Maryland Gazette.

[illegible]

[illegible] 27, 1838.

"CHRISTMAS COMES BUT ONCE A YEAR."

In order to afford all concerned about our establishment to participate in the festivities of the Season, we have this week issued the Gazette on a half sheet.

MR. EDITOR:

Dear Sir,—Having been present at an examination of the pupils of the Primary School on Saturday the 22d inst. I deem it due to the parents, as well as to the children and their indefatigable and worthy teacher, to make known the results through the columns of your paper. The several classes being called upon in order, showed by their ready and correct manner of answering questions, that their time has not been misimproved. Especially in Arithmetic, Geography, History, and English Grammar, their answers displayed acquisitions that would have done honour to scholars of a seminary dignified with a higher name than Primary School. Considering the number and ages of the pupils examined, it is believed that they would not suffer in comparison with any other like number in similar circumstances. The gentlemen and ladies present manifested by their strict attention the approbation and satisfaction felt in the management and improvement of the school. Next to the abilities and assiduous attention of Mr. Taylor, the advancement of his pupils is much indebted to the choice selection of books lately introduced.

That Primary Schools should hold the first place in the heart of every well-wisher of society and his country cannot be doubted upon mature reflection. That virtue and intelligence are the basis of our free institutions is a trite maxim. But how shall knowledge be diffused? How shall the principles of morality be disseminated, unless the mass of the people have the means of obtaining an education? What better way of furnishing suitable means than by increasing the number and character of these Seminaries? To obtain this end, let all lend their aid and influence.

R.

COURT OF APPEALS, W. S. December Term, 1838.

Thursday, 20th Dec. 1838.—No. 29. De Young vs. Buchanan. The argument in this cause was continued by Dobbin for the Appellee, and concluded by Glenn, in reply, for the Appellant.

No. 32. Dennis Reed and N. Wells vs. G Green and others, by consent of the bar, argument commenced by Alexander for Appellant, and J. N. Steele for the Appellees.

Friday, 21st Dec.—No 32. Reed and Wells vs. Green and others—Appeal from Anne-Arundel. The argument in this cause was continued by J. N. Steele and J. Johnson for the Appellees, and commenced by Alexander, in reply, for the Appellants.

Saturday, 22d Dec.—On motion of T. S. Alexander, Esq., *Samuel J. K. Handy, Esq.*, of the city of Baltimore, was admitted and qualified as an Attorney of this Court.

No. 32. The argument in this cause was concluded by Alexander for the Appellant.

The Court has adjourned until Monday the 31st inst. when the Docket, commencing at Number 30, will be resumed.

A large meeting of Delegates from the State of Maryland to the National Silk Convention assembled at the Masonic Hall, in the City of Baltimore on the 13th Dec. 1838.

LUTHER J. COX, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and THOS. H. DAWSON appointed Secretary

The necessity and expediency of forming a State Convention to meet at Annapolis during the session of the Legislature was taken into consideration, and on motion, it was

Resolved, That a State Silk Convention be formed to meet at Annapolis on the 3d Tuesday in January next.

Resolved, That the citizens of each county in this State, friendly to the culture of Silk, be requested to hold meetings, and appoint not exceeding five delegates, to meet said Convention, to be held in the city of Annapolis at the time mentioned in the foregoing resolution.

LUTHER J. COX, Chairman.

THOS. H. DAWSON, Secretary.

Editors friendly to the Silk culture throughout the State are respectfully requested to copy the above.

HARRISBURG AFFAIRS.
THE HOPKINS HOUSE RECOGNISED BY THE SENATE.

We are indebted to the kindness of the agents and conductor of the Susquehanna Rail Road for a slip from the office of the Harrisburg Reporter, under date of December 25, from which we learn the important facts that the Hopkins branch of the House of Representatives refused on Monday, to accede to the propositions of the Cunningham branch, and that the Senate, on the next day, by a very decided vote, determined to recognise the Hopkins or Van Buren division, and appointed a committee to inform it that the Senate was organised and ready to proceed to business. The Senate sat on Tuesday until five o'clock.—*Balt. Chron.*

From the Louisville Advertiser of Dec. 17.

BLOODY AFFAIR.

A startling tragedy occurred in this city on Saturday evening last, in which A. H. Meeks was instantly killed, John Bothwell mortally wounded, William Holmes severely wounded, and Henry Oldham slightly, by the use of Bowie knife and the [illegible] Wilkinson, and his brother B. R. Wilkinson, of Natchez, and J. Murdough, of Mississippi. [illegible] at the shop of Messrs. Vanman & Redding. The cost was [illegible] the Judge, accompanied by his brother and Mr. Murdough, went to the shop on Vanmon on Monday, and on the cost, and was irritated because, as he believed, it did not fit him.

Redding undertook to convince him that he was in error, and ventured to assure the Judge that the cost was made well. The Judge instantly seized an iron poker, and commenced an attack on Redding. The blow was partially warded off—Redding grappled his assailant, when a companion of the Judge drew a Bowie knife, and but for the interposition and interference of the unfortunate Meek, a journeyman tailor, and a gentleman passing by at the moment, Redding might have been assassinated in his own shop. Shortly afterwards, Redding, Meek, Rothwell and Holmes went to the Galt House. They went up stairs for Judge Wilkinson, and he came down into the bar-room, when angry words were passed. The Judge then went up stairs again, and in a short time returned with his companions, all armed with knives. Harsh language was again used. Redding was told that he lied, and he responded by saying he supposed he would have to take it, as he was unarmed, but remarked that if they would lay aside their weapons he could whip all three of them. Meek, in consequence of some remarks made, felt called on to state what he had seen of the conflict in the tailor's shop, and did so, and Murdough gave him the d—d lie, for which Meek struck him with a riding whip which he had brought with him from Bardstown, from which place he had just travelled on horseback. On receiving the blow with the whip, Murdough instantly plunged his Bowie knife into the abdomen of Meek, and killed him on the spot.

At the same instant B. R. Wilkinson attempted to get at Redding, and Holmes and Rothwell interfered or joined in the affray.—Holmes was wounded, probably by B. R. Wilkinson; and the Judge, having left the room for an instant, returned, and finding Rothwell contending with his brother, or bending over him, he (the Judge) stabbed Rothwell in the back, and inflicted a mortal wound. It does not appear that Oldham was concerned in the conflict. He was probably wounded by mistake. In a few moments after the conflict took place, the City Marshal was on the spot to apprehend the offenders. Redding having sent for him with a view to have them taken for the assault made on him in his shop.

Such are the facts, as detailed to us; but it is proper to say that we have heard other and conflicting statements. Judge Wilkinson, his brother and Murdough are in prison, and will probably be brought before the examining court to-day, when the affair will be better understood. The public mind is highly excited, but we trust every citizen will feel the necessity of a calm reliance upon the operation of the laws. Let strict justice be done. Let the laws be firmly, impartially and rigidly enforced. No good citizen can desire more. None will be content with less.

Bill Johnson has written a long letter to the editor of the Albany Evening Journal, detailing the events of his life,

"Even from his boyish days,
Up to the moment"

when he surrendered his well armed person to the United States authorities. As the song says, so says Mr. Johnson.

"When a man's married his sorrow begins."

The hero of the Thousand Isles dates all his troubles from the period of his marriage, and hints that his wife was not exactly a blessing.

JOHNSONS' LETTER.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

SIR—Whenever an obscure individual, by his own merits or demerits, brings himself before the public so as to render his acts worthy of note by the public press, either for their good or bad qualities, it is natural for that public to wish to learn something of the public and private history of that person and the means by which he has become notorious.

The writer of the following sketch of events, which have transpired during the past 28 years, or since 1812, has been the subject of censure or applause as the people have had knowledge of the facts from friend or foe: and to many the subjoined statement may not be uninteresting.

I was born at the Three Rivers, L. C., in the year 1782. When I was about 16 years of age, I was put as an apprentice to learn the Blacksmith trade, and followed the business until about my 22d year. I then removed to Kingston, Upper Canada, where I built a vessel, and navigated Lake Ontario in the freighting business above five years. I then sold my vessel, (which was about the year 1811,) and with the money purchased a quantity of goods, with which I commenced the mercantile business.

In 1810 I married Ann Randolph, of Washington county, in the State of New York; and with her came the attendant troubles, in a great measure, of my subsequent life. In consequence of my alliance with the Yankees, as the people of these States were called by the Canadians, I was looked upon with a jealous eye by the more loyal subjects of his most gracious Majesty George III; and my acts and conversations were closely watched by the slaves of the despot. In the fall of 1812, Com. Chauncey run down with his fleet, and lay off Kingston, capturing a schooner, and firing a few shots at the vessels in the harbour. The next day I was arrested and cast into prison on suspicion of having visited the American fleet during the night, but being satisfied that I had not been on board, I was liberated after twelve hours detention.

No great [illegible] of times I have been arrested and cast into prison [illegible] Two of my brothers were [illegible] six months, the other during the war, for opinion's sake.

About the first of June, 1813, Col. Carthwright told me that he had been informed that I was in correspondence with the Americans, and that it was not proper, for the welfare of his Majesty or his loyal subjects, that I should be permitted to go at large any longer; consequently I was taken into custody and thrust into prison, to be confined, as they told me, during the war. Up to this time, I solemnly declare I had no communication with the American navy or army, or any individual, to my knowledge, by whom any information was likely to be conveyed to the enemy to the injury of his Majesty's subjects or those in his realm. The only offence which was proved or could be brought against me was the bailing of several individuals, who, like myself, were suspected of being predisposed in favour of American institutions, or having opinions of their own in relation to order, good government, &c.

John Murphy, an American citizen, who resided in the city of Schenectady, was on business in Canada in 1812. He started for home in the winter, and was overtaken on the ice, when crossing the lake from Kingston towards Gravelly Point, and was carried back to Kingston, and cast into prison; his feet and legs were badly frozen. In consequence of not having the attention necessary in such a case, he lost both feet just above the ankle joints. The bailing of this man out of prison was an unpardonable offence in the eyes of those bigotted slaves. Murphy, after he had recovered, was smuggled across the lines by some of his friends, and returned home. I bailed several others who had rendered themselves obnoxious to the police by their intercourse and conversation with the ed———d Yankees" as they were termed.—Those acts of humanity, as I conceived them to be, were the only charges that could be brought against me at any last arrest, and for which they exultingly declared that I must lay in prison during the war. The same night I was liberated to the last time. I broke gaol and went back into the country for a few days, and found five Americans who wished to cross into the States. I obtained a birch bark canoe 18 miles above Kingston, into which we all [illegible] in number—stowed ourselves, and launched into the open lake, and on the second day, [illegible] forenoon, we went along side [illegible] of Com. Chauncey's fleet in [illegible] Sacketts Harbour, a distance of about 40 miles from where we embarked.

The amount of property left in Canada by me, which was confiscated by the Government, was as follows, viz. a store of goods, for which I had paid in cash, $12,000; a house and lot and 400 acres of land. The value of all the property was about $30,000, for which I have not received one farthing to this day.

I have now given some of the principal reasons why I left Canada and took up my abode in the States.

It is true I have strove to avenge the loss of my property and the persecutions of British tyranny, which have been lavished upon me without stint for opinion's sake: and as yet, the servile knee has not been brought to bow, nor the lips to kiss the rod that has scourged me, and for which I am denounced as a pirate by those who first robbed and then imprisoned me without cause. If the commerce of our nation is interrupted, and their property plundered by another, government seeks redress for the grievances. But mine is a case where an individual is warring against a nation single handed, and only for private wrongs.

I took up arms immediately for the United States on my arrival in Sacketts Harbor, and was employed recently by Generals Brown, and Commodore Chauncey, and subsequently by the Presidents Jackson and Van Buren, in the Revenue department of the United States, until February of the present year, when I resigned the employment of government, and joined the Patriot cause, since which time I have been more familiarly known as Old Bill Johnson, the hero of the Thousand Islands, the Buccanier or Pirate of the Lakes, &c. &c. with how much reason, the public is left to judge by their humble servant and well wisher.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

The Episcopal Church at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, was lately entered, and the communion table and its covering stolen. A few days after the robbery, the table was found at an auction store in New York. It appears that the thief went boldly to work, for the table, wrapped in its coverings, was in open day put on board a steamboat which touched at Amboy, and thus conveyed to New York.

The Paterson Intelligencer mentions that two sons of the Rev. Mr. Demund, of Pompton, N. J. one about ten and the other twelve years of age, were drowned in the Pompton river, on Saturday last. It appears that they were playing on the ice, when it gave way under the youngest, and the elder, in attempting to rescue his brother, also broke through, and both were drowned. They were interred on Monday.

FOREIGN.

SIX DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Gladiator, at New York, brings London papers to the 10th and Portsmouth to the 12th November, inclusive.

The Cotton market was very firm—stock in few hands—sales rather large, and prices steady. There had not been that advance that is wished for on this side. The Money Market sufficiently abundant, English Stocks very high; Consols [illegible] collect quarter. [illegible] American Securities. [illegible] Government [illegible] the [illegible] on the continent [illegible] average of Wheat, during the week ending [illegible] price 65s. 10d. For the week ending [illegible] 66s. 4d.—2d Nov. 69s. 5d.

Lord Durham is generally condemned by the tory papers, for leaving Canada; and also censured by part of the Whig press. By a majority of the Whig and all the Radical press, he is defended.

The Great Western arrived out safe. She carried out orders for £100,000 to Birmingham alone. There was a good deal of joy manifested at the revival of American Trade.

An English fleet had sailed for South America. The French journals state that it was of a perfectly amicable, friendly nature.

Advices from Madrid are to the 20th October. There were considerable symptoms of disaffection.

The Royal William Steam Ship arrived at Liverpool from New York, November 5th.

The London Courier ridicules the idea of any danger of a war between Great Britain and Russia; and says that the morning papers indulged very prematurely in bellicose speculations on the subject. It adds that, even if such an event were likely, it was too late in the season to be dreamt of as the ports of the Black Sea would be frozen up.

The difficulties between Holland and Belgium are settled, and the final protocol passed and signed between the two powers. The 24 articles so much spoken of, were recognised and ratified.

Mr. Poulet Thompson had gone to Paris to negotiate a favourable change of duties between the two countries, on linen thread and other small articles.

Abd el Kadir, the leader of the Arab forces in Africa, had been killed or taken, and his troops dispersed.

The British navy is being augmented, and men enlisted in the different seaports and dockyards. The Turks have ordered several steam ships of war from England, and most of the Turkish vessels of war are commanded by British officers in the Turkish employ.

The Royal Yacht Squadron have erected a new Light House at the entrance of Cowes Harbour.

The Paris journals intimate the possibility of an accommodation being made between the competitors for the Spanish crown.

Our readers will recollect a girl of the name of Grace Darling, assisting or rescuing 9 persons from a watery grave, at the risk of her own and parents' lives, from the wreck of the steamboat [illegible]. She has, in consequence, become a great favourite. Silver cups [illegible] have been presented to her, and five pound notes have been sent to her, requesting a lock of her hair in return. A fine brig launched at Perth, was named after her.

HYMENEAL.

Married, in this city, on Wednesday morning, by the Rev. Mr. Vinton, Mr. ELISHA TAYLOR to Miss HARRIET HART.

OBITUARY.

Died, in this city, on Tuesday morning last, Mrs. CATHARINE PHELPS.

ANNAPOLIS GRAYS.

THE Company are hereby notified that the FIRST QUARTERLY MEETING will be held on *Saturday Evening next*, at seven o'clock, at the CITY HALL. Punctual attendance is desired, as business of importance will be transacted.

By order,
W. H. CLARK, Sec'y.

December 27. R.

IN CHANCERY,

17th December, 1838.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate in the case of Richard Cromwell vs. Nancy Johnson and others, made and reported by Charles Hammond, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 21st day of February next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper once a week for three successive weeks before the 21st day of January next.

The report states that the land, supposed to contain one hundred and thirteen and three quarter acres, sold for twelve hundred dollars.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

December 20. 3w.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received their Fall supply of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

(selected with great care from the Importers,) which will be made up in the most fashionable style, and on accommodating terms.

Also, a large assortment of FANCY GOODS, consisting of

Gloves, Stocks, Collars, Cravats, Suspenders, Silk and Cambric Pocket Handkerchiefs, Silk and Cotton Hosiery, Buckskin, Silk, Merino and Cotton Shirts and Drawers.

WANTED.

AN OVERSEER to manage a small Farm contiguous to the city of Annapolis.—One with a Wife who understands the management and is competent to take charge of a Dairy, would be preferred. Unquestionable recommendations will be required.

JAMES MURRAY.

November 29.

TRANSPORTING COWS.

THE [illegible] two [illegible] mark [illegible] one hip appears lower than the other [illegible] in one car. The owner or owners are requested to call [illegible] expenses, and take them away.

RICHARD H. JOURNEY.

December 20.

Office of the [illegible] Bridge Rail Road Company,

November 7th, 1838.

THE subscribers to the capital stock of this Company are hereby notified, that a payment of five dollars on each share subscribed, is required to be made to the Farmers Bank of Maryland, to the credit of the Company, on or before the [illegible] day of February next, a further payment of five dollars on each share of capital stock subscribed to be paid, as before stated, on or before the 15th day of March next.

By order,
N. H. GREEN, Secretary.

December 13. 4t15d.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby warned against crossing or in any manner trespassing on the Farm of the subscriber adjoining the city of Annapolis. The law will be enforced against all who offend after this notice, without respect to persons.

JAMES MURRAY.

November 29.

NOTICE.

AN ELECTION will be held at the next meeting of the Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, to supply the Vacancies in the number of Youths to be educated in the Institution without charge for Books or Tuition, under provision of Acts of the Legislature. Applications, accompanied by certificates of moral and intellectual character, may be addressed to the subscriber,

HECTOR HUMPHREYS,
Principal of St. John's College.

December 13.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Taxable Inhabitants of School District No. 28, of Anne Arundel county, comprising the city of Annapolis, will be held on the FIRST SATURDAY, 5th day of JANUARY next, at the City Hall, at 3 o'clock P. M.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Clerk.

December 13.

NOTICE.

THAT on the first Monday in January next, at eight o'clock, A. M. all the STALLS and BENCHES in the Market House will be offered for RENT for one year, ending the first Monday in January 1840—*Rent to be paid in advance*, as no Certificate will be given until the money has been paid—And any person or persons occupying any of said Stalls or Benches before complying with the above terms, shall pay for every day so occupied such Rates as are prescribed by the by-law of the Corporation of the city of Annapolis, entitled, A By-Law prescribing the duties of the Market Master, &c.

NICHOLAS KILMAN,
Market Master.

December 13.

WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase three or four healthy NEGRO BOYS, from the age of twelve to twenty years; he wants them expressly for his own use, and will pay liberal prices and cash, and will obligate not to send them out of the State.—Slaves from the country and for life will be preferred. Persons having such to dispose of would do well by addressing a few lines to the subscriber, who resides near Sweetzer's Bridge Post Office, in Anne-Arundel county, four miles from Baltimore.

SAMUEL THOMAS.

November 29. 4t.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of William Stewart, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 30th day of June, 1839, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 29th day of November, 1838.

GEO. H. STEUART, Executor.

November 29. R. 4w.

SAINT-MARY'S COUNTY COURT,

August Term, 1838.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Robert McK. Hammett, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this State, be and appear before Saint-Mary's County Court, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clk.

FOR SALE.

A YOUNG NEGRO WOMAN, 19 years of age, accustomed from her infancy to House Work—she is a good Cook, Washer, and Ironer. For further information apply at the Office of the Maryland Gazette.

November 29.

The Ma[illegible]

VOL. XCIV.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.

Price—Three Dollars per annum.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

☞ Nervous diseases, liver complaint, dyspepsia, bilious diseases, piles, consumption, coughs, colds, spitting of blood, pain in the chest and side, ulcers, female weakness, mercurial diseases, and all cases of hypochondriacism, low spirits, palpitation of the heart, nervous irritability, nervous weakness, fluor albus, seminal weakness, indigestion, loss of appetite, heartburn, general debility, bodily weakness, chlorosis or green sickness, flatulency, hysterical faintings, hysterics, headache, hiccup, sea sickness, night mare, rheumatism, asthma, tic douloureux, cramp, spasmodic affections, and those who are victims to that most excruciating disorder, *Gout*, will find relief from their sufferings by a course of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine.

Also, nausea, vomiting, pains in the side, limbs, back, stomach or bowels, dimness or confusion of sight, noises in the inside, alternate flushes of heat and chillness, tremors, watchings, agitation, anxiety, bad dreams, spasms.

Principal Office, 100 *Chatham st. New York.*

THE FOLLOWING
INTERESTING & ASTONISHING FACTS, are amongst the numerous CURES performed by the use of Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicines.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 100 *Chatham Street, New York, where the Doctor may be consulted personally, or by letter, (post paid) from any part of the United States, &c. Persons requiring medicine and advice, must enclose a Bank Note, or Order.*

CERTIFICATES.

☞ *MORE CONCLUSIVE PROOFS* of the extraordinary efficacy of *Dr. WM. EVANS'* celebrated *CAMOMILE* and *APERIENT ANTI-BILLIOUS PILLS*, in alleviating afflicted mankind.—Mr. Robert Cameron, 101 Bowery. Disease, Chronic Dysentery, or Bloody Flux. Symptoms, unusual flatulency in the bowels, severe griping, frequent inclination to go to stool, tenesmus, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, frequency of pulse, and a frequent discharge of a peculiar foul matter, mixed with blood, great debility, sense of burning heat, with an intolerable bearing down of the parts. Mr. Cameron is enjoying perfect health, and returned his sincere thanks for the extraordinary benefit he had received.

☞ ASTHMA, THREE YEARS' STANDING.—Mr. Robert Monroe, Schuylkill, afflicted with the above distressing malady. Symptoms: Great languor, flatulency, disturbed rest, nervous headache, difficulty of breathing, tightness and stricture across the breast, dizziness, nervous irritability and restlessness, could not lie in a horizontal position without the sensation of impending suffocation, palpitation of the heart, distressing cough, costiveness, pain of the stomach, drowsiness, great debility and deficiency of the nervous energy. Mr. R. Monroe gave up every thought of recovery, and dire despair sat on the countenance of every person interested in his existence or happiness, till by accident he noticed in a public paper some cures effected by *Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicine* in his complaint, which induced him to purchase a package of the Pills, which resulted in completely removing every symptom of his disease. He wishes to say his motives for this declaration is, that those afflicted with the same or any symptoms similar to those from which he is happily restored, may likewise receive the same inestimable benefit.

☞ LIVER COMPLAINT, TEN YEARS' STANDING.—*Mrs. Hannah Browne*, wife of Joseph Browne, North Sixth st. near Second street, Williamsburg, afflicted for the last ten years with Liver Complaint, restored to health through the treatment of *Dr. Wm. Evans.* Symptoms: Habitual constipation of the bowels, total loss of appetite, excruciating pain of the epigastric region, great depression of spirits, languor and other symptoms of extreme debility, disturbed sleep, inordinate flow of the menses, pain in the right side, could not lie on her left side without an aggravation of the pain, urine high coloured, with other symptoms indicating great derangement of the functions of the liver.

Mrs. Browne was attended by three of the first physicians, but received but little relief from their medicine, till Mr. Browne procured some of Dr. Wm. Evans' invaluable preparations, which effectually relieved her of the above distressing symptoms, with others, which it is not essential to intimate.

JOSEPH BROWNE.

City and County of New York, ss.

Joseph Browne, Williamsburgh, Long Island, being duly sworn, did depose and say that the facts as set forth in the within statement, to which he has subscribed his name, are just and true.

JOSEPH BROWNE,
Husband of the said Hannah Browne.

Sworn before me, this 4th day of January, 1837.
PETER PINCKNEY, Com. of Deeds.

A CASE OF TIC DOLOREUX.

Mrs. J. E. Johnson, wife of Capt. Joseph Johnson, of Lynn, Mass. was severely afflicted for ten years with Tic Doloreux, violent pain in her head, and vomiting, with a burning heat in the stomach, and unable to leave her room. She could find no relief from the advice of several physicians, nor from medicines of any kind, until after she had commenced using Dr. Evans' medicine, of 100 Chatham street, and from that time she began to amend, and feels satisfied if she continue the medicine a few days longer, will be perfectly cured. Reference can be had as to the truth of the above, by calling at Mrs. Johnson's daughter's Store, 389 Grand st. N. Y.

☞ PARALYTIC RHEUMATISM.—A perfect cure effected by the treatment of *Dr. W. Evans.* Mr. John Gibson, of North Fourth street, Williamsburgh, afflicted with the above complaint for three years and nine months; during which time he had to use crutches. His chief symptoms were excruciating pain in all his joints, but especially in the hip, shoulder, knees and ankles; an aggravation of the pain towards night; and for the most part all times from the external heat, an obvious thickening of the joints and ligaments, with a complete loss of muscular power.—For the benefit of those afflicted in a similar manner, Mr Gibson conceives it meet to say that the pains have entirely ceased, and that his joints have completely recovered their natural tone, and he feels able to resume his ordinary business.

☞ Mrs. Anne F. Kenny, No. 115 Lewis street, between Stanton and Houston sts., afflicted for ten years with the following distressing symptoms: Acid eructations, daily spasmodic pains in the head, loss of appetite, palpitation of her heart, giddiness and dimness of sight, could not lie on her right side, disturbed rest, utter inability of engaging in any thing [illegible] vigour or courage, sometimes a visionary [illegible] gravation of her disease, a whimsical [illegible] cular persons and places, groundless ap[illegible] personal danger and poverty, an irksome [illegible] riness of life, discontented, disquietude o[illegible] occasion, she conceived she could neithe[illegible] she wept, lamented, desponded, and tho[illegible] most miserable life, never was any one so [illegible] quent mental hallucinations.

Mr. Kenny had the advice of several [illegible] cians, and had recourse to numerous [illegible] could not obtain even temporary alleviati[illegible] tressing state, till her husband persuade[illegible] trial of my mode of treatment.

She is now quite relieved, and finds h[illegible] capable of attending to her domestic affa[illegible] that she enjoys as good health at presen[illegible] any period of her existence.

J. Kenny, husband of the aforesaid A[illegible]
Sworn before me, this 14th day of De[illegible]
Peter Pinckney, Co[illegible]

☞ A Letter from Mr. Sheldon P. G[illegible] Wm. Evans, proprietor of the celebra[illegible] Pills:

Dear Sir—Had the immortal Cowper [illegible] dical qualities of the Camomile Plant, [illegible] thousands since (besides myself,) would [illegible] ed its wonderful effects on the nervous [illegible] public utility of Cowper was blighted in [illegible] the natural effect of his nervous debility [illegible] tal powers, which made it necessary for h[illegible] lied beneath the rural shade, but the cal[illegible] his physical nature no repose. If soun[illegible] known the secret of concentrating the m[illegible] of Camomile, the discoverer would hav[illegible] talized with poetic zeal as the benefact[illegible] man.

The above lines were prompted fro[illegible] have experienced from Dr. Wm. Evans' C[illegible]
Yours, with esteem,
Sheldo[illegible]
Durham, Green Co., N. Y.

☞ *Another recent test of the wo[illegible] Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicines.—DYSP[illegible] YEARS' STANDING.*—Mr. J. McKe[illegible] ton street, was afflicted with the above c[illegible] years, which incapacitated him at inter[illegible] ried of six years, in attending to his bu[illegible] to perfect health under the salutary tr[illegible] Wm. Evans.

The symptoms were—A sense of dis[illegible] pression after eating, distressing pain i[illegible] stomach, nausea, impaired appetite, gi[illegible] tion of the heart, great debility and ema[illegible] sion of spirits, disturbed rest, sometimes [illegible] ting, and pain in the right side, an ex[illegible] languor and faintness; any endeavour t[illegible] sinces causing immediate exhaustion an[illegible]

Mr. McKenzie is daily attending h[illegible] none of the above symptoms have re[illegible] used the medicine. He is now a stro[illegible] man. He resorted to myriads of rem[illegible] were all ineffectual. He is willing to [illegible] mation to the afflicted respecting the ine[illegible] rendered to him by the use of Dr. Wm [illegible] cine.

☞ *An Extraordinary an[illegible] ble Cure.—Mrs. Mary Dillon.* Williams[illegible] Fourth and North streets, completely re[illegible] by the treatment of Dr W. Evans, 100 [illegible]

The symptoms of this distressing c[illegible] lows: Total loss of appetite, pal[illegible] twitching of the tendons, with a gene[illegible] fection of the muscles, difficulty of brea[illegible] languor, lassitude, great depression o[illegible] fear of some impending evil, a sensati[illegible] at the pit of the stomach, irregular t[illegible] different parts, great emaciation, with [illegible] of extreme debility.

The above case was pronounced hop[illegible] the most eminent physicians, and the c[illegible] patient daily awaited by her friends, w[illegible] thenticated by the physicians who wer[illegible] She has given her cheerful permissio[illegible] above facts, and will also gladly give [illegible] respecting the benefit she has received, [illegible] mind. MA[illegible]

☞ DYSPEPSIA AND H[illegible] DRIACISM.—*Interesting Case.*—[illegible] mon, Green street, above Third, Phila[illegible] for several years with the following d[illegible] toms. Sickness at the stomach, lo[illegible] palpitation of the heart, impaired ap[illegible] acid and putrescent eructations, coldn[illegible] of the extremities, emaciation and ge[illegible] turbed rest, a sense of pressure and [illegible] mach after eating, nightmare, great n[illegible] cy, severe flying pains in the chest, ba[illegible] tiveness, a dislike for society, or conv[illegible] tary sighing and weeping, languor an[illegible] the least exercise.

Mr. Salmon had applied to the me[illegible] cians, who considered it beyond the p[illegible] to restore him to health; however as [illegible] reduced him to a very deplorable cond[illegible] been recommended by a relative of hi[illegible] Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine, he with [illegible] to the office and procured a package, [illegible] he is indebted for his restoration to [illegible] friends. He is now enjoying all the b[illegible]

Persons desirous of further informa[illegible] fied in every particular as to this ast[illegible] Dr. Wm. Evans' Medical Office, 100 [illegible]

☞ *A severe case of Piles.*—[illegible] *Chatham street.*—Mr Daniel Spanni[illegible] ry, Eden Town, New Jersey, was sev[illegible] Piles for more than 20 years. Had l[illegible] dicines of almost every description, [illegible] several eminent physicians, but neve[illegible] est relief from any source whatsoev[illegible] on Dr. Evans, of 100 Chatham stre[illegible] cured some medicine from him, fro[illegible] immediate relief, and subsequently a[illegible]

☞ *An Extraordinary C[illegible]* by Dr. Wm. Evans, of 100 Chatha[illegible] W. W. W. of 160 Eldridge street, w[illegible] a disease, which was by many phy[illegible] incurable, and could find no relief [illegible] whatever, until he made application [illegible] placed himself under his successfu[illegible] ment, from which he began to fin[illegible] and in a few weeks was perfectly cu[illegible]

☞ *REMARKABLE [illegible] CUTE RMEUMATISM*, with a [illegible] Lungs—cured under the treatment [illegible] 100 Chatham street, New York. M[illegible] years with severe pains in all his [illegible] always increased on the slightest [illegible] preserved a steady whiteness; loss o[illegible] rine high coloured, and often pro[illegible] tended by relief. The above symp[illegible] tended with considerable difficulty [illegible]