

Mississippi lead to the public no less than three most distressing, and still more distressing-for-boding letters, and add our private information, and current rumour, are of a more gloomy character than the public accounts, and that we now fear that the worst has not come!!

What worse can happen, in the money way, than the general stoppage, we cannot divine. It puts an end to credit, the greatest mercantile calamity that could happen; but it does not destroy our goods and chattels, lands and tenements—his sun continues to shine, and beautiful Providence promises to bless the season—and the industrious and enterprising race of Americans still survive to improve and enjoy these blessings.

What worse is to come, then, out of the bank stoppage and mercantile failures than has happened, we know not, but we suppose that our neighbour of the Intelligencer casts a glance across the water to his own country. The London prints, as will be seen by our extracts, tell us that England looks to the packets for gold and silver to save her mercantile ascendancy, and the apprehension that enough has not been sent out to serve the purpose, probably excited the editor of the Intelligencer the expression of his "fear that the worst has to come."

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.
Very late from the Army—Surrender of Osca and Philip.—We are indebted to Major Andrews and Lieut. Herbert, U. S. Army, from Black Creek, which place they left on Tuesday last, and who arrived here yesterday in the Steam Packet Georgia, from Charleston, for the following intelligence:

Oscala and Philip with about 800 Warriors, came into Fort Mollon a day or two previous to their departure. There were between 2500 and 3500 Indians encamped within the vicinity of Fort Mollon, and it is presumed that they have arrived at Tampa Bay. The whole body of the Indians would probably embark from Tampa Bay about the last of this month for Arkansas; boats were in readiness to convey them thence.

We also learn that recent events have confirmed the opinion heretofore entertained, that Powell had exercised great influence in the nation; his superior intelligence and shrewdness has given him an influence which the hereditary chiefs could not retain over the young men, and this jealousy of his power is probably the true cause for assailing his reputation. He has been averse to murdering women and children and prisoners in cold blood, and has lost his popularity in some measures in consequence of it.

We also learn that the army, with the exception of some of the Volunteers, were generally in good health. That part of the army stationed at Fort Drane and Volusia, were more sickly, and that consequently the Forts were about being dismantled.

FROM PENNSACOLA.
We learn from a gentleman from this place who left 23rd April, that there were 600 Indians encamped in that neighborhood.

The U. S. Ships St. Louis, Capt. Paine, and Concord, Capt. Mix, arrived on that day from Havana—Officers and crew well.

NAVAL.
The Board for the Examination of Midshipmen, whose warrants bear date prior to the 1st January, 1832, will assemble at Page's Hotel, in Baltimore, on Monday the 22d inst. and will be composed of the following officers: Commodore James Biddle, President; Commodore M. J. Woolsey, Captains George C. Read, Joseph J. Nicholson, and David Conner. The matriculation examiners are Edward C. Ward, and P. J. Rodriguez.

PERPETUAL MOTION AGAIN.
The Boston Herald has a description of the last invented self-moving machine. It is as follows:

The machine is but roughly made, is yet of course sufficient to test the truth of the principle it would establish. It consists of a tube of tin, about three feet long, through which, being somewhat inclined, a ball rolls, and falls into the hollow circumference of a wheel divided into boxes, the wheel being about four feet in diameter. The weight of the ball, united with the power acquired by a fall of about six inches forces the wheel to turn upon its axis.

The ball is carried round in one of the boxes of the wheel, and is discharged into another tube, placed nearly a foot lower than the former. Through this it rolls, and is thence discharged into one of a series of cups, riveted to a band, which is put in motion by the revolution of the large wheel, by means of an elongated axle. In this cup it is lifted, and again discharged into the first tube, and then again begins its revolutions.

Such is the simple operation of the machine. It requires two bills to keep it in motion, as the resistance to one in its passage through the tube, and its elevation in the cups, more than counterbalances the momentum it imparts to the large wheel. The question is, what is the mechanical principle upon which this machine operates?

That there can be no extraneous power, is certain. We have seen, in company with some of our most expert machinists, the balls taken away and restored, by a disinterested person, and every experiment tried, without effect, to test the existence of a foreign power. The machine goes by its self-regulation! What is its principle? And is there any delusion—apparent contradiction—to account for this—without a contradiction of the known laws of mechanics?

If it be a true discovery, it is capable of being used to immense advantage, from its simplicity—for the machine, as now exhibited, with a power of three quarters of a pound, imparts a momentum of four pounds.

TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION.
We witnessed the most Tragical scene at Yancy Superior Court, that has ever been acted in any court in N. Carolina. The facts were as follows. About two years since, a man by the name of John Wilson, married Elizabeth Roy of that county.—They lived together about seven weeks, when some disturbance took place which caused their separation. Six months ago the husband filed a petition for divorce, setting forth various causes—declaring that he was young and inexperienced when he married her, and was not acquainted with her true character, that her conduct during the time they lived together, was insupportable, and by him, could not be endured. She answered, that they were raised in the same neighborhood, and had known each other from their infancy up; that he knew her character and circumstances in life perfectly well when he married her, and had taken her with his eyes open to all her frailties; she positively denied ever having been guilty of any misconduct, during the time they lived together, but that she acted towards him the part of an affectionate wife. She farther asserted that

A MURDERER ESCAPED FROM THE GALLOW.

An immense crowd gathered near the city prison, New Orleans, April 28th, to see the execution of Tibbets. He exhibited the utmost sang-froid, and assisted the hangman to adjust the rope.

By a strange fatality, the hangman who was probably unacquainted with his business, made the rope too long, and the culprit fell with great violence to the ground upon the plank being withdrawn. Surprise and indignation for a moment reigned among the crowd. Several denunciations were heard against the hangman for his unskillfulness; and justice was about to remedy this unlooked for circumstance, when upon examination it was found to be all in vain! The concussion was so great that the unfortunate wretch had broken his collar bone; and thus was the punishment of the law fulfilled. We are assured that there never was a criminal who exhibited greater courage and self-possession. The number of persons present was immense, greater than was ever seen upon a similar occasion in this city.

More Accurate Account.—From the New Orleans Commercial Bulletin we learn more distinctly what occurred than the above ambiguous narrative conveys. The prisoner exhibited the most cold blooded hardness. All his earthly wants seemed concentrated in a quid of tobacco which was given him. When arrived at the gallows, though bound in cords, he leaped from his coffin, and walked boldly upon the scaffold. The executioner then adjusted the rope around his neck, in doing which he was rebuked by Tibbets, who said to him, "put the knot under my left ear—don't you know how to hang a man?" After the sentence was read to him, and he was seated in the chair, he coolly rose, and thus spoke:

"I have not much to say, my friends. I shall meet my fate with firmness—for as we can't call back the past, I am not about to cry for what has been done. I hope God will bless you all. If there is any person in the crowd whom in the course of my life I have injured or harmed, I hope you will now forgive me for it; and if there is any body amongst you who has injured me, (and doubtless there is) I freely forgive them, as I hope to be forgiven by my Almighty Maker, into whose presence I shall shortly be hurried. And now hang me as quick as you can."

He then seated himself, and in an instant the platform, chair, &c. fell, and the negro who officiated as executioner, (never having before officiated on a similar occasion,) not checking the rope in time, Tibbets fell to the ground, which he struck first with his feet, and then with his knees. Such was his determination to die, however, that he drew his legs up, and kept them in that position until, as we presume, the vital spark was extinct, when they again fell to the ground. He was suffered to remain in that position for several minutes, when the negro very leisurely laid hold of the rope, and hauled the wretched creature up a few feet from the ground, where he continued to swing round and round. Down about by the wind, having no cap over his face, and his features being exposed, the whole of the face being distorted dreadfully, with tobacco juice running out of his mouth, rendered him a ghastly and shocking spectacle. And yet this brutal and beastly exhibition was witnessed by a number of persons wearing the garb of women, many of whom, we are sorry to say, were well dressed, and looked respectable; several carriages were also on the ground, filled with men and women, to get a close view of the scene.

About ten or twelve minutes after the drop fell, the corpse of Tibbets was lowered into a coffin placed under the drop, which was unceremoniously nailed up, thrown into a cart, and drawn off to be buried in about three feet of water, on the banks of the canal.

FROM THE FLEMINGSBURG (Ky.) Whig.

FATAL ACCIDENT.
We learn that on Wednesday the 5th ult. James, a youth of about 17 years of age son of Mr. Brown, of Morgan county, Ky. came to his death under the following painful circumstances.

Mr. Brown accompanied by his son proceeded to the woods for the purpose of killing wild turkeys, and had not advanced far before he separated with the intention of meeting his son at a designated point at some distance. Having, from some cause or other, failed to meet, the son proceeded a little further, in quest of game, when, discovering fresh signs of turkeys, he concealed himself in the top of a pine tree and commenced imitating their call.

The father being some distance off, mistook the noise made by his son for that of a turkey, and his hand and arm through the darkness of the evening were taken for the turkeys heads and neck. Advancing to within a short distance he fired, and a horrid to relate, brought his own son almost lifeless to the ground. He hastened to the spot, and beheld his son in agony, who recognising him, exclaimed, "father you have killed me." The ball entered his breast and passed entirely through his body. He lived three days when the wound proving fatal he expired.

FROM MEXICO.

The following is a Texan account of the affair between the U. S. sloop of war Natchez and certain Mexican vessels. It is taken from the Velasco Herald of April 21.

On this day, the anniversary of the glorious battle of San Jacinto, the United States sloop of war Natchez, with the Mexican brig of war Gen. Urrea in charge, (as a pirate) anchored off the Brassos Bar. She recaptured the schooner of Louisiana, and sent her back to New Orleans; sunk a Mexican armed brig and schooner named Ridgely, who communicated the above information; upon his return on board the Natchez, she got under way and sailed in search of the two brigs and schooner which appeared off this place on Monday last.

We learn from this source that Tampico was in possession of the insurgents. A French fleet was off Tobacco and Tampico demanding indemnification for the forced loan and insults offered the French citizens at Metamoras, which, if not complied with immediately, satisfaction would be taken at the cannon's mouth. The French have sent to the West Indies for the remainder of their fleet, with the intention of blockading all the Mexican ports on the Gulf of Mexico, unless the above requisitions are instantly complied with.

The schr James P. Caldwell, Noyes, from New Orleans, has just come to anchor off the Brassos Bar.

Dates from Mexico to the 8th of April, received at the N. O. Merchants' Exchange, state that Bustamante has been unanimously elected President. He has promised the French Admiral, who is now in Mexico, every satisfaction, and will do the same to every foreign power that feels itself injured or insulted by the late forced loan imposed on all foreigners. He further promised to make a complete reformation in the laws of Mexico, withdraw the forces destined for Texas, &c.

Gen. Bravo sent dispatches to the different seaports, informing them of the capture of the Mexican brig of war by the U. S. sloop of war Natchez, and requested that all American vessels should be detained, but the authorities would not act without orders from the government.

AMERICAN OFFICERS IN THE TURKISH SERVICE.

A letter in a London paper, dated Alexandria, March 4, says:

"The Government here has received intelligence that the Grand Signior has determined to employ American naval officers in the command of his fleet, and that measures have already been taken to carry this resolution into effect. H. Mahomed Ali should come to the sea coast of Turkey, and Egypt would then present a formidable front against such a naval power as Russia, whose fleet at present is little better manned and equipped than ours, and not so well paid, and who would thus be placed decidedly at disadvantage."

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FARMERS' BANK OF MARYLAND.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland, held at the Banking House in the city of Annapolis, on Friday 12th May, 1837, present: J. Maynard, President; J. B. HARRIS, Secy. J. Green, Benjamin L. Gantt, Nicholas Brewer, Jr., Somerville, J. M. Jones, Thomas S. Alexander, Alexander Randall, and Richard Swann, Directors, the following proceedings took place:

Resolved, That in consequence of information received this day that the Banks of New York and Philadelphia have suspended specie payments, it is expedient and necessary for the Banks in this city, for their own protection, and the interests of the whole community, to pursue, for a limited period, the same course.

Resolved, That while this measure is recommended from a belief in its imperative necessity, every assurance is felt in the stability of the monied institutions of this city.

Resolved, That the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

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Resolved, That the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, to me directed, at the suit of William Smith, use of William G. Mackall & Co. against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Thomas Croxall, I have seized and taken in execution five Horses, thirteen head of Cattle, twenty Sheep and twenty Hogs, and I hereby give notice, that on FRIDAY the 26th day of May inst. at eleven o'clock A. M. at the residence of the said Thomas Croxall, in the first district, I shall proceed to sell the said property, so taken, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the aforesaid writ.

JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff
A. A. County.
May 4. 3

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SAINT-MARY'S COUNTY COURT.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the creditors of Benedict Gibson, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, be and appear before the County Court to be held at Leonard Town, in and for Saint-Mary's county, on the first Monday of August next, to file allegations, if they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.

By order,
JO. HARRIS, Ck.
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of St. Mary's County Court Sm.
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THE Books for subscription to the Capital Stock of the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road having been opened under the direction of the subscribers, Commissioners, pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, "An Act to incorporate the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company," passed at December session 1836, and five hundred shares of the said stock having been subscribed,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That a general meeting of the subscribers to the said capital stock will be held at the City Hall in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'clock M. at which time and place the subscription books will be laid before the subscribers, and an Election will be held for Six Directors to manage the affairs of the company for the ensuing year.

AMOS A. WILLIAMS,
LEONARD IGLEHART,
ALEXANDER RANALLI,
SOMERVILLE PINKNEY,
GEORGE WELLS,
ELIAS E