

of night are unfeeling
in their unfeeling
stream in changing to
joy, and murmuring its
joy, and murmuring its
joy, and murmuring its

Exchange on London, 35 a 3/4 1/2; Dollars,
1,590 a 1,600.

SEIZURE OF HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SLOOP LEVERET.

The Leveret, a ten gun brig, commanded by Captain Bosanquet, being in the Mozambique channel in the early part of December last, heard that a large slaver had just arrived on the coast, and on the 25th of that month discovered her lying at anchor in a small bay.

The slaver refusing to hold communication with the brig, an action commenced. So desperate was the resistance the slaver made, that the Leveret hauled off twice to repair damage, and at length, after having one man killed, and five or six wounded, among whom was her master, succeeded in taking possession of her.

The exact loss of the slaver, which mounted twenty seven guns, and carried 70 or 80 men, was not mentioned, but must have been considerable. A large quantity of dollars, intended for the purchase of slaves, was found, and removed to the Leveret, which proceeded to a Portuguese settlement near Mozambique.

The governor of this place demanded that the slaver should be given up, which being refused by Captain Bosanquet, a large battery, under which the Leveret lay, suddenly opened upon her, and obliged her to haul down her colours. Immediate possession was taken by the Portuguese of the Leveret and Slaver, and the prize dollars removed to the fort. After holding possession of the Leveret eight days, she was delivered up to Simon's Bay. The present the Third arrived (and she was daily expected) Admiral Campbell intended to proceed to the Mozambique with all the squadron he could muster, and little doubt is entertained, by those who know the decided character of the admiral, that ample reprisals will be made for this unprecedented insult on the English flag.—*Matras Herald*, Dec. 28.

FROM THE CHARLESTON COURIER.

Extract of a letter received in this city yesterday from an officer of the army, just arrived from Tampa Bay, dated:

"BLACK CREEK, 27th April, 1837.

"The Indians are coming in as fast as can be expected and I am fully satisfied that all is going on admirably. Large numbers of Cattle, Horses, &c. has been brought in, and bought by the Quarter Master's Department. The order of the 5th inst. (Gen. Jastre's) and which appears to have caused some excitement, was highly necessary, and of this I was enabled to judge from being on the spot. Gen. Jastre deserves great credit for the manner he has conducted the campaign, and has acted throughout with the greatest delicacy and discretion. The Floridians ought, of all others, to thank him."

REMARKABLE CIRCUMSTANCE.

Upon the trial (of court martial) of Captain Seymour and officers of H. B. Majesty's frigate Challenge, on the coast of Chili, the extraordinary fact was given in evidence, that the late earthquakes on that coast have transformed what was previously a current of two miles an hour to the northward, into a current of five miles an hour to the southward, and that the soundings along the whole coast have been materially changed.

HORRID.

At a fire in a wooden house at Brighton, near Rochester, a few nights since, a girl aged eight years, that had made her escape, having run back crying for her mother, was followed by the father, and both he and the daughter, dreadfully to relate, were enveloped in the flames and burnt to death.

HARD CASE.

One Sunday day last week, a little boy gave a sapphire, the only one he had, to look for five minutes in a show box. Just then his friend came along and begged to look just one moment. He could not refuse such a request, and gave up his eye hold to the other, who looked and found till the time had expired. This was too much for his philosophy, and his politeness had been stretched beyond its powers of extension. He burst into tears and exclaimed:—"You are as bad as Mr. Johnson, that borrows father's paper every morning before he gets a chance to read it."—*N. Y. News*.

INHUMAN.

A Deported Boy.—The Boston Atlas says that a small boy, calling himself James Murphy, aged 5 years, poorly clad, without stockings or shoes, was found wandering about the streets on Saturday, and sent to the House of Industry.—He says his father is dead, and his mother (an Irish woman) a brother and sister, came with him to the city, from Montpellier, on foot—that they put up at a house in Milk street; has been in the city two nights, and on Saturday morning his mother took him out to walk with her, and contrived to get away from him, and lose him in the street. He says she went down the road, and got out of sight, since that time he had been walking about in search of her and the house they slept in, but could find neither. He had been without food all day, until taken up just at nightfall on Saturday.

AN UNFORTUNATE CHURCH.

The Hollis street Church in Boston, has been struck by lightning a second time. The Transcript gives the following statement of the occurrence.—A gentleman residing in the neighborhood and who was looking from his chamber window at the time, informs us that it descended moderately for lightning down the North

side of the spire until it reached the upper projection of the steeple, where a portion passed off in sparks, and the main body passed down to the roof and seemed to roll down like a ball of fire, as its force was exhausted. The fire burst out about fifteen minutes afterwards near the lower part of the spire on the side opposite to that down which the fluid appeared to pass.—It was soon extinguished.

Our informant tells us he was much amused with the alacrity of one of the firemen whom he saw running to the fire barrow, with boots in one hand and coat in the other in the midst of the rain. When he found the danger was not pressing, he deliberately finished his toilette.

HEART RENDING ACCIDENT.

The Philadelphia Ledger says, yesterday morning four young men started on a sailing excursion in a small pleasure boat, and when about opposite Fort Mifflin, the rudder in some manner became detached from the boat, rendering her unmanageable, soon after which she was struck by a gust of wind and upset, throwing them into the river. Two of them by the names of Peter and John Rubicum, aged between 18 and 21, sons of the gentleman of that name in Third below Race street, were drowned. We learn that the body of one of them only was recovered.

Another.—On Saturday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, as the locomotive of the Manayunk road cars, on the Norristown rail road, was passing up from the depot to the neighborhood of Coates and Ninth, for the purpose of pumping in water previous to the trains being attached as usual, an orphan boy, named Henry Francis, who resided in the family of Mr. Murphy, corner of Third and Coates street, jumped on the coupling bars of the tender. A few minutes after, as the tender and engine were backing, he fell, or was thrown off, and both ran over him, the wheels entirely severing his head from his body, and horribly mangling him. It is said to have resulted entirely from the impudence of the boy, and from no fault of the engineer.

FEELING OF A HEADLESS MAN.

The New York Era has the following:—"Some of the most eminent physiologists of Germany and France are pertinaciously arguing the very curious question as to whether a man feels after his head is off, and this inquiry is considered by its conductors to be of more than philosophical interest, because it involves a refined principle of humanity with regard to the punishment of death by the guillotine.

It is contended on all sides that the body does not feel one instant after decapitation; for the brain being the seat of sensation to the whole frame, through the medium of the spinal marrow, every part of the body beneath the joint at which the latter may be divided, must be deprived of feeling. But it by no means follows that the head is deprived of sensation immediately after decapitation, nor that it may not retain its consciousness, and like the head of the Irish Knight who was killed by Saladin in the Holy War, get up and declare that it never was cut off by so sweet a scymeter before; nor like that of the assassin Legare, swear roundly at the executioner for not keeping a keener axe; but it is quite possible that it may be troubled with very serious reflections upon the irretrievability of its fate, and the awfulness of its deprivation.

In support of this unpleasant theory many facts are adduced, with grave vouchers for their authenticity. Among others is the most unfortunate Mary, Queen of Scots, whose lips continued to move in prayer for at least a quarter of an hour after the executioner had performed his duty. Wind states that after having put his mouth to the ear of a decapitated criminal's head, and called him by name, the eyes turned to the side from whence the voice came, and this is attested by Fontanelle, Magore, Guillemin, Nache and others. On the word murder being called in the ear of the criminal, executed for that crime at Coblenz, the half closed eyes opened wide, with an expression of reproach on those who stood round.

"This is recorded in the Medical Gazette for April last; but whether it be believed or not, we see nothing either in theory or recorded fact to lessen the physiological possibility of consciousness after decapitation. In diseases of dislocation of the spinal marrow, the mind remains in full possession of its faculties, although all the lower limbs are utterly devoid of feeling; and at what point of separation are we justified in saying that the mind must lose its rational powers? If the brain retain the images of vision, and the forms of touch long after the objects which created them are withdrawn, why may we not suppose that it retains them after a sudden operation of the axe or guillotine? Like the thigh of an amputated leg, which feels its throes for days, and even weeks after the operation, it may remain in imaginary possession of all its corporal members, until the curtains of oblivion are gathered around its fading visions, and it sinks to repose in the chamber of death."

FROM THE NEW YORK COMMERCIAL.

The Courier des Etats Unis of Saturday contains a letter of which the substance is in substance a translation, addressed to the editor by the Prince Pierre Napoleon Bonaparte, son of the Prince de Canino, who arrived in this city a few days after his cousin, Prince Louis Napoleon.

New York, 5th May, 1837.

While confined in the dungeons of St. Angelo, I had not the power to rebut the calumnies of which I have been the object; now that my feet are on a soil of liberty, I hold it a duty to explain to my countrymen the infamous outrage of which I was the victim. The Papal government, uneasy at seeing me free

verse, with my brother, the plains of Rome, in the enjoyment of the chase, conceived the design of arresting me; but the agents of the Holy Father dared not to meet me face to face.—One day as I was passing through the village of Canino, on a hunting excursion, an officer of gend'armes accosted me in a friendly manner; he was conversing familiarly with me, when of a sudden some thirty soldiers appeared from the adjoining streets, and one of them presented a pistol at me; it missed fire, and with my countenance I gave him a serious wound.—The officer had raised his arm to cut me down, but I laid him dead upon the ground, and disabled another soldier; the others drew back and fired several shots at me, one of which took effect upon my head, and I fell; as I lay upon the ground I received several bayonet wounds. In this condition, and bound, I was dragged to the castle of St. Angelo. But for the wound which stunned me, I would have put them to flight, or died, like a Frenchman and a soldier, defending myself to the last. I was tried by a special tribunal—my sentence was decreed before hand—the court of Rome sought to wreak upon me the hatred it bears my race. I should have undergone an ignominious death, but for the intervention of my family, and particularly of Cardinal Fesch, who represented strongly to the Pope the abominable conduct of his agents.—The Pope himself confessed that he had been deceived by false reports. After nine months of imprisonment I am again at liberty, and my first care is to defend my honour.

FROM THE N. Y. JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

Disagreeable Interruption to the Business of a New Bank.—Within the last fortnight four gentlemen took up their residence on different days at a boarding house in Courtland street, and within the last two or three days occupied themselves so busily in striking off bank notes, that the women of the house suspected that they were counterfeiters, and gave information of it to the police office; in consequence of which three of the police officers went to the house yesterday morning, and having cautiously reconnoitered the premises, and peeped through a small window, they perceived the four men occupied in cutting and signing Bank bills. As the officers knew that none of the Banks of this city, or any where else that they were aware of, had located a Branch Bank in an upper story in Courtland street, they coincided in the suspicion which had been imparted to them by the lady of the house, and without further ceremony entered the room and arrested the whole Banking concern, and conveyed the persons and papers belonging to it to the police office. Here a large roll of new Bank bills were opened, which were very elegantly executed, and reported to be bills on the Ottawa Bank of Montreal, for various sums from 10 to 21000. The gentlemen in whose possession they were found were then called up to give an account of themselves, which they did by saying that they lately formed themselves into a new Banking Company to carry on business, and issue bills under the above designation, and that as they got their bills printed in this city cheaper than in Canada, they thought proper to do so.

On being further examined, one of the gentlemen stated that he had been appointed President of the Bank, and as the profits were expected to be considerable, his co-partners had fixed his salary at the magnificent sum of \$35 per month. Another of the gentlemen said he was the Cashier; another, that he was Secretary, and the fourth gentleman stated that he was a Director and Stockholder to a large amount. They had about \$20,000 of bills ready signed and prepared for circulation, and between 2 and 200,000 more nearly so. There was also found amongst their effects about \$700 in specie, which was to have been kept in their vaults, in order to meet with due promptness any and every demand which might be made on them for specie payments. The President and Cashier were rather decently dressed; but the business of the times seemed to have greatly affected the Stockholder's pantaloons, in which there were one or two unseemly rents; and the Secretary's shirt was a little too much soiled, and his coat rather too shabby for the office of a new banking establishment. Notwithstanding, however, that appearances were so much against them, as there is no such Bank in Canada as the Ottawa Bank, nor any law against their establishing a Bank so designated, they had consequently done nothing illegal, and the magistrates were obliged to set them at liberty.

To enjoy true freedom, it is necessary to observe the laws both of God and our country.

SUNDAY MORNING FOR ANNAPOLIS.

The Steamboat MARYLAND leaves Baltimore every SUNDAY MORNING, at eight o'clock, for Annapolis, and returns in the afternoon, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

May 11.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every SUNDAY MORNING, at 7 o'clock, for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

May 11.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Sunday last, at his farm near this city, Mr. JAMES MILLS, a warm-hearted, neighborly and industrious man.

On Saturday morning the 6th inst. after a severe illness of four hours, Renesca, wife of John Chamberlain, the eldest daughter of late Rezin D. Baldwin, of Annapolis.

In Washington City, in the 72d year of his age, HENRY WHEATCROFT, Esq. formerly of this city, for many years an active and faithful Clerk in the office of the Third Auditor.

At Washington, on the 28th ult. in the 52d year of his age, Captain WILLIAM C. BEARD, late of the U. S. Army.

The Bank for subscription to the Capital stock of the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road having been opened under the direction of the subscribers, Commissioners, pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, "An act to incorporate the Annapolis and Elk-Ridge Rail Road Company," passed at December session 1836, and five hundred shares of the said stock having been subscribed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a general meeting of the subscribers to the said capital stock will be held at the City Hall in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'clock M. at which time and place the subscription books will be laid before the subscribers, and an Election will be held for Six Directors to manage the affairs of the company for the ensuing year.

AMOS W. WELLS, }
LEONARD BLEHART, }
ALEXANDER RANDALL, }
SOMERVILLE PINKNEY, }
GEORGE WELLS, }
EDMUND ELLIOTT, }
May 11. }
Commissioners.

FOR SALE,
A FEMALE SERVANT for a term of 3 years—Enquire at this office.
April 27.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued by writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Anne Arundel County Court, to me directed, at the suit of William Smith, use of William G. Mackall & Co. against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Thomas Crossall, I have seized and taken in execution five Horses, thirteen head of Cattle, twenty Sheep and twenty Hogs, and I hereby give notice, that on FRIDAY the 26th day of May inst. at eleven o'clock A. M. at the residence of the said Thomas Crossall, in the first district, I shall proceed to sell the said property, so taken, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the aforesaid writ.

JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff
A. A. County.
May 4.

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JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff
A. A. County.
May 4.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SO.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court, April 10th, 1837.

An application by petition of John S. Selby, Administrator of Samuel Maynard, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give notice to the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit their claims in law for creditors to exhibit their claims to the said executor, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Junr.,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Anne Arundel County, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Samuel Maynard, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at or before the 11th day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 11th day of April 1837.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Adm'r.
A. A. County.
April 13.

ONE YARD OF LINT REWARD.

BEING AWAY from the subscriber living in Upper Marlboro', Prince-George's county, on Tuesday the 10th instant, an indentured apprentice to the Tailoring business, named JOHN MITCHELL, aged about 18 years. He had on when he went away a gray cloth Coat, gray casement Pantaloons, and black cloth hat. He is a tall, slender, well built youth, with freckled face, and light brown hair. When last heard from him he was in the city of Annapolis. I hereby forewarn my brethren of the craft and other persons from employing him, as I am determined to enforce the law against all who disregard this notice. The above reward will be given if brought home.

JOSEPH FOWLER.
May 4.

SAINT-MARY'S COUNTY COURT,

March Term, 1837.
ORDERED BY THE COURT, That the

Creditors of Benedict Gibson, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, be and appear before the County Court to be held at Leonard Town, in and for Saint-Mary's county, on the first Monday of August next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.

By order, JO. HARRIS, CLK.
True copy, JO. HARRIS, CLK.
of St. Mary's County Court
May 11.

25,000 Dollars!

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY.

For the benefit of the Monongalia Academy. CLASS No. 4, for 1837. To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. on Saturday, 20th May, 1837. 75 Number Lottery—15 Drawn Ballots.

Rich and Splendid Scheme.	Prize	Amount
1 prize of	1	625,000
1 prize of	1	7,500
1 prize of	1	5,000
1 prize of	1	4,000
1 prize of	1	3,000
1 prize of	1	2,500
1 prize of	1	2,200
20 prizes of	20	1,000
20 prizes of	20	250
78 prizes of	78	200
130 prizes of	130	150
200 prizes of	200	125
60 prizes of	60	100
Lowest prize		10

Tickets, \$10—100 \$5—Qrs \$2 50.

75,000 Dollars!!

We beg again to call the attention of our veterans to the most brilliant scheme ever drawn in the United States—the Alexandria Lottery, Class E, which contains upwards of one million of dollars is well worthy the attention of dealers.

N. B. In consequence of the general pressure throughout the land in the monetary market, the subscriber will receive in payment of tickets in this scheme the notes of responsible individuals made payable thirty days from their respective dates.

Applications for tickets need not be made after the evening of the 23th inst.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY,

CLASS E, for 1837. To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, May 27, 1837. Approved by the President of the U. S.

75 Number Lottery—15 Drawn ballots.

RICH! RICHER!! RICHEST!!!

2 Princely Prizes of	2	\$75,000!!
1 Splendid do	1	25,000!!
1 do do	1	20,000!!
1 prize of	1	10,000
1 prize of	1	9,000
1 prize of	1	8,000
1 prize of	1	7,500
1 prize of	1	7,000
1 prize of	1	6,000
1 prize of	1	5,000
1 prize of	1	4,000
1 prize of	1	3,000
1 prize of	1	2,732 1/2
1 prize of	1	2,500
1 prize of	1	2,000
5 prizes of	5	1,750
5 prizes of	5	1,500
50 prizes of	50	1,000, &c.

33,305 prizes and 31,220 blanks, amounting to \$1,414,152 50.

Tickets \$20—Shares in proportion.

Tickets and Shares for sale at F. M. JARBOE'S LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE, (Church-street, Annapolis.)

By order, R. J. COWMAN, CLK.
April 27.

MR. CHARLES DUMAS.

PROFESSOR of Modern Languages in St. John's College, has the honour to inform the Gentlemen of Annapolis, that in consequence of the request made to him to teach the art of FENCING, Mr. Dumas will open and begin a Class in

FENCING.

at his Room, as soon as he will have formed a Class of Ten Gentlemen. For terms and particulars apply at Mr. D's Rooms, West-street, next door to the Office of N. Brewer, Jr. Esq. from 3 to 6 o'clock P. M.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned respectfully apprises his friends and the public at large that he will attend at all times to the preparation of DEEDS OF MANUMISSION, BONDS, LETTERS OF ATTORNEY, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, &c. Office in Church street—nearly opposite the City Hotel. FRANCIS M. JARBOE

DR. BRANDRETH.

WANTS NO COLLEGE, NO INSTITUTION, NO HOSPITAL, NO CHURCH, HE BRING QUITE SATISFIED TO REST ON THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC.

FOR THE SUCCESS OF HIS GRANDFATHER'S VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL PILLS.

THE unprecedented success which has resulted from the adoption of Brandreth's Pills, during a period of upwards of 25 years, the numerous and extraordinary cures which they have performed upon hundreds of individuals whom they have rescued from almost inevitable death, after they had been pronounced incurable by the most eminent of the faculty—justify Dr. Brandreth, the proprietor of this Vegetable Universal Medicine, in warmly and conscientiously recommending it to the especial notice of the public.

Dr. Brandreth wishes mankind to consider this truth, that health solely depends on the state of purity in which the blood is kept, every part of the body being supplied daily with new blood from the food consumed, consequently, according to the purity of that blood, so must the state of the body be more or less healthy. To obtain therefore, the most direct purifier of the blood, is a question of no little importance to every individual.

That Brandreth's Pills are the most direct purifiers of the blood, there will be no doubt when it is considered that they have gained their present very extensive sale by their own intrinsic merits proved by the numerous cures which they have accomplished in every variety of disease.

The peculiar action of these pills is most surprising; their operations being more or less powerful, according to the purity of the circulating fluid. On a person in a fair state of health, who is only costive or slightly bilious, they will be scarcely felt; on the contrary, if the complaint be chronic, and the constitution be much deranged, the effect generally at first is most powerful, until the system be freed from some of its most vitiated and turgent humours. This accomplished, doses sufficient to cause two or three copious evacuations daily, will soon remove the disease, and the constitution will be restored to a state of health and renewed vigor.

As a general Family Medicine, these Pills stand unrivalled. In many of the lingering complaints also, with which the human system is afflicted, they have been highly successful. The use of a few boxes will, in most cases, convince the patient of their beneficial properties. Indeed, a fair trial is all that is needful in their recommendation.

Beware of COUNTERFEITS. If you want the GENUINE Medicine be sure and keep clear of DRUG STORES. No DRUGGIST or APOTHECARY sells the GENUINE BRANDRETH PILLS. Ask to see the Certificate of Agency. All the regularly appointed Agents have one Price of Pills 25 cents the Box, with full directions.

THE SUBSCRIBER is the regularly appointed AGENT for ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, of whom the GENUINE MEDICINE can at all times be procured. RICHARD WELLS.

I certify that the above named Richard Wells is the accredited agent for the sale of Dr. Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills in the city of Annapolis. R. L. GREEN, General Agent for Dr. Brandreth for Maryland, Virginia, and District of Columbia. May 4.

DWELLING HOUSE FOR RENT.

The subscriber will rent to a prudent Tenant, the HOUSE now occupied by Mrs. Matilda Cowman. Possession given on the first of May. It is expected that each applicant will come prepared to give approved security for the payment of the rent, quarterly. G. WELLS.
April 20.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel County will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 3rd day of June next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order, R. J. COWMAN, CLK.
April 27.

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