

inhabitants appeared  
banks that came on shore

id lady that was saved,  
ry feebly, and almost  
l in the surf, but how  
self nor any other per  
nt. Sir Hussey, who  
e to a spar, but she  
nd lost. Mr. H. af  
e to a spar and reached  
ion of our informant  
e passengers were lost  
struck, when the boat  
ren on board were lost  
years old.

SOUTH.  
TRUE AMERICAN,  
ANS, Oct. 14.  
THE CITY.  
impelled to state that  
y increased since the  
obvious, the hot sun  
gnant water in our  
and continued great  
strangers. The fever  
in the season, more viru  
at as high as we can  
or fifty per day. The  
the yellow fever, and  
no unacclimated per-

ce of the Picayune,  
ANS, Oct. 14.  
are to be seen in our  
of employment—hun-  
e are informed that this  
e are several of them  
his fact for the benefit  
who wrote us a let-  
of good situations and  
twenty five or thirty  
hard every place.

OF THE COURIER,  
N, October 17.  
LORIDA.  
acket Pointsett, Capt.  
the forenoon, we have  
e Courier, of the 12th  
w.  
THATHEN, that Gen.  
reck, waiting for the  
n the campaign on the

ounted Tennesseeans left  
ata, 14th inst. Two  
ement U. S. Dragoons,  
Major ASHBY, left Ga-  
15th inst. A Detach-  
under Lt. MACKELL,  
were immediately sent  
There is every appear-  
Spain. Gen. JACK  
is sudden and severe blow  
arranged.  
s Ferry are in fine or-

NDENCE—EMPEROR  
RUSSIA.  
of brig Leonidas, from  
oston, informs the Messrs.  
have this intelligence,  
independence sailed from  
of August. Being all  
wind light, the Emperor  
officer and boat's crew,  
tussian ship of war in the  
ing the frigate out; and  
ys that she went out of  
with a string of boats  
in advance. The Em-  
frigate and her officers  
last moment of her stay  
is remarked that no ship  
had ever before been  
manifestations of good  
our.—N. Y. Com.

TROUBLES.  
is Bulletin of Oct. 6th  
g from the Jeffersonian,  
of Missouri:  
nd that there is some pro-  
with the Osages, on the  
Information has been re-  
e are embodying and mak-  
s. We have also under-  
e have been ordered out  
in force sufficient to repel  
ay be attempted in that

N VIRGINIA.  
nquirer of Friday says:  
almost unparalleled at  
ear. We have had one  
not one good rain since  
The earth is so dry and  
difficult to plough it, so  
Our James River is  
is ever been recollecte.

AND NO CANAL.  
Advocate states that the  
line of the canal, from  
l, are preparing for ac-  
Advocate adds:—  
st underings known  
will require many thou-  
plete it. The number  
computes at about 6,000,  
e lines under way it is  
to be increased to a-  
age the wages and board  
dollar and twenty-five  
and the sum expended  
e hundred and two thou-

**FOREIGN.**

**From the New York Post.  
LATEST FROM EUROPE.**

The packet ship Independence, Capt. Nye, the President, Capt. Chadwick, and the St. Andrew, Capt. Harvey, have arrived this morning from Liverpool. We have received by them Liverpool papers to the 25th of September inclusive, and London papers to the evening of Saturday the 23d. We give below a summary of the principal intelligence they contain.

**ENGLAND.**

It is said that some assistance is to be given of a more effectual nature in the liquidation of the claims of the American houses in New York, and that a gentleman of much experience in such business, accompanied by one of the confidential clerks of the Bank itself, is about to proceed thither for that purpose. Whether this mission is undertaken expressly by the orders of the Bank, or at the solicitation of other parties, does not appear; but, coupled with the total silence of the Directors on this subject at the meeting yesterday, it proves the correctness of the general impression in the city that the realization of the effects of those houses in America is going on very badly.—Times of the 23d.

The London Gazette gives the official notice that Parliament will be held for the despatch of business on the 15th day of November next.

**BANK OF ENGLAND.**—Quarterly Average of the Weekly Receipts and Assets of the Bank of England from the 27th June to the 19th Sept. 1837, inclusive:

Liabilities.		Assets.	
Circulation, £81,400,000	Securities, 26,605,000	Deposits, 11,693,000	Bullion, 6,303,000
29,977,000	32,908,000		

A comparison of the above with the last account shows that the circulation has been increased by 352,000l., the deposits increased by 85,000l., the securities decreased by 112,000l., and the bullion increased by 519,000l.

The crops of potatoes in all parts of the kingdom, including Ireland, were never known to be finer.

**FRANCE.**

The Paris Journals contain no news of importance. The marriage of the Princess Marie with Prince Alexander of Wurtemberg, was fixed for the 4th of October. The ceremony was to take place privately at the Chateau of Trianon.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—There was a report to-day on Change of a project which the Minister of Finance is said to have under serious consideration, to reduce the five per cent Stock; the plan is said to be to change this stock into three per cents at 75 in the plan of M. Villele, the profits of the operation estimated at 18 millions, to be applied for five years to the execution of the iron rail road from Paris to the frontiers of Belgium.—Messenger.

It may be said that the cholera has ceased at Marseilles. The bulletin of the 14th announces 14 deaths, three are ascribed to cholera.—Le Commerce, Sept. 19.

**SPAIN.**

The news from Spain is not favourable to the Constitutionalists. The remains of the British legion have suffered a severe defeat. The capital of Spain is threatened with an attack from the Carlists, against which the Government was taking precautions for defence. All the gates and squares are defended by artillery, and several of the streets are barricaded. Martial law had been proclaimed. There had been some slight skirmishing in the vicinity of the capital; on the 10th of September, a body of Carlists had advanced almost to the gates, when the arrival of Espartaco with a superior force, obliged them to retire.

The British Legion, the remnant left by Evans, and commanded by O'Donnell, has experienced a severe defeat. O'Donnell, with a combined force of British and Spaniards, occupied Andoain, not far from Hernani, when on the 14th of September, early in the morning, the Carlists commenced the attack; but when they were more than a mile off, and before a shot had been fired, the Fifth Light Infantry Spanish regiment ran off the field, followed by the whole of the Spanish troops! There was then nothing to be done but to secure the guns, and to retreat to Hernani. By very great exertions the guns were carried off.

Col. Wakefield, at the head of the Lancers, charged the Carlists seven times in the most gallant manner, and thus afforded some protection to the Artillery, who, under command of Major Howe, behaved with the greatest bravery; while the Spanish officers, as well as men, refused even the slightest aid in drawing the guns. Several of the cowards were killed by the British soldiers in their flight. It was with the utmost difficulty that O'Donnell escaped; he was for some time a prisoner, but was rescued. He succeeded in rallying some troops at Hernani, and drove back the Carlists to some distance, but ultimately returned to Hernani.

The loss of the British is variously stated from 200 to 250; fourteen officers were missing, either killed or taken prisoners. The Carlists carried off a million rounds of ammunition and about 200,000 rations. It is feared that O'Donnell will not be able to retain possession of Hernani, but will be forced to retire into San Sebastian. In that case, it is almost certain that Fuentarabia will again fall into the hands of the Carlists, and the communication with France reopened. O'Donnell on the 15th, attempted unsuccessfully to succor three companies of British soldiers who were shut up in Andoain, and still defended themselves bravely against the Carlists.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—Letters and papers from Madrid to the 13th have come to hand. Espartaco is said to have entered the capital on that day, which appears to be almost surrounded by

the Carlists. His force is estimated at 10,000 infantry and 1000 cavalry.

It is estimated that accounts from Madrid had reached Paris to the 15th, when the Carlists were again retiring towards Bueca. The letters and papers of the 13th give us some reason to expect the such would be the case, but at that date they were close to the walls, and had caused, as may well be expected, considerable alarm.

The inhabitants, however, including the National Guard, are described as being zealous in defence of their homes, but they are very much in want of energetic rulers. We had previously learned by the telegraphic dispatch, that the capital was declared on the 11th in a state of siege. On that day all the gates except two were closed, and the National Guard remained under arms during the whole night.

**PORTUGAL.**

The accounts from Lisbon to the 14th ult. represent the Chartrists to be gaining the complete ascendancy in the Portuguese provinces. The General in command of the Government troops before Valencia is stated to have been deserted by all his men, with the exception of two Aidez-de-camp and five soldiers, and to have sought refuge in Oporto.

**GERMANY.**

In Berlin the cholera continues to prevail with undiminished violence having proved much more fatal this year than on its first appearance there. During the week terminating on the 10th inst., the deaths had amounted to 826; the births during the same period had been 1900. In Breslau there has been 72 deaths during the last week. In Konigsberg and Madgeburg there consisted to be three or four deaths daily.

The Surland Mercury gives the following from the frontiers of Servia, Sept. 25.—The plague has invaded Servia, and the quarantine established by prince Milutch has not preserved the country from this terrible scourge. Fortunately, the precautions taken by Austria are so strict, that it has nothing to fear. At Scrin the measures are extremely rigid. In Scrin every village is completely isolated; the inhabitants themselves keeping up a vigilant system of police.

A letter from Mihalya, county Yalad, in Hungary, says that on the 10th of July, at half past ten at night, there appeared in the horizon above the mountains, situated between Esab-Rendeck and Sunigh, not far from the forest of Bskang, an immense column of flame, which rose with a dreadful noise and roaring like that of distant steam, followed by two violent explosions, with a short interval between them. This phenomenon terrified not only the inhabitants but the domestic animals. The explosions were so violent that the ground trembled; and at Sunigh and Mihalya the windows were so shaken that they were expected to be broken to pieces. The phenomenon was of only a few seconds duration, and after the explosion all was buried in obscurity. An explosion nearly similar was heard on the 5th of January, in Syria.—Journal de Frankfort, Sept. 17.

**RUSSIA.**

The Emperor Nicholas.—Upon the arrival at Cronstadt of the American frigate Independence, two or three weeks since, with the Minister (Mr. Dallas) on board, the vessel was visited by the Emperor Nicholas, who came down in a boat with his ministers, attired in their robes of state, himself being habited as a private individual. Coming alongside the Independence, he leaped on board with the greatest agility, and at once joined the ship's company, with whom he entered familiarly into conversation. After examining every part of the interior of the frigate, the fire arms, &c. and addressing a few words of endearment to Mr. Dallas' children, his Majesty returned to the deck, and from thence guided into his boat again, of which he resumed the office of steersman. The party returned to the steamer lying in the distance, by which they had, it appears, come from the capital. A hint was at that moment given to the commander of the Independence of the quality of the stranger that had left him, and no time was lost in giving him the customary greeting. A royal salute was immediately fired. The Emperor inquired why it was that he heard more than twenty-one guns. The Admiral of the fleet told him that "the Yankees had discovered the imposition." "If that be the case," said Nicholas, "hoist my flag and let us return them a general answer!" which was done accordingly, and in another instant the port of Cronstadt was in a blaze.

**ITALY.**

The cholera has made its appearance at Pisa, whither several hundreds of persons had fled from Leghorn. Florence, according to the last accounts, was still free from the epidemic.

Letters from Naples of the 2d inst. state that a violent storm visited Palermo and its environs on the 24th ult. striking down several buildings; in the town, and laying the crops on the surrounding lands under water.

**BATAVIA.**

News has been received here from the Moluccas, that on the 21st of January, about nine in the evening, there was a terrible earthquake in the Islands of Saporoc, Urecko, and Noessalt, which was succeeded by less violent shocks on the following days. The damage done to the public buildings is very great. The house of the assistant resident at Saporoc has suffered so much that it is in danger of falling. Java papers to the latter end of May have been received. In one of them is an official notice, that it shall henceforth be allowed to import into Pajang all manufactures of wool and cotton manufactured in places to the west of the

Cape of Good Hope, without any proof that the goods have been previously imported or exported at Batavia, Samarang, or Sourabaya, and this, whether the goods be manufactured in the Netherlands or in foreign countries.

**ALGIERS.**

PARIS, Sept. 20.—A letter from Bona of the 6th says: "All the steamboats from Toulon and Algiers land detachments of troops; the whole amount of troops now in this province may be estimated at 11,000 men, of whom nearly 1,500 are sick or convalescent, so we want 5,000 more; 2,000 will be sufficient to guard our several ports, and 12,000 will be necessary for the expedition, for Achmet has taken all possible measures of defence and offence. The accounts from the camp do not agree. A treaty of peace is again spoken of; but the army reckons on having to fight. Gen. Darnemont is strongly fortified at Mezojel Hamar, and is on good terms with the neighbouring tribes; he has hired beasts of burthen to carry the provisions, and nobody doubts that the expedition will take place.

**EAST INDIES.**

**Destructive Typhoon—Bombay, June 24.**—One of the severest gales that has occurred here for the last forty-eight years, commenced on the evening of the 14th inst. On the morning of the 15th the scene of destruction was displayed. The roaring of the wind and thunder was truly awful; large palm trees, 6 feet in diameter, and 70 feet high, were torn up by the roots and hurled down with a tremendous crash; many of the houses were completely unroofed, and the trees blown about like chaff of the summer threshing floor. But the most destructive scene was in the harbour, where the ravages will be long remembered by the inhabitants and natives of Bombay. Large vessels of 600 to 1000 tons were forced from their moorings and driven high and dry upon the rocks, under the walls of the fort. There were fourteen vessels altogether on shore, eight of them Liverpool vessels, and out of that eight, six were condemned—the Richard Walker, the Ranger, the Northern Harbinger, the Mary Dugdale, the Great Harwood, and the Briton, all of which (ready for sailing) went on shore and became total wrecks. The loss of European lives was but small, but hundreds of native boats went to the bottom with all hands.

**HYMENEAU.**

Married, on Tuesday evening the 17th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Waters, Dr. JAMES W. WATERS of Anne-Arundel county, to Miss ELIZABETH WATERS of Montgomery county, daughter of Thomas Waters, Esq.

**JACOB BASFORD,**  
Merchant Tailor,  
HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Telegrapher's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of  
**FALL AND WINTER GOODS,**  
which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

**TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.**  
Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—Gf.

**BASIL SHEPARD,**  
Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Telegrapher's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bill or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shepard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement. Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to. B. S.  
Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—Gf.

**WILLIAM BRYAN,**  
Merchant Tailor,  
HAS just received a handsome assortment of  
**CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,**  
very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Telegrapher's Hotel.  
October 5.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,**  
That the subscriber, by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed on the 4th inst. by Nicholas Edin Watkins to him, assigning the whole of his property, real, personal and mixed, together with his Books of Account, all debts, rights and credits which he has, or is in any respect entitled to, for the benefit of his creditors, is alone authorized to dispose of and settle the same. All persons having claims against the said Nicholas Edin Watkins, will present them to the subscriber, properly authenticated, and those indebted to him are hereby warned not to settle their debts with any other person than the subscriber, or his order, which they are requested immediately to do.  
**JOHN NICHOLAS WATKINS.**  
July 20,

**IN CHANCERY.**

18th October, 1837.  
George A. Thomas vs.  
Moses Lancaster.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the sale of the mortgaged property hereinafter mentioned, for the purpose of discharging the complainant's claim.

The bill states, that on or about the 15th day of July 1837, the complainant sold and conveyed to the defendant a parcel of land lying in Cecil county, called Yorkshire, containing about two hundred and fifty acres, and on the same day, to secure the purchase money for said land, amounting to the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, the said defendant, Moses Lancaster, executed a deed of mortgage to the complainant, by which he conveyed the said land to the complainant to secure the payment of said purchase money, in the manner following, to wit: the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars thereof on the seventeenth day of August in the year 1837, and the residue in two annual payments of two thousand dollars each.—That the said Moses Lancaster has not paid the said sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, which fell due on the said 17th day of August in the year 1837, but has neglected and refused to pay the same, or any part thereof, by reason whereof the said mortgaged premises hath become forfeited. The bill also states, that the said defendant, Moses Lancaster, resides out of the state of Maryland.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of November next, give notice to the said non-resident defendant of the substance and object of the bill, that he may be warned to appear in this court, in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the 18th day of March next, to show cause, if any he hath, why a decree should not pass as prayed.  
True copy—T. J.  
**RAMSAY WATERS,**  
Reg. Cur. Can.  
October 26 3t.

**SPECIE!**  
PERSONS purchasing Goods of the undesignated shall receive change, to one-half the amount purchased, in SPECIE.  
**DUBOIS & WEEMS.**  
October 12.

**Anne-Arundel County, to wit:**  
HEREBY CERTIFY, that Henry Wayman, a man of said county, brought before me as Stray trespassing on his enclosures, a dark bay MARE about seven years old, fourteen hands high, trots and gallops, had old shoes all round. Also a bay mare COLT, about three years old, long tail and mane, and does not appear to have been bridled, trots and gallops, and appears much attached to each other. Given under hand of me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, this 2d day of October, 1837.

**THOS BURGESS.**  
The owner of the above described Mare and Colt, is hereby requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.  
**HENRY WAYMAN,**  
Poplar Spring, Anne-Arundel County,  
October 12.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,**  
That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, the full administration on the personal estate of John Pearce, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.  
**THOMAS W. COLE, Adm'r.**  
October 5.

**FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND,**  
September 30th, 1837.  
In pursuance of a joint resolution of the Board of Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, and of the Branch Bank at Easton, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a General Meeting of the Stockholders in the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, and its Branches, will be held at the Banking House in the city of Annapolis, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of considering the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, "An Act to provide for the extension of the Charters of certain Banks therein mentioned," passed at December session 1836, and deciding whether or not they will accept the act, and comply with the provisions thereof.  
By order,  
**TH. FRANKLIN, Cash.**

**STATE OF MARYLAND,**  
Anne-Arundel County, to wit:  
HEREBY CERTIFY, that Albert G. Warfield, of Anne-Arundel county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, this 22d day of September, in the year 1837, as a Stray trespassing upon his enclosures, a **SORREL MALE**, about six years old, fourteen hands high, a star in the forehead, and a white stripe about six inches long on the nose, a white stripe on the right eye just above the sight, wool all round, switched tail, trots and gallops, no other perceptible marks.  
Given under my hand this 22d day of September 1837.  
**ALFRED WARFIELD.**  
The owner of the above described Mare is directed to come forward prove property, pay charges, and take her away.  
**ALBERT G. WARFIELD,**  
near Lisbo, A. A. County.  
Sept. 21.

**TAXES! TAXES! TAXES!**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** to all persons who are indebted to the subscriber for TAXES, that immediate payment is required, and it is hoped that they will call and discharge the same, or be prepared to do so when called upon, if not, payment will be enforced according to law.  
**LEWIS N. SEWELL,**  
Collector of County and City Taxes,  
August 24.

**NOTICE.**  
THE OFFICERS FEES which have been delivered are collectable upon demand; being compelled by law to collect and pay over the same in sixty days from the delivery of said accounts, I hope that payment will be punctually made when called upon, if not I shall proceed to enforce payment according to law.  
**LEWIS N. SEWELL,**  
Deputy Sheriff,  
August 24.

**A CARD.**  
BARTER OR EXCHANGE.—WANTED, on landed security, Stock in the Annapolis and Elk Ridge Rail Road Company. Inquire at this Office.  
Sept. 28

**GEORGE MCNEIR & SON,**  
Merchant Tailors,  
HAVE just received a large assortment of  
**CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,**  
which they will make up in the most fashionable style, at the shortest notice.  
Also, an assortment of  
**Gloves, Stocks, Suspensers, Handkerchiefs, and Silk Hosiery, &c. &c.**  
Sept. 21.

**NOTICE.**  
THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 31st day of October next, for the purpose of settling with the supervisors of the roads, hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.  
By order,  
**R. J. COWMAN, Clk.**

**A BY-LAW**  
Authorising a further issue of certificates of Debt.  
[Passed October 6, 1837.]  
SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same, that the Mayor cause to be prepared an additional amount of Certificates or Evidences of Debt, not exceeding five thousand dollars, of a denomination of from six and one quarter cents to one dollar, which shall be signed by the Mayor, and when so signed shall be issued by him to such persons as may deposit with him an equivalent amount of such bank paper, as will be received on deposit in the Farmers Bank of Maryland.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the money so received by the Mayor shall be by him deposited in the Farmers Bank of Maryland to the credit of the City of Annapolis, subject to be drawn out upon the check of the Committee appointed by the order of the 10th of July 1837, and that said Committee be authorized to invest said money in the stock of the State of Maryland, or apply the same to the satisfaction of the debts now due from the City to the City Bank, and such other debts due from the City as the said Committee, or a majority there of, shall deem most advantageous to the City: Provided however, that of the said fund the sum of \$500 shall remain on deposit in the said bank for the purpose of redeeming the Certificates hereby authorized to be issued, upon a sudden emergency, and before other arrangements can be made for that purpose.  
**JOHN MILLER, Mayor.**  
October 12.

**SUNDAY MORNING FOR ANNAFOLLS.**  
The Steamboat MARYLAND leaves Baltimore every SUNDAY MORNING, at eight o'clock, for Annapolis, and returns in the afternoon, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting.  
**LEWEL. G. TAYLOR.**  
May 11.

**A BY-LAW**  
Relating to Hogs.  
[Passed September 11th, 1837.]  
BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, that from and after the passage of this law, all laws and by-laws heretofore passed in relation to keeping Hogs in any manner in this city, be and the same are hereby repealed, and that all persons who are not prohibited by the laws of the state from keeping Hogs may and after the passage of this law be permitted to keep Hogs within the limits of this city, provided the same are not permitted to run at large.  
**JOHN MILLER, Mayor.**  
Sept. 21.

**DR. BRANDRETH**

WANTS NO COLLEGE OR INSTITUTION, NO SOPHISTRY, NO CHANTER, HE BEING QUITE SATISFIED TO REST ON THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC.  
**VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL PILLS.**

THE unprecedented success which has resulted from the adoption of Brandreth's Pills, during a period of upwards of 85 years, the numerous and extraordinary cures which they have performed upon hundreds of individuals whom they have rescued from almost inevitable death, after they had been pronounced incurable by the most eminent of the faculty—justify Dr. Brandreth, the proprietor of this Vegetable Universal Medicine, in warmly and conscientiously recommending it to the especial notice of the public.

Dr. Brandreth wishes mankind to consider this truth, that health solely depends on the state of purity in which the blood is kept, every part of the body being supplied daily with new blood from the foot consumed, consequently, according to the purity of that blood, so must the state of the body be more or less healthy. To obtain therefore, the most direct purifier of the blood, is a question of no little importance to every individual.

That Brandreth's Pills are the most direct purifiers of the blood, there will be no doubt when it is considered, that they have gained their present very extensive sale by their own intrinsic merit; proved by the numerous cures which they have accomplished in every variety of disease.

The peculiar action of these pills is most surprising; their operations being more or less powerful according to the purity of the circulating fluid. On a person in a fair state of health, who is only costive or slightly bilious, they will be scarcely felt; on the contrary, if the complaint be chronic, and the constitution be much deranged, the effect generally at first is most powerful, until the system be freed from some of its most vitiated and terribly humours. This accomplished, doses sufficient to cause two or three copious evacuations daily, will soon remove the disease, and the constitution will be restored to a state of health and renewed vigor.

As a general Family Medicine, these Pills stand unrivalled. A great number of the lingering complaints which arise from the human system is immediately when they have been highly successful. The regular use of a few boxes will, in most cases, convey the patient to their beneficial properties. Indeed, a fair trial is all that is needful in their recommendation.

BeWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. If you buy the GENUINE MEDICINE be sure you buy clear of DRUG STORES. No DRUGGIST or APOTHECARY sells the GENUINE BRANDRETH PILLS. Ask to see the Certificate of Agency. All the regularly appointed Agents have one Price of Pills 25 cents the Box, with full directions.

The SUBSCRIBER is the regularly appointed AGENT for ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, of whom the GENUINE MEDICINE can at all times be procured.  
**RICHARD WELLS.**

I certify that the above named Richard Wells is the accredited agent for the sale of Dr. Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills in the city of Annapolis.  
**R. R. GREEN, General Agent**  
for Mr. Brandreth for Maryland, Virginia, and District of Columbia.  
May 4. 6m.

**STATE LIBRARY,**  
ANNAPOILIS, September 12, 1837.  
IN pursuance of a Resolution of the General Assembly, Notice is hereby given, that Sealed Proposals, with accompanying samples, will be received at this office, until the first day of November next, for furnishing the Stationary, &c. mentioned in the annexed list, for the use of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government of this State, for the year 1838.  
**D. RIDGELY, Librarian.**

**LIST OF ARTICLES WANTED.**  
10 Reams of Folio Post paper, good quality  
100 Do Quarto Post, white, blue and gilt, and some ruled, and of different qualities  
3 Do Foolscap, good quality,  
2 Do Demi, do.  
8 Do Envelope paper, do.  
3000 Best English Quills.

5 Gross Wadley's Metallic Pens, with 1 gross of handle.  
6 Dozen Wadley's No. 10 Pens.  
8 Do quart bottles M. & Noyes Ink.  
4 Do vials writing fluid.  
1 Gross Terry's Japan Ink.  
20lbs best Red Sealing Wax.  
10lbs best Red Waxed.  
2 Gross Red Tap.  
1 Do Seal Notes.  
1 Do Ivory Letter Folders.  
1 Do Letter Seals, (yellow boxwood.)  
6 Dozen Ink Stands.  
20 Do Sand Boxes Small size.  
20 Do Water do.

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Sept. 14—Gf. N

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