Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, September 19, 1839.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR CONGRESS,

2d District—Philip F. Thomas.
3d District—John T. H. Worthington.
4th District—James Carroll, Solomon Hillen, Jr.
6th District—Francis Thomas.
7th District—H. G. S. Key.

ANNAPOLIS CITY.
For the House of Delegates.
ROBERT WELCH of Ben.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.
For Delegates.
JOHN L. MOORE,
EDWARD HAMMOND,
Dr. ZACHARIAH MERRIKEN,
Dr. JAMES S. OWENS.

For Commissioners.

Alexander Franklin,	*1st District.*
Eli Lushy,	*2d* "
A. Linthicum, Sen.	*3d* "
Tristram S. Dorsey,	*4th* "
Wesley Linthicum,	*5th* "
Dr. Thomas S. Herbert,	*6th* "
James H. Iglehart,	*7th* " (*Annapolis.*)

BALTIMORE CITY.
For Delegates.
JOHN. C. LEGRAND,
FRANCIS GALLAGHER,
JOHN B. SEIDENSTRICKER,
Dr. JOHN J. GRAVES,
WILLIAM F. GILES.

BALTIMORE COUNTY.
For Delegates.
Dr. THOMAS C. RISTEAU,
PHILIP POULTNEY,
DIXON B. STANSBURY,
JOHN B. HOLMES,
ROBERT WELSH, Jr.

HARFORD COUNTY
For Delegates.
THOMAS HOPE,
SAMUEL SUTTON,
JAMES W. WILLIAMS,
JOHN C. POLK.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY.
For Delegates.
JOHN B. BROOKE,
WILLIAM D. BOWIE,
ARTHUR P. WEST,
CAPT. JAMES ROBINSON.

CARROLL COUNTY.
For Delegates.
JOSEPH M. PARKER,
GEORGE BRAMWELL,
JACOB POWDER, Jr.
GEORGE CRABBS.

FREDERICK COUNTY.
For Delegates.
CASPAR QUYNN,
Col. JOHN McPHERSON,
JOHN H. SIMMONS,
DANIEL S. BISER,
JACOB FIROR.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.
For Delegates.
JOHN T. MASON,
Dr. F. BYER,
MICHAEL NEWCOMER,
WM. McK. KEPPLER.

ALLEGHANY COUNTY.
For Delegates.
Dr. NATHANIEL BERRY,
JOHN M. BUCHANAN,
JEFFERSON M. PRICE.

CECIL COUNTY.
For Delegates.
SAMUEL B. FOARD,
JOHN J. HECKART,
JOHN C. CAMERON.

KENT COUNTY.
For Delegates.
Dr. THOMAS WILLSON,
ASBURY S. SAPPINGTON.
HENRY HURT.

QUEEN-ANNE'S COUNTY.
For Delegates.
WILLIAM TEMPLES,
PEREGRINE WILMER,
WILLIAM A. SPENCER.

TALBOT COUNTY.
For Delegates.
JAMES LLOYD MARTIN,
MORRIS O. COLSTON,
DANIEL LLOYD.

CAROLINE COUNTY.
For Delegates.
R. T. KEENE,
WILLIAM SANGSTON,
JOHN THAWLEY.

The "Baltimore Clipper" is the title of a new penny paper which made its appearance on Saturday. It is edited by J. H. Hewitt, Esq. and is published at No. 10 N. Gay street, by Messrs. Bull and Tuttle.

The ship Relief, of the U. S. Exploring Squadron, was at Callao on the 5th June. The rest of the Squadron were to go to Juan Fernandez.

From the Albany Daily Advertiser.

☞ We observe under the head of Milletary Intelligence, in the last Army and Navy Chronicle, the following singular item:

"1st dragoons—Lieuts. W. Eustis, H. S. Turner and P. Kearny *have been ordered to France!*"

"Singular" as the above may seem, it is nevertheless true; and, moreover, these officers have sailed in the packet ship Ville de Lyon, for Havre. We did not feel at liberty to mention the object of the order, but inasmuch as it appears "singular" to others, it may be as well to state that the above named officers have been sent abroad, it is understood, to study and examine into the French and other European systems of cavalry tactics. Having had little or no experience in this arm of defence ourselves, and as dragoons may now be considered permanently a component part of our military force, it is the dictate of prudence and wisdom to profit so far as we can by the experience of other nations. Foreigners, it is well known, are frequently sent to this country to study our systems of rail roads, canals, and penitentiaries; and it is further known, that officers of our navy have visited Europe to acquire a practical acquaintance with their modes of steam navigation. It need not create surprise, therefore that we should desire to know something of cavalry tactics, beyond that which can be acquired with a very limited force in a confined field of action.—*Army and Navy Chronicle.*

Correspondent of the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette.

NEW YORK, Monday, P. M.

The Great Western is not yet in, and every thing is as dull as may be.

It is now stated that the lake steamer Great Western sustained so little damage, compared with what was previously reported, that it is declared the boat can be repaired for $10,000.

Capt. Williams, who was drowned off the Eli Hoyt, Near Washington, N. C., was the oldest seaman of that port. He had been on the waters some forty years.

A fire has occurred at Kingston, U. C., which has destroyed eight buildings and their outhouses.

The Methodist Missionary Society, despatches a vessel from here the 1st of next month, with fifty passengers for Oregon Territory.

No shipping intelligence of importance.

THE GALE.
LOSS OF NINE LIVES.

We learn from the Boston papers of Tuesday, that the brig Tilton, Greenlaw, of that port, from Calais for Providence, with a cargo of lumber, twelve passengers, went ashore on Marshfield beach, at midnight of Friday, in the gale, and nine of the passengers, consisting of an Irish woman and five children, on their way to New York to join her husband, and three children of a Mr. and Mrs. Hogan, who were on board, perished. After the brig struck, the sea quickly beat in her stern, and most of the clothing, &c. was washed out of the cabin.—The vessel has also bilged, and will not probably be got off; no insurance. Her cargo, which is owned in Calais, is landing on the beach, and nearly all will be saved. The wreck is in charge of Mr. Waterman Thomas, South Marshfield. The name of the woman who perished is Mrs. Catharine Duress.

The U. S. Revenue Cutter Jackson, Capt. N. Dicker, returned yesterday from a cruise in search of the slave pirate. The cutter was in the late gales, and sustained considerable damage—loss of starboard quarter boat, lower booms, port shatters, and obliged to heave overboard the lee guns. Capt. Dicker states that in forty-five years he has not experienced such a severe gale.—*N. Y. Express.*

Mr. Kingham, Postmaster at Hingham, states that "a lumber loaded schooner, from Maine, broke from her anchorage in Cape Ann harbor, during the gale, and drove across the bay, and went ashore this forenoon, near Green Hill, a short distance from Worrick's Hotel, in Hull. The crew were taken off in a whaleboat. It is thought the vessel will go to pieces. Name not given."

Brig Nelson, of Eastport, with coal, struck off Great Point Rip during the severe N. E. gale yesterday, and the captain with his wife and crew landed at Great Point.—*Nantucket paper.*

THE LATE GALE—GALLANT CONDUCT.

We learn from the Newbern Spectator that 14 vessels were driven ashore at the bar near that place, during the late gale. The crews of three of these vessels were saved by the extraordinary and unaided efforts of one man, whose conduct on the occasion is beyond all praise. The Spectator thus notices his noble and generous acts:

We cannot close our brief notice of the events of the gale without paying a well merited tribute of admiration and applause to Mr. AMASA STYRON, for his noble daring in behalf of his suffering fellow-citizens. During the latter part of the late gale, and at a time when others stood aloof from the perilous undertaking, Mr. S. put off *alone* in an open pilot boat, and succeeded in saving the lives of three crews who were in imminent danger. The first vessel he approached,—the Thomas Winn—was sunk, and in so exposed a situation, that he could not get alongside; the gallant STYRON anchored his boat at a short distance from the wreck, plunged into the boiling surge, swam to the vessel, obtained a "line," and again swam to his boat! The line having been made fast to the boat, the crew of the wreck warped her alongside, got on board, and were rescued from a watery grave.

The intrepid STYRON next succeeded in boarding the Alabama, and taking off her exhausted and exposed crew, whom he landed at Portsmouth.

With a perseverance which does him everlasting honour, the dauntless STYRON again put to sea in his boat, determined to save the crew of the William Gray, or perish in the attempt.—Her situation was so exposed, the breakers making an entire breach over her—that he could not approach nearer than about twenty yards of her, to leeward, where he anchored. He leaped among the breakers, encouraged the crew to throw their baggage overboard and accompany it, assuring them that,—the boat being to leeward,—all would be saved. After some hesitation they complied, reached the boat, and were saved.

At this time a strong ebb-tide prevented their return to Portsmouth. Mr. STYRON landed them, through the breakers, on the sea-ward side of Dry Shoal point, where all remained till the flood-tide made, when they launched the boat, re-passed the breakers, and reached Portsmouth about 11 o'clock at night, almost exhausted with fatigue and exposure.

From the Hagerstown Torch Light, Sept. 5.

THE CANAL WAR.

We have been permitted to read the official Report of Col. Thruston to Gen'l. Williams, relative to the operations of the force under his command, against the Rioters on the Canal, and have only time to make a hasty selection of the facts embraced in the Report.

On Tuesday morning the 27th Aug. Col. Thruston moved from Cumberland with a force of about 80 men, composed of Capt. King's, Haller's and McCulloh's Volunteer Companies, in the direction of Little Orleans, where he arrived at 12 o'clock the next day and found all the laborers at work, without any suspicion of his approach. Captured all the men on the section, picked out such as could be identified as Rioters, disarmed them all, destroyed the arms and moved up the line. On reaching the next section above, the Col. discovered that an express had been sent up by the workers announcing the arrival of the troops, consequently those who were conscious of guilt had an opportunity to conceal themselves, or to carry off their arms. From this point up, they were engaged in searching for concealed arms & pursuing those who fled. They were joined by Col. Hollingsworth's and Major Barnes' Cavalry—destroyed 40 or 50 shantees and shops; took and destroyed about 120 guns and pistols, and captured 26 of the prominent leaders, who are now in the Cumberland Jail. The troops were actively engaged for five days, and performed a march of 81 miles.

The state of the country along the whole line is described as being in the most unhappy condition. The lives and property of Citizens and Contractors so utterly at the mercy of the rioters that not one of the people within their reach, was willing to give information or even to be seen communicating with the troops. A regular organization among the laborers was forming. They possess, as far as could be ascertained, about 500 stand of arms, and but a few days ago they procured a further supply of 50 large duck guns from Baltimore. The troops found a number of copies of printed Pass words and Countersigns, one of which was sent to Gen'l. Williams, and handed to us by him.

A Mr. Hughes who was beaten at Little Orleans, by the rioters, is now lying at the point of death, and a German laborer who had been literally roasted alive by them, is now undergoing severe suffering.

The cavalry returned here on Monday evening in good health, after experiencing great fatigue and deprivation, in a march of many days over a rugged and uninhabited country.

The following are the Pass words and Countersigns of the Connoughtmen, to which we have referred:—

Q. The winter is favorable.
A. So is friendship increasing.
Q. True Connoughtmen is valiant.
A. Yes, and never will be defeated.

Quarrelling Words.

Q. That Connoughtmen may be steady.
A. And they will be respected.

Pass Words.

Q. That all Connoughtmen may be nice.
A. Yes, without they may meet their enemies.

AN INCIDENT.

A few nights since, while the steamboat De Witt Clinton was on her way to Albany, and all the passengers had retired to rest, the inmates of the ladies' cabin received an accession of one to their number—a female infant, to which one of the ladies had given birth in the cabin. The mother was an Irish woman, whose husband was on board the boat with her. In the morning, within one or two hours after the passengers had left the boat, the mother with the infant in her arms, walked on shore apparently as hale and well as if nothing of the kind had happened. The child in honour of the *floating house* in which it was born, was appropriately named *Mary Clinton.*—*N. Y. Gazette.*

LOSS OF THE SHIP NORWAY.

CAPT. BARNES.—We learn that a schooner arrived here this morning having on board the Captain and crew of the ship Norway, which vessel foundered off Hatteras during the late gale. Vessel said to be insured in Boston.

[*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

Another death has occurred by a small child inhaling steam from the spout of a tea pot of boiling water. A young man named Dey, (a mason) died at the hospital from a fracture of the skull, caused by falling from a scaffold in 9th street.—*N. Y. Star.*

On Tuesday afternoon a distinctly marked mirage was observed in the harbor of Boston. Vessels, says the Advertiser, of which only the sails could be seen in the distance, were represented by a distant image inverted above the horizon, exhibiting not only the sails but the hull. In some instances images were seen apparently of vessels beyond the reach of direct vision.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Courier of the 31st ult. says that the deaths in New Orleans during the month of August were but little short of 700! and that 500 of these were produced by the yellow fever which now ravages the city and suburbs.

Boil the heavy red onion down with sugar, and make a thick syrup of it; drink as much of it as you please daily; it cures the gravel and stone, as is said.

A GOOD SHOT.

There were killed, by a young man on the farm of Mr. John Reybold, near Delaware city, one hundred and three snipe at a single shot.—*Philadelphia U. S. Gazette.*

LOSS OF STEAMBOATS IN THE WEST IN 1839.

The Alton Telegraph calculates as follows, the list of steamboats lost or considerably injured on the western waters during the year 1839. We copy an abstract:

Whole number eighty—of which, there were	
Blown up,	8
Collapsed,	6
Burst steam-pipe,	2
Burnt,	2
Snagged,	37
Sunk,	17
Collision,	2

Of these, 13 were lost on the Ohio, 50 on the Lower Mississippi, 5 on the Upper Mississippi, 2 on the Missouri, 2 on the Illinois, 1 on the Arkansas, 1 on Red River, 1 in the Gulf of Mexico, and 3 in other places.

Of the eight blown up, only one, the Moselle, was on the Ohio; of the six collapsed, none; of the thirty seven snagged, four were on that river.

On the 26th ult., Miss Tabitha O'Neal, a highly respectable lady, about 35 years of age, was murdered near Ghent, Carroll county, by her slave Bartlett, a boy 20 or 21 years of age. It appears that she went to him in the field, and was scolding him for a serious injury inflicted upon a horse, whereupon he gave her two blows with an axe, one of them upon the head and the other across the throat—the latter nearly severing her head from her body. He then buried her in the field under a mass of leaves and made his escape upon her riding-horse.

Bartlett has since been apprehended near Cedar Creek in Owen county and taken back to Carroll. He confesses the murder and states that he had been instigated to it by two other negroes belonging to his mistress.—*Kent. pap.*

WONDERFUL ESCAPE.

The St. Augustine Herald states that one of the labourers in Mr. Dallam's employ has arrived at Tampa, with the following story, which, in addition to his being a man of credibility, is corroborated by the marks of ligatures on his arms, and burns on his legs.—When the Indians made the attack on Colonel Harney, this man was taken alive and tied to a tree with leather thongs. The Indians having completed their horrid work, retired to carouse and dance, and an old squaw brought a quantity of wood, placed it round the prisoner, set fire to it, and went away. A shower providentially coming up deadened the fire, and at the same time softened the leather, which enabled the man with tremendous exertion, to loose one arm so as to untie himself—then watching his opportunity, he dropped on his hands and knees, creeped to the beach, where finding a canoe, he put off. After reaching what he considered a safe distance, he lanced on a point, where he subsisted on raw clams, until he got on board of a small vessel that was passing.

NEW METHOD OF RAISING FRUIT TREES.

The new method of raising fruit trees by planting the scions is said to have many advantages over the old method. It is better than the grafting because it is more expeditious and requires no stocks. They are more easily planted and take but little trouble. To plant them properly, the scion should be taken any time after the first of February and each end dipped in tallow or shoemaker's wax or pitch, and buried in the ground, the buds uppermost, while the body lies in a horizontal position and two or three inches deep. It is said they will bear in three or four years from the planting.

[*Frederick Herald.*

SALE OF MORUS MULTICAULIS.

Thirteen hundred and fifty Morus Multicaulis trees were sold in this town on Tuesday last, of all sizes, from one foot to eight, at 49 cents per tree—the purchaser paying for them on the spot, and taking all future risks of the season.—*Wilmington N. C. Ado.*

MISS WESTFALLS.

We copied a paragraph from our Buffalo namesake the other day, announcing the death of the young woman whom Captain Appleby is accused of brutally ill-treating on board his steamboat. Our namesake now contradicts the statement, on the authority of a correspondent—a magistrate who went to see her, after her death was reported, and found her alive and well. It seems that her father set the report of her death afloat, to wake up people's sympathies in his behalf, and so bring in contributions.

The Buffalo Commercial insinuates that perhaps there has been some trickery in the affair throughout, and that Captain Appleby may be found innocent after all.—*N. Y. Com. Ado.*

CRUELTY TO BRUTES.

We saw yesterday, a great lubberly boy, with strength enough to drag a well-laden hand-cart, driving before him a dog, of rather small size, harnessed to a box on wheels. The contents of the box indicated the occupation of the biped who owned it. He was a vender of friction matches, a regular loafer of the make-believe do something order. All the matches in the box would not weigh so much as one of its sides, yet the lazy rascal had the impudence to make a poor, half starved dog, carry a burden which the well-fed biped might have borne, in a bag or bundle, on his little finger.—We had a great mind to kick the fellow; but that would have been an assault "in extremis," "more honoured in the breach than the observance," and would have put us decidedly in the wrong. Counsellor Gill would not sustain us under Lynch law, we well knew—so we didn't kick the scamp, but we itched to kick him awfully.—*Boston Trans.*

The True American of the 31st August says—

On Saturday last Mr. G. W. Botts buried his eldest son, a lad of 14; on Wednesday he was himself carried to the grave, to be immediately followed by his wife, who died in the agonies of child-birth. Another child still lingers with the disease.

We are happy to learn by advices from Tampa, that the party sent by Gen. Taylor, to bury the dead at Carloosohatchi, found Corporal Haywood and one Dragoon still living, though severely wounded. They had run in opposite directions, and remained hid for several days, neither knowing of the proximity of the other. Their sufferings must have been extreme and indescribable. The bodies of Mr. Dallam, and his clerk, Morgan, were brought to Tampa for interment. Sandy Perryman, the interpreter of whom we have before spoken, has atoned for his offences—he was found dead on the ground. The other interpreter, Sampson, and one dragoon, were not found.—*St. Augustine Herald, 29th ult.*

The Philadelphia Herald of Monday has the following notice:—"We are requested to state that a Mormon preacher will hold forth this evening at the Commissioners' Hall, Northern Liberties. All who take an interest in becoming acquainted with the views of this class of professors can attend."

There were one hundred and ten cases of yellow fever admitted to the Charity Hospital, in New Orleans, during the week ending on the 31st ult. and there were thirty-four deaths.

HYMENEAL.

Married, on the 22d ult., at Tallahassee, Middle Florida, by the Rev. Jacob Singletary, Mr. EDWARD P. BOWERS, formerly of this city, to Miss CATHARINE LOVEJOY, of Leon county, Florida.

Office of the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company,
September 9, 1839.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on Monday the 14th day of October, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M. at their Office in Annapolis, an election will be made of six Directors to manage the affairs of the Company for the coming year.

By order,
N. H. GREEN, Secretary.
September 12.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of the subscriber, on the North side of the Severn river, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, and a complete knowledge of Farming, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply.

HENRY E. BALLARD.
September 12. R. 4w.

The Sentinel, Centreville, and Whig, Easton, will insert the above for four weeks, and forward their accounts to this office.

IN CHANCERY,
6th September, 1839.

ORDERED, That the sale made and reported by Somerville Pinkney, trustee under the decree in the case of Lucy Anderson and others vs Nancy Harrison and others, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 6th day of November next, provided a copy of this order be published in one of the Annapolis newspapers once in each of three successive weeks before the 7th day of October next.

The report states that one hundred and forty-seven acres of land sold for $45 75-100 per acre, making the amount of sales $6,725 25 100.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.
September 12. 3w.

MORUS MULTICAULIS.
40,000 *and upwards of MORUS MULTICAULIS TREES.*

THE subscriber, acting as the agent for the Growers in this city and its vicinity, offers for sale by the Bud or Tree, the above number of Trees, and will warrant them to be genuine. The Trees are of a most luxuriant and superior growth, and cannot be surpassed by any that may be produced elsewhere. They will be ready for delivery in November next. Persons addressing me on the subject through the Post Office will pay the postage. EDWARD DUBOIS.
Annapolis, August 15, 1839.

STATE LIBRARY,
Annapolis, September 7th, 1839.

IN pursuance of a Resolution of the General Assembly, *Notice is hereby given,* That sealed proposals, with accompanying samples, will be received at this office, until Saturday, the 12th day of October next, for furnishing the

STATIONARY, &c.

mentioned in the annexed list, for the use of the Legislative and Executive Departments of this State for the year 1840.

D. RIDGELY, Librarian.

List of Articles wanted.

10 reams of Folio Post Paper, of good quality.
120 do Quarto Post, white, blue and gilt, some ruled, and of different qualities.
6 do Foolscap, good, ruled.
2 do Demi do
10 do Envelope do
6000 best Quills.
4 gross best Metallic Pens, small size, with 2 gross Handles.
2 do best Metallic Pens, large do. and one gross Handles.
3 dozen Quart Bottles best Black Ink.
½ gross Terry's Japan Ink.
¼ do Blue Writing Fluid.
25 lbs. best Red Sealing Wax.
25 lbs. best Red Wafers.
2 gross Red Tape.
1 do Sail Needles.
1 do Ivory Letter Folders.
1 do Letter Seals, cocoa wood.
6 dozen Ink Holders, } small size.
6 do Sand do }
6 do Wafer do }
1 gross Blue Pasteboards.
September 12. 6w.

A THRESHER ASTRAY.

ABOUT the 20th of June last, Messrs. G. & W. Smith, of Newark, Delaware, forwarded to Mr. Thomas Hanson's care, of Baltimore, a Thresher belonging to the subscriber's Grain Machine, which had been sent on to them for repairs. It is a tooth machine, and the Thresher has no hopper with it. The said Thresher has never come to hand, and it is supposed that it has been forwarded to some other gentleman by mistake. Should this advertisement meet the eye of the person having it in possession, he will much oblige the owner if he will forward it to Baltimore at once, as it is much needed, to the care of Emory & Stevens, Bowley's Wharf.

J. B. SPENCER,
Centreville, Md.
September 12.

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an Election will be held at the several places of holding elections in Anne-Arundel county, on Wednesday the 2d day of October next, for two Representatives in the next Congress of the United States, for Sheriff for Anne-Arundel county, for four Delegates to the next General Assembly of Maryland, and seven County Commissioners, one of whom to be resident in each election district of said county.

JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff.
September 12.

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an Election will be held at the Assembly Room in the city of Annapolis, on Wednesday the 2d day of October next, for two Representatives in the next Congress of the United States—a Sheriff, and seven Commissioners of Anne Arundel county, one of whom to be resident in each election district, and one Delegate from the city of Annapolis to the next General Assembly of Maryland.

G. H. DUVALL, Clerk Corp.
September 12.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

THE attention of the Trustees of Primary Schools in Anne-Arundel county is called to the subjoined proceedings of the Commissioners:—

"Whereas great inconvenience, and (in some instances) injustice, have arisen in consequence of the Trustees neglecting to make their reports in due time; therefore,

"*Resolved,* That the Trustees of the several Primary School Districts in this county be and they are hereby required, to make their Annual Reports to the Clerk of the Commissioners on or before the 15th day of October, agreeably to the provisions of the act of assembly establishing Primary Schools; and in case the Trustees of any District fail to make said reports in due time, they will be excluded from their distributive share of the School Fund. *And be it further resolved,* That no report shall be received unless accompanied by the affidavit of the Teacher as to the attendance of the pupils; and that the highest and lowest numbers actually attending must in all cases be stated, leaving it to the Commissioners to settle the average number."

Blank reports may be had on application to the Clerk.

The Commissioners of Primary Schools will hold their Annual Meeting on Wednesday the 30th October next, at 4 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in the City of Annapolis.

By order of the Board,
TH. G. WATERS, Clerk.
September 5. R. t150.

FOR SALE OR RENT,

THE two story *BRICK HOUSE* on Doctor street, near the Court House, lately occupied by Miss Sally Stewart. There is a convenient Kitchen attached to the building, which, with other conveniences, will render it a comfortable dwelling. For terms apply to Dr. JOHN RIDOUT.
August 8.

Doctor W. EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

Prepared by himself.

TO MOTHERS AND NURSES.

The passage of the Teeth through the gums is the most troublesome and dangerous symptoms. Every mother knows that there is great irritation in the gums during this process. The gums are hot, the secretion of saliva is increased, the child is restless, frequent and sudden fits of crying, watching, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts; the child is seized with extreme violence, and thrusts its fists into the mouth. If these precursory symptoms are not alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally prevail and soon cause the dissolution of the infant. Happy are those who have their little babes afflicted with the distressing symptoms, would apply Dr. W. Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, which has saved the lives of hundreds of infants when thought past recovery, and when suddenly attacked with that fatal malady.

A REAL BLESSING TO MOTHERS.

Dr. W. Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, for Children Cutting Teeth.

This infallible remedy has preserved the lives of many children, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. This preparation is so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. It is given to children at the age of four months, though no appearance of teeth, one bottle of the Syrup has been used on the gums, to open the pores. This should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with pain in the gums, the Syrup immediately eases by opening the pores and healing the gums, and by preventing Convulsions, Fevers, &c.

☞ *Proof Positive of the Efficacy of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup.*

To the Agent of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup.—Sir—The great benefit afforded to my child by your Soothing Syrup, in a case of severe and painful dentition, must convince every person of the high essential an early application of a valuable medicine is to relieve infant misery. My infant, while teething, experienced such sufferings, that it was attacked with convulsions, and family supposed that death would release the babe from anguish ti l we procured a bottle of your syrup; which as so on as applied to the gums, a change was produced, and after a few days the child displayed obv ous relisf, and by continued use, I am glad to inform you, the child has recovered and no recurrence of that has since occurred, the teeth are emerging and the child enjoys perfect health. I give my permission to make this acknowledgment, and will gladly give any information on this subject. W M

☞ A gentleman who has made trial of Evans' Soothing Syrup in his family, (in teething child,) wishes us to state that he found it effectual in relieving pain in the gums, and the consequences which sometime follow, fully comply with his request.—*N. Y.*

☞ We believe it is generally acknowledged by those who have tried it, that the Soothing Syrup for Cutting Teeth, advertised in another column, is a useful article for the purposes for which it is Highly respectable persons, at any rate, from use of it, do not hesitate to give its virtues the sanction of their names.—*Boston Traveller.*

☞ *A SEVERE CASE OF TEETHING, WITH SUMMER COMPLAINT.*

cured by the infallible American Soothing Syrup, Dr. W. Evans. Mrs. McPherson, residing in Madison street, called a few days since at the office of Dr. W. Evans, 100 Chatham street, and purchased a bottle of the Syrup for a child that was suffering excruciating pain during dentition, being momentarily threatened with convulsions, its bowels too were exceeding loose, food could be retained on the stomach, but immediately on its application, the alarming symptoms entirely ceased, and by continuing the Syrup on the gums, the bowels in a short time became natural. As a tribute of gratitude for the relief afforded the child, the mother came of her own accord and freely sanctioned publicity to the above particular in applying at 100 Chatham street. There are several counterfeits advertised. Be sure that the city has the genuine for sale.

☞ *IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.* Children generally suffer much uneasiness from the first appearance of the teeth. Whatever dangerous or fatal symptoms may arise in this process of nature, they are produced by the highly irritated and inflamed condition of the gums—therefore the principal indications are to allay the inflammation, and to soften, soothe and lancet the gums. If that is effected, the infant escapes the subsequent fever, inflammation, convulsions, twitching of tendons, croup, canker, &c. all of which are displaying their fatal consequences. Parents, nurses, or guardians have their babes torn from them by the violence and protracted dentition, and this is not the first attention, they should not be deterred from using a bottle of *EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,* the incomparable vehicle for completely relieving the most distressing symptoms, applied to the infant's gums as directed. The remedy has restored thousands of children on the verge of the grave, to the embrace of their distracted parents, attacked with the most ferocious malady—Convulsions.

DIRECTIONS.

☞ *Please shake the bottle well before using.*

When children begin to be in pain, or are shooting in their gums, put a little syrup on a tea-spoon, and with the finger let it be well rubbed for two or three minutes, this syrup must not be put to the breast immediately, it would take the syrup off too soon. If children are just coming through their gums, must immediately apply the syrup; it will prevent fever, and undergoing that process of lancing the gums, which always must be much harder to come thro' and some children.

Sold at Dr. W. Evans' Office, No. 100 Chatham street, New York; and by all his Agents throughout the country.

Agent,
JEREMIAH [illegible]

HIGHLY IMPORTANT [illegible]

Nervous diseases, liver complaints, [illegible] diseases, piles, rheumatism, consumption, [illegible] spitting of blood, pain in the chest, [illegible] male weakness, all delicate and [illegible] successfully treated at *Dr. EVANS'* [illegible] 100 Chatham street, New York.

Dr. EVANS' CAMOMILE APERIENT PILLS ON LOW SPIRITS.

Low spirits is a certain state of [illegible] nied by indigestion, wherein the [illegible] prehended upon the slightest grounds [illegible] consequences imagined. Ancient [illegible] posed this disease to be confined [illegible] tions of the abdomen technically [illegible] which are situated on the right side [illegible] vity, whence comes the name hypochondria.

Symptoms. The common complaints [illegible] flatulency in the stomach or bowels, [illegible] ness, spasmodic pains and [illegible] ty of fixing the attention upon [illegible] tance, or engaging in any thing [illegible] or courage. Also languidness, [illegible] ritable, thoughtful, desponding, [illegible] ed, accompanied by a total derangement [illegible] system. The mental feelings [illegible] ideas that haunt the imagination [illegible]