

PROSPECTUS OF THE AMERICAN PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL & MISCELLANY.

It is a remarkable fact, that while the converts to the belief that Phrenology is true, have, within a few years, most astonishingly multiplied, there does not exist on the American continent a single periodical whose object is to advocate its truths, repel the attacks made upon it, or answer the enquiries which even candid persons are disposed to make concerning it. And this is the more surprising since the materials already existing and daily augmenting, with which to enrich such a publication, are almost inexhaustible.

The science of medicine has its appropriate media through which to present to the profession and to students all the new facts which occur, and all the new theories which are advocated in the various institutions of medical science throughout the world; and it is proper that it should be so. The same is true of the other leading professions of law and of divinity. But in the American important bearings, which phrenologists know their science to have on medicine, and which, as law, there is no publication through which, as the appropriate channel, those bearings may be pointed out. It is true that some newspapers, and also one or two works of a less ephemeral character, do occasionally admit articles in favour of phrenology; but these do not meet the present necessity. A periodical which is avowedly phrenological—one, whose pages shall constitute a permanent depository of facts, and which shall be open for the expression of opinions and the record of principles connected with these facts, is not needed; and a strong feeling of this necessity, together with a belief that such a work is extensively demanded, and will meet with encouragement and support, has induced the publisher to present the prospectus of *The American Phrenological Journal and Miscellany*.

The object of this work will be to preserve from oblivion the most interesting of the very numerous facts, confirmatory and illustrative of the truth of phrenology; to show the true bearings of this science on Education, (physical, intellectual, and moral) on Jurisprudence, on Theology, and on Mental and Moral Philosophy. On all these subjects there is encouragement to hope for contributions from several able pens; while the resources of the editor himself will not, it is hoped, be found inconsiderable.

The religious character of the work will be decidedly evangelical: for one prominent object is giving it existence is, to treat Phrenology out of the hands of those who, in ignorance of its true nature and tendencies, suppose that they find in it an instrument by which to subvert the truths of revealed religion; and loosen the bonds of human accountability, and moral obligation.—A frequent subject of discussion in our pages will therefore be, *The Harmony between the truths of Revelation and those of Phrenology*. And on the subject of the religious bearings of our science we respectfully solicit the enquiries and objections, not of cavillers, but of the truly candid, and the conscientiously fearful. Such correspondents we shall always welcome to our pages, and they will always be treated with kindness; as, also, will honest and respectful objectors to Phrenology. But the captious and cavillers will ensure to themselves our silent contempt, and the ignorant pretender, who seeks to overthrow a science which he will not be at the pains to investigate, may expect a merited rebuke.

As our object is the establishment of TRUTH, we solicit the communication of facts which are supposed to militate against Phrenology; and we pledge ourselves to publish them, in all cases, so far as we are satisfied in which all the facts in the several cases are furnished to us. But as we must form our own judgment of the cerebral development in all cases on which we express our opinions, it is obvious that we cannot receive, in these instances, the opinions of non-phrenological or anti-phrenological writers, as to the degree in which the several organs are developed—we must, in every such case, see the head or skull, or a cast of it, properly certified to be true to nature.

Original Essays on Phrenological subjects will form part of the Journal; as also, Reviews of Phrenological and Anti-Phrenological works; nor shall we fail to present to our readers such matters of interest and importance as may be found in foreign Phrenological works of standard excellence, and which are not generally accessible to the American public. Our *Veil* we pledge ourselves shall be *bona-fide* such; and, as often as practicable, we shall accept our descriptions with illustrative cuts: indeed, we intend and expect that scarcely a number will be issued without two or more such cuts, especially professional men who are Phrenologists, to enrich the work with their contributions, we offer for accepted matter, as liberally a compensation per printed page, as is usually afforded by the very first periodicals in our country; but the editor does not promise to endorse all which his correspondents may communicate; nor all which he may admit into the work. To error, if serious, and especially if it affect the interests of morality and religion, he claims the right of correction, in the form of reply, or of the suppression of the objectionable matter; and communications for which compensation is expected, must be so prepared as to be fit for the public eye.

In conclusion, we may be allowed to say, that the pecuniary value of each number will depend much on the extent to which the work is patronized. It is not with the de-

sire or expectation of gain that it is offered to the community, but from moral considerations: from a desire to know and to promulgate truth. Hence should a large subscription list be obtained, a considerable proportion of the profits will be devoted to the enlargement and improvement of the work, without an increase of expense to the subscribers. More frequent illustrations and embellishments will, in that case, be inserted, and the attractions of the work be thus multiplied.

TERMS.

1. *The American Phrenological Journal and Miscellany* will be issued monthly, commencing on the 2d of October next.

2. Each number will contain at least 32 octavo pages, making a volume of not less than 384 pages; corresponding in point of mechanical execution with the best periodicals of the day.

3. The work will be furnished to subscribers at \$3 per annum for a single copy; \$5 (current in Philadelphia or New York) for three copies, or \$10 (current as above) for seven copies sent to one address. To Clergymen and Theological Students, single copies will be furnished at \$1.50 per annum; and to companies of eight or more of such, it will be reduced to \$1.25 per copy, if sent to one address, and the subscription forwarded to the publisher free of expense.

N. B. As funds are already deposited for sustaining the work one year, subscribers will incur no risk of loss by paying in advances; and for the same reason, subscriptions will be invariably required in advance.

Money sent by mail, if enclosed in the presence of the post-master, will be at the risk of the publisher; but postage must, in every case, be paid.

Subscriptions, and letters of business, may be addressed to the publisher, ADAM WALDIE, 46 Carpenter-street, Philadelphia, and communications for the work to the Editor of the Am. Phren. Jour., care of A. WALDIE.

To editors who will give this Prospectus one or two insertions, and forward a paper containing it to the publisher, the work will be sent for one year.

Postmasters throughout the country will please to act as agents for this Journal, August 23.

PROSPECTUS.
The undersigned proposes to publish a Weekly Newspaper in the Village of Leonard-Town, St. Mary's County, Maryland, to be entitled THE

LEONARD-TOWN HERALD,
And Saint Mary's and Charles Counties Advertiser.

In presenting to the public the design of publishing a paper at Leonard-Town, it will only be necessary briefly to explain the plan to be adopted, and the principles to be pursued, in its course of publication; and impressed with the belief it will be approved by the thinking portion of the community, he does not for a moment doubt they will yield him a patronage commensurate with the utility of the enterprise.

It seems to be a matter of general surprise that the venerable county of Saint-Mary's, and forming too, an important part of the State of Maryland, should have remained so long destitute of a paper printed and published within its borders—containing as it decidedly does, so fair a proportion of citizens distinguished for their talents, integrity and patriotism.

The projector of the proposed useful undertaking, confident of a liberal support from an enlightened and generous public, has issued this Prospectus, with the chief intention of devoting himself to usefulness—increasing, as far as his humble means will permit, the general stock of information, and enlarging the sphere of useful knowledge.

The Herald will be conducted on a neutral principle in politics, whether of a general or local character; and the publication of articles calculated to create personal excitement or bad feeling in the community will be faithfully and strictly guarded against by the proprietor.

Its columns will be open to Literature and the Muses. A faithful account of the current intelligence (whether of a foreign or domestic nature) will be laid before its patrons, and the general principles of Religion and Morality will not be disregarded.

The Herald will be printed on a medium sheet, with fair intelligible type, at the moderate price of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum, if paid in advance—If not paid before the expiration of six months, Three Dollars will be exacted—and Three Dollars and Fifty Cents will be charged if not paid before the expiration of the year. It will be issued as soon as practicable after a sufficient number of subscribers are obtained.

F. M. JARBOE.
July 25th, 1839.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS. A NEW PATENT IMPROVED PORTABLE HORSE POWER AND THRESHING MACHINE.

THIS HORSE POWER will propel Three or Four Machines, Clover Mills, Small Grain Mills, &c.

The subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he will be prepared to supply all orders at the shortest notice. The superior, over other machines, consists in ease of operation, durability and simplicity. Being constructed principally of iron, both Horse Power and Thresher, the bearings being surrounded with oil cups, which retain oil sufficient for one day, without replenishing, supercedes the necessity of hourly application of oil, which renders other machinery so liable to injury from neglect and hazardous to those who superintend them, consequently produced by applying oil during the operation, or from neglect or any mechanical construction. The vertical and horizontal bearings are supplied with oil by a capillary tube which is a great saving of oil, and prevents them from becoming dry and injuring the machine, which is so detrimental to other machinery. The Horse Power occupies the space of 3 feet by 3 feet 6 inches, which contains the moving machinery. This machine will thresh all kinds of grain; it also answers the purpose of cleaning clover seed, and with my late improvement is far superior to my former machines. There can be certificates produced where they have hauled at the rate of one bushel of clover seed per hour for nine hours.

This machine can be transported in a common cart or wagon, without any inconvenience. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as those who would wish to purchase, will call and examine for themselves. The subscriber has constantly on hand the above described machines, at his manufactory, in Brandywine Village, Del., where orders will be received and the machines sent to any part of the neighbouring States. Hundreds of certificates can be produced that it is superior to any thing of the kind they have yet seen.

References to the superiority of this machine may be had in the surrounding counties of Philadelphia, Montgomery, Berks, Lancaster, Chester and Delaware, Pa.; New Castle, Kent and Sussex, Del.; Cecil, Kent, Queen-Anne's, Talbot, Dorchester, Anne-Arundel and Harford (Md.); Salem, Cumberland, Gloucester, Burlington, Monmouth, Mercer and Middlesex, in New Jersey.

JESSE URMY.
P. S. Corn Shellers and Cutting Boxes on a new and improved principle constantly on hand. Also, repairing Horse Power, will be attended to with facility and despatch, at his manufactory, north side of the Brandywine, near Wilmington.

AGENTS.
On the Eastern Shore of Maryland—Cecil county, John Kirks; Kent county, G. B. Westcott, (Chester-town) C. W. Spry, (New Market) James S. Dunbar, (Georgetown) Roads, Queen-Anne's county, John Spencer, (Centerville) Talbot county, Thomas R. Holliday, E. McDowell, (Easton), Dorchester, James Dixon, (Cambridge) Caroline, James Sangston & Son, (Denton).—Western Shore—Anne-Arundel county, John Ridout of H. near Annapolis.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE, EASTON, ST. MICHAEL'S, AND WYE LANDING.
The Steamboat "MARSHFIELD" will leave Baltimore for the lower end of Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting, for the above places, on the following days, viz.

On every MONDAY MORNING, at 6 o'clock, for Annapolis, Cambridge and Wye Landing.
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 7 o'clock, for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton, returning Wednesdays and Saturdays.
On every SUNDAY MORNING, at eight o'clock, for Annapolis, returning the same day, and continue to run the above route until further notice.

Passage to Annapolis, \$1
" St. Michael's and Wye, \$2
" to Easton and Cambridge, \$2
All Baggage at the owner's risk.
N. B. The Maryland can be had on Thursdays for pleasure excursions.
LEWIS G. TAYLOR.

FOR SALE, OR RENT.
THE subscriber offers for Sale or Rent, in the city of Annapolis, at present occupied by Richard W. Gill, Esq. The house is large and commodious, in good order, and well calculated for the accommodation of a large family; or would answer for a Boarding House, being in a healthy situation, and immediately in the vicinity of the State House. There are also upon the premises every necessary outbuilding; Cellars under the whole house, capable of holding fifty cords of wood. Possession can be had on the first of September next. The terms, which shall be accommodating, can be known by application to the subscriber, living in Annapolis.

R. WELCH of Ben.
FOR SALE.
FOUR LIKELY YOUNG NEGROES, two of who are Girls, one thirteen years of age, and the other eleven, one Boy aged ten years, and the other eight. For information apply to the Editor of the Maryland Gazette.

AMERICAN SILK SOCIETY RURAL ECONOMIST

A Convention which met at Baltimore on the 11th of December last, composed of a great number of gentlemen from various parts of the Union, distinguished for their public services, patriotism, and practical intelligence, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it is the deliberate opinion of this Convention that silk may be grown in all the United States not only for domestic purposes, but as a valuable article of commercial export—thereby giving an active employment to American labour, and retaining millions of dollars in our country, that are annually sent out of it for the purchase of silken goods.

Resolved, That a National Silk Journal ought to be established under the auspices of the Executive Committee, and all the funds over and above the support of said paper ought to be devoted to the advancement of the silk cause in the United States.

Under the auspices of J. S. SKINNER, postmaster of Baltimore, was invited to be the editor of the work, and he has consented to do so—so far as may be consistent with the strict performance of his public duties.

In the course of the discussions which took place in the Convention, all the difficulties which have been encountered, and which say yet be apprehended, in the prosecution of the silk culture, as a great branch of American industry, were fully considered; and the result was an universal conviction that, now, in the words of the resolution, "Silk may be grown in the United States, not only for domestic purposes, but as a valuable article of commercial export." The suitability of our soil and climate to the growth and health of the worm, and the trees which supply its food; the capabilities, the habits, and the genius of our people for conducting the business through its whole process, and the price of American labour as compared with that of silk-producing countries, all were fully canvassed, and the most sceptical became satisfied. The fact is, that our unrestrained freedom in the entertainment and discussion of various and discordant doctrines, religious and political, has imparted to us, as to our English ancestry, an omnivorous appetite for knowledge, and a capacity to learn in a few years what cannot be acquired in ages, where all is dull conformity and routine of thought and of action! Thus has it appeared in manufactures as in other things; American ingenuity, unrestrained by prejudice or law, has triumphed over difficulties apparently insurmountable. How long may it be asked, after our first cotton spindle was put in motion before Yankee "Lowsells" were sold at a profit in China? So will it be with silk. The only question is as to how long it shall take us? With a monthly journal to concentrate and diffuse every ray of floating light on the subject, it was the opinion of the Convention that we may realize and enjoy, in our own day, the boon which ingenuity and want of concern may procrastinate, but which nothing short of Turkish apathy can finally defeat.

Let all then who may feel any concern as cultivators, manufacturers, or vendors of silk, or as patriots willing to offer suitable occupation and bread to the unemployed and the helpless, come forward in support of a work to be faithfully and honestly devoted to these objects of private happiness, and of national independence.

Though silk, and every thing connected with its production; and all improvements in machinery for its preparation and manufacture, will constitute the chief design and aim of the journal, for the sake of agreeable and useful variety, a considerable portion of its pages will be dedicated to the justly popular and kindred subjects of agriculture, horticulture, and rural and domestic economy.—Hence, the adjunctive title "Rural Economist."

The Journal of the American Silk Society will be published monthly, in pamphlet form, each number will contain thirty-two pages, printed on new type and handsome paper, with a printed coloured cover.

All persons friendly to the objects of the Journal will please collect at once and transmit the names and subscription moneys of those who may feel disposed to patronize it.

TERMS.
Two Dollars a year, or six copies for Ten Dollars, always to be paid before the work is sent; All subscriptions to begin with the first number of the year, and in no case will the work be sent to any subscriber longer than it shall have been paid for.

All Editors of papers who may desire to see *Silk* added to the list of American Staples; and who will have the kindness to insert this prospectus, will be entitled to a copy of the Journal.
Baltimore, January, 1839.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.
Persons residing in the First Collection District of Anne-Arundel county, are hereby notified that RICHARD C. HAINES, Esq., of the City of Annapolis, is authorized to receive all receipts for Taxes, payable to the Collector of said district for the year now due.

RICHARD C. HAINES, Esq., Collector of the First Collection District, Anne-Arundel County.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
THE two story BRICK HOUSE on Doctor street, near the Court House, lately occupied by Miss Sally Stewart. There is a convenient Kitchen attached to the building, which, with other conveniences, will render it a comfortable dwelling. For terms apply to
J. JOHN RIDOUT.
August 8.

BALTIMORE POST AND COMMERCIAL TRANSCRIPT.

The Post and Transcript will be devoted to Politics, Commerce, Agriculture, Arts, Literature and News.

I. POLITICS.—The Post and Transcript will be the first and undivided advocate of the doctrine of economic freedom, which consists in the removal of all artificial barriers to the free trade of our country and political system. As this doctrine imports, at the great question of National Policy, the paper will be of the "strict non-interference" school, maintaining that the action of government should be limited to the exercise of those powers which are specifically enumerated in the constitution. It will consequently oppose the measures of those who by a loose interpretation of the words CHARTA of our liberties, seek the establishment of schemes subversive of the principles upon which the fair fabric of our government is reared, and which, unchecked, tend to confusion and anarchy from which no relief can be found but in despotism.

Among these schemes, regarded as of obviously bad tendency, is that of a National Bank, which, however harmless or useful it might be in the first strength and unanimity of the republic, would, in a period of danger, its branches practicing every part of the country, and in the words of Jefferson, "beget by constant and in phalanx,"—have power to incur most serious and alarming obstacles to the operations of government.

The assumption of the right to impose a tariff beyond the duties necessary to supply the constitutional wants of government; the appropriation of the public money upon schemes of internal improvement, and the interference of government with the domestic institutions of the States, particularly with the institution of Slavery, will be equally opposed. Encroachments upon the constitution and upon the rights of States, and their inability to comply, at all times, with the conditions upon which they are employed by the Treasury, are evinced by the suspensions of 1837, render the Social operations of Government, of obvious necessity. The Post and Transcript will therefore advocate the adoption of the Independent Treasury System, as a measure calculated to relieve government from the contingencies to which its connection with Banks renders it liable—ones which will induce instability and uncertainty in its fiscal action, and reduce the potent influence of the Executive over a league of despotic Banks, to the mere power of appointing the few officers necessary to carry out the system. But while the Treasury System will be supported as a judicious fiscal measure, Banking Institutions will not be opposed. On the contrary, their interests—with such checks as are calculated to ensure the object of their creation, will be supported as essential to the prosperity and advancement of the country.

Such is the outline of the doctrines for the advocacy of which the new paper is to be commenced, and to the defence and vindication of which the Editor pledges his best support. They are the doctrines of the present administration; and as their continuance and efficacy depend much upon the energy and zeal of those to whom the important office of carrying them into effect is entrusted, the paper will cordially advocate the election of MARTIN VAN BUREN to the Presidency, as one who has proved himself eminently qualified to uphold and defend them and insure their unobscured action. It is believed the Post and Transcript will not be found an unworthy coadjutor of the democratic paper already engaged in the cause in this city.

On the subject of State politics the paper will advocate a judicious reform, consistent with the spirit and principles of our republican institutions. Aware of the great caution and deliberation with which this subject should be approached, it will nevertheless fearlessly advocate such changes as our own experience has convinced us to be necessary, or such as the history of other States in the confederacy has taught to be wise and salutary.

The all important subject of Internal Improvement will be earnestly pressed upon the public attention; the great necessity of a vigorous prosecution and early completion of the great works in which the State is already so deeply interested, will be urged as positively necessary to preserve unimpaired the public faith and to secure the true and permanent prosperity of our City and State.

II. COMMERCE.—The commercial department of the paper will be attended to with the most careful and no effort will be spared to render the information relative to foreign, domestic and local markets, and the general state of trade, full and satisfactory.

III. AGRICULTURE.—This important subject will receive more attention than has usually been paid to it in similar publications; and besides detailing facts of importance to the farmer and planter, it is intended to discuss the principles of agricultural economy and to claim for the husbandman that station as a citizen and an important producing agent, to which his independence and labours entitle him.

IV. THE ARTS, both fine and mechanical, will have their appropriate department, and such discussion will be entered into as will tend to evolve the true principles upon which they are founded and to foster the efforts of native genius and skill rather than of foreign ingenuity.

V. LITERATURE AND NEWS.—The Post and Transcript will aim at nourishing a sound and pure literary taste, and at the same time will endeavor to equal the best of its contemporaries in judicious selections and in the promptitude, accuracy and extent of its general intelligence, foreign and domestic.

The first number will be issued in the course of the present month, after which it will be regularly continued. It is desirable that the names of subscribers be returned as speedily as possible to the Publisher.

TERMS.—The Post and Transcript will be of the largest class of newspapers—the DAILY at \$3, and the WEEKLY at \$5 per annum, payable in advance, not guaranteed in the city.

Advertisements must be addressed to S. F. SKINNER, Editor Post and Transcript, Baltimore, Md.
Those containing remittances may be forwarded at the expense of the publisher; all others, payable post paid.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

Dr. J. VAN CAMONIE APRIENT PILL ON LOW SPIRITS

Low spirits in certain cases of the stomach, is a disorder which is produced upon the slightest grounds, consequences imaginary. Ancient medical doctors deemed it to be confined to the system of the stomach, but recently distinguished physicians, who are now in vogue, have shown that it is a general affection, when counteracted by the use of this medicine. The common cause of this disorder, is a disordered state of the stomach, or bowels, or a general debility of the system, arising from the use of any medicine, or exposure to any thing that is cold, damp, or disagreeable. The medicine, therefore, is a general tonic, and will restore the system to its natural state, and give to the mind that tranquillity and cheerfulness, which is so essential to the health of man as to open to the whole system, a secondary life of any nature, and to a late hour rarely followed by social intercourse. The moderate use of mercury, violent purgation, or any kind of discharge, (of the nature, or long continued) or any other medicine, will aggravate the disorder, and it will not be removed until the system is restored to its natural state.

The principal objects to be removed, indigestion, strength, the spirits, which may be promoted by the use of this medicine, and a general tonic, should be carefully regulated. The medicine is a general tonic, and will restore the system to its natural state, and give to the mind that tranquillity and cheerfulness, which is so essential to the health of man as to open to the whole system, a secondary life of any nature, and to a late hour rarely followed by social intercourse. The moderate use of mercury, violent purgation, or any kind of discharge, (of the nature, or long continued) or any other medicine, will aggravate the disorder, and it will not be removed until the system is restored to its natural state.

TO MOTHERS AND NURSES.
The passage of the Teeth through the gums, produces pain and danger to the infant. It is known by the swelling of the gums, and the discharge of a white matter, and the child is restless, and will not sleep, and the mother is obliged to soothe it with opiates, which is a great injury to the child, and will render the eruption of the Teeth, more difficult, and will produce a morbid condition of the system, which is a great injury to the infant. It is known by the swelling of the gums, and the discharge of a white matter, and the child is restless, and will not sleep, and the mother is obliged to soothe it with opiates, which is a great injury to the child, and will render the eruption of the Teeth, more difficult, and will produce a morbid condition of the system, which is a great injury to the infant.

A REAL BLESSING TO MOTHERS.
Dr. W. Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup for Children Cutting their Teeth. This infallible remedy has preserved thousands of children from the pain and danger of cutting their teeth. It is a general tonic, and will restore the system to its natural state, and give to the mind that tranquillity and cheerfulness, which is so essential to the health of man as to open to the whole system, a secondary life of any nature, and to a late hour rarely followed by social intercourse. The moderate use of mercury, violent purgation, or any kind of discharge, (of the nature, or long continued) or any other medicine, will aggravate the disorder, and it will not be removed until the system is restored to its natural state.

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HERB PILLS
These Pills are composed of Herbs, and are a general tonic, and will restore the system to its natural state, and give to the mind that tranquillity and cheerfulness, which is so essential to the health of man as to open to the whole system, a secondary life of any nature, and to a late hour rarely followed by social intercourse. The moderate use of mercury, violent purgation, or any kind of discharge, (of the nature, or long continued) or any other medicine, will aggravate the disorder, and it will not be removed until the system is restored to its natural state.

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These Pills are composed of Herbs, and are a general tonic, and will restore the system to its natural state, and give to the mind that tranquillity and cheerfulness, which is so essential to the health of man as to open to the whole system, a secondary life of any nature, and to a late hour rarely followed by social intercourse. The moderate use of mercury, violent purgation, or any kind of discharge, (of the nature, or long continued) or any other medicine, will aggravate the disorder, and it will not be removed until the system is restored to its natural state.

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