

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS: Thursday, December 14, 1837.

COURT OF APPEALS, W. S. DECEMBER TERM, 1837.

5th December.—Present the Honourable Stevenson Archer, Thomas B. Dorsey, and E. F. Chambers.

No. 2. Chapman, Adm'r. of Chapman, vs. William Morris, appeal from Charles County Court, was argued by Alexander for the Appellant, and J. Johnson for the Appellee.

The Court announced that the argument of the cases on the special docket—cases ordered to be heard at the first term, would commence on Tuesday the 12th inst. after the arrival of the steamer from Baltimore.

No. 3. The United States Bank vs. Ariana J. Lyles and others; appeal from P. George's County Court—argument commenced by Alexander for the Appellant.

Dec. 6.—Present, the Hon. Stevenson Archer, Thomas B. Dorsey, E. F. Chambers, and Ara Spence.

No. 3. The President and Directors of U. S. Bank vs. Ariana J. Lyles and others. Argument suspended and adjournment suggested by the Appellants.

No. 4. Richard W. Isaac vs. Coleb Clark—motion to dismiss the appeal argued by Duckett and Alexander for the Appellant, and C. C. Magruder and A. C. Magruder for the Appellee.

No. 10. C. Thomas, Adm'r. of Bradlee vs. The Visitors of Frederick County School, was commenced by Balch for the Appellant.

Dec. 7.—Present, the same Judges as on yesterday, and the Hon. John Stephen, and Ara Spence, Judges.

No. 16. Thomas, Adm'r. of Bradlee vs. The Visitors of Frederick County School, was concluded by Balch for the Appellant, and submitted on notes by Ross for the Appellee.

No. 21. Powell, Fiddeman and Boggs vs. Bradlee, Carey and Bradlee, was commenced by McMahon for the Appellants, and R. Johnson for the Appellee.

Dec. 8.—Present, the same Judges as on yesterday.

No. 21. The argument in this cause was continued by R. Johnson and Mayer for the Appellee, and commenced in reply by McMahon.

Dec. 9.—The argument in this cause was concluded by McMahon for the Appellant.

No. 28. Wm. H. Gatehell, Trustee of Uhlir and Brunr vs. Isaac Reynolds and others, was commenced by Glenn for the Appellants.

Dec. 11.—No. 25. The Maryland Insurance Company vs. Jos. S. Bossiere, was commenced by D. Stewart for the Appellant, and Evans and R. Johnson for the Appellee.

Dec. 12.—No. 25, was concluded by R. Johnson for the Appellee, and Meredith in reply for the Appellant.

No. 4. Special Docket. Huster et al. vs. Lewis, was commenced by Anderson for the Appellant.

Dec. 13.—No. 4. The argument was continued by Anderson for the Appellant, and commenced by Brent for the Appellee.

The Executive Council of Maryland will meet on Tuesday, the 21st inst.

The Corporation of Georgetown has passed resolutions expressive of its regret for the death of the late Senator KENT, of Maryland.

The Cherokee litigation, acting as mediators between the Seminoles and the U. S. have left St. Augustine for the interior of Florida.

We learn from the "Globe," that resolutions in favour of a divorce of the Government from all banks, were passed by the South Carolina Legislature, by a vote of 109 to 20.

The Farmers & Mechanics Bank at Hartford has resumed specie payments on all its notes. Decree it pays in current Bank notes.

Among the passengers arrived in the packet ship Roscoe, at New York from Liverpool, are the Hon. JOHN BUCHANAN and General EXORY, and Messrs. H. McKim and CHARLES GILMORE of the city. The two first named gentlemen are Commissioners appointed by the State of Maryland to negotiate in Europe the Canal and Rail Road loan of six millions of dollars. The result of their mission has not yet transpired, although their reason to believe that it has been successful.—American.

We understand that Messrs. BUCHANAN and EXORY have returned from Europe without effecting the object of their mission.—Chron.

The New York Express states that the quantity of Flour sent to sea last week, by the North River, during the month of November, was 216, 170 barrels.

A ship from the New York Gazette mentions that the Cay Islands were covered by ice, and that ice was reported to have been raised in the Hudson Valley, and the produce intended for the New York city market had been sent down from Albany.

There were various rumors about in New York last week touching the failure of some of the New England Banks, but they have all proved to be without foundation in truth.

It will be seen by the advertisement that the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal will be kept open by an ice-breaker, until Back Creek is closed by ice.

From the Globe of Monday night. CONGRESS.

Several matters of great general interest and importance were brought before the consideration of the Senate to-day. Among them was an interesting memorial from citizens of Pennsylvania, praying the passage of a law ordering United States marshals to direct the execution of criminals sentenced to death, by United States courts, within prison yards, as is the practice in regard to criminals executed in pursuance of the judgment of State tribunals.

The memorial entered into an eloquent detail of the bad effects that have resulted from public exhibitions of this character. Mr. WRIGHT, from the committee on Finance, reported a bill, the same as that reported at the special session, and which then passed the Senate, to refund the debt paid on goods destroyed by the great fire in New York. A bill to repeal the laws authorizing the establishment of the Express Mail, was introduced by Mr. CRITTENDEN.

A resolution was also introduced by him and adopted, after modifications suggested by Messrs. CLAY and GAYDEN, directing the Postmaster General to report the receipts and expenditures on the Express Mail establishment, its proposed extensions, etc. A memorial in reference to imprisonment for debt was presented by Mr. TALLMADGE.

STANDING COMMITTEES

Of the House of Representatives of the U. States Twenty-Fifth Congress—Second Session.

In pursuance of the order of the House of Thursday, the 7th Dec. mber, 1837, the following Standing Committees were appointed, viz.

Elections.—Messrs. Buchanan, Griffin, Hawkins, Kilgore, Maury, of Tennessee, Towns, Bronson, Penn. banker, and Hastings.

Ways and Means.—Messrs. Cambreleng, McKim, Hamer, Sergeant, Jones, of Virginia, Fletcher, of Massachusetts, Atherton, Haynes, and Reicher.

Claims.—Messrs. Wadsworth, of Ohio, Chambers, Darlington, Russell, Campbell, of Tennessee, Clark, Carter, of Maine, Sturt, and Williams, of New Hampshire.

Commerce.—Messrs. Smith, Phillips, Cushman, DeGraff, Toland, Curtis, Mason, of Virginia, Worthington, and Hunter, of Ohio.

Public Lands.—Messrs. Bonn, Williams, of North Carolina, Lane, of Casey, Chapman, Harrison, Y. H. Shields, and Gholson.

Post Office and Post Roads.—Messrs. Montgomery, Briggs, Hall, Hopkins, Hubley, Calhoun, of Kentucky, Towns, Duncan, and Palmer.

District of Columbia.—Messrs. Baldwin, Jenifer, Dawson, Prentiss, Hawkins, C. H. Williams, of Tennessee, Davee, and Pettkin.

Judiciary.—Messrs. Thomas, Robertson, Toucey, Corwin, Garland, of Virginia, Bruyn, S. W. Morris, of Pennsylvania, Turney, and Citley.

Revolutionary Claims.—Messrs. Muhlenberg, Craig, Underwood, Tallferro, Parmenter, Harper, Birdsall, A. H. Shepard, of N. Carolina, and J. L. Williams, of Tennessee.

Public Expenditures.—Messrs. Hale, Alexander, Titus, Stratton, Rumsey, Fletcher, of Vermont, Crockett, Patterson, and Sheffer.

Private Land Claims.—Messrs. May, Calhoun, of Massachusetts, Lawler, Harlan, Beaty, Rariden, Leubster, Loomis, and Chentham.

Manufactures.—Messrs. Adams, Webster, State, Biddle, Tillinghast, Vail, Naylor, Foster, and Hunter, of Virginia.

Agriculture.—Messrs. Deberry, Logan, Phelps, Weeks, Spencer, Noyes, Davies, Randolph, and Stone.

Indian Affairs.—Messrs. Bell, Everett, Chaney, Parker, Campbell, of South Carolina, Murray, of Kentucky, Graham, of North Carolina, Cray, and Pennybacker.

Military Affairs.—Messrs. McKay, Coles, Grenoll, Muier, Rives, Keuble, Mason, of Ohio, McClellan, of Tennessee, and Haldat.

Militia.—Messrs. Wagener, Carter, of Tennessee, Holt, Allen, of Ohio, Griffin, G. Lupp, Duns, Southgate, and Dennis.

Naval Affairs.—Messrs. Ingham, Milligan, Reed, Wise, Grantland, Moore, Kilgore, P. Nynter, and Anderson.

Foreign Affairs.—Messrs. Howard, Cushing, Jackson, of Georgia, Dronogole, Claiborne, Fairfield, Patton, Lagare, and Holtman.

Territories.—Messrs. Bronson, Potts, Pearce, Borden, Jones, of N. York, Farrington, White, of Kentucky, Hammond, and C. Shepard, of North Carolina.

Revolutionary Pensions.—Messrs. Morgan, Klingensmith, Bond, Fry, Johnson, of Virginia, Sibley, Ewing, Whittlesey, of Connecticut, and Childs.

Invalid Pensions.—Messrs. Taylor, Williams, of Kentucky, Allen, of Vermont, McClellan, of New York, Herod, Stanley, Mallory, Ayerigg, and Plumer.

Roads and Canals.—Messrs. Mercer, Evans, McKennon, Sawyer, Filmore, Johnson, of Maryland, White, of Indiana, Graves, and Grant.

Patents.—Messrs. Fletcher, of Vermont, Phelps, Menefee, Bicknell, and M. Morris, of Pennsylvania.

Public Buildings and Grounds.—Messrs. Lincoln, Legare, Pratt, Mercer, and Jackson, of Georgia.

Revisal and Unfinished Business.—Messrs. Shepler, of Ohio, Noble, Southgate, Henry, and Peck.

Accounts.—Messrs. Johnson of Virginia, Johnson, of Maryland, S. W. Morris, of Pennsylvania, Bicknell, and Hewes.

Mileage.—Messrs. Dawson, Howard, Briggs, Miller, and Claiborne.

The following Committees, appointed last session, stand through the Congress: On the Expenditures in the Department of State.—Messrs. M. Morris of Pennsylvania, Johnson, of N. York, Shepler, of Ohio, Yorke, of New Jersey, Andrews, of New York.

On the Expenditures in the Department of

the Treasury.—Messrs. Allen, of Vermont, Sheffer, of Pennsylvania, Ayerigg, of New Jersey, Gray, of N. York, Halsey, of Georgia.

On the Expenditures in the Department of War.—Messrs. Clowney, of South Carolina, Vandewater, of New York, Holt, of Connecticut, Morris, of Ohio, Marvin, of New York.

On the Expenditures in the Department of the Navy.—Messrs. Brodhead, of N. York, Maxwell, of New Jersey, Goode, of Ohio, Edwards, of N. York, Graham, of Indiana.

On the Expenditures in the Department of the Post Office.—Messrs. Childs, of New York, Dennis, of Maryland, Hawes, of Kentucky, Gallup, of N. Y., Plumer, of Pennsylvania.

On the Expenditures of the Public Buildings.—Messrs. Sawyer, of North Carolina, Cranston, of Rhode Island, Menefee, of Kentucky, Dunn, of Indiana, Ridgway, of Ohio.

BY THE STEAMBOAT FROM NORFOLK.

(From our Correspondent of the Norfolk Herald.)

FROM THE SOUTH.

By the steam packet Georgia, Capt. Rollins, in 34 hours from Charleston, we have received the Charleston Courier and Mercury to Friday, from which we extract the subjoined intelligence from Florida.

A Columbia correspondent of the Southern Patriot, says:—

"Mr. Preston left here a day or two ago, for the purpose of having a surgical operation performed on his arm. It appears that while in Washington, during the extra session, feeling unwell, he requested one of our Delegates to bleed him; unaccustomed to the business, the gentleman instead of opening a vein, cut an artery. It has caused Mr. Preston some pain, and is feared may cost him the use of his arm. It is to be hoped that surgical skill may prevent so unfortunate an occurrence."

FROM FLORIDA.

The U. S. steamer Point, Capt. TRATHEN, arrived here yesterday from Black Creek.

We have received by the vessel a letter, stating that twenty of the Indians confined in the fort at St. Augustine, consisting of Wild Cat, and one other Indian Chief, six or seven warriors, and two squaws, had made their escape. The whole of these, it appears, were confined in one room, and by some means or other had been furnished with files, thus enabling them to saw off the iron bars that had been placed across the port holes—they then tied their blankets together, and descended. Pursuit was made as soon as the escape was discovered, but proved fruitless.

Charleston Courier 6th inst.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

Fort Mellon, (Lake Munro,) Nov. 25.

I hasten to give you the first news of importance we have had at this place since my arrival. This evening at sunset Powell's brother-in-law and two other Indians who had been sent by Gen. Jessup from Volusia, to Micanopy, returned bearing a white flag, and bringing with them three women and two children. They found Micanopy on his way to Tampa Bay; he went word to Co-a-hajo, who is here, that he would meet him at a creek, the name of which I could not learn, in four days from this time. A delegation of Cherokees, consisting of six, arrived here yesterday; they will accompany Co-a-hajo in his visit to Micanopy for the purpose of using their influence with him to come in.

Gen. Jessup is expected to-morrow, also Col. Twiggs' Regiment of Dragoons, who started two days ago for this post, by land, from Volusia for the purpose of scouring the country.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

The New York Courier of Saturday says:—"We understand that depositions were yesterday made in this city, that agents of the insurgents in Canada, were openly recruiting in Burlington and other places in Vermont, and sending into Canada, men and munitions of war, for the use of those in arms against the Government. These depositions were forwarded to England, by yesterday's Packet, and to the British Minister at Washington, and will doubtless be the cause of an immediate demand upon our Executive to put an end to such proceedings in future. Our fellow citizens, and the public press throughout the United States, cannot be too cautious how they encourage or countenance any proceedings which may by possibility embroil us with England, or which may have a tendency to weaken the bond of amity and interest by which the two countries are now so closely united."

LOWER CANADA.

At a late hour this morning we received letters from Montreal and papers of Monday morning.

The detachment under Col. Gore entered St. Dennis early on Saturday morning—marched thence to St. Charles on Sunday—and was to proceed on Monday to St. Hyacinthe, in pursuit of Messrs. Nelson and Papineau, who were supposed to have fled in that direction. St. Charles and the other villages on the Chambly river are to be occupied by bodies of the troops until further orders.

Thus it appears that there is no truth whatever in the reports from Vermont, of new gatherings of the insurgents since the affair of St. Charles, and their subsequent occupation of that village.

The house of Dr. Nelson, and those from which the troops were fired on, have been burned.

The Courier thus sums up the doings of the eight preceding days:—"Thus, within the short space of eight days, have forty-five miles in extent of the most populous and wealthy portions of this district been traversed in arms by her majesty's troops, in vindication of the outraged laws of the country,

and the rebels who had compelled the deluded peasantry to take arms against their lawful sovereign, completely put to flight. A large reward, we understand, is offered for their delivery into the hands of government.

On the 29th ultimo Lord Gosford issued his proclamation, addressed to the inhabitants of the province and especially to the misguided population on and near the Richelieu (or Chambly) river, urging them to return to their allegiance and calling upon all loyal subjects of her majesty to be at all times prepared to maintain the authority of the sovereign, and counteract the rebellious designs of the disaffected.

In addition to the arrests we have already mentioned, we learn that Dr. P. A. Dorion, M. P. P. for Champlain, and a man named Louis Mege, were arrested at St. Ours, and arrived in Montreal on Saturday evening.

There was nothing new from Grand Brule. One of the murderers of Mr. Chartrand, has been arrested, and confessed his crime. His name is Langlois. It appears that Chartrand was made prisoner by a body of about a dozen men, of whom he, Langlois, was one, that they dragged him to a school-house near, and after a few moments' mock-trial sentenced him to death as a spy, though he had left St. Johns on private business.

Five of their number accordingly shot him on the spot. At the first discharge he received three wounds but was not killed; and another of the party then stepped up and shot him dead. Langlois was induced to come in and make confession, by the influence of the priest, to whom he confessed his crime.

The Hon. James Baxter of St. Jean committed suicide on Sat. Saturday week, in a fit of despondency to which he had been for some time subject. He was a native of Vermont, but resident for several years in Canada, and a member of the Legislative Council.—N. Y. Com.

FROM THE N. Y. COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER, DEC. 7.

LOWER CANADA.

We have the Montreal Herald of Saturday morning, and late information through other channels. That on which we place most reliance is obtained from gentlemen who left Montreal at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning, and who assure us that a confidence was at that time, very much restored, the general opinion being that the spirit as well as the power of the insurgents had received so severe a check at St. Charles as would reduce them far below even an equality with the loyalists, strengthened as the latter will soon be by the large force coming from Upper Canada.

Colonel Gore had marched with a strong reinforcement against St. Dennis—the correspondent of the Courier and Equator says, with orders to destroy every thing—razes or burn the houses, and give no quarter.

Col. Wetherall was also to march on another expedition against the insurgents collected at Grand Brule, (Two Mountains) where as we stated on Tuesday, they were mustering in force and making strong demonstrations of disloyalty.

The correspondent of the Courier, who writes from Sandy Hill, and on information obtained from gentlemen arriving from Montreal states that a reward of \$1000 has been offered by the governor for the head either of Mr. Papineau or of General Brown. We presume that there can be no better foundation for this report than a communication from some over zealous loyalist, which we find in the Montreal Herald, suggesting the expediency of such a measure.

FROM THE MONTREAL TRANSCRIPT.

REBELLION AMONG THE REBELS.

We have the following statement from a Canadian on whom every reliance can be placed. General Brown having abandoned the standard which he had so materially assisted to raise, was stopped by a band of his own party.

Knowing that they were already deserted by Papineau, O'Callaghan and Neilson, and left to bear the penalties of their misdeeds and counsils, they at first proposed to try the general by court martial and shoot him.

In vain he protested that he was bound upon some important business connected with their cause; they doubted him, and proceeded to search his person, a duty in which they are great adepts.

Upon his person they found a large sum of money. (It is stated little short of £3000,) which fully satisfied them of his dishonest intentions. They stripped him, kicked him, and let him go—daining the money.

Several seizures of gunpowder have been made at Montreal.

We give very little confidence to this story.—Com. Adv.

FROM THE MONTREAL HERALD.

All accounts agree that the rebels are mustering their forces in considerable numbers north of the city, and are building fortifications and making other demonstrations of an intended engagement with the Queen's troops. The post master at Vaudreuil is reported to have joined the rebel camp, and the mail bag to Bytown had to be sent back to this city, as it was not deemed safe to carry it farther than St. Basche. About fifty families of loyalists have been under the necessity of seeking security for their lives in timely flight, and arrived here on Thursday and yesterday. The number of rebels in arms is stated to be much greater than at St. Charles, many of whom have, in all probability, joined their friends in the North.

We learn that Mr. C. S. Cherrier, a member of the Provincial Parliament, and Mr. Tous saint Peltier, were arrested on the 1st inst., for high treason. These are parties of more note than most of those heretofore arrested.

It is stated that a warrant has been issued against another M. P. P.—E. Knight, Esq., but it was supposed that he had taken refuge in the United States.

As was to be expected, a number of foreign military men have gone to Canada as spectators

of, and some perhaps desirous to take part in, the military operations there in progress. Among the number, we have heard of some 20 English officers on half pay, Captain Marryatt, Baron Hackett, (going, if not gone), the Duke de Blacas, Chevalier Tant, and M. de Zollen-dall—the last three French gentlemen of distinction.

We learn that 2000 pairs of snow-shoes have been purveyed by the government in Lower Canada, to insure the efficiency of the troops during the winter.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

A meeting has been held at Churchville, Toronto district, Upper Canada, which virtually declared independence, and reported a constitution for what they call "the State of Upper Canada." Report says that Bidwell is in motion again.

The New York Journal of Commerce acknowledges the receipt of Montreal papers to the 6th inst. Quebec to the 4th, and Burlington, Vt. to the 8th. The general complexion of the accounts (says the Journal) is unfavourable to the insurgents, and indicates to our minds that the flurry is nearly over.

From the Montreal Herald, Dec. 5. Proclamations have at last been issued, offering rewards for the apprehension of the principal traitors. The rewards appear to be graduated according to the rascality of the parties.

For L. J. Papineau, £1000
For Dr. Wolfred Neilson; Thomas S. Brown, E. B. O'Callaghan, M. P. P.; C. H. O. Cole, M. P. P.; Joseph T. Drolet, M. P. P.; Jos. G. Girouard, M. P. P.; Wm. Henry Scott, M. P. P.; E. E. Rodier, M. P. P.; Amory Girod; Jean O. Charlier, each £500

For Pierre Paul Demary; Joseph F. Daignon; Julien Gagnon; Pierre Annett; Timothy Francier; Louis Perrault; Alphonse Gaurin; Louis G. Leduc; Rod. Des Rivieres, £100

Quebec, Dec. 4.—Some of the Township Militia, in Lower Canada, and Volunteers, have actually marched in the rear of the disturbed Counties.

The rebels are still in force on the rivers Chambly and Yamaska, and in the County of the Two Mountains.—Quebec Gazette.

Quebec, Dec. 4.—The sleighing is still good in this neighbourhood, the roads being covered with a sheet of ice.

From the Burlington Free Press, Dec. 8. We have received intelligence from Highgate, that on Wednesday night a party of about 40 patriots, who had been at Swanton some days, attempted to make their way through to Missisquoi Bay, but were ambushed by several hundred loyalists at St. Armands, and driven back with the loss of one man killed, three wounded, one prisoner, and their two pieces of ordnance.

From the Burlington Sentinel, Dec. 8. The patriots are organizing their men and preparing for their winter campaign. Little or nothing will be done till there is crossing on the ice to Montreal. At Grand Brule, 30 miles above Montreal, they are assembled in large numbers, and are drilling under the command of a man named Girouard, and a Swiss officer of the name of Girod. They have the complete command of the country and have stopped the mails. On this side of the Spree they have retired from St. Dennis and are now posted at St. Cesarie.

All active operations will probably be suspended on both sides until the month of January.

It is stated in the New York Post that the authorities of New Brunswick have ordered the British troops to march through our territory to Canada, without waiting for the result of their application for permission to do so.

The first division of the 43d Regiment, from New Brunswick, had arrived at Quebec.

BY THE EXPRESS MAIL.

FROM THE TROY WHIG.

THE CANADA WAR.

Our readers will perceive from the following intelligence, received by the western mail of this morning, that the spirit of revolt has broken out in the upper, as well as the lower, province of Canada.

From the Buffalo Daily Journal, Extra, Wednesday, 6th Dec. 5, P. M.

We have just received the following highly important information from a gentleman of respectability at Queenstown, U. C., announcing that the city of Toronto is in possession of the PATRIOTS OF THE UPPER PROVINCE.

Revolutionary Movements in Upper Canada—Capture of Toronto—the Governor and his Council taken Prisoners.

Commercial Herald Office, Oswego, Dec. 7, 1837—7 o'clock, P. M.

The schooner Will-t, Captain McCumber, has just come into our harbour, from Belleville, Upper Canada. Captain McCumber states that the Government Express passed through Belleville yesterday, with intelligence that the patriots had assembled and were in arms in the vicinity of Toronto, to the number of 5,000, headed by McKenzie, Bidwell and Parker; full credit was given to this intelligence at Belleville.

STILL LATER.

Six o'clock. The Traveller left Niagara this afternoon with 1 hundred royal volunteers, under the command of Daniel McLaughlin, who was a lieutenant in the militia at the battle of Queenston.—The steamer Transit is lying off in the bay of Toronto, with the family of the Governor and the public munitions.

The militia are assembling at Niagara. Apprehensions are felt of an attack upon the town to-night, and preparations are making for defence.

MARTIAL LAW.—An extra Gazette was issued at Quebec on the evening of the 6th inst.

declaring the disturbed districts, POSTSCRIPT.

Since the above numerous intelligence, other channels are following.

Correspondence list.

A corresponding 6th inst., writing at Niagara, details on the Niagara.

IMPORTANT RISING OF TACK ON LEWISTOWN.

Dear Sir—The revolutionary have forwarded other of the T which contains the subject.

The Canadian very high state organization, for part, seems to be of the pro- government.

Many individuals engaged in it there is little short period the upper province destitute of the loyal inhabitants very small part they will not people who are

We have in fidence, that state of Maine put territory raise volunteers.

We understand withdrawn from Exploring Ex of the commu- crary of the been accepted train of circum the sequel have mander to be national ente- attainments, to a chivalrous quality him to that such is the dore's health New York; it now, in the o say arduous restoration.—

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