Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, June 20, 1839.

COURT OF APPEALS, W. S. June Term, 1839.

Thursday, June 13, 1839.—Nos. 6 and 7.—Judgment *nisi*.

No. 8. Mong and Stover vs. The State use of Christopher Flora, was argued by Yost for the Appellee.

No. 9. The Cumberland Turnpike Road Company vs. James W. Hall, was argued by Yost for the Appellant, and Roman for the Appellee.

Nos. 10 & 11. Judgment *nisi*.

No. 12. Jacob Brown and Adam King, Adm'rs. of Peter Brown, vs. John Jones, Adm'r. of Esther, use of L. Sharer, was argued by Palmer for the Appellants, and by Brengle on notes, for the Appellee.

Friday, June 14.—No. 109. Anna H. Stone vs. Henry Stone, Adm'r. of Charles H. Stone, vs. C. C. Magruder and John B. Brooks, was argued by Pratt and Alexander for the Appellants, and A. C. Magruder for the Appellee.

No. 14. Mary Thompson vs. Abrams and others, was argued by B. C. Prestman for the Appellees.

On motion of W. H. Tuck, Esquire, James Edelen, Esq. of St. Mary's county, was admitted an Attorney of this Court.

Saturday, June 15.—Nos. 15, 16, 25 and 33, were postponed in consequence of the indisposition of counsel.

No. 28 was continued on motion to take further proof.

No. 29. H. D. Hatton vs. Wm. L. Weems. Motion to dismiss this appeal was argued by J. Johnson and A. C. Magruder for the motion, and Alexander, contra.

No. 30. Affirmed *nisi*.

No. 76. Samuel and Geo. Darby vs. Charles A. and John W. Duby, was argued by R. J. Bowie for the Appellants.

Monday, June 17.—Present all the Judges.

No. 69. Hannah Scott vs. William Crawford, Jr. The motion to dismiss this appeal was argued by Glenn for the motion, and McLean in support of the appeal. By the Court appeal dismissed.

No. 1. Special Docket. John Mayhew vs. Martha Ann Soper, was argued by C. C. Magruder for the Appellant, and J. Johnson for the Appellee.

No. 15 Susanna Hickley vs. The Maryland Savings Institution, was argued by Steele on notes for the Appellant, and Glenn for the Appellees. Archer, J. withdrew from the argument of this cause.

Tuesday, June 18.—No. 3. Special Docket. Getzendanner, Hoffman, and others, vs. Getzendanner and others. Appeal from the Orphans Court of Frederick county, was commenced by Worthington for the Appellants, and Palmer for the Appellees.

Wednesday, June 19.—The above case was further argued by Palmer and F. A. Schley for the Appellees, and Worthington for the Appellants.

Townshend vs Townshend. Motion to quash executions in this case argued by J. Johnson for the motion, and T. G. Bowie contra. Executions quashed.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION AT ELLICOTT'S MILLS.

The Democratic Convention for the selection of Candidates for Congress for the 4th District met at Ellicott's Mills on Saturday the 15th inst. and was organized by the appointment of the following officers.

ABNER LINTHICUM, of A. A. Co. President.

SAMUEL MOORE, of Balt. 1st vice do
WILLIAM KREBS, 2d do do
J. NICHOLAS WATKINS, of Annapolis Secretary.
J. C. LEGRAND, of Balt. Assistant Sec'ry.

On reading the roll EIGHTY-NINE Members answered to their names, viz: *fifty-nine* from Baltimore, and *thirty* from the county and city of Annapolis.

The Convention being called to order, on motion of John C. Weems, Esq. it was,

Resolved, That the delegates from A. A. County separate from their Baltimore friends to determine upon some gentleman as the choice of the delegation from the county and from Annapolis city.

In pursuance of the above resolution the delegates separated, and after the lapse of a short time, the Baltimore delegation were informed by the Committee, that the delegates from the county of Anne Arundel and the city of Annapolis had unanimously selected James Carroll, senior, whereupon the Baltimore delegation unanimously selected Solomon Hillen, junior.

The different delegations met in Convention, when it was *unanimously*,

Resolved, That James Carroll, Sr. and Solomon Hillen, Jr. be presented to the voters of the 4th Congressional district as candidates for the next Congress.

Resolved, That the presiding officers of the Convention be a committee to inform the nominees of their nomination by this Convention.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to address the voters of this Congressional district upon the great questions which agitate the country.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen said Committee, John C. Legrand, John C. Weems, T. Watkins Ligon, J. I. Graves, J. N. Watkins.

Resolved, unanimously, That the thanks of this Convention be tendered to Gen. Benjamin C. Howard, for his efficient labors and patriotic course in Congress.

Resolved, That this convention highly approves of the establishment of a Democratic paper at the seat of our State Government, and that each delegate will exert himself to sustain it.

Resolved, That the thanks of this convention are due to its officers for the ability and fidelity with which they have discharged their duty.

Resolved, That the proceedings be signed by the President, Vice Presidents, and Secretaries, and published in the Baltimore Republican, and Post.

On motion the Convention then adjourned sine die.

ABNER LINTHICUM, President.
SAMUEL MOORE, 1st Vice Pres't.
WM. KREBS, 2d " "
JOHN NICHOLAS WATKINS, Sec'y.
J. C. LEGRAND, Assist. do.

The Delegates from Anne-Arundel nominated the following Gentlemen as Candidates for the Legislature:

Dr. JAMES S. OWENS,
JOHN L. MOORE,
EDWARD HAMMOND,
Dr. R. D. HEWITT.

For Commissioners.

Alexander Franklin,	*1st District.*
Eli Lusby,	*2d* "
A. Linthicum, Sen.	*3d* "
Tristram Dorsey,	*4th* "
Dr. Henry Worthington,	*5th* "
Charles D. Warfield,	*6th* "

P. F. Thomas, Esq. (Van Buren) of Talbot, has been nominated as a candidate for Congress from the Second Congressional District.

The steamer POINSETT, Commodore MAYO, arrived in our harbour on Thursday last, and on Friday morning she proceeded to Norfolk, to complete her armament for the Florida service, to which she has been ordered.

The following is a list of her officers:

ISAAC MAYO, Commander.
Lieutenants—Isaac S. Sterrett, John L. Ball, John. A. Davis, Samuel E. Munn.
Acting Master—Levin Handy.
Purser—Wm. A. Slacum.
Surgeon—Wm. Maxwell Wood.
Passed Assis't Surgeon—Daniel S. Groen.
Lieut. of Marines—Thomas T. Sloan.
Passed Midshipmen—Henry Waddell, Strong B. Thompson.
Midshipmen—Mayo C. Watkins, Alex. Murray, Wm. M. Caldwell, Clement W. Bennett.
Captain's Clerk—Wm. Clement Tuck.
Sailmaker—George Thomas
Boatswain, (acting)—Elijah Foster.
Carpenter, (acting)—James McDonell.
Gunner,——
First Engineer—James Adkinson.
Second do—Nailor C. Davis.

Elections take place, during the present year, in the following order:—*New York Express.*

July,	Louisiana,	October,	Pennsylvania,
Aug.	Rhode Island,	"	Ohio,
"	North Carolina,	"	Maryland,
"	Alabama,	"	Georgia,
"	Tennessee,	"	Arkansas,
"	Kentucky,	"	New Jersey,
"	Indiana,	"	Delaware,
"	Illinois,	"	New York,
Sept.	Vermont,	"	Massachusetts.
"	Maine,	"	Michigan,
"	South Carolina,	"	Mississippi,

The proprietors of the Great Western Steam Ship have declared an annual dividend of 9 per cent,—with £2000 on hand as a contingent fund.

It has been decided in a court of justice in Rhode Island, that to *drink strong drink at a tavern subjects a man to disgrace.*

Light Houses on our coast have been multiplied from fifty-five to two hundred and fifty-four within the last nineteen years.

HAZARDOUS SEA ADVENTURES.

The arrival of the tiny iron steamboat at New York, from London, has called up many reminiscences of former voyages on the great deep performed by crafts of a similar size. A friend relates for us a more daring and perilous voyage than any we have yet seen mentioned, and which we are sure must eclipse any yet untold.

AN AMERICAN SAILOR made his escape during the war from the British prison-ship at Bermuda, and traversed the ocean, ALONE, in an OPEN SAILBOAT, to the Virginia shore, a distance of over 200 league!

THOMAS KING, of Charleston, S. C., who had been captured in the U. S. brig Vixen, by the Southampton frigate, was the hero of this exploit. He engaged a fellow prisoner to accompany him in the enterprise. A pocket compass was procured—some provision was saved from their scanty allowance—and the prison ship's sail boat, which was to be used, had kegs of fresh water for ballast. The 4th of July, 1813, the enterprise was determined on. When the evening arrived for putting the plan into execution, the heart of King's *compagnon de voyage* that was to be, failed him, and he could not be induced to link his fate with that of his more resolute comrade in the little boat. But King, unappalled, though thus abandoned, determined to make the attempt alone. He got out of a port-hole in the evening of the 25th July, swam to the boat, which was towing astern, got into it, cut the painter and drifted some distance, then made sail for old Virginia, where he arrived 3d August, landing on the beach, 10 miles to the southward of Cape Henry, having been nine days at sea. He went overland to Norfolk, where the boat was sold for his benefit. He was soon after appointed Master's Mate in the Navy, as a reward for his daring conduct.

Much has been said and sung and written about the young English sailor who was found making his escape from a French prison in a tub; and who being brought before Napoleon, was magnanimously liberated and sent home by that great man, who admired and rewarded the daring bravery of the undertaking. Poetic license has established this event, at the expense of fact. The young sailor is represented as attempting to cross the English Channel from Boulogne in his tub. His endeavor was to drift out with the ebb tide to the British squadron, then blockading the French coast, and within two or three miles of the shore.

The successful exploit of the American sailor, throws this into shade, as well as the little iron steamboat's trip, and all the other daring adventures in tiny crafts on the ocean, which old reminiscences have brought out since the Robert Stockton's arrival.—*Richmond Com.*

From the Montreal Courier, May 11.

TOTAL LOSS OF THE JOHN BULL STEAMER BY FIRE.

Mr. Thomas, Purser of the John Bull Steamer, arrived yesterday at noon with the intelligence that the splendid boat was totally consumed by fire yesterday morning, between 3 and 4 o'clock, off Lavaltrie, about 8 miles above Sorel, while on her way to this city, and we regret to learn that several of the deck passengers, who, we believe, were settlers, lost their lives by jumping overboard during the confusion attendant on the removal of the others ashore.

When the fire was first discovered, it had burst through the deck over the larboard engine, with such fury, that any attempt to arrest its progress was deemed useless; and it was, therefore immediately decided to run the boat as near the shore as the depth of the water would admit. In the meantime, the boats were lowered, and got ready to convey the passengers on shore.

The passengers—cabin and deck—were safely landed, with the exception of those who leaped overboard. One of the Engineers, it is said, is missing. We believe the whole of the cargo is lost, as also the passengers' luggage. The passengers were in bed when the accident happened, and some of them escaped with only their night clothes.

Since the above was written, we have learned that Captain Turple of the Young Queen, whose vessel was also in tow, assisted with his boats and men, in taking the passengers ashore.

The John Bull was perhaps, the most valuable steamboat in North America. She cost the proprietors upwards of £22,000, and was only insured £5,000.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

There were only about twelve cabin passengers including two or three ladies, one of whom a Miss Ross, was accidently drowned by falling between two boats after she was taken from the wreck of the John Bull. The remainder of the passengers lost every thing but what they had on. The boat was ashore in about ten feet of water, and the engines continued working till she was nearly consumed.

BURNING OF STEAMBOAT JOHN BULL

The following additional particulars of this calamitous event are from the Montreal Gazette.

Mr. Thomas, the purser, was the first to discover the fatal event. He was in bed in his berth, near the foot of the main stairs, leading from the lower to the flush deck, and was awakened by the crackling noise of fire on the same side of the boat, being the larboard. Upon going on deck, Mr. Thomas discovered, to his horror, that almost the whole of the boat amidships was in one blaze of fire, and that the flames were making such rapid progress to the stern, that it would be difficult to rouse the passengers from sleep, and get them on the main deck in time to save them. He immediately gave the alarm to the captain, and by throwing billets of wood through the skylights of the gentlemen's cabin, called the attention of those below to their dangerous situation.

From both cabins, the passengers immediately began to issue in their night dresses, and without being able to carry any of their luggage or property with them, owing to the suffling smoke and heat, all the passengers did not succeed in making their way to the upper deck and were compelled to escape by the windows in the stern of the boat. Immediately upon discovering that the boat was on fire, Captain Vaughan, whose conduct throughout was beyond all praise, ordered her to be steered toward the shore, where she grounded at the bow in about eight feet water, but with her stern afloat. The great object now was to save the passengers, for which the boats of the John Bull, and the vessels which she had in tow, were immediately employed, the masters and crews of those vessels working them with zeal and activity, and otherwise giving every possible assistance in saving the passengers from the burning boat. By this means, many of the passengers were got ashore; but we lament to state that it is supposed about twenty of them have been lost, either by falling a prey to the flames, or by throwing themselves into the river to escape so dreadful a death. Among the latter was a Miss Ross, of Quebec, who it is said, was there conveyed by her brother; but no one on board was acquainted with her, or knows to what family she belongs.

Many were the narrow and hair-breadth escapes which were made by a number of the passengers; and much valuable property has been lost, the amount of which it is as yet impossible to ascertain. The second engineer of the John Bull, a fireman, and one of the crew, are missing, and are supposed to have been either drowned or burnt to death. These three individuals were on duty when the fatal accident happened; and were the only persons on board who could give any information as to the manner in which the fire originated. Both the engines of the John Bull continued in full operation until a short time before they fell overboard, in consequence of the hull being burnt to the water's edge. The remaining portion of the boat then rose about two feet out of the water, when she a second time burst to the water's edge.

Immediately after the dreadful event had occurred, the purser came to town with the intelligence, when Mr Molson despatched the Canada for the purpose of bringing up the passengers of the John Bull, and affording them such other relief as they may have stood in need of. We have been unable to obtain a list of the John Bull's passengers, but the following were among those on board:—Mr. George Rymas and Mr. Robertson Macintosh, of Montreal; Mr. Thomson, of Nepean, Upper Canada; Captain Fraser, of Quebec; Mr. James Dixon, of Three Rivers; and Mrs. W. K. M'Cord, formerly of Quebec. These have all since arrived here, by land, or by the Canada steamer, this morning. The body of Miss Ross was also brought to town

It is more in sorrow than in anger that we are compelled to state, that the conduct of the Canadian habitans to the unfortunate passengers on board the John Bull, was of a description which reflects the utmost disgrace upon their ancient character for good feeling, humanity and hospitality. They could not be prevailed upon to lend the smallest aid, unless assured of payment to an amount beyond all reasonable compensation; and when they did launch their canoes, it was evidently more for the purpose of plunder than with the view of saving life and property.

As an instance of their misconduct, one gentleman, who was clinging to the stern of the John Bull, cried to some habitans in a canoe for assistance; but they cruelly refused to comply with his request, unless he would promise to give them ten dollars. Another of the passengers asked for a glass of water, but was harshly told that there was plenty in the river. And, shocking to state, it is said that such was their avidity for plunder that the ear-rings of Miss Ross were torn away. A considerable quantity of baggage, and articles which floated from the wreck, were found secreted in the neighbouring houses; and every request for a re-delivery of them proved fruitless, until repeated by a body of two or three of the passengers at once. Much property of value still remains concealed in the possession of the country people; and we are truly happy to learn that a body of police has been despatched from town to the spot, in order to protect all that can be saved from the wreck of the unfortunate John Bull.

THE LYNCHER LYNCHED.

On Sunday morning last the suburbs of our city was thrown into some little consternation by the appearance of a very singular looking bird, or at least a creature of some sort that wore a very thick covering of feathers without the usual appendages which are requisite to give *flight* to the feathered tribe. It made its appearance in a low piece of swamp, the usual abiding place of ghosts and *hob-goblins*, which caused may of the most credulous to believe it was something very odd if not super human. After having traced the swamps and hills for some time, it was seen to come from thence and enter a small house near by, whose inmates were astonished at the sight, and with wonderous gaze, eyed the strange appearance of their *friend and fellow citizen, Mr. Richard Hand*, completely equipped in a full suit of *tar and feathers*. Our citizens were soon relieved from their anxious apprehensions relative to the fate of the family into whose midst he had unceremoniously entered, by the immediate ejecting of a man, armed with a quart jug, in pursuit of oil, which was designated to be used in the process of taking off the tar and feathers, not wishing to take the usual mode of scalding them off.

To do away with jesting, we will only say that our friend Hand, in company with a couple of *chosen friends*, proceeded to the house of Mr. James Brown the evening previous, carrying in one hand a keg of tar, and in the other a pillow of feathers, for the purpose of applying them to Mr. Brown, but being aware of the intended visit, had by him a couple of friends, who put to flight the body guard of Hand, and took him with his tar and feathers prisoner. He was then divested of his wearing apparel and tied hand and foot, and put upon him the same tar and feathers which he took along with him, retained until sunrise on Sunday morning, and then turned loose a curious looking *thing* indeed for the world to gaze upon.—*Bridgeton Chronicle.*

A real tragedy occurred a few days ago at the theatre in Louisville, in the case of a performer named Lowe, the particulars of which are thus related:

On the evening in question he represented a principal character in the drama of "The French Spy." During the first act he was required to discharge a pistol at another character, and retreat in haste. The poor fellow fired his pistol, and drew a bayonet at the moment he commenced a retreat, looking back at the person upon whom he fired. With his countenance turned to the rear, he ran against one of the scenes, the bayonet was forced into his body, he staggered from the stage and expired within twenty minutes. The scene is described as one of the most painful which could possibly be witnessed. The unfortunate man, with the dress, disguise and ludicrously painted face of low comedy, in the agonies of death, the frightful group gathered around him and the play still proceeding upon the stage, formed one of the most singular spectacles which pen ever attempted to describe.

[illegible]

We have from the [illegible] Herald that an [illegible] last, on the [illegible] of [illegible] a lad about 14 years of age, [illegible] marks of violence, [illegible] at the bottom of a mill pond in that county. The jury returned a verdict of murder against two individuals, (one of whom is the mother of the boy) committed on or about the 19th ultimo.—The parties charged with the deed are in prison. A correspondent of the Herald gives a most frightful picture of the neighbourhood where this murder occurred. He says:

"*There*, you will find brother living in incestuous concubinage with his sister—and the sister with her brother—*there*, the avowed adulterer and adulteress—*there*, the thief and the receiver of stolen goods—*there*, the unblushing violator of the tippling law, exchanging with our slave population the poisoning and corrupting draught for the purloined hard earnings of the farmer—*there*, the infant daughter imbibing the corrupting examples of her depraved mother, or the profligate son giving bright promise of a sure promotion to the gallows."

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

The schr. Mobile from Vera Cruz for New York, touched at the Balize on the 6th, and left files of the Diario del Gobierno, of Mexico, to May 25th. Conductas with specie for the French indemnity, &c. had arrived at Vera Cruz.

"On the 17th May the commandant general of Michoacan and Guanajuato advised the Minister of War and Marine, that Manuel Velez, at the head of 300 men, entered and took possession of Truapam on the 13th, but after a severe contest, in which some were killed on both sides, the government troops succeeded in dislodging them from the forts.

"On the 21st the citadel of Fuadalajara was betrayed by an ensign of artillery into the hands of Montenegro, Garcia Vargas, and other popular leaders of the patriots in the department of Jalisca. It was immediately garrisoned by more than 400 Federalists.

"About the same time, the squadron of operations at Durango revolted, and openly declared in favour of Federalism."

The above facts, selected from a hundred of a similar description, are enough to make it evident that even the capture of Tampico is not to decide the contest between the belligerent parties.

SABBATH SCHOOL CELEBRATION.

Yesterday afternoon, twenty-one Sabbath Schools belonging to Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Bushwick, celebrated their Ninth Anniversary, in the city of Brooklyn. The schools formed at the junction of Hicks and Pierrepont streets, and passed in procession to the respective places designated for them. Ten of the schools assembled in the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Washington street, and the remaining eleven in the Second Presbyterian Church, in Clinton street. Both of these spacious houses were filled to overflowing with interesting children, and their friends and patrons. About 3,200 children were engaged in the celebration, and presented a most pleasing and gratifying appearance, with their banners and insignia.

[*N. Y. Courier.*

SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.

A gentleman just returned from over the Lake, states that one of his friends, while hunting, had the misfortune to catch a severe cold, which settled in his face, and prevented his shaving for several days. As a remedy for the cold, some tea was prepared made from the leaves and seeds combined of the "Morus Multicaulis"—the gentleman awoke next morning with a mulberry on every hair of his beard—several worms among his whiskers, and a silk night cap which the little rascals had made during the night. The gentleman has been offered $3,000 to stand in his neighbor's yard as a mulberry grower. The offer has not been accepted; he says he intends staying at home to make silk, and give mulberry parties to the young girls in the summer. If he really does commence the silk business, we'll send him a gallon of Monongahela to assist him in *reeling*.

[*N. O. Times*

THE CROPS.

From every part of the country except the Eastern section of Virginia, the accounts of the grain crops are extremely favourable. Last year at this time, vegetation was withering under a long continued drought, and people were foreboding high prices, if not a scarcity of the necessaries of life. "To the fortunate holders" of flour and grain, this was by no means an unwelcome state of things so far as their own interests were concerned, while to the consumer it was any thing but agreeable. This year the consumer is in high spirits, while the holders are chop fallen. It is to be regretted that any should suffer from the profusion of the Creator's bounties; yet in a general view of the case, it is of vast importance to the welfare of the country that the crops should be what they now promise to be. Should present expectations be realized, we shall have great quantities of flour for exportation, and the price in market will be based upon what the article is worth for shipment. The fact, however, that our over supplies can always find purchasers abroad at fair prices, will prevent so great a decline at home as would otherwise be experienced. On the other hand, a liberal exportation will help our exchanges; and should the new cotton crop come in well, there is every reason to expect an easy state of the money market, and a prosperous condition of things generally. It is true, there are dangers yet to be encountered by the growing crops, especially cotton, and our remarks are subject to these contingencies.

[*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

[illegible] DAULIN.

It appears that [illegible] of this spring [illegible] the Union. At the South the [illegible] have suffered very [illegible] severely in this respect, and in Virginia there is a general complaint of the decay and blight of the cuttings. The editor of the Petersburg Vs. Constellation planted seventeen hundred buds, only two hundred of which have come up. The Raleigh N. C. Register says—"In this city and vicinity the business has been extensively engaged in, and in no instance, within our knowledge, have more than half the plantings come up, and in many instances the failure of the cuttings to vegetate is still more depressing." The Newbern Spectator states that out of 1500 roots and cuttings planted by one individual, only a host one dozen have come up. The consequence of so universal a failure will inevitably be a brisk demand and high prices next season, it being no longer, as it has heretofore been, a question with us that the culture of the mulberry and rearing of silk worms is soon to become one of the leading pursuits of the American husbandman. Our townsman, John Mason, Jr. has entered extensively into the business of rearing and planting, and has erected an extensive cocoonery on his place, about one hundred yards from Rock creek. Several others in our neighbourhood have planted pretty extensively, but with what success we have not learned. We shall be pleased to hear from each of our neighbours engaged in the cultivation of the mulberry, the state of their crops, and any other information relative to them which is likely to be of present interest or of future utility to the public.—*Georgetown, (D. C.) Adv.*

A. W. Goodrich was, on Tuesday last, fully acquitted of the charge of receiving $50,000, the property of the Bank of the Metropolis, knowing the same to have been stolen. The trial of Dennis G. Orme is, by consent of the Counsel on both sides, postponed until the ensuing term of the Criminal Court.—*Ibid.*

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Humphreys, the Rev. JOSEPH TRAPNELL of Upper Marlbro', to Miss EMILY WATKINS, of this city.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life on the 14th inst. at his residence, near Bel-Air, Gen. I. D. MAULSBY, late a member of the Legislature, and R. W. G. S. Warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland.

WAS found on Poplar Island, on Sunday the 9th of June, a CANOE, 18 feet long, and 2½ feet wide, and had been painted blue, sharp built, intended for sailing. The owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay cost and charges, and take the said Canoe away.

WILLIAM S. RIDGAWAY,
Poplar Island.

N. B. The said Canoe was brought to the Island by a runaway. W. S. R.
June 20. Wnig, Easton.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of August next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.
June 20. tm.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,
June 18th, 1839.

ON application by petition of Benjamin Watkins, Administrator of Benjamin Ogle, Jr. late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in two of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Jun'r,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Benjamin Ogle, Jr. late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 18th day of December next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 18th day of June, 1839.

BENJ. WATKINS, Adm'r.
June 20. R. 6w.

SAINT MARY'S COUNTY COURT,
March Term, 1839.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Robert R. Medley, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, be and appear before Saint Mary's County Court, on the first Monday of August next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit. To be published once a week for three successive months in some paper published in the State of Maryland.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
of St. Mary's County Court.
May 23. 3m.

A CARD.

DR. T. A. FRANKLIN has [illegible] himself on State Street, [illegible] to calls in all branches of his profession. He may be found at the Farther Thomas Franklin, adjoining Rev. Dr. Johns.
May 23.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at Caccey's Landing, on *Thursday, the [illegible] inst.* at 11 o'clock, all the Personal Property of John Howes, late of said county, deceased, consisting of sundry

Cows, a pair of Young Oxen, a head of Sheep, Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, also, two-thirds of a Schooner, her Tackle and Apparel, Boats, Scows, and sundry other articles.

Terms of Sale—For all sums of dollars and under ten, the Cash to be paid; on all sums over ten dollars six months credit will be given, the purchasers to give their notes, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

ROBERT PERRY.
June 6.

AN ORDINANCE to provide means for the payment of the Debt heretofore issued by the [illegible]

[Passed May 13th, 183[illegible]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby authorised and required, to borrow on the credit of this city, such sum not exceeding three thousand dollars, as may be necessary to redeem the Certificates of Debt issued upon the authority of this ordinance as are now pressing for payment, and he shall issue and deliver to the lenders of the money such evidences of debt as they may prefer, bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable half yearly on the first days of January and July in each year, until the principal shall be paid.

2. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the evidences of debt to be issued as aforesaid, shall be payable on the first day of January in the year one hundred and forty-one.

3. And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the money to be raised under the provisions of this ordinance, shall, as fast as received, be applied exclusively to the redemption of the Certificates of the City.

JOHN MILLER.
May 23.

THE subscriber is authorised by a gentleman on South River to sell a FARM in Anne-Arundel county, containing about

200 ACRES,

and if desired, a sufficient number of hands for the cultivation of the land. The farm has on it a Quarter, Tobacco House and Stable, all in good repair. The Farm has a sufficiency of wood and Rails for the occupant, and the repairs of the fencing and house are trifling. Also a good Meadow. The arable land is in a high state of cultivation. The farm is well disposed and capable of subdivision. The terms, which will be accommodating, will be made known on application to the subscriber.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY.
January 24.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to me the Subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel County, by petition of Edward Denver, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in the confinement for debt, and praying the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of the dry insolvent debtors, passed at the session 1803, and the several acts of assembly thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, on the schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Edward Denver having produced to me satisfactory evidence, by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Edward Denver having taken the oath by the said act prescribed, for the delivering up his property for the benefit of his creditors, and giving sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, by his creditors, and having appointed Elijah Wells, Esq. of Annapolis, who has given bond as such, to receive from the said Edward Denver a conveyance of his property, rights and credits, and the said Edward Denver having taken the oath by the said act, prescribed, for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that he is now in confinement for debt, and praying for his discharge from imprisonment, and that he may give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once in each week for three consecutive months, the first publication thereof to be made on the fourth Monday in October next, to appear before the said county court, on the first Monday of December next, at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Edward Denver should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplicate as prayed. Given under my hand this 9th day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine.

R. WELC[illegible]
May 9.