773	1,181,638
Agriculture	738,883	1,070,545	433,684	464,606	2,386,359
Municipalities	402,968	407,229	456,525	498,224	558,077
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,713,340	3,229,277	3,099,629	3,507,162	4,330,990
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	114,231,527	124,899,937	120,502,722	136,695,640	170,696,370
Business-Type Activities:	047.000	000 000	701 060	824 410	167 921
Water	1 968 218	3 413 619	3.010.680	3.511.634	3,953,215
Vasicwaler	2,857,562	3,606,459	4,023,981	4,065,771	4,631,952
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	5,465,499	7,713,007	7,736,630	8,401,815	9,453,088
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 119,697,026	\$ 132,612,944	\$ 128,239,352	\$145,097,455	\$ 180,149,458
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 628,601	\$ 735,974	\$ 676,773	\$ 1,212,604	\$ 1,092,989
Public Safety Highways Streets and Bridges	2,461,803	3,237,223 380,381	3,035,119 596,892	658,621	1,206,587
Other Activities	107,375	88,937	89,478	165,935	240,852
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	13,223,679	4,477,692	5,439,960	4,582,308	3,224,095
Total Governmental Activities Revenues	20,990,321	20,776,413	23,126,605	25,101,879	25,093,880

567,276 590,572 651,059 1,976,789 2,076,379 2,284,445 3,689,550 4,916,840 5,458,626 1,881,288 3,891,555 1,561,561	s Revenues 8,114,903 11,475,346 9,955,691 and s 29,105,224 \$ 32,251,759 \$ 33,082,296	13	\$ 57,951,494 \$ 60,207,047 \$ 66,332,180 32,969,176 38,561,366 40,319,985 721,355 615,315 1,291,934	tal Asset 52,490 (32,990) 77,784 ibutions 5,210,633 6,859,324 7,740,018	96,905,148 106,210,062 115,761,901	61,716 26,150 31,364 all Asset 5,197 39,830 15,949	66,913 65,980 47,313	\$ 96,972,061 \$ 106,276,042 \$ 115,809,214	\$ 3,663,942 \$ 2,086,538 \$ 18,385,784 2,716,317 3,828,319 2,266,374 \$ 6,380,259 \$ 5,914,857 \$ 20,652,158
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services: Water Wastewater Landfill Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Business-Type Activities Revenues Total Primary Government Revenues	OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	Taxes Property Taxes Income Taxes Investment Earnings	Other Revenues including Capital Asset Sales Gains (Losses) Grants, Entitlements, and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	Total Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities: Investment Earnings Other Revenues including Capital Asset Sales Gains (Loses)	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government

Governmental activities infrastructure was not fully included in net assets fiscal year 2003. Changes in net assets for 2002 and 2003 are as restated in 2003 and 2004 to reflect accounting for additions of infrastructure. The inclusion of infrastructure added \$55,393,097 of Net Assets in fiscal year 2003. Note:

Table III

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
GENERAL FUND Reserved Unreserved Total General Fund	\$ 2,042,627 \$10,712,038 11,992,236 6,407,356 \$14,034,863 \$17,119,394	\$10,712,038 6,407,356 \$17,119,394	\$ 7,868,664 13,251,581 \$21,120,245	\$ 9,070,216 11,508,202 \$20,578,418	\$ 8,933,871 14,452,675 \$23,386,546	\$ 8,933,871 \$ 9,063,736 \$ 9,692,221 14,452,675 14,252,821 18,593,674 \$23,386,546 \$23,316,557 \$28,285,895		\$10,870,373 24,194,616 \$35,064,989	\$10,870,373 \$ 11,873,134 24,194,616 28,347,899 \$35,064,989 \$ 40,221,033	\$12,709,095 23,092,967 \$35,802,062
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds Debt Service Fund	↔	467,823 \$ 1,073,147 3,254,638 3,733,555 5,210,949 10,758,341	φ	\$ 1,993,591 1,046,450 1,529,099	520,443 \$ 1,993,591 \$ 514,001 \$ 903,106 1,046,450 2,318,015 80,046	(4.4	660,651 \$ 1,655,815 \$10,079,721 \$ 2,538,876 1,665,713 2,281,234 1,975,972 6,530,771 2,548,950	\$10,079,721 2,281,234 2,548,950	\$ 6,155,925 \$ 4,465,096 19,793,940 44,242	\$ 584,170 4,461,531 21,585,310
Total All Other Governmental Funds \$ 8,933,410 \$15,645,098	\$ 8,933,410	\$15,645,098	\$ 8,176,119	\$ 4,569,283	\$ 8,237,063	\$ 8,175,499	\$ 9,852,299	\$ 14,909,905	\$ 30,459,203	\$26,631,011

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
KEVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$ 44,732,296	\$ 45,944,527	\$ 47,717,414	\$ 49,956,587	\$ 53,097,214	\$ 57,848,567	\$ 60,150,986	\$ 66,492,561	\$ 72.387.227	\$ 78.510.957
Income Taxes	24,337,166	26,119,410	27,384,545	30,820,850	34,402,824	34,360,500	39,138,613	40,821,907		46.864.546
Licenses and Permits	1,027,289	988,800	980,578	1,073,033	1,246,724	1,391,728	2,131,113	1,941,049	2.042,609	1.663.294
Intergovernmental	11,433,713	13,087,505	15,076,309	15,089,086	18,361,113	22,160,465	19,993,244	21,936,800	28,758,685	25.679,805
Charges for Services	1,135,763	1,206,508	1,386,338	1,154,578	1,829,614	2,164,120	2,311,402	2,457,213	2,750,764	3,471,173
Investment Earnings	1,517,489	1,225,652	1,809,152	2,198,496	1,035,166	702,722	621,827	1,227,236	3,049,037	4,940,692
Containations and Other Revenues	3/9,26/	414,681	4/4,914	360,885	688,533	539,958	85,264	201,538	227,147	2,195,852
Total Revenues	84,562,983	88,987,083	94,829,250	100,653,515	110,661,188	119,168,060	124,432,449	135,078,304	153,823,892	163,326,319
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	4.587.833	5.188.260	5 962 152	5 485 236	6 451 441	6 952 723	7 186 682	7 704 905	0 740 654	0 750 660
Public Safety	11,821,794	12,378,012	14 299 248	14 985 144	15,866,760	18 355 160	19 400 748	24 067 240	047 19,001	3,730,000
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	5,378,126	4.186.516	5.422.131	7.934 755	7.204.390	8.578.023	7 346 119	21,301,240	15 761 574	17,100,171
Health and Welfare	5,795,774	5,758,425	6.259.762	6.533.824	7 129 992	7 993 921	8 760 866	8 322 146	F15,151,51	10,331,434
Recreation and Culture	416,507	233,632	183.810	211 089	449 184	401 404	177 808	544.008	384 103	1,004,726
Education	43,470,902	46,984,526	50.397.818	53.641.440	56.291.300	59 697 628	62 051 052	64 940 787	68 OSB 478	73,076,730
Public Libraries	874.032	891,510	969,623	1 004 640	1 161 496	1 543 402	1 729 574	20,040,00	2 546 462	9 440 200
Economic Development	428.712	295.670	426,489	934 080	591 931	594.456	F12,521,1	690 124	2,040,102	4 462 300
Agriculture	252 971	267 185	284 331	305,256	1 162 567	722 520	1076,022	447 505	901,010	1,102,390
Municipalities	297.387	309 533	318 891	330.482	1 133 856	402,068	407 230	500,744	400,004	2,388,2/5
Capital Outlay	10.337.599	8 067 858	7 777 7	8 911 966	14 741 912	41 076 447	41 404 256	450,525	498,225	770,020
Debt Service:			244	200	410,111,11	t '0' 0' 1	000'+6+'-	1,130,034	216,004,02	40,256,256
Principal	3,467,033	3,429,380	4.191.551	4.623.362	5 726 222	5 152 338	5 795 467	5 581 060	6 449 707	7 660 000
Interest	2,598,768	2,515,994	2,899,815	2,693,922	2,919,268	2,953,205	2,851,153	2,882,868	3,147,065	4,026,203
Total Expenditures	89,727,438	90,506,501	99,342,850	107,595,196	120,830,319	124,435,203	128,974,685	132,550,467	161.470.427	198.395.748
										2,000,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,164,455)	(1,519,418)	(4,513,600)	(6,941,681)	(10,169,131)	(5,267,143)	(4,542,236)	2,527,837	(7,646,535)	(35,069,429)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from Capital Asset Disposal	· •>	· 69	\$ 36,773	\$ 61,687	\$ 49,102	\$ 77,703	\$ 48,264	\$ 214,898	\$ 112,617	\$ 95,045
Capital Leases	W. 6	*	606,515	857,024	332,950	e¥.	9	(2)	14	
Proceeds nom bonds issued	4,850,000	12,675,055	š	2,068,166	15,779,996	13,795,000	21,140,000	9,028,100	27,998,905	26,727,140
Premium on Debt Issued	*	*	1	8	ű	136,928	195,104	65,865	1,029,791	274,166
Rond Issuance Cost	¥€ 5	*)	2. 7		9	(a 15	(10,194,994)		11,755,000	1);
Transfer to Refunding Agent	6 9	C 3	. ,	• 10	. 9	/0 074 DA41	96 II		(595,443)	(274,166)
Transfers In	12 139 933	R 027 157	12 434 637	10 649 303	11 017 507	(8,874,041)	14 000 000	000 077	(11,949,000)	*
Transfers Out	(12,139,933)	(8,027,157)	(12,434,637)	(12,642,323)	(11,817,587)	(14,197,927)	(14,009,992)	15,112,806 (15,112,806)	21,921,095 (21,921,095)	31,232,300 (31,232,300)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,850,000	12,675,055	643,288	2,986,877	16,162,048	5,135,590	11,188,374	9,308,863	28,351,870	26.822.185
Net Change in Fund Balances	(314,455)	11.155.637	(3 870 312)	(3 954 804)	5 992 917	(434 663)	007 070	14 000 700	100 100	1
	(1.1.1)		(1.00.000)	(100'100'0)	0,905,0	(000'101)	0,040,130	007,050,11	20,705,335	(8,247,245)
Prior Period Adjustments	981,667	(1,359,418)	402,184	(193,859)	482,991	70	**	'	'	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 667,212	\$ 9,796,219	\$ (3,468,128)	\$ (4,148,663)	\$ 6,475,908	\$ (131,553)	\$ 6,646,138	\$ 11,836,700	\$ 20.705.335	\$ (8.247.245)
Debt Service as a Percentage							ı			
of Noncapital Expenditures	%96'9	%92'9	7.35%	%86'9	7.33%	6.67%	6.86%	6.53%	6.80%	7.40%

Note: Within expenditures of 1998 to 2002, departments have been reclassified to their current categories for comparative purposes.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (Unaudited)

			H.	Real Property	rty			Personal Property	ope	ııţ	Less:	Total Taxable	Total Direct
Residential Commercial		Сотте	Commerc	Commer	ial/		<u>a</u>	Public			Tax Exempt	Assessed	- ax
Property Governmental Industrial	Governmental	드	드	Industria		Agricultural	5	Utilities		Other	Property	Value	Rate
# E 762 062 097	¢ 787 633 433 ¢1 50	415/	415/	\$ 1 547 882 30	7	\$422 341 717	\$ 13	38 899 260	~	189.847.330	\$901,625,706	\$ 7,645,840,426	1.041
000,000,000	**************************************	→	→	4 405 063 0	9 6	205 707 422	. 4	31 382 650	•	54 874 610	773 489 955	6.709.120.907	1.043
	436,840,091			1,400,602,0	3	205,181,000	2	000,200,	-	0-0'-10'-1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 404 040 050	4 046
4 449 676 407 405 939.220 1.274,390.13	405,939,220			1.274,390,13	_	355,656,994	73	32,872,830	Ť	40,035,850	\$650,957,586	6,107,613,852	0.040
	393 125 559			1 003 860 17	6	330,078,706	12	29,405,860	-	131,815,890	183,856,173	5,765,220,849	1.048
374 799 525	374 799 525			1 040 058 303		330,078,706	14	48,352,920	4	149,198,280	187,428,805	5,838,206,618	1.063
· 01010011100	· 01010011100			2) - 2) - 1		0,0	4	E2 227 050	-	142 676 210	562 228 330	4 933 562 247	1.068
4,824,976,892 367,697,250 n/a	367,697,250			n/a		n/a	2	7,557,950	-	40,070,040	005,520,000	4 000 000 405	1 064
4.589.635.835 ² n/a n/a	2 n/a			n/a		n/a	15	53,325,070	_	13,481,860	69,852,500	4,933,669,165	5
4 243 007 053 2 p/a	2 2			6/0		n/a		n/a	7	258,121,480		4,501,129,433	1.064
				3 -		1 1		- 1	c	S 740 3		4 308 213 605	1.068
4,050,325,865 * n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a		n/a			4	047,100,10	E;	000 007 007	0 0
3,909,986,993 ² n/a n/a	2 n/a			n/a		n/a		n/a	0	252,115,330	r?	4,162,102,323	1.009

Source: Maryland State Department of Assessment and Taxation Cecil County Treasurer's Office

Effective for the fiscal year 2002 assessment, real property was taxed at 100% of the assessed value of property; tax rates were adjusted accordingly. Personal property was taxed at 100% for all fiscal years. For presentation purposes, all years are presented at 100% of the assessed value and the total direct tax rate has been adjusted accordingly. Notes:

¹ The total direct tax rate is a weighted average of real and personal property rates.
² Agricultural and Commercial/Industrial Property is included in Residential due to lack of data.
³ Public Utilities is included in Other.

Table VI

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (per \$100 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cecil County Direct Rates										
Real Property Personal Property	\$0.980 2.450	\$ 0.980 2.450	\$0.960 2.400							
² Total Direct Tax Rate	1.069	1.068	1.064	1.064	1.068	1.063	1.048	1.046	1.046	1.043
Towns										
Cecilton	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240
Charlestown	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.320	0.280
Chesapeake City	0.472	0.472	0.472	0.472	0.470	0.470	0.472	0.472	0.462	0.462
Elkton	0.448	0.444	0.444	0.444	0.444	0.444	0.544	0.544	0.544	0.544
North East	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480	0.480
Perryville	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.362	0.362
Port Deposit	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.600	0.580	0.580	0.580	0.551	0.551	0.551
Rising Sun	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360	0.360

Sources: Cecil County Treasurer's Office

The government of each town is the source of their respective tax rate.

Notes:

Effective for the fiscal year 2002 assessment, real property was taxed at 100% of the assessed value of property; tax rates were adjusted accordingly. Personal property was taxed at 100% for all fiscal years. For presentation purposes, all years are presented at 100% of the assessed value and the total direct tax rate has been adjusted accordingly.

² The total direct tax rate is a weighted average of real and personal property rates.

Table VII

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

			1998				2007	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.	\$	33,320,710	3	1.83%	\$	106,703,105	1	1.40%
Delmarva Power & Light Company	*	65,041,380	1	3.57%		64,926,800	2	0.85%
Ikea Property, Inc.		,,				42,690,303	3	0.56%
Verizon-Maryland						32,627,460	4	0.43%
Pine Valley, LLC						27,346,360	5	0.36%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business						22,399,066	6	0.29%
Basell USA, Inc.						19,556,616	7	0.26%
Terumo Medical Corporation		7,970,620	5	0.43%		19,371,320	8	0.25%
Kenneth O. Lester Company, Inc		.,,.				17,930,936	9	0.23%
Magazine Stonegate, LLC					-	17,371,566	10	0.23%
Totals	\$	106,332,710		5.83%	\$	370,923,532		4.85%

Source: Cecil County Treasurer's Office

Note: Taxpayer data included only if in the ten for that year.

Table VIII

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Total Tax Levy ˈ	Collected w		Collections in	Tot Collection	
Fiscal Year	for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$ 76,292,949	\$ 75,856,903	99.4%	\$ -	\$ 75,856,903	99.4%
2006	70,138,723	69,744,926	99.4%	391,863	70,136,789	100.0%
2005	63,924,981	63,528,555	99.4%	400,915	63,929,470	100.0%
2004	58,403,516	57,844,275	99.0%	559,241	58,403,516	100.0%
2003	55,623,605	55,312,121	99.4%	249,970	55,562,091	99.9%
2002	52,367,094	51,839,088	99.0%	528,006	52,367,094	100.0%
2001	49,548,638	49,022,617	98.9%	458,799	49,481,416	99.9%
2000	47,556,314	46,984,136	98.8%	502,228	47,486,364	99.9%
1999	45,774,156	45,140,465	98.6%	633,691	45,774,156	100.0%
1998	44,244,487	43,699,314	98.8%	472,745	44,172,059	99.8%

Source: Cecil County Treasurer's Office

Note: ¹ For presentation purposes, the County considers Tax Levy to be the taxes levied

during the normal tax year and excludes adjustments to prior year taxes.

Table IX

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	•	Governmental Activities	ctivities			Business-Type Activities	e Activities			Percentage	
i	General	Economic	letine	Special	Water	Wastewater	Landfill	Capital	Total Primary	of Personal	Per
Fiscal	Obligation	Development		Ronde		Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Government	Income	Capita ¹
rear	DOUG	Dollins	Leases	Shilon							
2007	\$ 114 842 045	<i>\</i>	€	\$ 184,934	69	\$ 19,289,499	\$ 4,430,000	ĭ ⇔	\$ 138,746,478	4.20%	\$1,394
2002	04 050 363	831 578	·	184 981		19,358,859	4,800,000	ï	120,127,781	4.28%	1,292
2006	73 482 009		•	53 407	1	14,494,145	5,150,000	T	94,063,104	3.35%	1,012
2003	00,404,009			57 494	1	9 485 220	5,485,000	.s	85,942,147	3.06%	925
2004	09,901,419			5. 7. A		2,652,223	5 800 000	а	73,834,775	2.80%	817
2003	62,557,693	*	v	71 867		623.471	6,100,000	а	71,718,203	2.86%	811
2002	63,697,997	- 、	•	79.054	534 996	696,598	6.329,116	56,101	62,224,818	2.55%	720
2000	54,745,535	- 、	396 125		590,000	832,544			57,728,810	2.55%	682
7000	59,713,003		, ,		672 522	962.251	i)	66,100	61,591,636	2.91%	746
1999	30,047,231	-		100 614	749 346	1.088.571	9	162,084	52,725,144	2.65%	651
088	00,40,400			2000)						

Source: Cecil County Treasurer's Office

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See Schedule XIV on page 112 for population data.

This ratio uses population data from the prior calendar year.

Table X

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Ger	neral B	Sonded Debt Ou	ıtst	anding	Percen	tage of		
Fiscal	Gener Obligat		Economic Development				Taxable e ¹ of		Per
Year	Bond	ls	Bonds ³		Total	Prop	perty		apita ²
2007	\$ 114,842	2,045		\$	114,842,045	1.5	0%	\$1	,154.12
2006	\$ 94,952	2,363	831,578	\$	95,783,941	1.4	2%	\$1	,030.48
2005	\$ 73,482	2,009	883,543	\$	74,365,552	1.2	0%	\$	800.05
2004	\$ 69,98	1,419	933,014		70,914,433	1.2	1%		762.92
2003	\$ 64,337	7,693	980,020		65,317,713	1.1	0%		722.81
2002	\$ 63,897	7,997	1,024,868		64,922,865	1.3	0%		734.55
2001	\$ 53,46	1,393	1,067,560		54,528,953	1.0	8%		630.53
2000	\$ 54,715	5,605	1,108,296		55,823,901	1.2	2%		659.93
1999	\$ 58,647	7,291	1,150,045		59,797,336	1.3	6%		723.91
1998	\$ 50,243	3,435	381,094		50,624,529	1.2	1%		625.36

Source: Ced

Cecil County Treasurer's Office

Note:

¹ See Schedule V on page 104 for Actual Taxable Value of Property data.

² See Schedule XIV on page 112 for population data. This ratio uses population data from the prior calendar year.

³ Economic Development Loans are State loans relent to local businesses. Payments from these businesses support the debt service of the loans.

Table XI

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

Government Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property and	Income Taxes		
Elkton	\$ 3,593,348	100%	\$ 3,593,348
North East	626,068	100%	626,068
Perryville	348,930	100%	348,930
Port Deposit	160,409	100%	160,409
Rising Sun	1,675,234	100%	1,675,234
Subtotal - Overlapping Deb	t		6,403,989
Cecil County Direct Debt	114,842,045	100%	114,842,045
Totals			\$127,650,023

Sources: Cecil County Treasurer's Office

The government of each town is the source of their respective debt.

Table XII

LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION INFORMATION (Unaudited)

There is no aggregate limit to the amount of bonds and other evidences of indebtedness that may be outstanding at any one time for Cecil County. There is a general limitation for short-term borrowing in any fiscal year; the County is authorized to borrow up to \$2,500,000 on a temporary basis provided that all such borrowings be repaid and all demands fully satisfied on or before June 30 of the fiscal year in which the money is borrowed.

Table XIII

PLEDGED - REVENUES COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Ì	rage							52	33	4	
		Cove	,	'	'	,		1	Ŷ	-1.03	-0.0	10.
	ervice	Interest Coverage	€			•	1	ı	40,089	43,911	54,485	
Bonds	Debt Service	Principal	ا ج	1	•	•	•	'	55,004	82,526	76,824	-
Water Revenue Bonds	Net Available	Revenue	\$ (80,893)	(69,100)	(50,910)	(102,357)	(72,443)	(65,465)	(49,400)	(130,709)	(5,844)	***
Wa	Less: Operating	Expenses	867,921	824,410	701,969	692,929	639,719	596,769	561,789	562,836	592,407	¥ii
	Water Charges	and Other	\$ 787,028	755,310	651,059	590,572	567,276	531,304	512,389	432,127	586,563	e.
		Coverage	-0.75	0.84	-0.70	-2.79	0.38	1.55	-0.45	0.32	96.0	-0.97
	ervice	Interest	\$432,546	409,340	312,854	167,387	51,497	29,698	32,754	38,743	44,614	103,964
ter Revenue Bonds	Debt Service	Principal	\$927,856	538,983	250,317	244,005	247,221	139,922	135,945	129,708	126,320	197,755
Wastewater Reve	Net Available	Revenue	\$ (1,022,073)	799,293	(394,010)	(1,147,381)	113,826	262,974	(75,067)	53,286	164,280	(291,454)
Was	Less: Operating	Expenses						1,717,738				
	Sewer Charges	and Other	\$2,498,596	3,901,587			2,030,547	1,980,712	1,895,302	1,817,769	1,757,266	2,135,298
	Fiscal	Year	200	900		204	203	2002	50	00	666	1998 3
	iΪ	۲	7	ĭ	×	7	7	7	7	7	÷	4

				201102			-	Special Assessment Dollas	IL DOINS
	Landfill	Less:	Net				Special	Debt	
Fiscal	Charges	Operating	Available	Debt Service	ervice		Assessment	Service	1
Year	and Other	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Collections	Principal	Coverage
2007	\$5,452,622	\$ 4,383,786	\$ 1,068,836	\$370,000		1.73	\$ 44,242	69	1.00
2006	5,627,360	3,798,326	1,829,034	350,000		2.96	44,242	44,2	
2005	5,470,619	3,738,650	1,731,969	335,000		2.79	43,968	43,96	38 1.00
2004	4,920,518	3,304,058	1,616,460	315,000		2.64	43,855	43,8	
2003	3,697,508	2,534,833	1,162,675	300,000		1.93	43,753	43,7	
2002 5	3,977,830	2,024,880	1,952,950	341,100		2.80	43,753	43,7	
2001 5	3,135,216	1,397,348	1,737,868	86,590		11.77	43,445	43.4	
2000	3,188,129	2,125,846	1,062,283	66,100	111,971	5.97	43,496	43,496	96 1.00
1999 5	2,228,103	454,189	1,773,914	95,984		4.81	43,393	43,36	
1998	2,128,460	2,067,430	61,030	154,828		0.15	43,290	43.25	

Source: Cecil County Treasurer's Office

Table XIV

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population ^a	Personal Income ^{a,1}	r Capita ncome ^a	Employment ^{b,2}	Unemployment Rate ^{b,2}	Median Price of Housing Sales ^d	School Enrollment ^{c,3}
2006	99.506	\$3,304,992,284	\$ 33,214	50,960	4.4%	\$299,000	16,421
2005	97.796	\$3.012.408.000	\$ 30,960	49,105	4.0%	\$225,000	16,521
2004	92,951	\$2,807,169,000	\$ 30,201	44,585	4.4%	\$199,000	16,790
2003	92.951	2,807,169,000	30,201	40,008	7.2%	167,000	16, 4 75
2002	90,366	2,634,131,000	29,150	40,168	6.0%	150,000	16,203
2001	88,385	2,511,827,000	28,419	39,775	5.6%	135,000	16,095
2000	86,481	2,442,220,000	28,240	39,368	5.5%	127,000	15,905
1999	84.591	2,261,476,000	26,734	39,841	3.9%	125,951	15,680
1998	82.603	2,117,674,000	25,637	38,910	7.3%	116,567	15,562
1997	80,952	1,986,069,000	24,534	37,957	8.1%	113,355	15,391

- Sources: ^a U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)
 - ^b Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing, and Regulation (DLLR)

BEA and DLLR data is presented as revised periodically based on census and survey results and analysis, and changes to statistical benchmarks.

Employment data for 1995-1999 is from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

- ^c Cecil County Board of Education Annual Budgets
- ^d Maryland Association of Realtors

Notes:

- ¹ Personal Income is a total for the year.
- ² Employment and unemployment rates are adjusted annual averages. Employment is calculated as the count of County citizens employed in any location (i.e., inside or ouside the County).
- ³ School enrollment is for the school year ended in June of the calendar year.
- ⁴ Population, personal income, and per capita income statistics for 2004 have not been released;

Table XV

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

	Ca	lendar 1997		C	alendar 2006	
Taxpayer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.	× 1,727	1	4.86%	2,506	1	4.92%
Cecil County Board of Education	1,662	2	4.68%	2,132	2	4.18%
Perry Point V.A. Hospital	1,284	3	3.62%	1,000	3	1.96%
Union Hospital	705	4	1.99%	900	4	1.77%
ATK Tactical Systems (formerly Thiokol Corp.)	410	7	1.15%	591	5	1.16%
Cecil County Government	436	6	1.23%	500	6	0.98%
Terumo Medical Corp.	408	8	1.15%	400	7	0.78%
IKEA Maryland	*		0.00%	370	8	0.73%
Cecil College			0.00%	300	9	0.59%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	229	10		300	10	0.59%
Totals	6,861		18.68%	8,999		<u>17.66</u> %

Sources: Cecil County Department of Economic Development

Table XVI

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

		I WIII-I	IIIIC Equi	Valont El	iipioy cco	40 01 0 a1		
Function	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Government	79.79	79.96	81.46	86.17	90.00	97.50	85.00	91.00
Public Safety	238.30	242.12	247.95	253.95	257.95	260.45	251.00	260.00
Law Enforcement	78.00	80.00	83.00	82.00	83.00	84.00	86.00	83.00
Detention Center	59.30	59.30	60.00	60.00	60.00	57.50	52.00	57.00
EMS & Emergency Services	47.00	47.82	49.95	55.45	56.95	56.95	52.00	61.00
Other	54.00	55.00	55.00	56.50	58.00	62.00	61.00	59.00
Highways, Streets, and Bridges	54.90	63.00	64.00	68.50	66.00	66.00	69.00	70.00
Roads Maintenance	40.90	46.00	46.00	48.00	47.00	46.00	42.00	45.00
Engineering and Other	14.00	17.00	18.00	20.50	19.00	20.00	27.00	25.00
Health and Welfare	47.40	53.40	52.25	54.75	55.75	59.25	43.00	49.00
Senior Services	20.50	22.00	22.00	24.00	24.00	26.00	22.00	33.00
Other	26.90	31.40	30.25	30.25	31.75	33.25	21.00	16.00
Recreation and Culture	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
Economic Development	4.00	4.00	5.50	6.50	5.50	5.50	4.00	5.00
Agriculture	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Water	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00
Wastewater	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00
Landfill	19.00	21.00	23.00	22.00	22.00	23.00	20.00	24.00
Central Garage	9.00	8.00	7.00			-		- 3 0
Totals	476.39	495.48	505.16	515.87	521.20	535.70	496.00	524.00

Sources:

Cecil County Budget and Human Resources Departments

Note:

Budgeted Positions at the end of the fiscal year. There are no positions

purposefully kept vacant. (Actual data is not available.)

Data for 1998 - 1999 is not available.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Table XVII

Physical Aurests nia	Function Public Safety	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
amedic Calls n/a n/a n/a n/a 7,790 8,240 12,337 12,228 12,670 13,865 13,304 Permits Issued 562 614 672 665 703 834 776 12,670 13,865 13,304 Sterests, and Bridges 32,32 30.74 22.31 32.90 28.10 27.29 22.52 16.22 41.77 Nelfare ant Severation (miles) n/a n/a n/a 1,108 1,207 800 967 41.77 Nelfared n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,108 1,207 800 967 41.77 Ansilis (3.9) monthly) n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,108 1,207 800 34,984 40,255 and Culture n/a n/a n/a 1,2 14 146 158 142 139 die (attendance) 12,1 164 36,8 38,8 38,8 38,8 38,8	Physical Arrests 911 Sheriffs Calls	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a 2,344	n/a 2,739	п/а 3,103	n/a 3,057	1,816 3,146	1,867	n/a 4.127	1,941
Streets, and Bridges 32.32 30.74 22.31 32.90 28.10 27.29 22.52 16.22 41.77 Are lared surfacing (miles) 32.32 30.74 22.31 32.90 28.10 27.29 22.52 16.22 41.77 Are lared surfacing (miles) 32.32 30.74 22.31 32.90 28.10 27.29 22.52 16.22 41.77 Are lared accounting on veed size of sengers n/a n/a n/a n/a 1/a 1/a 1/a 40.255 and Culture and Culture and Culture life (attendance) 12.1 16.4 95 152 14.1 146 158 142 139 Ide (attendance) 12.1 16.4 95 152 141 146 15.8 142 139 Ide (attendance) 12.1 16.342 7,922 8,583 8,823 10,752 11,686 12,154 12,154 Daily Sewage Treatment 107.774 128,693 360,848 390,033 418,753 413,444 <th>Fire/Paramedic Calls</th> <td>n/a 562</td> <td>n/a</td> <td>7,790</td> <td>8,240</td> <td>12,337</td> <td>12,228</td> <td>12,670</td> <td>13,865</td> <td>13,304</td> <td>198,706</td>	Fire/Paramedic Calls	n/a 562	n/a	7,790	8,240	12,337	12,228	12,670	13,865	13,304	198,706
Neffare and Earlies sending is sending and Culture sending consumption n/a n/a n/a 944 1,108 1,207 800 967 1,025 sended and culture send of silons is sendered. n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1,108 1,207 800 967 1,025 and Culture n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1/a 29,061 31,980 34,984 40,255 and Culture and Culture n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 1/a 1/a 1/a 1/a 1/a lle (attendance) 121 164 95 152 141 146 158 142 139 nder Preservation ememths 6,242 7,922 8,583 8,823 10,752 11,686 12,154 12,154 12,154 12,154 Daily Consumption usands of gallons) 107,774 128,693 134,897 135,865 142,397 152,618 159,997 164,577 177,399 Daily S	Highways, Streets, and Bridges Street Resurfacing (miles)	32.32	30.74	22.31	32.90	78.10	834	77.52	72.1 16.22	530	40/ 40/
erved n/a 29,061 31,980 25,011 23,791 26,346 sengers n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 29,061 31,980 34,984 40,255 and Culture 121 164 95 152 141 146 158 142 139 Ider Preservation cements 6,242 7,922 8,583 8,823 10,752 11,686 12,154 12,154 12,154 Dally Consumption usenits 107,774 128,693 134,897 135,865 142,397 152,618 159,997 164,577 177,399 177,399 Dally Sewage Treatment 108,053 360,848 390,033 418,753 413,444 435,346 459,973 464,268 1 Consolidations 389,222 68,891 73,518 92,218 87,268	Health and Welfare Participants (avg. monthly)	n/a	n/a	n/a	944	1.108	1.207	800	23:51	1025	1300
and Culture 121 164 95 152 141 146 158 142 139 nder Preservation ements 6,242 7,922 8,583 8,823 10,752 11,686 12,154 12,154 12,154 Daily Consumption usands of gallons) 107,774 128,693 134,897 135,865 142,397 152,618 159,997 164,577 177,399 Daily Sewage Treatment usands of gallons) 349,338 368,296 360,848 390,033 418,753 413,444 435,346 459,973 464,268 466,961 1 Fons of Refuse 48,951 59,222 68,891 73,518 92,218 87,268 110,947 116,501 1	Meals served Bus Passengers	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	28,063 n/a	27,172 n/a	28,460 29,061	25,011	23,791 34,984	26,346 40,255	24,640 43,674
nder Preservation eements 6,242 7,922 8,583 8,823 10,752 11,686 12,154 177,399 7 Daily Sewage Treatment usands of gallons) 349,338 368,296 360,848 390,033 418,753 413,444 435,346 459,973 464,268 7 Fons of Refuse 48,951 59,222 68,891 73,518 92,218 87,268 110,947 116,501 166,691 1	Recreation and Culture Safetyville (attendance)	121	164	95	152	141	146	158	142	139	110
erage Daily Consumption (thousands of gallons) 107,774 128,693 134,897 135,865 142,397 152,618 159,997 164,577 177,399 rater srage Daily Sewage Treatment (thousands of gallons) 349,338 368,296 360,848 390,033 418,753 413,444 435,346 459,973 464,268 Inal Tons of Refuse 48,951 59,222 68,891 73,518 92,218 87,268 110,947 116,501 166,691 1	Agriculture Acres under Preservation Agreements	6,242	7,922	8,583	8,823	10,752	11,686	12,154	12,154	12,154	12,890
vater stage Daily Sewage Treatment (thousands of gallons) 349,338 368,296 360,848 390,033 418,753 413,444 435,346 459,973 464,268 Inal Tons of Refuse 48,951 59,222 68,891 73,518 92,218 87,268 110,947 116,501 166,691 1	Water Average Daily Consumption (thousands of gallons)	107,774	128,693	134,897	135,865	142,397	152,618	159,997	164,577	177,399	185,890
nual Tons of Refuse 48,951 59,222 68,891 73,518 92,218 87,268 110,947 116,501 166,691	Wastewater Average Daily Sewage Treatment (thousands of gallons)	349,338	368,296	360,848	390,033	418,753	413,444	435,346	459,973	464,268	480,524
	Landfill Annual Tons of Refuse	48,951	59,222	68,891	73,518	92,218	87,268	110,947	116,501	166,691	151,926

Various Cecil County departments. Sources:

Quantifiable and meaningful capital asset indicators are not available for all functions. n/a = Not available As of FY2007 a new Communication Systems came online to accept County-wide emergency calls. Note:

Table XVIII

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Function	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Public Safety Police Patrol Units Paramedic Units	n/a 3	n/a 3	л/а 3	3 52	59 3	3 60	62	62	99	82
Highways, Streets, and Bridges Roads & Highways (miles) Bridges	579 102	581 102	583 102	585 102	587 102	588 102	594 104	599 104	104	104
Health and Welfare Buses	9	7	80	∞	œ	თ	თ	Ø	10	
Recreation and Culture Park Acreage	n/a	603	603	603	603	603	603	603	603	603
Water Production Capacity (millions of gallons per day)	0.400	0.400	0.400	0.400	0.400	0.400	0.400	0.400	0.468	0.529
Wastewater Wastewater Treatment Capacity (millions of gallons per day)	2.890	2.890	2.890	2.890	2.890	2.890	3.060	3.060	3.065	3.065
Landfill Remaining Built Capacity (cubic yards)	533,874	363,747	169,406	2,000,000	1,793,194	1,596,288	1,352,026	1,096,654	740,800	426,427

Sources: Various Cecil County departments.

Quantifiable and meaningful capital asset indicators are not available for all functions. n/a = Not available Note: