Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, October 25, 1838.

For the Maryland Gazette.

How cheerless and dreary each scene now appears,
Tho' dress'd in the splendour of azure and gold;
Our heart is a fountain from whence flow the tears,
In public suppress'd—in secret untold.

For Laura now leaves—the pride of the land,
And darkness and gloom o'ershadow the sky;
Intensely we gaze and obey the command,
Of one now as pure as spirits on high.

Why dost thou leave us—if ever our lip
Transgress'd or offended—sorry we are;
Tho' the nectar so sweet no mortal dare sip,
Yet wish to watch o'er the steps of the fair.

When surrounded by those whose hearts, like their mind,
Are fickle as the wind or gossamer's breath,
Will kiss o'er they meet every thing of its kind,
And despise, rudely laugh, at the conqueror death.

Then Laura go not—forgive and forget,
Our allegiance we renew unto thee;
If ever our heart's pure affections were set,
It was upon Laura, the fair and the free.

JUVENIS.

For the Maryland Gazette.

TO MISS ——.

Recall that word—forbear that look
With which I heard you say
You "would not answer"—love then took
Its flight—far, far away.

I cannot tell how much I hung
Upon thy dulcet form;
Nor how my wretched heart was wrung,
I cannot tell in song.

No—buried deep within my breast,
Each tender thought shall lie;
With blighted prospects they shall rest,
'Till they with me shall die.

I shall awake—but never more
With love as fond and true—
My vernal prospects all are o'er,
Since I'm refus'd by you.

JUVENIS.

OAKLAND.

The «Home Place" of this noble estate, belonging to Thos. Oliver, Esq. and a few other parcels of property adjoining it, containing in all about 590 acres, were sold yesterday by Messrs. Grundy & Co auctioneers, at the Exchange, to George R. Gaither Esq. at the rate of $84 per acre—or the gross amount of $49,560. It is located in Anne Arundel county, about fifteen miles from this city.—*Amer.*

THE ROYAL WILLIAM.

This steam ship sailed from New York, on Saturday afternoon for Liverpool.

Maine has shipped $300,000 worth of potatoes to the South, during the last few weeks.

CASE OF WM. STEWART.

After the opening of the Court yesterday morning. Mr. Preston, one of the Counsel for the accused, rose and stated to the Jury, that in consequence of his colleagues, Messrs. Thomas and Bayly having been compelled to return to the Eastern Shore to attend the Courts which have just commenced their sessions there, he found himself this morning with the whole responsibility of the case resting upon himself. He hoped, however, that no unfavourable impression would be entertained by either the Court or Jury against the prisoner, from the fact that two of his counsel had withdrawn from the conduct of the case, as they were, especially Mr. Thomas imperatively forced to abandon it in order to be at Cambridge Court, at its opening to-day, that gentleman being bound to appear there upon an important case. The Court in reply to Mr. Preston, stated their desire to do any thing they could to aid him, by using their influence with the members of the bar to obtain him a colleague, or that he might select one for himself. Mr. Preston in return, expressed the obligation he would feel himself under to any gentleman who would join him in conducting the case, and requested that the Court would make the selection. The Court named Z. Collins Lee, Esq. and Mr. Lee having signified his assent to the request, Mr. Preston expressed his gratification at the selection.

After a few minutes conversation between the counsel for the defence, Mr. Lee rose and moved for a removal of the cause, upon the affidavit of the prisoner that he did not believe he could have a fair trial here, in the present state of public excitement. Mr. L. referred to certain acts of Assembly to support his proposition, in which he was sustained by the opinion of his colleague, Mr. Preston.

The Court stating that they wished some time for consideration in this matter, adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M. Upon the re-assembling of the Court, Judge Nesbitt (Chief Justice Brice being absent from sickness, we believe) delivered the opinion of the Court overruling the motion for removal, and ordering the trial to proceed, upon the ground that, as the accused had not asked the removal of his case when arraigned before the Court on the first day of the trial, he had no right to demand it after the Jury were sworn, and the evidence had, in part, been detailed to the Jury. The case was, accordingly, continued until about 7 o'clock, P. M. at which time the Court adjourned to meet again this morning at half-past nine.

CARROLL WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

The subjoined letter from a very respectable citizen of Allegany county, who resides near the Springs, having been placed in our hands, we give it publicity, regarding it as containing information interesting to the public, and particularly so to invalids, who may require the use of those valuable waters.

Near Bevansville, Md. Sept. 28, 1838.

Dear Sir:—What are the prospects in your city for the Carroll White Sulphur Springs? Is the stock nearly taken? We begin to fear the subscriptions will not be completed in time to secure suitable accommodations for the next season—should that be the case, I shall consider it a great public calamity. You have little idea of the interest felt on the subject by all our neighbours, many of whom visited them the present season, although access to them is very little better than nature made it; at this time a perfect wilderness. A good and level road might be cut from the Springs to the turnpike at a small expense. Do you think the stock will be taken in your city? The effect of these waters is great—many cures have been made on persons visiting them on horseback. I cannot refrain from relating to you one particular case:

A Mr. Carico, travelling from Charles county, Md. to Ohio, on foot, came to my house one evening extremely unwell; he said he had laid down by the road side, and at one time thought he would never be able to reach my house.—He complained of great internal heats, and almost exhausted and overcome with fatigue—much suppression of urine, and what little he could pass was as red as blood. I at once told him I could cure him, as my brother Wm. and myself were going to the Carroll Springs the next morning, if he would accompany us and use freely of the waters—he appeared willing to do so. When we alighted from our horses at the Springs, he complained very much of inward heat—my brother told him to drink freely of the waters, and they would certainly cure him. He commenced drinking, and after taking a few tumblers of the water, (which is very cold) he complained of feeling cold down the breast and bowels, where before he had suffered great internal heat. We told him to drink on, as we assured him he would not receive inconvenience from all the water he could drink, but a benefit. We had not left the Springs before he said he was better, and in less than two hours he said he felt quite like another man. The operation on the kidneys being very powerful, producing an entire change in the colour of his urine, which became perfectly limpid and clear.

He returned with us and all the evening was speaking of the Springs in the highest terms, and expressed his great astonishment at the powerful effect the waters had on his person—making him almost a new man. He remained with us all night, and early next morning took up his line of march to the West, as lively as a boy. Mr. Carico is upwards of 60 years of age, and has no doubt seen many hardships—He took with him some of the white deposite from the Springs, some pebbles and shells, and said he would produce the efficacy of the Carroll White Sulphur for such a man. If it was necessary, I could state many cures produced by the use of these waters, but at present, time will not admit.

I would engage largely in the stock, if I had a capital. I travelled with several parties to the Springs this season; the last about two weeks ago, seventeen in company, ladies and gentlemen. I have not heard a dissenting voice as to the qualities of the waters.

Your's very truly and respectfully,
LEONARD SHIRCLIFF.

CHAMEFUL AND HIGH-HANDED OUTRAGE.

Centreville, Oct. 13, 1838.

To the Editor of the Freeman's Sentinel.

Sir—You will please have the kindness to allow me a place in one of your columns, to correct an error in a statement published in the «Kent Bugle" of the 13th inst.

In the address to the public, published in the «Kent Bugle" of the 13th inst. over the names of Messrs. E. Nicholson and J. Mansfield, who were two of the Judges of election for the 2d District of Kent County, at the late election, I find this statement. «When the returning judges were about making their return, Mr. Lassell attended and examined the returns and poll books and tickets, and remarked that what we were doing was all fair, and requested the judges would send the disputed ticket to Annapolis;" Now, with all proper deference, I beg leave to correct this assertion by a statement of what did take place.

On the 5th October inst. in the afternoon, I understood the judges of election were about to alter the poll books and deduct a vote from my poll. I went up to the Court House where the returning judges were assembled and enquired for the pollbooks and returns, and was informed that the returns for the delegates were not quite made out, but would soon be ready for the Judges to sign. I then mentioned that I had heard it was the intention to alter the return made in the poll books on the day of Election—then I was told, or so understood, the poll books would not be altered, and that the returning judges would make up their return, from the returns made by the district judges on the day of election, but that a *special* return would be made out with regard to *the* disputed ticket, to which *the* ticket would be annexed and sent on to Annapolis. To this I made no objection. Some time, after the returns for the Delegates were brought in the Court House, from the Clerks Office, I believe, by one of the returning judges, and the returning judges were about to sign without reading them when I suggested the propriety of reading them over before signing; (I wished to hear them read myself, as I had not read them;) they were read and I there found that the returns were not made up from the returns proper of the district judges, as I had before understood they would be, but that they were made up from what was called an «amended return" for the 2d district, and that one vote had been taken from my poll. I immediately expressed my entire disapproval of, and objection to the returns and to the course taken, as being incorrect and illegal.

WILLIAM S. LASSEL.

REPUBLICAN MEETING IN KENT.

A large and respectable number of the voters of Kent county, having assembled in the Court House at Chestertown, on Saturday the 13th inst. agreeably to previous notice, Samuel Ringgold Esq. was called to the chair, and Richard W. Ringgold, Esq., was appointed Secretary. The consideration of the illegal proceedings of the late election, in Kent County, being the object of the meeting, the following gentlemen, viz: Richard Ringgold; Dr. Peregrine Wroth, Samuel Kerr, Francis Lamb, Merit Miller, Horace Beck, James Boon, James M. Spencer and Joseph Woodall, were appointed a committee to make a written statement of the facts, and to recommend the course necessary to be pursued in relation to them. Whereupon, the committee having retired for a short time, returned and proposed the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, at an election held in Kent County on the 3d of October, 1838, William S. Lassell received five hundred and thirty six votes as a delegate to the General Assembly of Maryland, two hundred of which were received in district No. 2, including one ballot which the Judges of election, after consultation, unanimously determined was a good legal vote, and which they directed their clerks to enter on the books of polls, on which books of polls the said Judges of election certified, on the same day, under their hands and seals, attested by their clerks, agreeably to law, that William S. Lassell, received two hundred votes; and whereas, on the 5th day of October, 1838, after it was known that the said William S Lassell was elected by a majority of one vote, two of the Judges of the said election district No 2, Edward Nicholson and James Mansfield, (Ashbury S. Sappington the 3d Judge refusing to co-operate) did meet together and put another certificate on the said books of polls, in which they say they now correct the certificate of the 3d of October, and state, that the said William S. Lassell received one hundred and ninety-nine votes in district No. 2, and by way of a *fair* set off according to their notions of justice, they in the said certificate also deduct one vote from the poll of one of the candidates of their own party, James H Gal, who is poll in the county stood twenty-one votes below all others; and whereas, the returning Judges of election for said County, Edward Nicholson, Edward Boyer and Peregrine Burgess, did meet together on the 5th day of October, 1838, and made out a certificate declaring that by the certificate made out on the day of election, and the «amended certificate" of the 5th of October, on the books of polls for district No. 2, William S. Lassell received five hundred and thirty five votes in the County, thereby causing a tie between William S. Lassell, William S. Constable and Benjamin Kirby; when the form of the certificate of the returning Judges is given in the election law, particularly stating that their return is taken from the certificates of the Judges of the different districts, put on the books of polls on the day of election: all which proceedings were illegal, and show a clear intent to defraud the voters of Kent County by endeavouring to deprive William S. Lassell of his seat in the General Assembly of Maryland, to which he is elected by a majority of legal votes—therefore

Resolved, That if the returning Judges of elections have the right to reject one vote which has been received by the district Judges, entered on their books of polls, certified by them under their hands and seals, and attested by their clerks to be a legal vote, they have the same right to reject ten, or any number that would be sufficient to elect their own party; and if this principle be once submitted to, the returning Judges of elections may in future elect whom they choose, and the voice of the voters of Kent County will become a mere mockery.

Resolved, That Edward Nicholson and James Mansfield, two of the Judges of election for district No. 2 in Kent County, by putting an illegal certificate on the books of polls for said district two days after the election, and after the result of the election was known, have violated their duty as Judges of election, and have practised a fraud upon the voters of Kent County.

Resolved, That Edward Nicholson, Edward Boyer and Peregrine Burgess, the returning Judges of election for Kent County, by making their certificate of the election lately held in Kent county, from the illegal and fraudulent certificate of two of the Judges of the 2d district, put on the books of polls two days after the election and after the result was known, instead of making it from the certificate put on the books of polls on the day of election, signed by all the Judges and attested by their clerks, as by the law and their oaths of office they were bound to do, have violated their duty as returning judges of the election and have practised upon the voters of Kent County, a fraud to which they ought not quietly to submit.

Resolved, That Ashbury S. Sappington, by refusing to concur in the illegal and fraudulent certificate, made by Edward Nicholson and James Mansfield, deserves well of his fellow citizens for his firmness and integrity.

Resolved, That William S. Lassell is elected to the General Assembly of Maryland by a majority of the legal voters of Kent County, and that the illegal and fraudulent proceedings of the Judges of the election cannot deprive him of his seat in that body.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Baltimore Republican, and Freedom's Sentinel at Centreville, and that all Editors of newspapers, throughout the United States, opposed to the practice of frauds upon voters be requested to publish them.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the chairman and Secretary.

SAMUEL RINGGOLD, Chair.
Richard W. Ringgold, Sec.

We must now take care that the hoco pocos do not evade and get away from the true question before the country, the Constitutional Treasury. The only fear is that they will hurt it by claiming it as their old measure, when they voted for it on Gordon's and Robertson's motion. Hold them to the issue, separation of Bank and State.—*Boston Advocate.*

From the N. Y. Evening Post.

TENNESSEE POLITICS.

A correspondent in Nashville, to whom we take this opportunity of expressing our thanks, who has the best opportunities of collecting information and making up a judgment in regard to public opinion in the State of Tennessee, writes as follows:

«Perhaps you would like to hear something of the prospects of the democratic party in this quarter. My means of information are very ample, as I almost daily see persons from nearly every part of the State. What I now state to you may be relied upon—in no event can Henry Clay obtain the vote of Tennessee. Heated partizans elsewhere may say what they please, but Mr. Clay's friends here are already to aware of the fact, and are suffering his name of slide out of the public mind, as fast as possible.—Their candidate for Governor, Newton Cannon, is well known to be opposed to Mr. Clay's election, although he may eventually vote for him, if the only candidate of the whigs.

«Col. Polk's coming out for Governor has had a fine effect He has already addressed very large assemblages of the people at Columbia, Shelbyville, Pulaski, Lewisburg, Murfreesborough, Franklin, Raleigh, Paris and Jackson: at all which places from fifteen hundred to three thousand persons attended, and paid the greatest attention to what he said. There appears to be an active spirit of enquiry abroad among the people, which bodes no good to the whigs; the delusions of the White fever are passing away, and many true hearted democrats who had been led astray by that excitement, are discovering their error and cursing their deceivers. I cannot be mistaken in the signs of the time. A rapid revolution of public sentiment is now going on in this State—where it will stop it is impossible now to tell. If it progresses until next August with the same rapidity that has marked its course for the past four months, Polk must beat Carnon ten or fifteen thousand votes, eight or ten members of Congress will be elected, and both branches of the Legislature will be ours.

«This may seem extravagant to you, but those on the spot know that it is nothing but sober truth. Not a day passes that I do not hear of important accessions to our ranks, men of high standing and great influence. Such is the rooted antipathy to Mr. Clay, and so deeply have our leading men pledged themselves against him, that none but the most reckless will adhere to him when the struggle lies between him and Mr. Van Buren alone.

«It affords me great pleasure to inform you that General Jackson's health is improving. I had the satisfaction of spending a day in his company last week, and found him full of life and confidence in the success of democratic principles, and the ultimate triumph of the administration."

ASCENDENCY OF PRINCIPLES.

Since the democratic party took the broad and firm ground of equal rights to all the people, special privileges to none—a strict construction of the constitutional powers of the government, and an economical administration of its affairs, multitudes are coming forth to reassert the principles which they cherished in olden times. In two years from this time, all who have not some selfish interest to consult, will be found arrayed in support of the doctrine that the government shall raise no more money than is necessary to its economical support; that when it is collected it shall be safely kept or rather that it shall be disbursed as fast as it is received; and especially that it shall not go into banks to be loaned out to favoured individuals where it may not be forth coming when wanted.

Worcester Palladium.

BOND AND HIS SPEECH.

Bond has been re-elected by only 167 votes maj. over Allen Latham! Gen. Harrison had nearly one thousand majority in this district in '36. Bond took his own medicine, and it came very near killing him. We'll bet three spoiled oysters that Col. Bond does not make another speech to please Mr. Biddle, this side the next election.—*Ohio Statesman.*

NEW JERSEY.

Trenton Emporium,
October 19, 1838.

VICTORY! VICTORY!

Jerseymen have spoken in a voice of thunder to the Federal party.

New Jersey has done nobly. She has given a fresh memorial of her attachment to the great principles of the democratic party. Federalism can never find nutriment sufficient to prosper in that soil where the patriots of the revolution bled for their persecuted country—where a suffering people rose against British oppression, and triumphantly achieved the blessings of a free government. Thank Heaven, there is intelligence enough in the sovereign people of New Jersey to discover the hypocrisy that lies under the cloak of "*Democratic* Whigs." They have learned from that Apex of Democracy, that governments long established should not be changed for light and trivial causes—that they should not suffer themselves to be deluded by the Utopian measures of designing and intriguing men, and barter away those principles which cost so much blood and treasure. They have spoken. They have told the purse-proud aristocrats and peddling candidates of New Jersey, that the day is not far distant when they must sink beneath the ire of an insulted, cajoled and oppressed people. One more election will seal the fate of the Federal party in New Jersey.

It will be perceived by the table which we publish in another column, that five Democrats and one Whig have been elected to Congress. The whole Whig Congressional ticket was elected two years ago by a majority of 545!—*This is glory enough for one day.* NINE CHEERS FOR THE JERSEY BLUES. Federalism can never ruin the soil that Washington defended.

The names of the candidates elected are
PHILEMON DICKERSON, of Passaic.
PETER D VROOM, of Somerset.
DANIEL B. RYALL, of Monmouth.
WILLIAM R. COOPER, of Gloucester.
JOSEPH KILLE, of Salem.
JOSEPH F. RANDOLPH, (W) of Monmouth.

In the Legislature the Democrats have also achieved a triumph. The last Legislature stood on joint ballot 43 federalists to 23 democrats; the next Legislature will stand 39 federalists to 31 democrats, being a gain of 3 members in Council, and 4 in the Assembly. NINE CHEERS MORE.

Thus it will be seen that the Democracy of New Jersey have aroused. They have acquitted themselves like freemen, and taught the «*Democratic* Whigs" (Heaven save the mark!) a lesson which will not soon be forgotten.

The following is the number of votes given for each of the candidates in New Jersey.—They are all taken from official returns with the exception of those set down by the "Emporium" as having been taken in Essex, Middlesex, Monmouth, Gloucester, and Cumberland counties. Essex, Middlesex and Gloucester give federal majorities; Monmouth and Cumberland, democratic.

Democratic.		*Federal.*	
Dickerson,	28,453	Axerigg,	28,293
Force,	28,315	Maxwell,	28,386
Vroom,	28,192	Halsted,	28,337
Ryall,	28,441	Randolph,	28 426
Cooper,	28,456	Stratton,	28,395
Kille,	28,416	Yorke,	25321

As in Illinois, Pennsylvania and Maryland, we perceive that an open system of fraud has been practised with the intention of stifling the voice of the people in the exercise of the right of suffrage. The «Emporium" gives the following in relation to an attempt on the part of the federal clerk in one of the counties to turn the scale of the election in favour of a party which has became notorious for such villainous outrages.

The Cumberland fraud.—A few of the federal papers for some days past have been rife with hints that the people would be cheated out of their elected republican candidates for Congress, by some chicanery in Cumberland. This morning the Clerk's return came to the Secretary of State's Office, without the votes of Millville being included in it, or the «list of votes given for each candidate" accompanying the return, as the law directs. Millville gave a democratic majority of 106—and by omitting to count her votes, this federal Clerk expects fraudulently to cheat the people out of the election. He has intentionally, we are inclined to think, omitted to «send the list of votes," so that the Governor and Council shall have nothing before them by which to detect the fraud and correct the return.

He will be disappointed, however. His return being unaccompanied by «the certified list of votes" is defective, and it is made by law the duty of the Governor «forthwith to send express to the Clerk to procure the list of votes at the expense of the State." So reads the law. Before leaving town for his residence at Newark, we understand Governor Pennington authorised Senator Southard, in his absence, to send such expresses as should become necessary through accident, or the neglect or unfaithfulness of any of the Clerks.

We take it for granted that the servants of the people will attend to this most important duty, and that the Clerk of Cumberland will gain nothing by his fraud but the odium.

OHIO ELECTION.

The Congressional election has resulted in the choice of the following members. The names of the Whigs are in *italics.*

CONGRESS.

1st District,	Alexander Duncan.	
2d	"	John B. Weller.
3d	"	*P. G. Goode.*
4th	"	*Thomas Corwin.*
5th	"	Wm. Doan.
6th	"	*Calvary Morris.*
7th	"	*William K. Bond.*
8th	"	*Joseph Ridgaway.*
9th	"	William Medill.
10th	"	*Samson Mason.*
11th	"	Isaac Parrish.
12th	"	Jonathan Taylor.
13th	"	D P. Leadbetter.
14th	"	George Sweney.
15th	"	*J. W. Allen.*
16th	"	*J. R. Giddings.*
17th	"	John Hastings.
18th	"	D. A. Starkweather.
19th	"	Henry Swearingon.

TOMATO PIES EQUAL TO FINE ENGLISH GOOSEBERRY PIES.

The other day we partook, for the first time of a Tomato Pie, and were so much pleased with the treat, that we inquired into the mode of making them. The tomatoes are skinned and sliced, and after being mixed with sugar, are prepared in the same manner as other pies.—The tomato is likely to become one of the most useful plants.—*Anon.*

AN OLD ONE.

The sloop Nancy renewed her register and coasting licence to day—she having been built at Pembroke in the year 1787, being now fifty one years old! We doubt whether there are many older vessels, now serviceable in the country.

Mercantile Journal.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The amendments proposed to the Constitution of Pennsylvania have been adopted by the vote of the people. We have returns from all the counties but three, and the vote now stands, including the Northern Liberties.

For the amendments,	117,316
Against,	115,778
	1,537

There are three small counties to be heard from, which will increase this majority.

FOREIGN.

From the New York Gazette.

EIGHT DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

We are indebted to Capt. Cobb, of the fast sailing ship Hibernia, which arrived last evening, for Liverpool papers to the 28th September, eight days later than those brought by the Royal William. The weather in England had been favourable for the harvest, and in a great portion of the country it had been secured in a good condition. There was a moderate business done in the Liverpool Cotton Market at the latest dates at steady prices.

FRANCE AND MEXICO.

It is affirmed that an order has been issued from France to the effect that, in the event of a war between France and Mexico, all vessels sailing under Mexican letters of marque will be treated as pirates, unless their crews are composed of at least two-thirds Mexicans.

SPAIN.

Madrid, Sept. 15.—Letters from Burgos of this evening, state that Merino marched from Pineda de la Sierra on the 9th, and on the 10th entered Huerta del Rey with 1500 men.

The Christino column of Valermna, consisting of 700 infantry and 150 cavalry, was at Aranda de Duero on the 10th, and was waiting, as it is stated, the arrival of Zurbano and Rodriguez, who were ordered to command that column.

Our last advices from Madrid are of the 17th inst. The Ministry was then supposed to be in considerable jeopardy. To allay the ferment, the Cortes were summoned to meet on the 8th of November. Some individuals were arrested on a charge of sedition; but no account of the discovery of any new plot had transpired.—*Sun of Wednesday.*

The Liverpool Chronicle of the 28th Sept. says, that a regular steam navigation, by means of four vessels of 1800 tons burthen each, is about to be established between Havre and New York.

The new steam ship Liverpool, which is now fitting out in the Trafalgar Dock, is advertised to sail on her first voyage to New York, on Saturday, the 20th October. She is a splendid vessel, and is expected to steam and sail fast.

From the Liverpool Chronicle, Sept. 28.

The Harvest.—The splendid weather of the last fortnight has saved the harvest in the North of England and Scotland. Frosty nights and drying winds have done even more than the sunshine to ripen the corn; and we may now say that throughout Yorkshire, even in the more elevated parts, with very few exceptions, every species of corn is fully ripe, and the farmers are busily engaged in cutting it and clearing it away. A great quantity of corn has been led during the present week, but still by far the largest proportion is in the fields, most of it, however, cut and in shocks, and beautifying the face of the country. Another week, with proper exertion on the part of the husbandman, will house the precious fruits of the earth, or at least a very large proportion of them. The crops of oats and barley are we believe, rather over than under an average, and they will be reap'd in good condition The wheat, though in many places abundant, and perhaps in most uninjured, has yet suffered enough to reduce the crop below an average. Of this, from all the accounts, we cannot have any doubt.—*Leeds Mercury.*

PUBLIC SALE
OF ELK-RIDGE LAND.

ON FRIDAY, the 16th of November next, at 10 o'clock, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following property, owned by the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, viz.—the Farm on which the late Judge Harwood resided, now in the occupation of Mr. Nelson Phelps, on Elk Ridge, Anne-Arundel county, about three miles from Waterloo, twelve miles from the city of Baltimore, and three and a half miles from the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road, containing about

420 ACRES OF LAND.

Persons disposed to purchase are invited to view the premises, which will be shown by the tenant.

Terms of Sale—A credit of six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, to be secured by notes with good endorsers, the purchaser paying all interest which may be due on the whole debt, together with the instalments at the end of each six months.

G. WELLS, Pres't.

October 4. ts.

The Patriot and Chronicle, Baltimore; Herald, Frederick; Gazette, Annapolis, will publish the above once a week till sale.

SAINT-MARY'S COUNTY COURT,
August Term, 1838.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of James A. Russell, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, be and appear before the County Court to be held at Leonard Town, in and for Saint-Mary's county, on the first Monday of March next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.

By order, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, Clk.
of St. Mary's County Court.

TRUST OF THE BANK OF M[illegible]LAND,

Baltimore, 11th October, [illegible]

THE TRUSTEES of this In[illegible] hereby give notice, that by an [illegible] Baltimore County Court passed t[illegible] they are directed forthwith to pay [illegible] ditors thereof as have filed, or shal[illegible] the 1st of January, 1839, the th[illegible] with them, a dividend of ten per c[illegible] the amount thereof.

The creditors aforesaid are the[illegible] formed that the subscribers will atte[illegible] day from 9 until 3 o'clock, in persc[illegible] their Agent, R. Wilson, Esq. at t[illegible] over the Union Bank of Maryland, [illegible] Charles-street, for the purpose of [illegible] such other claims as may be filed w[illegible] and paying immediately to the par[illegible] tled the above mentioned dividen[illegible] creditors are requested to bring t[illegible] receipts with them, that the payme[illegible] dividend may be endorsed thereon.

JOHN B. MORRIS,
R. W. GILL,

October 25.

The Republican and Madisonian [illegible] ford county; the Kent Bugle in Ca[illegible] and the Republican and Gazette at [illegible] lis, will publish the above 1aw4w [illegible] National Intelligencer at Washin[illegible] also publish the same for the same [illegible] send their accounts to the Baltimo[illegible] cle for collection.

STATE OF MARYLAND
Anne-Arundel County, Orphans C[illegible]
October 16th [illegible]

ON application by petition of M[illegible] phrey, Administratrix of [illegible] Pumphrey, late of Anne-Arundel [illegible] deceased, it is ordered that she gi[illegible] tice required by law for creditors [illegible] their claims against the said dece[illegible] that the same be published once in e[illegible] for the space of six successive we[illegible] of the newspapers printed in Ann[illegible]

SAM'L. BROWN,
Reg. Wills A. A. C[illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GI[illegible]

THAT the subscriber of Ann[illegible] county, hath obtained from the Orp[illegible] of Anne Arundel county, in Mary[illegible] ters of administration on the pe[illegible] tate of William Pumphrey, late [illegible] Arundel county, deceased. All p[illegible] ving claims against the said dec[illegible] hereby warned to exhibit the same [illegible] vouchers thereof, to the subscribe[illegible] fore the 16th day of April next [illegible] otherwise by law be excluded fro[illegible] fit of the said estate. Given unde[illegible] this 16th day of October, 1838.

MARY PUMPHREY.

October 18. 2

STATE OF MARYLAN[illegible]
Anne Arundel County, Orphans [illegible]
September 18[illegible]

ON application by petition [illegible] Birmingham, Administrat[illegible] mas Birmingham, late of Anne-Ar[illegible] ty, deceased, it is ordered that [illegible] notice required by law for cred[illegible] hibit their claims against the sai[illegible] and that the same be published o[illegible] week, for the space of six success[illegible] in one of the newspapers prin[illegible] napolis.

SAM'L. BROWN,
Reg. Wills A. A[illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY G[illegible]

THAT the subscriber of An[illegible] county, hath obtained from the Or[illegible] of Anne Arundel County, in Mary[illegible] of administration on the person[illegible] Thomas Birmingham, late of A[illegible] county, deceased. All persons h[illegible] against the said deceased, are h[illegible] ed to exhibit the same, with [illegible] thereof, to the subscriber, at o[illegible] 18th day of March next, they m[illegible] by law be excluded from all b[illegible] said estate. Given under my ha[illegible] day of September, 1838.

CAVE BIRMINGHAM

September 20.

GEORGE McNEIR & [illegible]
Merchant Tailor[illegible]

HAVE just received their Fa[illegible]
CLOTHS, CASSIM[illegible]
VESTINGS,
(selected with great care from [illegible] ers.) which will be made up in [illegible] shionable style, and on accommo[illegible]

Also, a large assortment [illegible]
GOODS, consisting of
Gloves, Stocks, Collars, C[illegible] penders, Silk and Cam[illegible] Handkerchiefs, Silk and [illegible] siery, Buckskin, Silk, [illegible] Cotton Shirts and Drawe[illegible]

September 20.

$100 REWA[illegible]

RAN AWAY from the subs[illegible] tation near Queen-An[illegible] George's county, Maryland, [illegible] low named FRANK. He is a [illegible] of age, a mulatto or yellow co[illegible] feet 8 or 10 inches high, cross-[illegible] of hair, broad mouth, and we[illegible] has a remarkable scar on his s[illegible] ly. His only clothing known [illegible] shirts and trowsers. No doubt [illegible] clothing with him. I will give [illegible] ward of One Hundred Dollars [illegible] ing and securing the said fello[illegible] him again. Frank ran off on [illegible] last.

JOHN W[illegible]

Rockville, Md. Sept. 18th, [illegible]