for the relief of John P. Paca, of Queen Anne's county.

Mr. Cottman reported a bill, to authorise certain commissioners to lay off a road from the store of William Dorsey, at Back Creek, in Somerset county, to the county road, at the expense of said Dorsey.

And, Mr. Dulany, chairman of the committee on insolvency, reported a bill, for the relief of Bayly Keys, of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Wharton reported a bill, to authorise the burgess and commissioners of the town of Williamsport in Washington county, to lease, let, sell, or otherwise dispose of, a certain lot or parcel of ground in said town.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, passed and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Dulany,

The house took up for consideration the bill reported by Mr. Brengle, from the committee on grievances and courts of Justice, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to establish permanent salaries, for the Judges of the six judicial districts in this state.

The bill reported by Mr. Cottman, chairman of the committee on education, entitled, a further supplement to the act for education of the Deaf and Dumb, of this state.

The bill reported by Mr. Pratt, for the relief of the collector of Prince George's county.

The bill reported by Mr. Williams, entitled, a supplement to an act, for the opening of Pratt Street Wharf, in the city of Baltimore.

The bill reported by Mr. Wenst, to alter and change the name of Ellen Ambrouse, of Washington county, to the name of Elizabeth Ellen Shaw.

And, the bill reported by Mr. McMahon, to locate and open a new road in Allegany county, and for other purposes.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The house then resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled, a supplement to the act, to establish permanent salaries for the judges of the six judicial districts in this state.

Mr. Moores moved to lay said bill on the table.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Jones, of Baltimore, moved to amend said bill, by striking out the second section of the bill.

The said bill was then read the second time, amended, and passed.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to confirm an act to amend the constitution and form of government, as relates to the division of Somerset county into election districts, and to establish an additional election district:

Also, the bill to provide for the opening and extension of Currant's alley, in the city of Baltimore;

Also, the bill to change the name of Nathaniel Hynson, Jr. of Kent county, to that of Nathaniel Thornton Hynson;

Also, the bill for the revaluation of the real and personal property in Frederick county; severally endorsed, 'will pass,' ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill to provide for the building of a public bridge across Law's Thoroughfare, in Somerset county, endorsed, 'will pass with the proposed amendments,' which amendments were severally read the first and second time by special order, severally assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the resolution in favour of Thomas E. Martin, endorsed, 'assented to,' ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Ridgely, seconded by two other members who voted in majority, moved to reconsider the vote of the house on the bill, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to establish permanent salaries for the judges of the six judicial districts in this state,

Pending this motion, the speaker announced the arrival of the hour for taking up the order of the day,

Mr. Ely moved to postpone the order of the day,

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question then recurred on the motion submitted by Mr. Ridgely,

Mr. Pratt called for the previous question, and being demanded by a majority of the members present, the said previous question was put, viz: 'shall the main question be now put,' and it was resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then put, will the house reconsider their vote on said bill,

Determined in the negative.

So the house refused to reconsider.

On motion the house then resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the report of the committee of the whole house, in relation to the southern and western boundaries of this state.

Mr. Merrick moved to postpone the order of the day,

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Pratt,

Ordered, That three hundred copies of the report and eight hundred copies of the map submitted by the Topographical Engineer, be printed.

The house adjourned.

SATURDAY, Jan. 24, 1835.

On motion of Mr. Hambleton of Talbot, the house took up for consideration the order of the day being the report of the committee of the whole house, in relation to the southern and western boundaries of this state.

On motion of Mr. Hambleton of Talbot, said report was then laid on the table, and made the order of the day for Wednesday next, the 28th inst.

The bill, entitled, a supplement to the act to establish permanent salaries for the judges of the six judicial districts in this state, was sent to the senate.

The Speaker laid before the house a communication from S. C. Leakin and Jos. K. Stapleton, Esqrs. of the city of Baltimore, enclosing a memorial of the convention to promote the trade and commercial interests of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Teackle presented a petition of Elijah C. Johnson, William Wailes, Robert Dashiell, and others, of Somerset county, praying that the powers confided to the levy court, may be exercised by persons elected immediately by the people.

Mr. Nelson presented a petition of a number of the taxable inhabitants of Harford and Baltimore counties, praying the passage of an act to straighten, alter and amend the old York and Lancaster Road, leading to Baltimore.

Mr. Scott presented a petition of the commissioners of Cecil county, praying the passage of an act authorising them to levy such sums of money as may be necessary to pay the balance due for the erection of the public offices in said county.

Mr. Jones of Balt. presented a petition of Gassaway Watkins of the city of Baltimore, praying for a special act of insolvency.

Mr. Brengle presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying for the abolition of the lottery system.

Mr. Brengle also presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying the passage of an act authorising and empowering justices of the peace to take cognizance in all cases of debt where the claim does not exceed the sum of fifty dollars;

Also, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, representing that the laws regulating the inspection of lime in Baltimore, operate unjustly upon them, &c.

Mr. Harding presented a petition of the trustees of the Rockville Academy, remonstrating against a division of the donation from the state of Maryland to said Academy.

Mr. Hood presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Anne-Arundel counties, praying that the inspection law regulating Lime sent to the city of Baltimore, may be so altered as to cause the same to be sold by weight;

And, Mr. Hughes presented a petition of John B. Lawson, collector of Charles county, praying to be refunded certain money paid by him into the treasury.

Mr. Roberts, of Frederick, obtained leave to bring in a bill, supplementary to an act to incorporate 'the Woodsboro' Savings Institution,' passed at December session 1832, ch. 109.

Mr. Cushing obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate the Baltimore Musical Association.

Mr. Jones, of Baltimore, obtained leave to bring in a bill to incorporate the Philvereten Society of Baltimore.

Mr. Gillis obtained leave to bring in a bill to provide for the improvement of a portion of the county road therein mentioned, in Worcester county.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Baltimore,

Ordered, That the petition of Godfroy Meyers and others, presented at the last session, praying that an act of incorporation may be granted to the Thomsonian Infirmary, be withdrawn from the files of the house.

On motion of Mr. Teackle,

Ordered, That the Treasurer of the Western Shore be required to report to this house, "the parts of this State" which have failed to pay, in whole or part, the tax imposed by the act of 1831, chapter 281—as well as those "parts in which it has never even been levied," designating each specifically.

Mr. Johns, chairman of the committee on divorces, made unfavourable reports upon the petition of John Freaner of Washington county, and Sarah A. Hall of the city of Baltimore, severally praying to be divorced;

Which were severally read the first and second time by special order and concurred in.

Mr. Roberts, of Frederick, reported a supplement to an act to incorporate the trustees of Saint Lucas Reformed Church, in Union-Town, passed at December session 1818, chapter 112.

Mr. Cushing reported a bill to incorporate the Baltimore Musical Association.

Mr. Teackle reported a bill to form an association to be entitled, Guillet's Gravitation Company; which was read the first time, and

On motion by Mr. Teackle, referred to the committee on corporations.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to incorporate the Harmony Beneficial Society of Baltimore, endorsed, "will pass:" ordered to be engrossed;

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, relating to the City Hotel of Frederick.

On motion of Mr. Scott, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by Mr. Merrick, to alter the mode of compensating the clerks of the county courts, and registers of wills, in the several counties of this state.

Mr. Johns, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce William B. Everitt, of Kent county, from his wife Emily Everitt, otherwise called Emily F. Everitt.

The bill reported by Mr. Devecmon, to repeal the fourth section of a further additional supplement to an act for quieting possessions, enrolling conveyances, and securing the estates of purchasers, was taken up for consideration;

The said bill was then read the second time.

The bill reported by Mr. Hearn, to authorise the Levy Courts of Somerset and Worcester counties to purchase a ferry boat for the use of Stevens' or Pollit's ferry;

And, the bill reported by Mr. Kershner, to confirm the proceedings of the commissioners in locating and bounding the eighth election district in Washington county;

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

The house then adjourned until Monday morning.

MONDAY, Jan. 26, 1835.

Mr. Teackle presented a petition of Robert C. Russum, William Arvey, Joseph Venables, and others, of Somerset county, praying that the powers confided to the Levy Court may be exercised by persons elected immediately by the people.

Mr. Beall presented a petition of sundry inhabitants of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act, to authorise the appointment of commissioners for the purpose of raising by subscription, money for the building of a market house in the town of Cumberland, in said county.

Mr. Beall also presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying that the act of December session, 1833, ch. 175, may be revived and amended.

Mr. Moores presented a petition of Elizabeth Parsons, of Harford county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county;

And, Mr. Carter presented a petition of sundry citizens of Denton, in Caroline county, praying the passage of a law authorising the drawing of a lottery, to raise the sum of twenty five thousand dollars, for the benefit of Denton Academy, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Hughes obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, a further supplement to an act, relating to the people of colour in this state, passed at December session, 1831, ch. 291.

Mr. Kent of Anne Arundel, obtained leave to bring in a bill to authorise the commissioners for A. Arundel county, to sell certain property therein mentioned.

Mr. Burchenal submitted the following message,

Gentlemen of the Senate,

The state of the public treasury calling loudly for retrenchment in every department of the State Government, and believing that we ought to get through the business of the session, by the 28th of February next, we propose, with the consent of your honourable body to adjourn *sine die*, on the aforesaid day, provided we shall not be ready to adjourn before said day.

Which was read,

And on motion of Mr. Burchenal, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. McMahon obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, an act to authorise and empower the commissioners of Allegany county, to levy a sum of money on said county, for the purpose of building an addition to the clerks office of said county.

Mr. Williams reported a bill to provide for the building a court house in Worcester county.

Mr. Kershner, reported a bill extending the time for completing the Turnpike Road from Boonsborough, in Washington county, to the Potomac River, and for other purposes.

Mr. Harlan, reported a supplement to an act, to lay out and open a road in Cecil county, passed at December session 1832.

And, Mr. Roberts, of Frederick, reported a supplement to an act to incorporate the Woodsborough Savings Institution, passed at December session, 1832, ch. 109.

The bill reported by Mr. Roberts, of Frederick, entitled, an act for the benefit of St. Mark's or Silver Run Church, Concord or Piney Run Church, Emanuel or Bausts Church, and Benjamin Church, in Frederick county.

The bill reported by Mr. Nicols, entitled, a supplement to the act, to authorise the Trustees of the poor of Dorchester county, to purchase a farm for the use of the poor and to sell the present alms house of said county, and for other purposes, passed March 9th, 1832.

The bill reported by Mr. Cottman, to authorise certain Commissioners to lay off a road from the store of William Dorsey, at Back Creek, in Somerset county, to the county road, at the expence of said Dorsey.

The bill reported by Mr. Dulany, chairman of the committee on Insolvency, for the relief of Bayly Keys of the city of Baltimore.

The bill reported by Mr. Roberts, of Queen Anne's, for the relief of John P. Paca of Queen Anne's county.

And, the bill from the senate, authorising officers of the Army or Navy of the United States, to bring their servants, being slaves, into this State, were severally passed.

Mr. Moores obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act to repeal certain parts of the act relating to the people of colour of this State.

Mr. Merrick submitted the following order,

Ordered, That the committee on grievances and courts of justice be instructed to inquire into the expediency of increasing the compensation allowed to the judicial officers of this state.

The house then adjourned.

TUESDAY, Jan. 27, 1835.

Mr. Brengle presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, relating to the jurisdictiou of Magistrates, praying the same to be clearly defined.

Mr. Hughes presented a petition of Zachariah Webster and Mildred B. Webster, his wife, of Charles county, praying for a divorce.

Mr. Teackle presented a petition of Levin Miller, of Somerset county, praying the passage of an act, to authorise and require the justices of the levy court of said county, to levy for his use, a sum of money in payment for a quantity of beef, supplied for the use of the poor of said county.

Mr. McMahon presented a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying that the salary of the Chief Justice of this state, may be increased.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Anne Arundel counties, praying the repeal of an act, passed at December session, 1833, prohibiting the riding on horse back, on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.

Mr. Kershner presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying for the reorganization of the militia of this state.

Mr. Sutton presented a petition of David Maxwell, of Harford county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

And, Mr. Ely presented a petition of Zachariah Musgrove, of Baltimore county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Ely also presented a petition of William Houck and others, of Baltimore county, praying the location and opening of a certain road therein mentioned.

The Speaker laid before the house, a petition of Clement Brown, of Saint Mary's county, praying the passage of an act, authorising him to manumit certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Ely obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorise the commissioners of Baltimore county, to appoint the trustees of the poor for said county.

Mr. Ricaud obtained leave to bring in a bill, supplementary to the act, to provide for the public instruction of youth in Primary Schools, throughout this state.

On motion of Mr. Bevans,

Ordered, That the committee on elections and privileges, be instructed to enquire into the expediency of amending, revising, and consolidating into one act, all the laws now in force on the subject of elections.

Mr. Teackle, chairman of the select committee, to which was referred an order of the house, to consider upon the propriety of establishing a State Bank, and to enquire into the propriety of assenting to the provisions of a bill, reported in Congress, which contemplates the distribution of a national currency, and the deposites of the monies of the United States, under the direction of the several states.

And, the memorials of sundry citizens of different counties, praying the establishment of a State Bank, delivered a report.

Which was read, and

On motion of Mr. Teackle, referred to the committee on corporations;

Mr. Cottman, chairman of the committee on education, delivered the following

REPORT:

The committee on education have considered an order of the house, of the 21st inst., directing them to inquire into the expediency of amending or repealing resolution No. 81, of December session, 1832,' and beg leave to report that, in their opinion, said resolution ought to be so amended as to require the academies and colleges in this state, which receive donations from the state, to report before the 20th of January, in conformity with the requisitions of an act of December session, 1823, chapt. 141, and respectfully recommend the passage of a resolution to that effect.

Respectfully submittrd,

J. S. COTTMAN, Chairman.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, that from and after the expiration of the present session of the Legislature, any Academy or College in this State, which does not report in conformity with the requisitions of the act of 1823, chap. 141, and the acts and resolutions requiring them to report, before the 20th of January in each year, shall forfeit ten per centum of the annual donation of such Academy or College, of the year in which said Academy or College so falls; and the Treasurer of the Western Shore is hereby required to withhold the said amount of ten per centum.

Which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Kent, of Anne Arundel, reported a bill, to authorise the commissioners for Anne Arundel county, to sell certain property therein mentioned.

And, Mr. Teackle reported a bill, for the relief of Levin Miller, of Somerset county.

Which were severally read the first and second time by special order, and passed.

The house then adjourned.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on FRIDAY the 6th day of February next, if fair if not on the first fair day thereafter, (Sunday excepted,) at the late residence of John W. Fowler, deceased, near Annapolis,

THE PERSONAL ESTATE

of said deceased, consisting of Negroes, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, Crop of Tobacco, Corn, Bacon, Farming Utensils, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.

A credit of six months for all sums of Ten Dollars, or upwards, the purchaser giving bond with good and sufficient security, with interest from date, under Ten Dollars, cash to be paid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, M.

JOHN S. SELBY, Adm'r.

Jan. 29.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis on MONDAY the 2d day March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county and laying the Levy for the year 1834.

By order,

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Jan. 29—tm

WILLIAM BRYAN,

Merchant Tailor.

HAS just received a handsome assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, very superior in quality, and variety in colours: all of which he is determined to sell low. His shop is kept in the house of Washington G. Tuck, Esq. next door to Messrs. Harf & Franklin's store. He will make up work at the shortest notice, and in the best and most fashionable style. Gentlemen wishing to encourage him will do well to call on him.

Dec. 25.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:

Thursday, January 29, 1835.

THE ORPHANS' FAIR.

On THIS DAY, 29th of January instant, the FAIR will be held for the benefit of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis, in the Assembly Room, commencing at 12 o'clock, M.

The object for which this exhibition is prepared, has ceased to be a subject of speculation or enquiry, since it has been tested by experience and observation—yet, although it no longer furnishes the excitement of novelty, it can never be divested of interest to those whose hearts glow with beneyolent affections. The Managers of this Institution in again presenting their claims to the public, acknowledge with gratitude to the author of all good, that so far their efforts have been successful. Nine Orphans, rescued from poverty, and in all probability from vice, have already been removed from the Asylum and to situations calculated to secure them comfortable support, and necessary instruction. Six remain in the Asylum under the care of a skilful and attentive Matron, and the continued attendance of the Managers. If the funds of the Society would admit of it the number might be enlarged, as there are applicants in waiting whenever a vacancy occurs. The Managers are conscious that the perpetuity of their efforts depends upon the profits arising from their Annual Fairs, yet they are encouraged to persevere. Experience in the past induces confidence in the future. They solicit, and they feel that it is not a vain work to solicit the co-operation of a generous public in support of their helpless and interesting Protegees. They believe that the pleasure arising from the performance of a kind action, is not a solitary principle confined to a few individuals, but that there is generally some string in the heart of man that vibrates to the touch of sympathy, some feeling that responds to the cry of misery, and finds pleasure in relieving it. To these feelings we make the appeal—yet in doing so we rejoice to add, that we are authorised by the oracles of Divine Truth to point to another and higher recompense than that of self approval. The Lord of the Universe looks with complacency on those who remember the poor, and acknowledges himself their debtor.

We have been requested by a gentleman of this city to say, that the notice which appeared in this paper on the 15th, of Coquille or the "Isle of Sheils" with the verses thereto attached, were handed by him to the Editor of the Maryland Republican for publication; that it was cut out from a periodical, and the initials of an officer of the Army, a native of this city were placed at the bottom of the peice with a pencil to indicate to the Editor of the Republican that its publication would gratify an old acquaintance, and also that he might not overlook a loose extract in the hurry of business. The initials were written in the presence of the Editor of the Republican at the time it was handed to him, and neither the Editor or the person who placed them there intended that they should appear in his paper. This explanation will account for the error into which we have fallen in attributing to, "a talented officer of the Army a native of this city now far from home and friends in the service of his country," the authorship of the piece alluded to; and we hasten to correct the error because we feel assured that the gentleman to whom they were attributed will feel much mortified at the publication as it appeared in our paper, when he sees it.

CRIMINALS SENTENCED.

On Monday, Owen Murphy was sentenced to be hung. Terrence Coyl and Patrick Callan to the Penitentiary 18 years each.

The cases of the other prisoners have been removed to Baltimore County Court.

The following Address was delivered by Judge Kilgour on passing sentence of death on Murphy.

The charge made out against you by the testimony, and of which a jury of your country have found you guilty, is one of unequalled and unexampled atrocity. It appears that on the morning of the twentieth day of November last between the hours of twelve and one o'clock, the stillest, darkest hour of the night, you, together with some twenty or thirty associates, armed with clubs, muskets, and other instruments of death, sallied forth from your dens in the execution of a plot long before meditated, to use the words or as described by the witnesses, the assassination of the deceased on the rail road. That you fell upon it with savage fury, and savage yells, breaking in the windows, and breaking down the doors with a dreadful crash, entering with the repeated cries of, Where is Watson? Where is Messer? who turned out in the accomplishment of the collected objects of your pursuit and of your designs; the unfortunate inmates, of whom it appears there were fifteen or twenty, in number, unarmed, and without any means of resistance, aroused from their repose by this tremendous and fearful noise, arising from an assault so sudden and so unexpected, finding themselves suddenly in this scene of peril, of terror, and danger, are thrown into the utmost confusion; some attempt to conceal themselves, some escape amidst the firing of guns levelled at them as they run—some are overtaken by their pursuers, knocked down, and brought back to the place of slaughter. Watson and Messer, the objects of this murderous conspiracy, and of this murderous attack, at last present themselves before you: They address you in the language of expostulation and remonstrance—they ask you why this violence to their house, and this outrage and violence to their personal rights? What they had done you no wrong that you should be strangers to them, that it could not be your

any act of theirs, for they were unconscious of having offended you by word or deed. Seeing that you were unmoved by this appeal, they addressed you in the subdued tone of supplication and entreaty—take our property, take every thing we have—but, oh! spare our lives! This appeal, which would have moved to pity and compassion any heart not hardened in cruelty and crime, was answered by blows succeeding blows, until your victims fell prostrate and lifeless at your feet, beat and mangled until the fragments of their skulls are scattered around you—and until, in the language of one of your comrades, while he exultingly announced the success of the enterprize, you "heard them gurgling through their smothering blood." And who were the deceased? Like yourselves they had sought here an asylum from the persecution, the oppression, and miseries of their native land. They stood towards you in the double relation of countrymen by birth and adoption; they were esteemed and useful members of society in which they lived; they were always the first to welcome and extend the hand of fellowship to emigrants from the land of their birth; and where they deserved it, they loved and cherished them. They found here, what they might have had under our free institutions, a happy home—they made, what you might have been, useful citizens. The religion which they professed and practised, was a religion of peace, of good will to men. Towards you they did not, they could not, entertain any unkind feeling, much less any feeling of enmity or hatred, harbour sought in their bosom of harm against a hair of your head. How different has been our course, how awful the contrast, is witnessed by the scene now presented to your view.—You had scarcely pressed your feet upon the soil of the country of your choice, before your footsteps are tracked in blood to your hiding place, where you were lying in fancied security. For all did you think, that while you were dealing your blows of death, as you supposed, upon strangers, and among strangers, that the eye of Omniscience, and the eye of recognition too, was upon you. One witness, of whose presence you were ignorant, had known you before: the lineaments of your features were so stamped upon the memory of two others, as to enable them to point out you with the appalling designation of "those the men." Thus has it been, and thus will ever be, that detection after detection brings with them admonition after admonition to him who has conceited in his heart this unnatural crime, that in all his deeplaid schemes of impunity and concealment, he is defying, not the power and wisdom of man only, but the power and wisdom of an all-wise and overruling Providence. In looking through the history of this case for a motive to this act of violence and bloodshed, the Court have been compelled to turn back in the pursuit with a despair only equalled by the fiend-like ferocity of spirit and purpose that dictated its perpetration. Some allusion has been made in the argument to the feuds that in some of your native Isle have rent the bands of society asunder, and dyed its soil in blood, and transplanted to the country of your adoption, to relieve you from the charge of a wanton murder in scenes of murder. But the deed is yours, and yours alone in this matter. You cannot restore the victims to their supremacy. That blood which flows from the ground for vengeance, can never again circulate in the veins of your victims; you cannot heal the deep wound you have inflicted upon the community; and it is not, let me assure the unfortunate man, to increase that anguish of spirit with which you must now contemplate your fallen condition, that I have thus endeavoured to depict your crime in terms of abhorrence and reprobation, suitable to its atrocity; it is not to hold you up, but your crime, to the gaze of an outraged community. In your situation there is every thing to call forth feelings of commiseration. You are about to render unto justice all that Justice can demand of you—the sacrifice of your life. But a few more revolving suns and you will be shut up in the mansions of the dead. Waste not, let me beseech you, the little remnant of time remaining for you on this side of the grave, in any hope, that may be given, on any reliance upon a successful appeal to Executive mercy. Intercede with the Sheriff; he no doubt will afford to you every opportunity of spiritual instruction and advice, which your melancholy position so loudly calls for.—Call to your aid the holy men of God, and as they stand by your side, let your prayers ascend with their prayers to the Throne of Grace, beseeching our Heavenly Father that he will not only cleanse your heart from this deep stain of guilt, this act of bloody treason and rebellion against His holy laws, but that he will blot out all your iniquities, and enable you to bring to the altar, through the merits of a Crucified Saviour, all he asks of you—the sacrifice of a broken heart. The time is short—the work is great; but he has said, if your sins were as scarlet they shall be as white as snow; no time is too short, no work is too great for his power, and for his mercy. The light of your repentance may yet scatter the dark cloud that hangs over your eternal destiny, may yet penetrate the gloom of the grave, and raise you from the depths of sorrow, of sin, and of crime, to a place with the men made perfect, in the mansions of eternal rest, and though you will meet the murderer's doom you may yet receive the penitent's reward.

I now approach the last act in this solemn course required by the stern mandates of the law at the hands of this tribunal, which no one can more deeply deplore than him who now addresses you.

It is the Judgment of the Court that you be taken hence to the public jail of Anne-Arundel county, whence you came, and at the time which shall be duly appointed by the Executive authority of the State, thence to the place of execution, and be there hanged by the neck, until you be dead—and may the Lord have mercy on your soul.