PROSPECTUS

[illegible] publishing in the City of Baltimore a Daily and Tri-Weekly Paper, to be called the

ALTIMORE POST AND COMMERCIAL TRANSCRIPT.

e Post and Transcript will be devoted to Politics, Commerce, Agriculture, Arts, Literature and News.

POLITICS.—The Post and Transcript will be firm and unrelenting advocate of the doctrines of [illegible]OCRATIC REPUBLICANISM, which constitute the fundamental elements of our social and political system. As a declaration imports, on the great question of National Politics, the paper will be of the "strict constitutionist" school, maintaining that the action of Government should be limited to the exercise of those powers which are specifically enumerated in the constitution. It will consequently oppose the measures of those, who by a loose interpretation of this MAGNA CARTA of our liberties, seek the establishment of schemes subversive of the principles upon which the fabric of our government is reared, and which, unchecked, tend to confusion and anarchy from which none of can be found but in despotism.

Among these schemes, regarded as of obviously dangerous tendency, is that of a National Bank, which, however harmless or useful it might be in the full length and unanimity of the republic, would, in a period of danger,—its branches penetrating every part of the country, and in the words of Jefferson, "acting in command and in phalanx,"—have power to interfere serious and alarming obstacles to the operations of government.

The assumption of the right to impose a tariff beyond the duties necessary to supply the constitutional wants of government; the appropriation of the public money upon schemes of internal improvement, and the interference of government with the domestic institutions of the States, particularly with the institution of slavery, will be equally opposed as encroachments upon the constitution and upon the rights of States.

The liability of the Banks to periodical convulsions, and their inability to comply, at all times, with the conditions upon which they are employed by the Treasury, evinced by the suspensions of 1837, render the use of them in the operations of Government one of obvious necessity. The Post and Transcript will therefore advocate the adoption of the Independent Treasury System, as a measure calculated to relieve government from the contingencies to which its connection with Banks renders liable—one which will insure stability and uniformity to fiscal action, and reduce the potent influence of the Executive over a league of deposite Banks, to the mere power of appointing the few officers necessary to carry out the system. But while the Treasury System may be supported as a judicious fiscal measure, Banks and Institutions will not be opposed. On the contrary their interests—with such checks as are calculated to secure the object of their creation, will be supported as essential to the prosperity and advancement of the country.

Such is the outline of the doctrines for the advocacy to which the new paper is to be commenced, and to the defence and vindication of which the Editors pledge their best support. They are the doctrines of the present administration; and as their continuance and efficiency depend much upon the energy and zeal of those to whom the important office of carrying them into effect is entrusted, the paper will zealously advocate the election of *MARTIN VAN BUREN* to the Presidency—as one who has proved himself eminently qualified to uphold and defend them and insure their unembarrassed action. It is believed the Post and Transcript will not be found an unworthy co-adjutor of the democratic paper already engaged in the cause in this city.

On the subject of State politics the paper will advocate a judicious reform, consonant with the spirit and principles of our republican institutions. Aware of the great caution and deliberation with which this subject should be approached, it will nevertheless fearlessly advocate such changes as our own experience has convinced us to be necessary, or such as the history of other States in the confederacy has taught to be wise and salutary.

The all important subject of Internal Improvement will be earnestly pressed upon the public attention; the present necessity of a vigorous prosecution and early completion of the great works in which the State is already so deeply interested, will be urged as positively necessary to preserve unimpaired the public faith and secure the true and permanent prosperity of our City and State.

I. *COMMERCE.*—The commercial department of the paper will be attended to with the utmost care, and no effort will be spared to render the information plain and full to foreign, domestic and local markets, and the general state of trade, full and satisfactory.

II. *AGRICULTURE.*—This important subject will receive more attention than has usually been paid to it in similar publications; and besides detailing facts of importance to the farmer and planter, it is intended to discuss the principles of agricultural economy and to claim for the husbandman that station as a citizen and an important producing agent, to which his independence and labours entitle him.

IV. *The ARTS*, both fine and mechanical, will have their appropriate department, and such discussion will be entered into as will tend to evolve the true principles upon which both are founded and to foster the efforts of native genius and skill rather than of foreign taste and beauty.

V. *LITERATURE AND NEWS.*—The Post and Transcript will aim at nourishing a sound and pure literary taste, and at the same time will endeavour to equal the best of its cotemporaries in judicious selection and in the promptitude, accuracy and extent of its general intelligence, foreign and domestic.

The first number will be issued in the course of the present month, after which it will be regularly continued. It is desirable that the names of subscribers be returned as speedily as possible to the Publisher.

TERMS.—The POST AND TRANSCRIPT will be of the first class of newspapers—the DAILY at $8, and the TRI-WEEKLY at $5 per annum, payable in advance, unless contracted in the city.

☞All letters must be addressed to S. P. SKINNER, Editor Post and Transcript, Baltimore, Md.

☞Those containing remittances may be forwarded at the expense of the publisher; all others, must be post paid.

PRINTING neatly executed at this OFFICE.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIV. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1839. No. 39.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.

Price—Three Dollars per annum.

Doctor W. EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

Prepared by himself.

TO MOTHERS AND NURSES.

The passage of the Teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during this process. The gums swell, the secretion of saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden fits of crying, watchings, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts; the child shrieks with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into its mouth. If these precursory symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally supervene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infant. If mothers who have their little babes afflicted with these distressing symptoms, would apply Dr. William Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, which has preserved hundreds of infants when thought past recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions.

A REAL BLESSING TO MOTHERS.

Dr. W. Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, for Children Cutting their Teeth.

This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of children, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. This preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, though there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of the Syrup should be used on the gums, to open the pores. Parents should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with pain in the gums, the Syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pores and healing the gums, thereby preventing Convulsions, Fevers, &c.

☞*Proof Positive of the Efficacy of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup.*

To the Agent of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup: Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant by your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, must convince every feeling parent how essential an early application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture. My infant, while teething, experienced such acute sufferings, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and family supposed that death would soon release the babe from anguish; till we procured a bottle of your Syrup; which as soon as applied to the gums a wonderful change was produced, and after a few applications the child displayed obvious relief, and by continuing in its use, I am glad to inform you, the child has completely recovered and no recurrence of that awful complaint has since occurred, the teeth are emanating daily and the child enjoys perfect health. I give you my cheerful permission to make this acknowledgment public, and will gladly give any information on this circumstance.

WM JOHNSON.

☞A gentleman who has made trial of Dr. W. Evans' Soothing Syrup in his family, (in case of a teething child,) wishes us to state that he found it entirely of factual in relieving pain in the gums, and preventing the consequences which sometime follow. We cheerfully comply with his request.—*N. York Sun.*

☞We believe it is generally acknowledged by those who have tried it, that the Soothing Syrup for Children Cutting Teeth, advertised in another column, is a highly useful article for the purposes for which it is intended. Highly respectable persons, at any rate, who have made use of it, do not hesitate to give its virtues the sanction of their names.—*Boston Traveller.*

☞*A SEVERE CASE OF TEETHING, WITH SUMMER COMPLAINT,* cured by the infallible American Soothing Syrup of Dr. W. Evans. Mrs. McPherson, residing at No. 8, Madison street, called a few days since at the medical office of Dr. W. Evans, 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and purchased a bottle of the Syrup for her child, who was suffering excruciating pain during the process of dentition, being momentarily threatened with convulsions, its bowels too were exceedingly loose, and no food could be retained on the stomach. Almost immediately on its application, the alarming symptoms entirely ceased, and by continuing the use of the syrup on the gums, the bowels in a short time became quite natural. As a tribute of gratitude for the benefit afforded the child, the mother gave of her own accord, and freely sanctioned publicity to the above. Pray be particular in applying at 100 Chatham street, as there are several counterfeits advertised. No other place in the city has the genuine for sale.

☞*IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.*—Children generally suffer much uneasiness from cutting their teeth. Whatever dangerous or fatal symptoms attend this process of nature, they are produced invariably from the highly irritated and inflamed condition of the parts—therefore the principal indications of cure are to alate the inflammation, and to soften, soothe, and relax the gums. If that is effected, the infant is preserved from subsequent fever, inflammation, spasmodic cough, twitching of tendons, croup, canker, and convulsions, displaying their fatal consequences. If mothers, nurses, or guardians have their babes tortured with painful and protracted dentition, and this notice attracts their attention, they should not be deterred from purchasing a bottle of *EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP* for Children *Teething*, the incomparable virtue of which in completely relieving the most distressing cases (when applied to the infant's gums as directed) is invaluable. The remedy has restored thousands of children when on the verge of the grave, to the embraces again of their distracted parents, attacked with that awful and mortiferous malady—Convulsions.

DIRECTIONS.

☞*Please shake the bottle when first opened.*

When children begin to be in pain with their teeth shooting in their gums, put a little of the Syrup in a teaspoon, and with the finger let the child's gums be rubbed for two or three minutes, three times a day. It must not be put to the breast immediately for the milk would take the syrup off too soon. When the teeth are just coming through their gums, mothers should immediately apply the syrup; it will prevent the children having a fever, and undergoing that painful operation of lancing the gums, which always makes the next tooth much harder to come thro' and sometimes causes death.

Sold at Dr. W. Evans' Office, 100 Chatham street, New York; and by all his Agents throughout the Union.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

Nervous diseases, liver complaint, dyspepsia, bilious diseases, piles, rheumatism, consumption, coughs, colds, spitting of blood, pain in the chest and side, ulcers, female weakness, all delicate and mercurial diseases are successfully treated at *Dr. EVANS' Medical Office*, 100 Chatham street, New York.

Dr. EVANS' CAMOMILE AND APERIENT PILLS
ON LOW SPIRITS.

Low spirits is a certain state of the mind, accompanied by indigestion, wherein the greatest evils are apprehended upon the slightest grounds, and the worst consequences imagined. Ancient medical writers supposed this disease to be confined to those particular regions of the abdomen technically called hypochondria, which are situated on the right or left side of that cavity, whence comes the name hypochondriasis.

Symptoms. The common corporeal symptoms are, flatulency in the stomach or bowels, sound eructations, costiveness, spasmodic pains and often an utter inability of fixing the attention upon any subject of importance or engaging in any thing that demands vigour or courage. Also languishness—the mind becomes irritable, thoughtful, desponding; melancholy and dejected, accompanied by a total derangement of the nervous system. The mental feelings and peculiar train of ideas that haunt the imagination and overwhelm the judgment, exhibit an infinite diversity. The wisest and best of men are as open to this affliction as the weakest.

Causes. A sedentary life of any kind, especially severe study, protracted to a late hour in the night, and rarely relieved by social intercourse or exercise, a dissolute habit, great excess in eating and drinking, immoderate use of mercury, violent purgatives, the suppression of some habitual discharge, (as the obstruction of the menses) or long continued eruption; relaxation or debility of one or more important organs within the abdomen is a frequent cause.

Treatment. The principal objects of treatment are, to remove indigestion, strengthen the body, and enliven the spirits, which may be promoted by exercise, early hours, regular meals, pleasant conversation—the bowels (if costive) should be carefully regulated by the occasional use of a mild aperient. We know nothing better adapted to obtain this end, than Dr. Wm. Evans' Aperient Pills—being mild and certain in their operation. The bowels being once cleansed, his inestimable Camomile Pills, (which are tonic, anodyne, and anti spasmodic) are an infallible remedy, and without dispute have proved a great blessing to the numerous public.

Some physicians have recommended a free use of mercury, but it should not be resorted to; in many cases it greatly aggravates the symptoms.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

THE BARON VON HUTCHELER HERB PILLS.

These Pills are composed of Herbs, which exert a specific action upon the heart, give an impulse or strength to the arterial system; the blood is quickened and equalized in its circulation through all the vessels, whether of the skin, the parts situated internally, or the extremities; and as all the secretions of the body are drawn from the blood, there is a consequent increase of every secretion, and a quickened action of the absorbent and exhalant, or discharging vessels. Any morbid action which may have taken place is corrected, and obstructions are removed, the blood is purified, and the body resumes a healthful state.

These Pills, after much anxious toil and research, having been brought by the Proprietor to the present state of perfection, supersede the use of the innumerable other medicines; and are so well adapted to the frame, that the use of them, by maintaining the body in the due performance of its functions, and preserving the vital stream in a pure and healthy state, causes it to last many years longer than it otherwise would, and the mind to become so composed and tranquil, *that old age when it arrives, will appear a blessing, and not* (as too many who have neglected their constitutions, or had them injured by medicines administered by ignorance) *a source of misery and abhorrence*

They are so compounded, that by strengthening and equalizing the action of the heart, liver, and other viscera, they expel the bad, acrid or morbid matter, which renders the blood impure, out of the circulation, thro' the excretory ducts into the passage of the bowels, so that by the brisk or slight evacuations, which may be regulated by the doses of the **Herb Pills**, always remembering that while the evacuations from the bowels are kept up, the excretions from all the other vessels of the body will also be going on in the same proportion, by which means the blood invariably becomes purified.

Steady perseverance in the use of the Herb Pills will undoubtedly effect a cure even in the most acute or obstinate diseases; but in such cases the dose may be augmented, according to the inveteracy of the disease; these Pills being so admirably adapted to the constitution, that they may be taken at all times

In all cases of Hypochondriacism, Low Spirits, Palpitations of the Heart, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Fluor Albus, Seminal Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Heartburn, General Debility, Bodily Weakness, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Flatulent or Hysterical Faintings, Hysterics, Headache, Hiccup, Sea Sickness, Night-Mare, Gout, Rheumatism, Asthma, Tic Douloureux, Cramp, Spasmodic Affections, and those who are victims to that most excruciating disorder, *Gout*, will find relief from their sufferings, by a course of the Herb Pills.

Nausea, Vomiting, Pains in the Side, Limbs, Head, Stomach or Back, Dimness or Confusion of Sight, Noises in the inside, alternate Flushings of Heat and Chillness, Tremors, Watchings, Agitation, Anxiety, Bad Dreams, Spasms, will in every case be relieved by an occasional dose of the Herb Pills.

One of the most dangerous epochs to females is at the change of life: and it is then they require a medicine which will so invigorate their circulations, and thus strengthen their constitutions as may enable them to withstand the shock. This medicine is the Baron Von Hutcheler Herb Pills.

Those who have the care and education of females, whether the studious or the sedentary part of the community, should never be without a supply of the Herb Pills, which remove disorders in the head, invigorate the mind, strengthen the body, improve the memory, and enliven the imagination.

When the Nervous System has been too largely drawn upon or overstrained, nothing is better to correct and invigorate the drooping constitution than these Pills.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

September 12,

☞DR. WM. EVANS, proprietor of the newspaper called "The Doctor," hereby particularly requests all Proprietors and Publishers of Newspapers who send their papers to his Office, to direct them to the Editor of "The Doctor," No. 100, Chatham street, New York.

April 25.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company to introduce and continue its Rail Road within the limits of the City of Annapolis.

(Passed September 9, 1839.)

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company be and it is hereby authorised to introduce, connect, locate and construct, a rail road or roads over and through any street or streets, or lot or lots of ground within the limits of the city of Annapolis, except over and through West street and Church street in said city.

Sec. 2. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the said Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company be and it is hereby authorised and permitted to work and use locomotive or steam engines on any road or roads so introduced, connected, located and constructed, at its pleasure; provided, that the speed of any locomotive or steam engine so worked and used shall not exceed the rate of four miles per hour; and provided also, that it shall be the duty of the said Company to provide for, and cause to be kept and used, at all times, spark catchers, of the most approved pattern, on and with all the locomotives or steam engines so worked and used on any such road or roads as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That if it shall become necessary for the purpose of locating and constructing any such road or roads as aforesaid for the said Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company to use and occupy any lot or lots of ground or other property within the limits of the said city belonging to individual citizens, the said lot or lots or other property may be so used and occupied upon the same restrictions, terms and conditions, and subject to the same obligations mentioned in the charter of the said Company for the use and occupation, purchase or condemnation of the land used for the line and tracks of the road of the said Company from its intersection with the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road to its terminus beyond the limits of the city.

Sec. 4. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council aforesaid hereby reserve the power at any and all times hereafter to modify by ordinance or ordinances the rights hereby granted or intended to be granted of locating and constructing said road or roads, and of working and using locomotive or steam engines thereon as aforesaid, or to repeal the ordinance hereby enacted, upon giving six months notice thereof to the said Rail Road Company; provided that in case of any such modification or repeal the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council aforesaid will and shall guaranty to the said Company a sufficient indemnity for the expense incurred by the said Company in constructing said road or roads and other improvements connected therewith on and through any of said street or streets, lot or lots of ground or other property as aforesaid.

Sec. 5. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council aforesaid from enacting at any and all times hereafter any ordinance or ordinances to regulate the way and manner any locomotive or steam engines as aforesaid shall be allowed to pass through any street or streets on or through which the said road or roads may be located and constructed as aforesaid; provided that in case it shall be deemed necessary by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council aforesaid to change the location of any such road or roads as aforesaid, or any part or parts thereof, for the benefit of the city of Annapolis, all the expense consequent thereon, or to be incurred thereby, shall be defrayed by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council aforesaid, any thing contained in this ordinance or any other ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

$100 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscribers's Farm Doden, in Anne-Arundel county, a Negro Boy called

DICK SPARROW,

dark skin, and not very tall though well set; he is about 18 or 19 years old. I will give Fifty Dollars if taken in Anne-Arundel county, or in the city or county of Baltimore, and One Hundred Dollars if taken elsewhere.

R. S. STEUART.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of the subscriber, on the North side of the Severn river, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, and a complete knowledge of Farming, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply.

HENRY E. BALLARD.

September 12. R. 4w.

The Sentinel, Centreville, and Whig, Easton, will insert the above for four weeks, and forward their accounts to this office.

POETRY.

From the United States Gazette.

THE NORTH WIND.

It moans o'er the Prairie;
It sighs through the brake;
It roars in the forest;
It howls on the lake;
'Tis laden with sorrow—
Pale poverty's sight;
And the groans of the houseless
It bears through the sky.

It scatters the brown leaves
That Autumn hath shed;
It laughs through the branches
That wave o'er the dead,
It sinkes the low cabin,
Where burns the pale light,
To cheer her who watcheth
The tempest to-night.

The pride of her bosom
Is out on the deep,
And the far dashing billow
Forbids her to sleep,
For the blast to her slumber
Its wrath would impart,
And the cry of the shipwreck'd
Would ring to her heart.

Howl on!—for the sinful
Thy voice hath a charm,
And thy spirit inciteth
The murderer's arm;
No whisper of conscience—
No terror of God,
As he moveth in silence
And darkness abroad.

Thou'rt now at the altar;
And now stealing in
Where the felon lies fettered
In iron and sin;
Now high on the mountain;
Now down in the vale;
And the mad ocean heareth
Thy desolate wail.

We own thee—Our Father!
We know 'tis Thy hand
That guideth the tempest
O'er ocean and land:
Then why should we tremble?
Why shrink at Thy might?
When we know whatsoever
Thou deest is right.

A. T. L.

Northern Frontier, Nov. 3d, 1839.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Translated for the New York Mirror.

THE BRIDE OF THE SUN.

Some three years ago, there lived at Montmartre, in the private establisment of the kind and indefatigable Doctor Blanche, a woman whose insanity was singular and affecting. She was young, her features were pleasing, and her smile still more so; the only mental disorder she had was the belief that she was betrothed to the sun—he had promised her marriage she thought, on a bright autumn morning, and her lover had covered his radiant visage with clouds to avoid dazzling the eyes of his mistress. Since that time, he had been her's, and she his; she had left her spouse's burning kiss imprinted on her hand, and she now lived for him alone. The sun was her joy, and her pride, and her glory; poor creature! she rose at the very instant when her best beloved cast his first rays across the sky, and hailed him with her looks, as the birds do with their songs, the stream with its murmur, the flowers with their perfume. The finer the day, the clearer the sky, the more radiant the whole face of nature, the happier was the poor wretch! Was it not her godlike husband that distributed light, and warmth, and comfort around him? Was he not the monarch of the world, and was he not her's? So she watched every change of place or appearance which her divinity presented; she seemed anxious not to lose the feeblest of his rays, and the higher he rose in the heaven the more ardent was her poetical enthusiasm. She could hardly be persuaded to take her meals, so full of passion was she; and to make her eat, it was necessary to tell her that it was her divine spouse who had gilded these fruit, ripened this grain and these grapes—so that she had a right to sit down at the table he had himself prepared for her. As night drew near, and the sun was on the point of sinking into the waters of the Seine, his tender spouse became as uneasy as any poor fisherman's wife, whose husband has been absent a couple of months, when she hears the sea roar—"What will become of my husband!" she used to say—"If he only escapes accidents while he is on his journey!" Gradually day would give place to night; then she would clasp her hands, and cry—"Wait for me—wait! and hurry to rest.

Singular and happy madness! sweet delusion! to feel that one's soul belongs to the sun in heaven—to have no other desire than for an unsullied sky—to fear nothing but the clouds that sometimes obscure the face of the great luminary—to be happy whenever all nature is happy! Such was the life of this poor lunatic for ten years. She had her troubles, too, as much as though she had retained her reason; for as soon as winter approached, and she saw the face of her spouse grow pale, like that of a man mortally wounded—when she saw his glory hidden behind thick clouds, like a man whose renown is blackened by envy, she became the most melancholy of women. How long and sad were the short days of winter! The more exalted her bridegroom was, the more did she suffer at seeing him debased, obscured, enchained, and helpless. But she is soon to be happy again; yet a little while, and the sun pierces through the thick masses of vapour that conceal his brightness, and re-appears in all his grandeur and glory. So, when this poor lunatic found her spouse, at the return of spring, the same as he had been in the foregoing season, and saw the leaves of every tree and bush breaking their prisons to welcome him, joy returned to her spirit—she put on her gayest dresses, and sung her most cheerful hymn: "Rejoice, all ye in heaven and on earth; rejoice, ye stars of the firmament; rejoice, ye waves of the stream!—ye angels who are above our heads, and ye men who tread the earth beneath your feet, rejoice! for my spouse, the sun, was sick, and has come back in health; he was lost, and now is found!"

This happy delusion, as we have said, lasted ten years, in spite of all efforts of science. The bride of the sun died some three years ago, and her death was as touching as her life. It was noon of a lovely day; the sun was bright, yet mild, and showered down its purest rays on all creation. His bride, seated on the turf under an aged fruit-tree, watched the movements of her august spouse in the sky. Her heart had never been more filled with love, her glances had never been more tender, her dream had never approached nearer to a reality. They understood each other so well—the sun and she!—he moved so slowly through the sky, doubtless to have the more time to look upon her as she knelt before him. But, oh heavens! all at once the fountain of light and heat stops, and grows dark; all at once it disappears—not as formerly, sinking gradually into the river, after having shaken brilliant gold-dust from his garments; but pauses abruptly, hides his visage, and is seen no more. Where is he? "Yes!" she screamed, "my husband is with a rival—he is false to me! he has left me during the day, and will not return again at night!"—and the poor creature, who lived only to gaze on him by day, to wait for him at night, to greet him in the morning, to sing his praise in spring, to admire him in summer, and weep for him in winter—the poor creature, seeing him disappear so suddenly, without knowing whither he went, or when he would return, died during the eclipse died of jealousy, love and despair.

Why is a pretty girl like the hub of a wheel? Because she is surrounded by *Fellows*.

Why is a homely girl like a Black smith's apron? Because she keeps off the *Sparks*.

DR. WM. EVANS' CELEBRATED FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.

These pills, so admirably adapted to afford uniform relief in the different modifications of these distressing maladies, are particularly recommended to public notice. On the accession of the cold stage, when the face and limbs of the sufferer become pale, and the sensation of cold and languor is felt pervading the whole system—their administration is accompanied with astonishing success—they soon lessen the subsequent distressing shivering and violent shaking, and by continuing in their use, (as directed) will ultimately cure the most obstinate ague. These pills are of signal utility in those distressing cases, where there is a sallowness of complexion, pain in the region of the liver, tension and distress in the epigastric region, with other symptoms indicating the existence of morbid action, or chronic disease of the stomach, liver, bowels, mesentery or spleen, which consequences so generally supervene from protracted intermittents. They permanently overcome these diseases—at the same time give tone to the stomach, cleanse and strengthen the bowels and impart health, vigour and energy to the system.

Many persons emigrate to the rich and fertile soil of the West, in the hope of attaining a future competency, but alas! ere long that hope becomes blasted, when they appear with impaired and enfeebled constitutions, resulting from attacks of that direful terror of the West, Fever and Ague. If such persons had resorted to the use of the above pills, the sunken pallid countenance would have been restored to its florid hue, the vital energy re-established, and the whole system purified and invigorated. They are now regarded as an inestimable public blessing, and indispensable to the health, comfort, and even the local prosperity of the inhabitants of many portions of our western country.

In all cases of Bilious and Nervous Fever, Hypochondriacism, Low Spirits, Palpitations of the Heart, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Fluor Albus, Seminal Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Pains in the Side, Limbs, Head, Stomach or Back, will invariably be removed by the use of the Pills.

On first feeling the premonitory symptoms occur, it is advisable at once to clear thoroughly the stomach and bowels. In no way can this be better and less inconveniently effected, than by taking a few doses of

Dr. EVANS' PURIFYING PILLS,

the value and well-authenticated virtues of which medicine have been, and still are, too apparent to call for further comment. They tend to promote a healthy secretion of the Bile, and render the system capable of receiving with benefit the Invigorating and Strengthening Pills.

Directions are as follows:—Take four or more of the Purifying Pills on the first accession of Fever, and continue the same number every other night, till with the additional use of the Invigorating Pills, a permanent cure is obtained.

Take three of the Invigorating Pills in the morning, three at noon, and three in the evening, on the days when the attacks do not occur.

The attacks usually occur every other day.

Price One Dollar a pack, containing both kinds of Pills. Sold at Dr. EVANS' Medical Establishment, 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and by his authorised Agents throughout the Union.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
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September 26.