

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, December 12, 1839.

COURT OF APPEALS, W. A. De-
CEMBER 8, 1839.

Present, Judges AAZNA and DOBNEY, and no Court.

6th December, 1839.—Present, Judges Stephens, Archer, Dorsey, Buchanan, and Chambers. No. 7. Jones and Wife vs. Bothorn, was argued by Randall for the Appellant, and Johnson for the Appellee.

On motion of John Glenn, Servant Teackle Wallis of Baltimore, was admitted. No. 30. Judicial Docket. Motion for a rule, return on Sheriff in this case, by Boyle. 1st Monday in January 1839, fixed for the State Cases.

No. 15. Bank U. S. vs. Fielder Bowie, was commenced by Tuck for the Appellant, 8th December.—No. 16. Bank U. S. vs. Bowie, argued by Johnson for Appellant, and defended, and concluded by Pratt for Appellee, No. 10. State vs. Kent vs. Ben. Berry, argued by Magruder for the Appellant, and C. C. Magruder for Appellee.

Thursday, 6th Dec.—Present all the Judges. No. 16, was further argued by J. Johnson, and concluded.

No. 17, was argued by Pratt, J. Johnson and T. P. Bowie.

No. 19. Nod vs. Hughes, was commenced by A. C. Magruder for Appellant, and R. J. Bowie for the Appellee.

Friday, Dec. 7th.—Present all the Judges. No. 19 was concluded by R. J. Bowie, and A. C. Magruder.

On motion of W. Schley, James M. Coale of Frederick, admitted an Attorney.

No. 22. Jela Cheney vs. Green H. Duke, was commenced by J. M. Coale.

Saturday, Dec. 8th.—Present all the Judges. No. 22. Cheney vs. Duke was continued by Schley for the Appellee, and concluded by Palmer.

Monday, Dec. 10th.—No. 23. William Lamar vs. Jonathan Manro, commenced by Palmer.

Tuesday, Dec. 11th.—James M. Nicholson, Esq. of the city of Baltimore, was admitted and qualified as an Attorney of this Court.

No. 23. Lamar vs. Manro was concluded by Palmer, in reply for the Appellant.

Dorsey, J. delivered the opinion of the Court in the cases of Amelung and Le Rain, and Hill and Darnall, decided at last Term.

No. 17. O'Brien's Executors vs. The State vs. Parran, Executor of Graham. Dorsey, J. delivered the opinion of the Court. Judgment Affirmed.

No. 27. Fayette Gibson and others, vs. James McCormick, Jr. A motion to dismiss this cause on the ground of the appeal not being within time, was argued by Randall and Alexander for the motion, and J. Johnson and R. Johnson contra.

Wednesday, Dec. 12th.—No. 27. Fayette Gibson and others vs. James McCormick, Jr.—The motion in this cause by the Appellee to dismiss the Appeal, on the ground of its not being in time, was overruled, Buchanan, Ch. J. delivering the opinion of the Court that the term month used in the Act of Assembly regulating the time of Appeals, meant a Calendar, and not a Lunar month. The argument on the merits was commenced by J. Johnson for the Appellants, and J. Scott for the Appellee.

The new Senators were then sworn in, "when" (in the words of the Intelligence) "a scene of riot ensued beyond all description, and which finally obliged the Senate to adjourn, when the mob took possession of the Hall," and after being addressed by several persons, dispersed.

A letter from the Harrisburg correspondent of the Philadelphia Sentinel contains the following version of the first day's proceedings in the Senate:

At 3 o'clock this afternoon, the Senate met, and proceeded to business. After the reading by the clerk of the returns from the several senatorial districts, numerous questions were started and motions made, in reference to the respective claimants of seats from the 8th district, of which the county of Huntington is a component part, and the senatorial district formed the county of Philadelphia. The Senate chamber was thronged to overflowing, and a restless spirit manifested in the vast assembly.

Mr. Brown of the county desired to be allowed to address the senate—this was denied, and a motion made to adjourn. At this moment a scene ensued which baffles description, and is without parallel in the history of Pennsylvania—nearly a thousand voices cried out Brown—Brown, and with the clapping, stamping, and hallooing, exceeded in tumult and confusion any thing I ever witnessed. Finally the motion prevailed, and Mr. Brown had leave to speak.

Of his speech I shall say nothing at present, but during it, and when he had concluded, the speakers rushed into the middle of the chamber, and had complete possession of the place. Amidst the great disorder the Senate adjourned to meet to-morrow morning. Mr. Penrose and Mr. Stevens, with a majority of the senators, left the hall by jumping from the windows.

From the Baltimore American.
FROM HARRISBURG.

The events which transpired on Wednesday at Harrisburg show that disorder and confusion prevailed throughout the day.

The State Arsenal was a point which attracted the attention of both parties, and at ten o'clock on the morning of Wednesday, Governor Ritner sent an order to the Keeper of it to raise a force for its defence. The latter officer accordingly collected a guard of men—twenty five in number, according to the account before us—and stationed them in the Arsenal. Soon after this step was taken, a considerable number of people assembled before it, when, by the intervention of Committees acting on behalf of both parties, it was agreed that those in front of the Arsenal should disperse, and on the other hand that the keeper should place himself at any purpose.

Under this arrangement, the people dispersed, and soon afterwards the guard within the arsenal was withdrawn.

While these events were transpiring in this quarter, it appears that the Senate had convened at the house of Governor Ritner, and that one of their number, Mr. Fullerton, had been appointed as Speaker, to proceed to the Senate chamber in the capitol and adjourn the body for the day. The safety of the Speaker elect, Mr. Penrose, might be endangered by proceeding to the chamber at that hour.

We have, as yet, no account of what took place in the House of Representatives on Wednesday morning. At half past two, P. M. however, the hour to which the Whig division of the House had adjourned over from the previous day, the Speaker of that division deputized Mr. Spackman to adjourn the House until the next day.

The hall, it is stated was filled with people, and when Mr. S. attempted to discharge the duty, he was seized by them and forced to retire. A sudden rush out succeeded this net, in the course of which the doors were broken and the hall otherwise mutilated.

In consequence of a proclamation which had been issued by the Governor, calling in the aid of the militia for the preservation of order, the following Order was issued at Carlisle.

GENERAL ORDER.
HEAD QUARTERS, 11th Div. P. M.
Carlisle 5th Dec. 1839.

The Governor of Pennsylvania has issued his order to the Militia to hold themselves in readiness, at a moment's warning, to assist the civil authorities in suppressing insurrection, and in executing the laws. As there is a strong reason to apprehend a necessity for the use of Militia force, for such purpose, I do hereby order the First Battalion of Cumberland county Volunteers, to hold themselves in readiness to assemble, in parade order, on one hour's notice, with arms and accoutrements in good order, and each man provided with a knapsack, blanket, &c. ready to march at six o'clock to-morrow morning, if required. As public opinion is excited, and the feelings of men are much roused, I deem it right to urge, most earnestly, upon officers and men, the propriety and necessity of refraining from expressing any political feeling, or any preference, or dislike for parties, or party men—and that they should come forward with a firm determination to maintain the character of good soldiers; and to preserve the honour, integrity and dignity of the state, and of her laws.

SAM'L. ALEXANDER,
Major General 11th Division P. M.

The Philadelphia Herald of yesterday has the following letter, furnishing a more connected detail of the proceedings in the capitol at Harrisburg on Wednesday.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 5, 1839.
SENATE.

Mr. Fullerton took the chair of the Senate this morning, in the absence of Mr. Speaker Penrose. He said he felt it his duty to do so

upon the request of the speaker. He declared there was not a quorum of members present, and was about adjourning the body until to-morrow, when Mr. Rogers called for the reading of the note appointing him Speaker pro tempore. It was read as follows:

Dear Sir: I desire you to act as Speaker of the Senate.

Truly, your friend,
CHARLES B. PENROSE.

Mr. Ewing commenced some remarks, but upon an intimation of there being a want of a quorum, he desisted. On motion of Mr. Myers, a call of the House was then ordered, when there was found to be but 13 members present. So the Senate adjourned.

Mr. McCahan (from the gallery) then moved to the populace, that Mr. Ewing, of Washington, be called upon to address them. Mr. Rogers then took the Speaker's chair, and implored the people to withdraw from the Senate Chamber. He said he did so in the name of all the democratic members.

McCahan said (from the gallery) that he spoke on the part of the citizens present—that they were determined to have their rights; and as they all wanted, and they would stay in Harrisburg until their rights were secured. He moved to adjourn to the front of the Capitol.

In the Van Buren division of the House, headed by Mr. Hopkins as Speaker, resolutions for payment of postage—to supply the members with four daily papers &c., were adopted.

F. R. Shunk was then elected Clerk—A. Kraitsir Sergeant at Arms—and D. W. Hyde Doorkeeper.

Mr. Brodhead offered a resolution to appoint a committee to investigate the conduct of the Secretary of the Commonwealth in relation to returns forwarded to him, and that they have power to send for persons and papers, which was agreed to, and Messrs. Brodhead, Woodburn and Flanagan, were appointed. This section of the Legislature then adjourned.

At 3 o'clock, the Whig division of the House, as organized under General Cunningham, met, as organized under General Cunningham, met. The Speaker was not present, but it was understood that Mr. Spackman was deputed to sit in his place. The Speaker's chair, like other parts of the room, was filled.

When Mr. S. went to the steps to go to the chair, he was met by Mr. McElwee, who told him he could not come there. The scene then was awful. Mr. Spackman was seized by bottles, headed by Mr. McElwee, a brother member, and was threatened with being thrown out of the window. He however got off without injury, but there was no meeting. The mob was then addressed by several voices unknown to me, when they dispersed.

By the Susquehanna Rail Road.
LATEST FROM HARRISBURG.

By last night's Susquehanna Rail Road Cars we received the Harrisburg Telegraph, extra, issued on the evening of Thursday, the 6th instant. It contains an Address "to the People of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," signed by C. B. PENROSE, Speaker of the Senate, and eighteen other Senators, whose names will be found below. The length of the Address, and the lateness of the hour at which it reached us, prevent its publication entire. Its opening paragraph is as follows:

The undersigned Senators of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, duly elected, returned, and qualified according to the Constitution and Laws, and composing a majority of that body, feel called upon, by the novel and dangerous circumstances which have attended the meeting of the Legislature, to lay before the people of the State a brief account of the occurrences at the Seat of Government, on the fourth day of December, 1839, in order that they may clearly understand the position in which their representatives are now placed by an illegal and insurrectionary assemblage of persons at present in the borough of Harrisburg.

[Here follows a minute narration of the facts and proceedings connected with the opening of the session and the organization of the Senate, including the election of Speaker, and the swearing in of the newly elected Senators—the substance of which has heretofore been published. The Address then proceeds as follows:]

On motion, Messrs. Barclay and Pearson were appointed a committee to wait on the House of Representatives, and announce that the Senate was now organized, and ready to proceed with business. At this time, Mr. Brown, of the county of Philadelphia, not being a member of the Senate, rose and attempted to address the Senate, and on being informed that he could not be permitted to proceed, the mob in the galleries and lobby, commencing making intimidating noises and threats, crying out "Brown! Brown! hear him! hear him! reconsider your resolution—we will have our rights, &c. &c."

Amidst this tumult, Mr. Rogers, a Senator from Bucks county, rose and moved that Mr. Brown be permitted to address the Senate, which, being seconded by Mr. Ewing, a Senator from Washington county, who was prompted by a fear of bloodshed from the mob, then pressing within the bar of the Senate, was agreed to. Mr. Brown having pledged his honour to Messrs. Miller and Freley, Senators from Philadelphia, not to use any inflammatory remarks, made a speech which he professed to be intended to subdue the excitement in the galleries and to induce the mob to disperse; but the warmth of his feelings carried him into great impropriety both of speech and manner, declaring that we were in the midst of a revolution, and that there was an end of constitutional government, occasionally addressing them in a supplicating manner; invoking them to be quiet, and asking whether they were prepared to trample the Constitution and Laws under foot, and shed the best blood of the Common-

wealth to attain their ends. To these questions the mob responded yes, yes; we will, we will, and accompanied their assent with horrible cries of give us blood if we cannot have our rights.

Mr. Brown at length concluded, and on motion of Mr. Bell, of Chester, the Senate agreed to meet daily at 10 o'clock in the morning, and then adjourned, the mob rushing within the bar of the Senate before the Speaker had announced the decision. The Senate was then taken possession of by the mob, and most inflammatory speeches addressed to them by several of their leaders, and that hitherto sacred apartment was, consequently, whenever the Senate attempted to assemble, been filled with rioters, threatening violent interference with the business of the Senate until their demands were acceded to. To such a fearful height was the excitement carried, that the Speaker of the Senate and several of the members were compelled, under threats of personal injury, to escape by the windows of the Capitol.

The unlawful and riotous assemblages of the misguided and dangerous men, have been continued several times, at the State Capitol and Court House of the county of Dauphin, and the Senate is now unable to proceed with their legitimate functions, and they accordingly announce to the people of the State, that their representatives cannot with safety attend the halls of legislation, until the insurrectionary and riotous assemblages, by which they are now harassed with violence, are quelled by the arm of the Constitutional power of the State, or a return to reason and duty shall induce them to disperse.

CHARLES B. PENROSE,
Speaker of the Senate.

ABRAHAM MILLER,
JAMES PAUL,
FREDERICK FRALEY,
WILLIAM WAGNER,
JOHN KILLINGER,
JOHN STROHM,
SAMUEL M. BARCLAY,
JACOB CASSAT,
JOSEPH M. STERRITT,
ALEXANDER IRVIN,
THOMAS WILLIAMS,
ELIHU CASE,
JOHN H. EWING,
WILLIAM PURVIANCE,
JAMES HANNA,
JAMES MCKONKEY,
P. S. MCHLER,
JOHN J. PEARSON.

In the same extra sheet there is also an Address "to the People of Pennsylvania," the opening paragraph of which is as follows:

TO THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
The most extraordinary and alarming condition of things now prevails in this Commonwealth. The regular action of the government is overthrown by a combination of evil disposed persons. The Senate and House of Representatives have been dispersed, and prevented assembling by tumultuous and riotous multitudes. The lives of the members have been threatened, and put in jeopardy; officers of the State Government have been designated as the objects of attack. Officials of the General Government are now present investigating these illegal and dangerous proceedings. What are the objects of these outrageous measures? Nothing less than a treacherous attempt to destroy the present government, and erect another in its stead. It is perfectly well known that a new Constitution has been adopted by the people of this Commonwealth, which must be established in form, according to the requisitions of the late Convention, and the acts of the Legislature.—The Senate and House are prevented by force from assembling, and this object must be defeated—the people reduced to the deplorable condition of being without a Constitution of their own selection, and governed by an unlawful assembly, who choose to prescribe the manner and form in which the authorities of the land shall discharge their functions.

[The signature to this Address is as follows:]
Signed in behalf of the members of the House of Representatives, driven from their Hall,
T. S. LUNNINGHAM, Speaker.

We find also in the extra the Proclamation issued by Governor Ritner, a copy of which is annexed:

PENNSYLVANIA, &c.
IN the name and by the Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by
JOSEPH RITNER,
Governor of the said Commonwealth:

A PROCLAMATION.
WHEREAS, a lawless infuriated armed mob from the counties of Philadelphia, Lancaster, Adams and other places, have assembled at the seat of Government, with the avowed object of disturbing, interrupting and overruling the Legislature of this Commonwealth, and of preventing its proper organization and the peaceful and free discharge of its duties.

AND WHEREAS, The said mob have already on this day, entered the Senate Chamber, and in an outrageous and violent manner by clamouring, shouting and threatening violence and death to some of the members of that body, and other officers of the Government; and finally by rushing within the bar of the Senate Chamber, in defiance of every effort to restrain them, compelled the Senate to suspend business.

AND WHEREAS: They still remain here in force, encouraged by a person who is an officer of the General Government, from Philadelphia, and are setting the law at open defiance, and rendering it unsafe for the Legislative bodies to assemble in the Capitol:

THEREFORE, This is to call upon the civil authority to exert themselves to restore order to the utmost of their power, and upon the military force of the Commonwealth to hold

themselves in instant readiness to repair to the seat of Government; and upon all good citizens to aid in curbing this lawless mob, and in re-instating the supremacy of the law.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State at Harrisburg, this fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty eight, and of the Commonwealth the sixty-third.

By the Governor.
THOS. H. BURROWS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The Telegraph says—"There was no meeting of either branch of the Legislature to-day. The mob held undisturbed control of the Capitol."

Passengers who left Harrisburg yesterday morning report that there was a prospect of the adoption of a compromise of the existing difficulties between the two parties, on the basis that the Legislature should not go into the election of U. S. Senator, State Treasurer, or Canal Commissioners, until the question of the legality of the returns of the election in the case of the Senators and Representatives from Philadelphia county should be finally decided.

STILL LATER.
TROOPS ORDERED FROM PHILADELPHIA TO HARRISBURG.

By last night's Rail road cars we received the following letter, dated
"PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 7, 1839.

The Governor has issued his order to the Commanding officer here (Major Gen. Patterson) requiring the first division of the Pennsylvania Militia to proceed to Harrisburg immediately, to preserve the peace of the Commonwealth. In obedience to this order, Major General Patterson has issued his order, requiring them to assemble in Broad street to-morrow morning, fully equipped, to proceed to Harrisburg."

LATEST FROM HARRISBURG.
The Philadelphia papers of Saturday afternoon announced us of the departure for Harrisburg of several volunteer companies of that city, numbering nearly one thousand men, fully armed and equipped. Four companies had arrived and taken up their quarters in the Court House. Letters from Harrisburg state that the two divisions of the lower house met without interruption on Friday, but that the prospect of a compromise of the difficulties was more distant than ever.

"KEYSTONE EXTRA."
HARRISBURG, Saturday night, 12, o'clock.
An armed force from the city of Philadelphia have possession of the Capital of the State.—Two companies have arrived and five more are expected before morning. They were called here by Governor Ritner. We know not for what purpose they have come, unless it is to prevent a minority administration in power, to prevent the inauguration of Porter and to elect Thaddeus Stevens to the Senate of the U. States on Tuesday.

Democracy of Pennsylvania. You know what are your rights. Have you not the spirit to maintain them? Can the bayoneted myriads of a British Bank deter you from doing your duty. The crisis has arrived which decides whether you are to be slaves or freemen hereafter."

Office of the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company,
November 6th, 1838.

THE Stockholders in this Company are reminded that an instalment of Five Dollars on each share will become due on Saturday the 15th inst. which they are requested to pay into the Farmers Bank of Maryland. It is important that the instalment be punctually paid to enable the company to make a requisition for the State's instalment and it is confidently expected by the Directors, that each stockholder will comply with this request.

By order,
N. H. GREEN, Secretary.
December 13.

Office of the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company,
December 7th, 1838.

THE subscribers to the capital stock of this Company are hereby notified, that a payment of five dollars on each share subscribed, is required to be made into the Farmers Bank of Maryland, to the credit of the Company, on or before the 15th day of February next, a further payment of five dollars on each share of capital stock subscribed to be paid, as before stated, on or before the 15th day of March next.

By order,
N. H. GREEN, Secretary.
December 13, 1838.

\$100 REWARD.
RAN AWAY from the subscriber, near the Head of South River, on or about the 7th instant, a Negro Man named
DICK.

about twenty-one years of age, five feet eight or nine inches in height, yellow complexion, has an impediment in his speech, a scar over the right eye. His clothing when he left home, a country span round-about and pantaloons, pretty much worn, an old hat, and Thomas Snowden, Junior, Esq. and was seen going in that direction. I will give Ten Dollars for his apprehension, or in the neighbourhood, or in Annapolis—Twenty-five Dollars if taken out of the neighbourhood—Fifty Dollars if taken out of the County, and One Hundred Dollars if taken out of the State, and secured so that I get him again.

BEALE LUSBY.

ATTENTION, ANNAPOLIS GRAYS!
YOU are hereby ordered to appear at your usual Parade Ground, State House Hill, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at half-past two o'clock, in full winter dress, with arms and accoutrements in soldier like order.

By order,
EDWARD THOMPSON, G. S.
December 13.

NOTICE.
AN ELECTION will be held at the next meeting of the Visitors and Governors of St. John's College, to apply for the Varieties in the number of Youths to be educated in the Institution without charge for Books or Tuition, under provisions of Acts of the Legislature. Applications, accompanied by certificates of moral and intellectual character, may be addressed to the subscriber, THOS. S. ALEXANDER, P. M., Principal of St. John's College, December 13.

NOTICE.
THE Annual Meeting of the Taxable Inhabitants of School District No. 38, of Anne Arundel county, comprising the city of Annapolis, will be held on the FIRST SATURDAY, 5th day of JANUARY next, at the City Hall, at 5 o'clock P. M.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER, Clerk.
December 13.

NOTICE.
WHAT on the first Monday in January next, at eight o'clock, A. M. all the STALLS and BENCHES in the Market House will be offered for RENT for one year, ending the first Monday in January 1840—Rent to be paid in advance, as in Certificate will be given until the money has been paid—And any person or persons occupying any of said Stalls or Benches before complying with the above terms, shall pay for every day so occupied such Rates as are prescribed by the by-law of the Corporation of the city of Annapolis, entitled, A By-law prescribing the duties of the Market Master, &c.

NICHOLAS KILMAN,
Market Master.
December 13.

WANTED.
THE subscriber wishes to purchase three or four healthy NEGRO BOYS, from the age of twelve to twenty years; he wants them expressly for his own use, and will pay liberal prices for cash, and will not send them out of the State, nor Slaves from the country and for life will prefer. Persons having such a few lines of would do well by addressing a few lines to the subscriber, who resides near Sweetwater's Bridge Post Office, in Anne Arundel county, four miles from Baltimore, and to SAMUEL THOMAS, 41, November 29.

NEGROES FOR SALE.
A HEALTHY and useful WOMAN, aged about twenty-four years, who has her years to serve; she is well acquainted with Kitchen and House Work, or would make a good field hand. Also, her Son, a very promising boy about six years old, and her Daughter about two years old. The boy and girl are slaves for life. They will not be sold out of the State, though no restriction will be imposed on the purchaser as to the boy and girl, should they hereafter not behave themselves. Enquire at the Office of the Maryland Gazette.
November 22. 3w.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan Court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of William Stewart, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 30th day of June, 1839, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. All persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 29th day of November, 1838.

GEO. H. STEUART, Executor.
November 29. 4w.

\$10 REWARD.
I WILL give the above reward to any person who will furnish evidence to convict the second and third scoundrels, who have been in the habit of pulling down and destroying my Garden Fence fronting on the Public Circle. The persons are known, and were last night discovered employed in this gentlemanly business by a coloured person. If this thing is continued I must resort to other means to stop it.

J. GREEN.
December 6.

NOTICE.
THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 23d day of January next, for the purpose of settling with the Inspector of Tobacco, hearing appeals and making transfers, and to close their books for the year 1838.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, C. L. 18.
December 6. 2.

FOR SALE.
A YOUNG NEGRO WOMAN, 19 years of age, accustomed from her infancy to House Work—she is a good Cook, Washer, and Ironer. For further information apply at the Office of the Maryland Gazette, November 29.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.
By virtue of the last will and testament of William Stewart, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, the subscriber is selling at Public Sale on FRIDAY, the 13th of December, at 12 o'clock noon, at David in Anne Arundel county, on the meadow between Annapolis and Queen Anne following TRACTS OF LAND, to be admitted to be of the first quality for and Tobacco, and other crops produced that fertile neighbourhood.

1st. JONES LOT—BEARD'S TATION, and some small tracts of land, supposed to contain altogether 1,000 ACRES, which will be laid off in Farms containing from 2 to 500 acres, each with a dwelling of Woodland. These lands are Davidsonville, and are surrounded by lands of Dr. Richard S. Stewart, James Reid, John Iglehart, Nicholas N. Robert W. Kent, John Knighton, a head, and are distant about 10 miles from Annapolis.

2d. A SMALL FARM of about 200 acres, near South River Church, on road leading from Annapolis to Bull Run, being the Farm formerly owned by Major Joseph Watkins, an acknowledged name of Watkins'. This piece is situated by the lands of Dr. R. S. Stewart and Tom Tucker, John Carr, Richard S. and Dr. Duvall, and is distant about 10 miles from Annapolis.

3d. TWO FARMS on Anne Arundel county, one supposed to contain 300 acres, adjoining the lands of Dr. Chestnut Hall, Ben Welch and James Magruder, other supposed to contain 167 acres, surrounded by the lands of William Henry Hall, which two Farms will be sold separately. They are situated about 16 miles from Annapolis. The character of these Lands for salubrity and good neighbourhood, and understood to require further purchase, and it need only be remarked that leaving Baltimore in the steamboat land, or the city of Washington in stage on the day, can be present at in case of bad weather the sale place on the next fair day.

Persons desirous of purchasing, are to be addressed to Dr. R. S. Stewart, Baltimore, or to Wm. P. Manager at Mount Stuart, in the neighbourhood of the Lands.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth Cash, the residue liberal credits, which made known at the Sale.

G. H. STEUART.
November 29.

The National Intelligence, Maryland Gazette, Kent Bugle, Eastern Gazette, the Annapolis papers, will publish the amount of each sale, and the accounts to the American agent, B.

FARM FOR SALE.
BY virtue of a decree of the County Court, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed on the 22d instant, wherein Richard W. Gill, complainant, a hold Golder, guardian of Samuel H. defendant, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale on THURSDAY, the 20th day of December next, at the Court House doory of Annapolis, at 12 o'clock, the tract or parcel of Land lying adjacent to the Farm of Peter Miller, on the Severn, in Anne Arundel county, four miles from the city of Annapolis, known by the name of "Cove" containing about

236 ACRES, more or less. This Land lies on the river, and is within a short distance of the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge road, it contains a large quantity of valuable land which can with very little expense be got to market by water, is good and capable of being well improved. The buildings are a valuable repairs.

The Terms of Sale are—One-fourth the purchase money to be paid the day of sale, one-fourth in one-fourth in nine months, and the fourth in twelve months from the date of the sale. The credit payments to be secured by bond, with approved security, or the whole purchase money to be paid on the ratification of the sale, at the purchaser's option.

ALEX. RANDALL.
November 29.

WANTED.
A NOVISEER to manage a farm contiguous to the city of One with a Wife who understands management and is competent to of a Dairy, would be preferable recommendations will be given.

November 29. 3
JAMES

NOTICE.
ALL persons are hereby warned of crossing or in any manner of the Farm of the subscriber of Annapolis. The law is issued against all who offend without respect to persons.

November 29. 3
JAMES

PRINTING.
Neatly executed at the