

COME AND GO TO— Cambridge, Md.

Next Monday Sept. 11th. With the Grand Union Excursion with Bethel Church and Waters Chapel aboard the superb Steamer Louise.

TICKETS, ADULTS, 50CTS CHILDREN UNDER 7 YEARS, 25 Cts.

ANOTHER DAY AT ASBURY GROVE CAMP.

Sunday will be the last day at Asbury. Camp closes Sunday night.

ORDER OF SERVICES

11 a. m.—Sermon by Rev. Samuel Cummings, the Blind Evangelist. 3 p. m.—Rev. R. F. Lawson. At night Rev. A. Young of Asbury Church Baltimore will preach the "Midnight" Sermon, subject: "Watchman What of the Night."

Three singing bands of Baltimore will conduct the services during the 2nd and 3rd. watches of the night. The greatest day of the Camp. Come. Rev. J. T. Moton, Pres. M. J. Naylor, Secy.

Asbury M. E. Church. Asbury M. E. Church—Home Camp Meeting and Revival Services. 11 a. m. preaching by the Pastor. 8 p. m., sermon by Rev. James Gibbs.

School of Dress-making.

MESDAMES Smallwood and Wheeler's School for de Lamort's dress-cutting system, 1309 E. Monument Street.

Banneker Normal and Industrial Institute.

HARRISONVILLE, BALTO. CO., MD. For boys will re-open October 2, 1899. New buildings, comfortable, well lighted, good ventilation. High, healthy and beautiful situated. Convenient to Baltimore. Non-sectarian. Terms low. Send for circulars. C. J. BOONE, President.

Temporary office 1316 Riggs Ave., Baltimore, Md.

Cornelius C. Fitzgerald.

Attorney and Counselor at Law. Condon Building, 116 St. Paul St. Houses FOR RENT and FOR SALE. MONEY to Loan, and affairs administered. Prompt and courteous attention given.

D. M. HITE.

208 N. Liberty Street. For Rent.

- 1408 N. Broad street, \$8 3/4
418 N. Parrish st., " 3
1517 Vine street, 6 rooms, " 12
613 Baker street, 8 rooms, " 10
1040 Vine street, 6 rooms, " 12
627 Walnut 5 rooms, " 10
1543 Woodgate street, 6 rooms, " 10
502 Hargrove alley, " 8
3 Williamson street, 4 rooms, " 6
15 E. Ware street, 5 rooms, " 9
1114 Shields alley, 6 rooms, " 10
1921 Short street, 5 rooms, " 6
1919 N. Parrish st., 5 rooms, " 6
818 S. Eataw street, 7 rooms, " 13

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Two nice houses on Latrobe-st., near Girard-ave., 5 rooms and bath, for \$350. Ground rent only \$30. Cash \$5. Weekly payments \$3.

We have now left out of 13 only one Belvidere st., beautiful bay-window front house; six rooms, bath and stoves. Ground rent only \$36. Price \$800; \$5 cash and \$3.50 a week.

325 Selma Place. Near Saratoga and Fulton-ave., 5 rooms, nice house. Price \$325; Cheap as dirt. \$3 cash and \$3 a week.

Out of the above payments we will pay Ground Rent, taxes, water rent and insurance.

Now is the time to STOP PAYING RENT and get you a home. The only way to make all people respect you is to own your own home and be a taxpayer. Better put your eggs in a house than to waste it in drink and other foolish things. Apply to GRAHAM & CO. 223 St. Paul St.

The Eureka Educational and Charitable Association Baltimore, Maryland.

OBJECT. To help the Educational and Charitable interest of the race by a definite and intelligent study of real conditions.

HOUSE TO HOUSE VISITOR. One of the important agencies of the association will be an "House-to-House Visitor" who will systematically visit in a friendly way every colored family in a given district, and gather helpful information.

MEMBERSHIP. All persons interested in the real welfare of the race are asked to become members of the Association. Annual membership fee, one Dollar. No other dues.

President, Garrison D. Trusty. Vice Pres't, Rev. G. R. Waller. Treasurer, James C. Johnson. Chairman Executive Com. Ittee., Rev. George F. Bragg Jr. Secretary, Miss M. Eulalia Reid, 117 West 21st Street.

UNDOING THE WORK OF LINCOLN.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONSPIRACY AGAINST NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

The North Carolina Plan of Whipping the Devil around the Stump—Ignorant White Men to Vote—Ignorant Colored Men to be Disfranchised.

There is wide-spread interest in the South as to the outcome of the suffrage amendment contest in North Carolina, in which the right of about one hundred and twenty thousand negroes to vote is involved. Georgia and other States contemplate restricting the negro vote after the manner North Carolina has adopted.

The Atlanta Journal has obtained from F. M. Simmons, chairman of the Democratic Committee of North Carolina, a statement in which he admits that fully one hundred and twenty thousand colored persons will be disqualified by the North Carolina amendment, against which the Negroes are now waging a political life struggle.

Mr. Simmons' Statement.

Mr. Simmons' statement, in part, is as follows: "Concerning the suffrage amendment to the constitution of this State, submitted to the people by the last Legislature and to be voted upon at the election to be held in August, 1900, I beg to say that the amendment is the result of deep rooted conviction on the part of our white people that the best interest of the State and both races requires the elimination from politics of the vicious and incompetent negro vote.

The last campaign in North Carolina was made chiefly upon the issue of white supremacy. The heartiness with which the people responded to this issue is shown by the fact that we overcame a majority of 40,000, polled against the Democratic party in 1897, and carried the State by a majority of 20,000. We feel that we have temporized with the race question in politics long enough.

Salient Features of the Measure.

"The salient features of this measure are contained in its fourth and fifth sections, which provide that every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the constitution in the English language, and that no male person who was, on Jan. 1, 1867, or at anytime prior thereto, entitled to vote, under the laws of any State in United States, wherein they then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person, shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in the State by reason of his failure to possess the educational qualifications prescribed in section 4 of this article, provided he shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this section prior to Dec. 1, 1908. The General Assembly shall provide for a permanent record of all persons who registered under this section on or before November 1, 1908, and all such persons shall be entitled to register and vote at all elections by the people in this State unless disqualified under section 2 of this article; provided such persons shall have paid their poll tax as required by law.

Some Negroes Can Vote.

"It will be seen from these sections of the proposed amendment that every negro who can read and write will be entitled to vote. It is estimated that between 25,000 and 30,000 negroes in the

State can now comply with this test. There are probably in the State two or three thousand negro voters who are lineal descendants of what were known before the war as "free negroes" who were entitled to vote in this State under the constitution as it existed prior to 1835. These will be entitled to vote.

"There are probably a few hundred negroes in the State who were residents prior to 1867 of States in which the negroes were allowed to vote, and they also can vote under the fifth section. The rest of the negroes about 120,000 will not be able to vote until they have qualified themselves by learning to read and write.

While some question has been made as to the constitutionality of the amendment by the Republican politicians, we know no lawyer of recognized legal ability and standing in the State who has investigated the question who doubts its constitutionality. A careful study of it will disclose the fact that it does not in any legal sense contravene the fifteenth amendment to the United States constitution or abridge the rights of the black man to vote, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude, but that it simply establishes a qualification of suffrage.

The Plan To Rob The Negro.

"This qualification is that the voter shall have a due understanding of the nature of his act and the effect thereof upon himself and his fellow man, and it prescribes two ways in which a voter may show that he possesses this required degree of understanding:—

"First—If he can read and write it is conclusively presumed from that fact that he possesses the required degree of understanding.

"Second—If he or his ancestors began to exercise the right of suffrage prior to 1867 it is conclusively presumed from that fact that he possessed the required degree of understanding.

"The amendment will receive the united support of the democratic party and that part of the populist vote which has not, by fusion with the Republican party, become thoroughly republicanized. In addition to this a large number of white Republican will support the amendment, because they believe it to be to the best interest of the State and both races that it should pass, and because they see no hope for their party in North Carolina so long as it remains under the control of the negro, as it is necessarily will so long as the negroes constitute four-fifths of its voting strength."

Cambridge.

Miss Estella Kerr and Miss Bertha Jones have returned from their summer vacation.

Mr. Chas. Kerr has been very ill but is much better.

Clarence Richardson, colored and of Virginia was brought to this city about 7 p. m. Sunday in a dying condition by John Johnson. He is said to have met his death by a severe blow on the head at by some unknown person. The injuries were of such a serious nature that he soon died. Suspicion seems to rest on Johnson.

Charles Jackson was arrested at Hurlock Saturday, charged with killing Cornelius Johns also colored. The quarrel started over a baby carriage being run into a camp meeting.

Mr. Geo. Wilson the oldest colored restaurant keeper in town has moved in his new building.

The meeting at Waugh Chapel is still in progress. Rev. C. A. Tindley preached a good sermon on last Thursday evening. Rev. W. H. Horsey will be with us all day Sunday.

Easton.

Mrs. Mary A. Collins, aged 68 years is dead. She leaves 5 children. She was a kind friend.

Mr. R. H. Gibson has returned from his visit to Atlantic City, New York and other places.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Reed of Philadelphia are visiting the aunt of Mrs. Reed, Mrs. Julia Lockerman.

LIBERTY THE UNIVERSAL SOLVENT.

THE FAULT IN TEXAS IS WHOLLY WITH THE WHITE PEOPLE.

The Remedy for the Race Troubles is Liberty. The Fullest Liberty, Nothing Else Nothing Less.

We take the article below from that staunch defender of right, the "New York Independent." Sorry that space will not permit a reproduction of the whole editorial.

"There are three great problems before this country in the three great fields of practical action, and in the three the one possible solution is the same—Liberty. One is the religious problem, and it concerns chiefly the Roman Catholic Church. It is a struggle for liberty, to develop the old Church in accordance with national ideas, and under the name of Americanism it is bound to succeed, whatever may be the hindrances. A second is an economic problem, that of the right of both capital and labor to make combinations, to work or to abstain from work. The solution will come in liberty for either capital or labor to combine, and for all whether combinations or individuals, to work or to refuse to work. The third is the race problem; and like the others it has only one solution, that of liberty for all races to seek and reach their highest industrial and social development, with equal opportunities and rights to all. Because these are the three great problems before our people, in these great fields of effort, they must occupy chief attention of thinking men, and no apology is needed in recurring constantly to them.

We have a different story to repeat this week; indeed, two stories, both of repression, one in Texas, the other in Georgia. Several adjoining counties in Texas and Louisiana have been overrun by whitecaps, who have been whipping negroes, shooting them, putting up notices that they must not work in the mills, and must get out of the region, and they have been fleeing in terror of their lives to the cities. The reason for this terrorism is not the bad character of the negroes, not at all, but their good character. They are too thrifty and too eager to get work and acquire property. They are more willing to work, and in the labor market they underbid the white people, and do more work for less money, and with their more economical habits they are buying land and securing homes. They are doing precisely what our Irish immigrants in the North did fifty years ago, and like them, are getting the profit, and sometimes the prejudice of it. But we did not drive those Irish people out, we made room for them, took their cheap labor, made it profitable for them and us, built our railroads with it; when we improved our schools for their children, made them equal citizens with us, elected them to high office, sold them our farms, encouraged them to build finer churches than our own, and we rejoice in their good character and their fervent patriotism. Now the Poles and the Hungarians and the Italians are coming, and are in the first stages of the same process. We shall not shoot them, or beat them with wagon-traces, or expel them from the country, altho we have too many of that sort of fools with us who succeed in appealing to short sighted selfishness and do succeed in passing over-strict immigration laws, and have managed actually to shut the doors against certain yellow men. We give our sometimes undesirable classes liberty and legal protection and education, and let them be like ourselves. No other policy will ever succeed in the South. The remedy for the race trouble is liberty, the fullest liberty. Nothing else; nothing less. Let the negro improve; let him work for what he will; let

THE SAN DOMINGO REVOLUTION.

A SURE CURE TO BE ADMINISTERED.

"Poor as they are, as Governments, they are better than any Negro Government in Africa, and Superior to Smaller Asiatic Governments."

Local Items.

DOINGS OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO OUR MANY BALTIMORE CITY READERS.

Mr. Norman O. Cully of Annapolis was in the city this week.

Mrs. John Anderson of Courtland St. has been and is much indisposed. Miss Nellie Anderson, the popular school teacher, and a daughter of Mrs. Anderson is also quite sick.

Quite a number of Baltimoreans visited Philadelphia this week, attending the Exposition and the Grand Army parade.

Miss Rosa Peters who has been spending the Summer at Atlantic City has returned to the city.

Rev. Eugene L. Henderson of Annapolis preaches at St. James Church, North High St. on next Sunday.

The public Schools of the city will reopen on next Wednesday.

It will only cost you fifty cents a year to have the Ledger brought to your door by the postman each week. Isn't it cheap? Then subscribe for a whole year.

Mr. James T. Bradford Sr. has returned from Sea Isle City where he has been spending the Summer with his family.

Miss Mary E. Prest has returned home after a delightful visit to West River.

Miss Mary A. Bennett has removed to 533 Preastman St.

Dr. Lyon's Return.

The Rev. Ernest Lyon, the pastor of John Wesley M. E. Church who has been absent from his pulpit during the month of August on his vacation has returned and will resume his labors on Sunday the 10th inst.

At 11 a. m. Dr. Lyon will preach. At 3 p. m. the Sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered. At 8 p. m. a special sermon outlining the work for the fall and winter.

The Normal School.

Notice is given elsewhere concerning the re-opening of the Normal school on Saratoga st. This institution is especially adapted for the technical training of persons who desire to engage in teaching. The management of this institution represent many of the most substantial citizens of Baltimore. It has and is doing a good work and those in need of help should not be slow in availing themselves of its benefits.

Night School in East Baltimore.

Mr. S. E. Young and other prominent citizens of East Baltimore are circulating a petition to be presented to the School Board asking for the establishment of a Night School at the East street School building. The petitioners ought to succeed, for such a school is needed, and would prove highly beneficial to many citizens of that section of the city.

Dinner To Aged Persons.

At Asbury African Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday was given the fourth annual dinner to the oldest members of Asbury Church. The dinner was given under the auspices of the Help and Mercy department of Epworth League, Peck's Chapter, No. 3793. About 40 aged members of the congregation were present, the oldest being 103 years old. A sermon was preached by the pastor, Rev. A. Young. Those who were too feeble to walk were sent to their homes in carriages.

THE SAN DOMINGO REVOLUTION.

A SURE CURE TO BE ADMINISTERED.

"Poor as they are, as Governments, they are better than any Negro Government in Africa, and Superior to Smaller Asiatic Governments."

The Dominican Republic, one year from next May will celebrate its centennial; but a hundred years of free institutions have only led to free revolution. The government and administration organized by President Heurvaux could not survive him. The assassin who ended the President's life ended the existence of the Government he headed. "President" Jimenez, who succeeds by right of revolution, represents the 'whites,' or "Blancos," the lighter colored portion of the politics and the population. Judging from the past the new administration will be less brutal and less stable than the one which has gone. It will keep a small private graveyard, but it will fill its own grave a little sooner.

With its future and its fate the United States has no official concern. It will be duly recognized and this country will continue its policy of noninterference. We shall continue, too, to give the Dominican Republic the protectorate which prevents its absorption by some European power. But for the United States, France or Germany would pick up the island and turn it into a colony inside of five years. The two Republics Haiti and San Domingo, maintain their independent existence solely through the strong arm of the United States.

Poor as they are, as governments, they are better than any negro government in Africa, and superior to smaller Asiatic governments, they rank high among semi civilized countries. Haiti raises a revenue of \$7 per capita and San Domingo of nearly \$3. For countries in their scale of development this is very fair. Life is uncertain, contracts are not well enforced and there is no effective education; but in each respect these two republics are above the semi-civilized average. If in each foreigners were relieved of native law and placed under the consular jurisdiction—as in China, Persia or Turkey—these countries would develop rapidly.

As it is, they lurch down the road of nations, never quite certain of their footing. Periodically they go on a revolutionary spree, derange trade, destroy industry and depreciate property. Then they sober up, under some new despot, level off a few-made graves and for a few years keep fairly straight.

For a century this has gone on. For another century it will not. As the world gets smaller and better knit together, as American and European investments increase, as more is known of murder, rapine and misgovernment in these two "republics," one of two things will happen—either they will cure these ills or some one else, probably, the United States, will administer a cure. No part of the earth's surface and no people inhabiting any part has a vested right in barbarism. Countries have no more right to grow revolutionary, disturbing the trade and investments of their neighbors than a farmer has to grow Canada thistles because he likes the crop. When it is less trouble to end these revolutions than to endure them they will be ended. The Philadelphia Press.

Personal.

Miss Sallie B. Hatchett Campbell street has returned home after a delightful trip of several weeks during which time she visited Oxford and Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

On August 31st, the wife of Rev. E. Robert Benoit, rector of St. Mark's, Wilmington, N. C. seated him a fine daughter.

25 cts.
 MADE KNOWN
 PPLICATION.
 all mail to
The Ledger,
 307 St. Paul St., Baltimore Md.

The private address of Rev. Geo. F. Bragg, is 828 Alaquith street; that of Mr. Wm. E. Tabb, 509 N. Central Ave.

Entered at the Baltimore, Md. Post Office as second class mail matter.

SATURDAY SEPT. 9 1899

Democratic Stupidity.

We charge, and we will prove, that the Republican party is so constituted that it is incapable of giving to this State that capable government which the people need and demand. No party is fit to rule this State whose freedom is clogged with an ignorant, non-tax-paying element constituting 85 per cent. of its vote in some counties and comprising 50 per cent. of the whole of the State. That element has been emboldened by promises in the past, to share of the offices, and that demand has been acceded to in a measure in Baltimore, and will be acceded to in the State and counties in a larger degree, in the event of Republican success, in order to hold its loyalty to future contests.

We charge and we will prove, that Republican ascendancy has been struck by the negro race to mean license to commit crime, and we will show that assaults upon white men and women have been constantly on the increase. We allege, too, that a Republican government has been negligent in the suppression of negro violence for fear of negro votes.

Such pure and unadulterated rot as is the above is rather a disgrace to the respectable Democratic journalism of Maryland. The above emanates from the Maryland Democratic Editors' Association and its purpose is to inflame and intensify the ordinary and unthinking white man against the Negro. Or in other words, it is simply an impassioned appeal to race prejudice. It is to be sincerely regretted that the Democratic editors of this Association are so obtuse in their thinking and reasoning faculties that they are precluded from seeing the truth. A man who is unable to see the truth discusses a principle without the aid of his "race prejudice" eye glasses, to say the least, is a very small concern.

In spite of its flippant and vague charge that the Republican party is "incapable of giving to this State that capable government which the people need," the stubborn fact remains that the present State administration has been an incomparable improvement on anything furnished in the past by the Gorman-Raisin combination. The Democratic party in Maryland ought to blush with shame, when it attempts to speak of a portion of the citizens of this State as an "ignorant, non-tax-paying element." True, a large number of colored people, as well as those of other nationalities, have the misfortune of being ignorant. But why did not this grand Gorman-Raisin combination party set in motion, forces during its long and continuous rule, calculated to dissipate this ignorance? Democratic failure and mismanagement, in the past, fully vindicate the present existence of so much ignorance. But there is absolutely no truth in the charge that the colored people of Maryland constitute a "non-tax-paying element." The actual amount of real estate accumulated by Negroes since emancipation, on which they directly pay tax, is surprisingly gratifying and a complete refutation of the false charge. Still further, the colored people have always been a tax-paying element, even in the days of slavery. It is not the man who carries the money to the tax collector who really pays the taxes, but the man who produces. Every

whites a house or a farm. It is because of ignorance and narrow-mindedness of such white men who compose the Democratic Editorial Association that Negroes are hindered from utilizing many opportunities whereby the State of Maryland would be the gainer.

The other charges with respect to the Negroes holding offices, to such an extent as to effect the best interests of the State, and Republican ascendancy meaning a license for Negroes to increasingly commit crime, being shielded therein because of their identity with the Republican party, is the purest rot. There is not one word of truth in it. It is fiction pure and simple. It is just the other way. The Negro, despite his increase in material things and intellectuality, has been remarkably meek and too easily satisfied in the distribution of public offices. And, certainly more colored men have been hung under a Republican administration than under the Gorman-Raisin dynasty. Our democratic editors would have a hard time convincing the colored craps-shooters, policy men, and other disreputable characters, that they enjoy more freedom under a Republican administration than they did under the sweet influences of Rasin & Company.

The Democratic managers could hardly perform better services for the Republican organization than by freely presenting the black flag of race prejudice. Sensible white men will not be influenced thereby, while on the contrary, the inertia and general apathy existing among Negroes will be speedily converted into activity and enthusiasm for the old party of Lincoln, despite their bad treatment therein.

Not The Negro But His Vote.

It is a mistake to think that many of the white leaders of the Republican party, in this State, of means and intelligence, have any special interest in or solicitude in the Negro. Their seeming interest, and especially during the present times, is easily explained. It is the Negro's vote and that alone, in which they are greatly interested; not the Negro, but his vote.

We would have the sober and serious colored men of Baltimore to appreciate this fact. It is far from us to dictate to colored men how they should vote in the coming contest. In fact, the colored man who is honestly disposed in casting his vote will certainly find it a most difficult task before arriving at a definite conclusion. Party names, in these days, amount to a very little. And while there is scarcely any serious disposition on the part of colored men to vote the Democratic ticket, it is a fact that many of them are indifferent with respect to voting the Republican ticket. The Republican party, in action, has drifted from its ancient principles, and the natural feeling of disgust and contempt for such a treacherous course is certainly calculated to produce greatest apathy upon the part of colored voters.

And yet, after all, we have strong reason to fear that in the success of the Democratic party in this State, an attempt will be made to disfranchise colored men by a proposed amendment to the constitution. This is not a mere surmise. The Southern wing of the Democratic party has practically committed itself to such a policy, and it would create no surprise were Maryland Democrats disposed in the same direction. On the other hand the Republican party of Maryland would be compelled to oppose such a move, not because the white men of the Republican party have more love for the Negro than Democratic white men, but because the disfranchisement

of any considerable number of black men in Maryland would mean the death and the burial of that party in this State. They, seemingly, love the Negro because he can vote. Would it be wise, therefore, by apathy, indifference and absence from the polls to render the disfranchisement of Negroes in Maryland a possibility? Between the two evils, would it not be better to swallow the ungrateful and unreliable Republican party, than in our efforts to chastise them, fall from the trying pan into the fire?

"Where Are We At."

Our school facilities, including provision made by the State for higher or industrial training; provision for our charitable welfare, that is, for the helpless, and the youth gone and going to the bad, are by no means creditable to the Republican party now in power, which has depended, in this State, upon the colored people to furnish well-nigh one-half of the voting strength of the party. We are not, primarily, after office. Provision for the above needs are far above office getting. What will the Republican party do for us along this line? Can it be trusted to do anything? Is not its past record of negligence and indifference in this matter against it? We must have some clear cut and positive statement from the powers that be with respect to these most important matters. There are at least a few thousand of young intelligent and capable colored men who will positively refuse to vote for the Republican candidates unless they are made to feel that the interests of the race along these lines will be cared for. In the way of offices, whether we chose to believe it or not, we are going to get nothing or next to it. With respect to the above cited matter we ought not to budge one single inch until some kind of satisfaction is vouchsafed.

The poor unfortunate "Simmons Home" has been literally killed by the Republican party. Today there are nearly 30 colored children on the verge of being turned out into the public streets, because a Republican administration has refused to pay over to it money appropriated by the city council to care for these unfortunate children. Let us force the powers that be to speak out on this matter, and if they will not, then we shall know what to do.

Lowndes, Goldsborough, and Findlay.

The Republican State Convention met in this city on last Wednesday and nominated as the candidates of the Republican Party the following ticket:
 For Governor—Lloyd Lowndes.
 For Comptroller—Phillips Lee Goldsborough.
 For Attorney-General—John V. L. Findlay.

Now it is in order for us to have a clear understanding with respect to the attitude of the Republican Party towards improving conditions which environ us as a race of people. If the party can absolutely do nothing for us, then

Because He is Doing Too Well.

The dastardly whites in South Carolina are now making an infamous crusade to drive the Negroes out of the State. They say that because the Negro can live cheaper, he pays more rent and accepts less wages than the whites, thereby forcing the whites out of the industrial world. For this, the savage whites are ravaging the negro's home and viciously whipping him at almost every turn, in order to drive him out of the state. Since the white capitalist pays the Negro less than the laboring whites, simply because the negro has to accept even the lowest salary in order to live, then let these

whites rebuke the capitalist, not brutalize the tired and trembling bodies of toil. Since the white planter rents his farms to the negro in preference to the whites, because the needy Negro will pay more rent in order to exist, then let the poor whites chastise these owners of farms. Why abuse the suffering Negro for the very conditions which these white pirates have brought upon both races? Have the manhood to give the negro an equal salary with the whites and there will be no race competition. Quit your damnable treachery towards the colored race for crimes committed by themselves—the whites.—Pioneer Press.

He Got Them.

A local preacher out in Garrett county whose congregation was very reluctant about putting anything into the collection basket, had an unusually good collection the other night. He had grown tired of pleading with his audience to open their hearts explaining to them the blessedness of giving. Some one had stolen a hog from one of the members, and before passing the basket the preacher said: "Now I want everybody in this congregation to night to contribute something, excepting the man who stole Deacon Jones' hog." The basket then went around and no one failed to give.—Garrett Journal.

FOR THE GIRLS.

Some Very Sensible and Practical Advice.
 Girls don't hang around the depot, unless you are going away or meeting friends. Don't go to church and take a back seat with your escort and then whisper and giggle during the service. Don't be loud and boisterous or slangy. Stand on your dignity; don't carry your heart in your sleeve and don't throw yourselves in the arm of every well dressed stranger that comes to town. Be womanly, be modest, be serious at times, don't unsex yourself and thus lose woman's greatest charm. Don't regard your long legged awkward brother as a nuisance; don't turn your nose at your father and his poor grammar, and above all don't play a "hot time" on the piano when your old mother is having a "hot time" over the wash tub. It is too suggestive.—Ex.

The Poor Man Abroad.

Archbishop Ireland has just returned from a protracted tour abroad, and his comparison of the conditions of the poor with the poor of other countries is highly interesting. "The American poor," he says, are happier and 100 per cent. more intelligent. Where there is one case of misery here, there are hundreds abroad I mean England as well as the Continent." This statement should receive the careful attention of the people who are continually endeavoring to create dissatisfaction among those who toil with their hands.—Chesertown Enterprise.

Local Here and There.

Chief B. W. Rivers of the Grand United Order of True Reformers and a large delegation from the Order in this city are now in Richmond Va., where they are attending the annual meeting of that Order.
 Mr. Dora W. Queen has returned home from Atlantic City.
 Mr. William H. Stanley has been appointed to a clerkship in the Baltimore City Post Office.

The improvements placed upon Bethel Church are nearing completion, and when finished the old edifice will present a rather youthful appearance.
 Bethel and Water's churches will have an excursion to Cambridge on Monday next. The fare for the round trip is only fifty cts. The advertisement may be seen elsewhere in this issue of the Ledger.

Rev. A. Young, pastor of Asbury M. E. church has placed upon the market a medicinal remedy for many ailments, and those who have used the medicine speak of it in the highest terms. Dr. Howard Young, son of Rev. Mr. Young is a regular Pharmaceutical doctor, and has given much care and time in the preparation of this medicine. For further particulars see advertisement found elsewhere.

The State Convention of the Republican party held forth in this city on last Wednesday.

BALTIMORE NORMAL SCHOOL,
For The Education of Colored Teachers.
 Will Reopen Thursday, September 14th,
 The Principal will be at the School until Noon Tuesday and Wednesday, 12th and 13th.

REISINGER'S
 612 Columbia Avenue
 AND
 609 to 631 Portland Street.
 NEAR GREEN ST.
 Consolidated Cars Pass the Door.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENT TO BEGINNERS IN HOUSE-KEEPING.

Our line is one of the largest and best to be seen in Baltimore.

- Bedroom Suits from \$10 to \$150
- Parlor Suits from \$10 to \$100
- Buffets from \$3 to \$80
- Chiffoniers from \$3.75 to \$20
- Iron Beds, brass trimmed, from \$3.50 to 10
- Woven Wire Bed Springs, \$1.25 and up
- Good Soft Top Mattresses, \$1.25
- Hair Mattress, \$4.50
- Mattings from 10c to 40c
- Oilecloths from 10c to 40c
- Linoleums, 35c to 1.00
- Gas Stoves from 75c to 2.50
- Oil Stoves from 75c to 4.00
- Cook Stoves and Ranges 5.00 and up
- Gasoline Stoves (best) 2.25
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 *7.22 a. m. York B.S.H. Div. and main line east of Emory Grove, also Carlisle and G. & H. R. H.
 8.21 a. m. Main line, Shippensburg, Frederick, Emmitsburg and N. W. R. R. 9.15 a. m.—Pen Mar Ex. Pen M only \$9.85 a.m. accom. for Union Bridge and Hanover.
 *10.17 a.m. accom. for Union Bridge, York, Gettysburg
 *12.25 p.m. accom. for Emory Grove.
 *2.35 " accom. for Union Bridge.
 *3.22 p. m.—Blue Mt'n Ex. (Parlor Car) connection for Frederick, Martinsburg and Winchester.
 *3.32 " exp. for York and B & H Div.
 *4.00 " accom. for Alesia
 *4.01 " Ex. main line Points, also Frederick, Emmitsburg, Shippensburg
 *5.00 p. m.—Ex. to Glyden, Accom. bound to Union Bridge.
 *5.15 p. m. Accom. for Alesia
 *6.07 " accom. for Union Bridge
 *10.55 " accom. for Emory Grove
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