

# The Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1839.

NO. 41.

Prospectus  
Published in the City of Baltimore  
by and for the Proprietors  
W. B. POST AND  
COMMERCIAL TRANSCRIPT.

Post and Transcript will be devoted to  
Politics, Commerce, Agriculture, Arts,  
Literature and News.

**POLITICS.**—The Post and Transcript will be an undeviating advocate of the doctrine of LATRO ARISTOCRACY, which constitute the funds elements of our social and political system. An elaborate import, on the great question of National Politics, the paper will be of the "strict construction" school, maintaining that the action of Government should be limited to the exercise of those which are specifically enumerated in the constitution. It will consequently oppose the measures of who by a loose interpretation of this maxim of our liberties, seek the establishment of an omniscient government, upon which the whole of our government is reared, and which, unadvised, tend to confusion and anarchy from which no can be found but in despotism.

Among these schemes, regarded as of obviously a tendency, is that of a National Bank, which, either harmless or useful it might be in the fall of day and unanimity of the republic, would, in a of danger,—its branches penetrating every part of country, and in the words of Jefferson, "acting in command and in phalanx,"—have power to interfere serious and alarming obstacle to the operations of Government.

An assumption of the right to impose a tariff, the duties necessary to supply the constitutional of government; the appropriation of the public upon schemes of internal improvement, and the exercise of government with the domestic industry of the States, particularly with the institution of the States, will be equally opposed as encroachments upon constitution and upon the rights of States.

The liability of the Banks to periodical convulsions, their inability to comply, at all times, with the demands upon which they are employed by the Treasury, incited by the suspensions of 1837, render the measure of dispensing with their agency in conducting the operations of Government one of obvious necessity.

The Post and Transcript will therefore advocate adoption of the Independent Treasury System, as a more calculated to relieve government from the encumbrances to which its connection with Banks renders it liable—ones which will insure stability and uniformity of action, and reduce the potent influence of Executive over a league of deposit Banks, to the power of appointing the few officers necessary to carry out the system. But while the Treasury System be supported as a judicious fiscal measure, Bank Institutions will not be opposed. On the contrary interests—such checks as are calculated to serve the object of their creation, will be supported as essential to the prosperity and advancement of the country.

Such is the outline of the doctrines for the advocacy which the new paper is to be commenced, and to the best support. They are the doctrines of the present administration; and as their continuance and efficiency end much upon the energy and zeal of those to whom the important office of carrying them into effect is entrusted, the paper will zealously advocate the removal of **MARTIN VAN BUREN** to the Presidency as one who has proved himself eminently qualified to uphold and defend them and insure their unobstructed action. It is believed the Post and Transcript will not be found an unworthy coadjutor of the democratic paper already engaged in the cause in this city.

On the subject of State politics the paper will serve as a judicious reform, consistent with the spirit and principles of our republican institutions. Aware of the great caution and deliberation with which this subject should be approached, it will nevertheless fearlessly advocate such changes as our own experience has convinced us to be necessary, or such as the history of other States in the confederacy has taught to be wise and salutary.

The all important subject of Internal Improvement will be earnestly pressed upon the public attention; the great necessity of a vigorous prosecution and early completion of the great works in which the State is already so deeply interested, will be urged as positively necessary to preserve unimpaired the public faith and secure the true and permanent prosperity of our City and State.

**II. COMMERCE.**—The commercial department of the paper will be attended to with the utmost care, and an effort will be spared to render the information given to foreign, domestic and local markets, and the general state of trade, full and satisfactory.

**III. AGRICULTURE.**—This important subject will receive more attention than has usually been paid to it in similar publications; and besides detailing facts of importance to the farmer and planter, it is intended to discuss the principles of agricultural economy and to claim for the husbandman that station as a citizen and an important producing agent, to which his independence and labours entitle him.

**IV. THE ARTS,** both fine and mechanical, will have their appropriate department, and such discussion will be entered into as will tend to evolve the true principles upon which both are founded and to foster the efforts of native genius and skill rather than of foreign ingenuity.

**V. LITERATURE AND NEWS.**—The Post and Transcript will aim at nourishing a sound and pure literary taste, and at the same time will endeavor to extend the heat of its cotemporaries in judicious selections and in the promptitude, accuracy and extent of its general intelligence, foreign and domestic.

The first number will be issued in the course of the present month, after which it will be regularly continued. It is desirable that the names of subscribers be returned as speedily as possible to the Publisher.

**TERMS.**—The Post and Transcript will be of the largest class of newspapers—the DAILY at \$8, and the Tri-Weekly at \$5 per annum, payable in advance, guaranteed in the city.

All letters must be addressed to S. P. SKINNER, Editor Post and Transcript, Baltimore, Md.  
Those containing remittances may be forwarded at the expense of the publisher; all others, must be paid.

**PRINTING**  
Neatly executed at this  
OFFICE.

Printed and Published by  
**JONAS GREEN,**  
At the Brick Building on the Public  
Circle.  
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

Doctor **W. EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP,**  
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.  
Prepared by himself.

**TO MOTHERS AND NURSES.**  
The passage of the Teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during this process. The gums swell, the secretion of saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden crying, watchings, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts; the child shrieks with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into its mouth. If these precursive symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally supervene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infant. If mothers will have their little babes afflicted with these distressing symptoms, would apply Dr. William Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, which has preserved hundreds of infants when thought past recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions.

**A REAL BLESSING TO MOTHERS.**  
Dr. W. Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, for Children Cutting their Teeth.  
This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of children, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. This preparation is so innocuous, so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of the Syrup should be used on the gums, to open the pores. Parents should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with pain in the gums, the Syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pores and healing the gums, thereby preventing convulsions, Fevers, &c.

**Proof Positive of the Efficacy of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup.**

To the Agent of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup: Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant by your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, must convince every feeling parent, the use of any other application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture. My infant, while teething, experienced such acute suffering, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and I were daily in the agonies of death. I was completely cured by your Syrup, which I used as directed. My infant, while teething, experienced such acute suffering, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and I were daily in the agonies of death. I was completely cured by your Syrup, which I used as directed. My infant, while teething, experienced such acute suffering, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and I were daily in the agonies of death. I was completely cured by your Syrup, which I used as directed.

**A SEVERE CASE OF TEETHING, WITH SUMMER COMPLAINT.**  
Cured by the infallible American Soothing Syrup of Dr. W. Evans. Mrs. M. Pherson, residing at No. 8, Madison street, called a few days since, and completely cured her infant, who was afflicted with the Summer Complaint, and purchased a bottle of the Syrup for her child, who was suffering excruciating pain during the process of dentition, being momentarily threatened with convulsions, its bowels too were exceedingly inflamed, and could not be retained on the stomach. It is intended to publish this case, as a proof of the efficacy of the Syrup, and to induce the public to apply to it, as a remedy for the Summer Complaint, and to induce the public to apply to it, as a remedy for the Summer Complaint.

**IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.**—Children generally suffer much uneasiness from cutting their teeth. Whatever dangerous or fatal symptoms attend this process of nature, they are produced invariably from the highly irritated and inflamed condition of the parts. Therefore the principal indications of cure are to abate the inflammation, to soften, soothe, and relax the gums. If the effect of the Syrup is procured from subsequent fever, inflammation, spasmodic cough, triching of tendons, croup, canker, and convulsions, displaying their fatal consequences. If mothers, nurses, or guardians have their babies tormented with painful and protracted dentition, and this notice attracts their attention, they should not be deterred from purchasing a bottle of **EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP** for Children Teething, the incomparable virtue of which is completely relieving the most distressing cases (when applied to the infant's gums as directed) is irrefragable. The remedy has restored thousands of children when on the verge of the grave, to the embraces again of their distracted parents, attacked with that awful and mortiferous malady—Convulsions.

**DIRECTIONS.**  
Please shake the bottle when first opened. When children begin to be in pain with their teeth showing in their gums, put a little of the Syrup in a tea-spoon, and with the finger let the child's gums be rubbed for two or three minutes, three times a day. It need not be put to the breast immediately for the milk will not be retained on the stomach. When the teeth are just coming through their gums, mothers should immediately apply the Syrup; it will prevent the children having a fever, and undergoing that painful operation of cutting the gums, which always makes the next tooth much harder to come thro' and sometimes causes death. Sold at Dr. W. Evans' Office, 100 Chatham street, New York; and by all his Agents throughout the Union.

Agent, **JEREMIAH HUGHES,**  
Annapolis, Md.  
September 12.

**HIGHLY IMPORTANT.**  
Nervous diseases, liver complaint, dyspepsia, biliousness, indigestion, rheumatism, consumption, coughs, colds, spitting of blood, pain in the chest and side, migras, fits, female weakness, all delicate and mercurial diseases are

successfully treated at Dr. EVANS' Medical Office,  
100 Chatham street, New York.

Dr. EVANS' CAMOMILE AND  
APERIENT PILLS.  
ON LOW SPIRITS.

Low spirits is a certain state of the mind, accompanied by indigestion, wherein the greatest evils are apprehended upon the slightest grounds, and the worst consequences imagined. Ancient medical writers supposed this disease to be confined to those particular regions of the abdomen technically called hypochondria, which are situated on the right or left side of that cavity, whence comes the name hypochondriasis. Symptoms. The common corporeal symptoms are, flatulency in the stomach or bowels, acrid eructations, costiveness, spasmodic pains and often an inability of fixing the attention upon any subject of importance or engaging in any thing that demands vigour or courage. Also languidness—the mind becomes irritable, thoughtful, desponding, melancholy and dejected, accompanied by a total derangement of the nervous system. The mental feelings and peculiar train of ideas that haunt the imagination and overwhelm the judgment, exhibit an infinite diversity. The wisest and best of men are so open to this affliction as the weakest.

**Causes.** A sedentary life of any kind, especially severe study, protracted to a late hour in the night, and rarely relieved by social intercourse or exercise, a dissolute habit, great excess in eating and drinking, immoderate use of mercury, violent purgatives, the suppression of some habitual discharge, (as the obstruction of the menses) or long continued eruptions; relaxation or debility of one or more important organs within the abdomen is a frequent cause.

**Treatment.** The principal objects of treatment are, to remove indigestion, strengthen the body, and enliven the spirits, which may be promoted by exercise, early hours, regular meals, pleasant conversation—the bowels (if costive) should be carefully regulated by the occasional use of a mild aperient. We know nothing better adapted to obtain this end, than Dr. Wm. Evans' Aperient Pills—being mild and certain in their operation. The bowels being once enlivened, his infallible Camomile Pills, (which are tonic, anodyne, and anti-spasmodic) are an infallible remedy, and without dispute have proved a great blessing to the numerous public.

Some physicians have recommended a free use of mercury, but it should not be resorted to; in many cases it greatly aggravates the symptoms.

Agent, **JEREMIAH HUGHES,**  
Annapolis, Md.

**THE BARON VON HUTCHELER  
HERB PILLS.**

These Pills are composed of Herbs, which exert a specific action upon the heart, give an impulse of strength to the arterial system; the blood is quickened and equalized in its circulation through all the vessels, whether of the skin, the parts situated internally, or the extremities; and as all the secretions of the body are drawn from the blood, there is a consequent increase of every secretion, and a quickened action of the absorbent and exhalant, or discharging vessels. Any morbid action which may have taken place is corrected, and obstruction is removed, the blood is purified, and the body resumes a healthy state.

These Pills, after much anxious toil and research, having been brought by the Proprietor to the present state of perfection, supercede the use of the innumerable other medicines; and are so well adapted to the frame, that they expel the bad, acrid or morbid matter, which renders the blood impure, out of the circulation, through the excretory ducts into the passage of the bowels, so that by the brisk or slight evacuations, which may be regulated by the doses of the Herb Pills, always remembering that while the evacuations from the bowels are kept up, the excretions from all the other vessels of the body will also be going on in the same proportion, by which means the blood invariably becomes purified.

Steady perseverance in the use of the Herb Pills will undoubtedly effect a cure even in the most acute or obstinate diseases; but in such cases the dose may be augmented, according to the severity of the disease; these Pills being so admirably adapted to the constitution, that they may be taken at all times.

In all cases of Hypochondriasis, Low Spirits, Palpitations of the Heart, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Fluctuating, Seminal Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Heartburn, General Debility, Bodily Weakness, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Flatulent or Hysterical Faintings, Hysterics, Headache, Hiccups, Sea Sickness, Night-Larks, Gout, Rheumatism, Asthma, Tic Douloureux, Cramp, Spasmodic Affections, and those who are victims to that most excruciating disorder, Gout, will find relief from their sufferings, by a course of the Herb Pills.

Nausea, Vomiting, Pains in the Side, Lumbos, Head, Stomach or Back, Dimness or Confusion of Sight, Noises in the inside, alternate Flushings of Heat and Chillsiness, Tremors, Watchings, Agitation, Anxiety, Bad Dreams, Spasms, will in every case be relieved by an occasional dose of the Herb Pills.

One of the most dangerous epochs to females is at the change of life; it is then they require a medicine which will so invigorate their circulations, and thus strengthen their constitutions as may enable them to withstand the attack. This medicine is the Baron von Hutcheler Herb Pills.

Those who have the care and education of females, whether the studious or the sedentary part of the community, should never be without a supply of the Herb Pills, which remove disorders in the head, invigorate the mind, strengthen the body, improve the memory, and enliven the imagination.

When the Nervous System has been too largely drawn upon or overstrained, nothing is better to correct and invigorate the drooping constitution than these Pills.

Agent, **JEREMIAH HUGHES,**  
Annapolis, Md.  
September 12.

**DR. W. M. EVANS,** proprietor of the newspaper called "The Doctor," hereby particularly requests all Proprietors and Publishers of Newspapers who send their papers to his Office, to direct them to the Editor of "The Doctor," No. 100, Chatham street, New York.

Anne-Arundel County, Sec.

ON application to the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court of said County, and State of Maryland, by petition in writing, of John H. Hall of said county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and for no other cause, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, entitled, "An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto," the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said John H. Hall having satisfied me, by competent testimony, that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and having also satisfied me by the certificate of the officer that he is in confinement for debt only, and for no other cause, and the said John H. Hall having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up of his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the next County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed James D. Weems his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said John H. Hall a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, (the necessary wearing apparel excepted) and certified the delivery into his possession of all the property of the said petitioner mentioned in his schedule, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said John H. Hall be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, once a week for the term of three months before the fourth Monday of October next, to appear before Anne-Arundel County Court to be held at the city of Annapolis on the fourth Monday of October next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said John H. Hall should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed.

R. WELCH of Ben. Chief Judge  
of the Orphans Court A. A. Co'ty.  
12/26.

Anne-Arundel County, Sec.

ON application to the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court of said County, and State of Maryland, by petition in writing, of Jacob McCeney of Ben. of said county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and for no other cause, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, entitled, "An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto," the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said Jacob McCeney of Ben. having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years in the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and having also satisfied me by the certificate of the officer that he is in confinement for debt only, and for no other cause, and the said Jacob McCeney of Ben. having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up of his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the next County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed John H. Hall his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said Jacob McCeney a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, (the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of himself and family excepted) and certified the delivery into his possession of all the property of the said petitioner mentioned in his schedule, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Jacob McCeney be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, once a week for the term of three months, before the fourth Monday of October next, to appear before Anne-Arundel County Court to be held in the city of Annapolis, on the fourth Monday of October next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Jacob McCeney of Ben. should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed.

R. WELCH of Ben. Chief Judge  
of the Orphans Court A. A. County.  
WM. S. GREEN, Ck.  
3m.

**MORUS MULTICAULIS.**  
40,000 and upwards of MORUS  
MULTICAULIS TREES.

THE subscriber, acting as the agent for the Growers in this city and its vicinity, offers for sale by the acre or Tree, the above number of Trees, and will warrant them to be genuine. The Trees are of a most luxuriant and superior growth, and cannot be surpassed by any that may be produced elsewhere. They will be ready for delivery in November next. Persons addressing me on the subject through the Post Office, will pay the postage. EDWARD DUBOIS.  
Annapolis, August 15, 1839.

POETRY.

From my Scrap Book.  
ALLITERATION.

Whoever has at any time attempted to indite an acrostic merely, is aware of the embarrassment of being confined to particular initials, but in the following specimen of alliteration the whole alphabet is fathomed, and each word in each line has its proper initial. It has undergone some slight alterations since it was originally published, and is now, probably, nearer perfect than any other specimen of alliteration extant. The name of the indefatigable author is unknown, but his production is worthy the perseverance of another Dean Swift. C.

"An Austrian army awfully arrayed,  
Boldly, by battery, desec'd Belgrade.  
Cosack commanders cannonading come,  
Desling Destruction's devastating doom;  
Every endeavor engineers essay  
For fame, for fortune—fighting furious fray:  
Giantlike grenadiers grapple gloomy good,  
Hollanders hurra—heroic hardihood!  
Insatiate, indiscriminate in ill,  
Kinmen kill kindred, kindred kinmen kill!  
Lines level loftier, longer lines—  
Men march midst mounds, midst murderous mines.  
Now noisy, noxious numbers noise none  
Of outer obstacles, opposing one.  
Poor patriots, portly purchased, partly pressed,  
Quite quaking, quickly 'quarter, quarter' quest;  
Reason returns, religious right redounds;  
Swarrow signs such sanguinary sounds.  
True to thee Turkey—triumph to thy train:  
Unjust unwise, unmerciful Ukrain  
Vanish vain victory, vanish vainly vain,  
Why wish we warfare? wherefore welcome were  
Xerxes, Ximenes, Xanthus, Xavier?  
Yield yeagers, ye youths, ye yomen yield  
Zeno's Zephorus's Zoroaster's Zeal  
And all, all, against arms appeal!"

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the Columbus Enquirer.

PERILOUS ADVENTURE.

The Stone Mountain, in De Kalb county, Geo., is known to every body as a geographical fact, but it requires an actual visit to be able to realize the grandeur and sublimity of this stupendous work of nature. Situated in the eastern part of the country, remote from the mountains, and in a section of country generally level, the stranger would approach it without being forewarned by any other display of nature, and therefore feel the greater surprise that a solid granite rock rose from the plain some five hundred feet in height. Black and naked, except a shrubby growth of pine and cedar from its fissures, whilst the country all around is thickly set with forest trees, and the earth coated with grass & undergrowth, it has a melancholy influence upon the feeling of its new beholder, and whilst admiring this mighty effort of nature, he rejoices that the brave foreigner whose name the county bears has such a monument connected with it. Man, that ever busy and inventive animal, not content to pursue the rules laid down in the good old book, which directs his path to the realms above, or fearing that he is not far enough above the cars and perplexities of this lower world to be beyond their influence when upon the top of this huge pile, has started a wooden tower from its summit, to be carried three hundred feet high, from which, at its present height, with a glass which is kept there, may be seen the villages, the water courses, the farms, the hills, and dales, of the adjoining counties, presenting themselves in their miniature beauty and loveliness. It is a splendid view, and no traveller, passing within 50 miles should fail to visit it—more particularly, as there is no danger of the sad catastrophe which happened to the tower of old, unless, indeed, the visitors are induced to test too freely the qualities of the excellent champagne and juleps to be found thereabouts. On the southern side of the rock, and some four or five hundred yards from its summit, there are the remains of a breast work, which reaches about half round it, and was evidently designed to prevent further approach towards the top. When, or by whom this was done, is not known, and is one of the many evidences of war which may be found in various parts of this state, of which the traditions of the Aborigines give no account. The northern part of the rock is almost perpendicular for a nub half its height, from whence it makes an angle of about 45 degrees to the tower on the top. The visitor, standing at its base on this side, contemplating its awfully grand and sublime appearance, must feel himself and all his works sink into utter insignificance in the comparison. Led hither by the beautiful view from the tower, and the good accommodations at the tavern below, this place has become a fashionable stopping place for persons from all sections of the United States, and a friend and correspondent has furnished us with the following facts in relation to the perilous adventure of Mr. Charles Boyd, of Virginia, on the 16th ult. This gentleman, in company with others who were strolling over the rock, observed his dog, a fine and favourite water spaniel, pursue a bull bat towards the northern extremity. Supposing the dog would shortly return the company went on the tower and remained some time, but the dog did not make his appearance. They went down to the tavern, and not finding him,

Mr. Boyd and others concluded to ride round to its northern base, calculating that in his pursuit of the bat he had fallen from the precipice, and as a matter of course, he was dead. Judge of their surprise and astonishment, then, when they discovered him lodged in a small basin near the awful precipice, several hundred feet below the base of the tower, apparently beyond the reach of all human assistance. His generous master, however, was not disposed to abandon his dog without an effort to save him; and accordingly reascend'd the mountain, attended by many persons anxious for the success of his undertaking. He procured a large rope, used in building the tower, and started down the declivity with such zeal as to alarm the fears of those above for his safety. He went as far as he could go, and farther than prudence would have dictated, without better and safer preparation, when he discovered the impossibility of reaching his dog, without changing his plan. He therefore returned, and his friends, meeting him as far down as it was prudent for them to venture, he tied a rope firmly and securely around him, his friends fastening the other end round a small cedar which grew from a fissure in the rock. Thus prepared, he set forward again, his assistants above gradually giving out rope till he descended three hundred feet, and found a firm foothold beside his dog, in a small basin, scarcely large enough for three men to stand in. He tied a pocket handkerchief round the dog's neck, and connecting it by others to the rope round his body, commenced his upward journey, drawing himself and his dog by the rope. When he came in sight of his friends above, slowly toiling along the upward steep, with his dog closely following, the air was rent with the joyful exclamations of his friends, and he was received by them with those feelings which manifested the deep interest they felt for his safety in this perilous adventure.

Our correspondent says he cannot conclude the narrative without observing that while Mr. Boyd was making preparations to go down with the rope, his faithful servant George, earnestly solicited to take his master's place, alleging the danger of the expedition, and his master's ill health, which should induce him to transfer the rescue of the dog to him, which his generous master refused, saying, "no, George, I'll go myself," an instance of fidelity and humanity not often witnessed.

**DR. WM. EVANS' CELEBRATED  
FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.**

These pills, so admirably adapted to afford uniform relief in the different modifications of these distressing maladies, are particularly recommended to public notice. On the accession of the cold stage, when the face and limbs of the sufferer become pale, and the sensation of cold and languor is felt pervading the whole system—their administration is accompanied with astonishing success—they soon lessen the subsequent distressing shivering and violent shaking, and by continuing in their use, (as directed) will ultimately cure the most obstinate ague. These pills are of signal utility in those distressing cases, where there is a slowness of complexion, pain in the region of the liver, tension and distress in the epigastric region, with other symptoms indicating the existence of morbid action, or chronic disease of the stomach, liver, bowels, mesentery or spleen, which consequences so generally supervene from protracted intermittents. They permanently overcome these diseases—at the same time give tone to the stomach, cleanse and strengthen the bowels and impart health, vigour and energy to the system.

Many persons emigrate to the rich and fertile soil of the West, in the hope of attaining a future competency, but alas! ere long that hope becomes blasted, when they appear with impaired and enfeebled constitutions, resulting from attacks of that direful terror of the West, Fever and Ague. If such persons had resorted to the use of the above pills, the sunken pallid countenance would have been restored to its florid hue, the feverish shivering and violent shaking, and other symptoms indicating the existence of morbid action, or chronic disease of the stomach, liver, bowels, mesentery or spleen, which consequences so generally supervene from protracted intermittents. They permanently overcome these diseases—at the same time give tone to the stomach, cleanse and strengthen the bowels and impart health, vigour and energy to the system.

**Dr. EVANS' PURIFYING PILLS.**  
The value and well-authenticated virtues of which medicine have been, and still are, too apparent to call for further comment. They tend to procure a healthy secretion of the Bile, and render the system capable of receiving with benefit the Invigorating and Strengthening Pills.

**Directions are as follows.**—Take four or more of the Purifying Pills on the first accession of Fever, and continue the same number every other night, till with the additional use of the Invigorating Pills, a permanent cure is obtained.

Take three of the Invigorating Pills in the morning, three at noon, and three in the evening, on the days when the attacks do not occur.

The attacks usually occur every other day. Price One Dollar a pack, containing both kinds of Pills. Sold at Dr. EVANS' Medical Establishment, 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and by his authorized Agents throughout the Union.

Agent, **JEREMIAH HUGHES,**  
Annapolis, Md.  
September 26.

**NOTICE.**  
THE subscriber being desirous to settle up his business, respectfully calls upon all persons indebted to him to call and settle their accounts either by Cash or Note, on or before the first day of September next.

WM. BRYAN.  
July 11.