not be supposed that the enterprising State of New Jersey will long delay to perfect a communication of such great importance, passing through most of her largest and most flourishing towns.

When this shall be done, the whole distance between this city and New York, on a continuous rail-road, will not exceed 240 miles; and the journey may be performed at all times with certainty, allowing ample time for stopping at important places on the road, in 16 hours, and ordinarily in a shorter period.

If provision can be made to secure the regular transportation of the mail upon this, and upon other rail-roads which are constructing, and in some instances already finished, it will be of great utility to the public; otherwise, these corporations may become exorbitant in their demands, and prove eventually to be dangerous monopolies.

I have the honour to be, most respectfully, your humble servant,

W. T. BARRY.

E. K. AVERY.—Our readers will remember the report in circulation a few days since, that this man had made a full and unequivocal confession of the murder of Sarah Maria Cornell. The Providence Journal of Thursday last, a paper almost on the spot, in alluding to this report, and in all probability totally unfounded rumour, makes the following observations: "Had such a confession been made, it would have been proclaimed in all directions, yet we hear nothing of it except through the Republican. The probability is, that the information is erroneous."

From the Washington Mirror.

No. 1.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

On Monday last commenced, at the Capitol, the second session of the Twenty-Third Congress. We propose, in a series of articles under the foregoing head, to present our readers with a synopsis of the sayings and doings in Congress, accompanied occasionally with observations thereupon, and interspersed with such anecdotes, incidents and *on dits* as the political occurrences of the week, in this Metropolis, are constantly furnishing. Our position at the seat of the General Government, our intercourse with intelligent gentlemen both in and out of Congress, and numerous other advantages which it is unnecessary to point out, will, we trust, enable us to do ample justice to our readers in this respect. We do, indeed, flatter ourselves that we shall have it in our power to render such an account of what is doing in this city, during the session, and even in the recess, as will interest our distant subscribers, and procure us many additions to our subscription list, among those who have neither time nor inclination to read the congressional speeches *in extenso*; who do not take a Washington daily paper; but who, nevertheless, are anxious to read a brief sketch of the proceedings in Congress and in this city during each successive week. We trust that this notice of our plan will attract the attention of our friends at a distance, and that they, with whom we exchange, more particularly, will aid our intention, and aid us through their columns in procuring additional subscribers. To the editors of other newspapers, who have not room for Congressional speeches, our synopsis will be, we presume, very acceptable. We suggest to gentlemen at a distance who wish to become subscribers to the Washington Mirror that payment (six months in advance, according to our proposals) may be conveniently made, through members of Congress now in this city, or through the respective postmasters at the places of their residence. To any postmaster, or other person remitting us five dollars, we will send six copies of the Washington Mirror for six months from the receipt of his remittance. Or to any postmaster or other person writing to us postage free, who desires to see a specimen of our paper, we will cheerfully send our latest published number. The price of the Washington Mirror is Two Dollars per annum, the first half year *invariably* in advance.

The proceedings in Congress from Monday last to Thursday afternoon, when both houses adjourned over to Monday next, were not very important. On Monday last about 150 members were in attendance at the opening of the roll in the House of Representatives. In the Senate there was a very beggarly display of empty chairs indeed. We have seldom seen the Senate so thin. The Vice-President took the Chair on the day, to the apparent disrelish, as it was thought by many, of Mr. Poindexter, the President *pro tem.* The usual committee was appointed by both houses to wait on the President, and inform him that Congress was ready to receive any communication he was disposed to make. On Tuesday at 12 o'clock, the President's Message was presented by Mr. Donelson to both Houses of Congress. It was a document of great length, which occupied nearly two hours in the reading. After voting 5000 copies to be printed for the use of the Senate and 10,000 copies for the House of Representatives, both houses adjourned.

Mr. Senator King, of Georgia, distinguished himself on this day, by uttering a philippick against newspapers and opposed the usual subscription to provide them for the use of each member of the Senate. The Senate, however, voted in favour of the appropriation. Mr. Poindexter moved the continuance of the Committee on Public Lands, with all the powers vested in them. This was agreed to, as was, on the preceding day, a similar resolution of Mr. Grundy, to continue the Post Office Committee. On Wednesday, the Chair communicated to the Senate, the report of the Treasurer of the United States. Mr. Ewing gave notice that he would to-morrow ask leave to bring in a bill to establish the northern line of the State of Ohio. After some other routine business, on motion of Mr. Grundy, of so much of the President's Message as relates to the Post Office Department, was referred. In the House, the following members appeared: Messrs. Allen, of Vt. Fulton, Blair, of Tenn. Harrison, Gilmer, Johnson, Graham, Stewart, Crane, Corwin, and last, but not least) CROCKETT. Resolutions were offered to-day by Mr. Casey, of Illinois, and Mr. Jenks, of Vermont, to pay the usual tributes of respect to the memory of the Hon. Charles Slade, and the Hon. Benjamin F. Deming, late members of Congress. The House then adjourned. On Thursday, in the Senate, Mr. Leigh appeared and took his seat. A message was this day received from the President of the United States, accompanying a letter from George W. Lafayette, along with an engraving on copper, of the Declaration of Independence, which his illustrious father bequeathed to Congress, as a last tribute of respect, patriotic love, and affection for his adopted country. Mr. Ewing introduced his promised bill to establish the northern boundary line of the State of Ohio which was read and ordered to a second reading. The Senate then adjourned until Monday next. In the House of Representatives resolutions were offered by Mr. Cornell, for the election of Chaplains, and by Mr. W

and Mr. White, of Florida, for other purposes. The Speaker laid before the House, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting his annual report, ordered to be upon the table, and 10,000 copies to be printed. Other documents from the Secretary of the Treasury were also communicated by the Speaker, and laid upon the table. A message in writing was received from the President of the United States, which was read and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs (the same which was received by the Senate). The House then, on motion of Mr. Mann, of New York, adjourned until Friday, the 5th instant.

THE PIRATES,

The Boston Centinel contains the following remarks, in regard to the result of the late trial in that city:—"The whole transaction, from its inception to the final verdict of the Jury, has been one of the most extraordinary in the annals of crime. An American vessel is encountered by pirates, in the midst of the ocean, many miles from land, and for aught that the parties concerned knew to the contrary, as far from any other vessel.—The American crew were driven below, beaten, menaced with instant death by fearful odds, and at all points, against them, compelled to give up the $20,000, and finally locked down below. A band of ruffians then took the vessel, sized upon the nautical instruments, wantonly cut the sails and rigging; break the compass; destroy the compass; collect the most combustible materials at hand, apply the torch; leave the vessel in this deplorable condition, repair to their own vessel, taking the boat of the American vessel, which they did not want—scuttle it in sight of the crew, taking from his own cabin window and the rail-way, with the manifest intention of burning the vessel, and crew while locked down below! This is the statement of facts, as abundantly proven on the trial.

In this awful condition, Providence interposed for their protection! By mere chance, a small scuttle is opened, one of the men escaped; One of the men gets out of the vessel all his companions from the most horrible situation—immediately contiguous to the lonely ocean, and far from friends and home. Probably in less than an hour more, the vessel would have been enveloped in flames! They come on deck and extinguish the burning fire! Even at that tremendous crisis these men were afraid to show themselves on deck, lest the demoniac pirate should return and consummate the deed by murdering them all in cold blood! But mark the contrast, thinking the Mexican past redemption, he departed probably in pursuit of another victim than a chance in sight. They now attempt to repair their damage. But what a spectacle? Every thing in confusion—their rigging divested and destroyed, and they in the midst of the ocean, without compass! Repairing the damage as well as they could the worthy men resumed their intended voyage, and with empty purses and heavy hearts shaped their course towards Salem. Here we have neither time nor room to do justice to the subject. The Mexican returns home and the pirates set off their plunder, relying for impunity on the total destruction of their victim and all on board. Had not one escaped otherwise. The tidings of the piracy was borne on the winds to the nearest port of the earth, and with a description of the pirate the vessel. It was passed away, and the news reached Africa, and a British vessel cruising on that distant coast.—The vessel was there immediately suspected. The result is known. She was captured by the British vessel, the captain, mate, and many of the crew imprisoned, and after the lapse of nearly two years, they were brought to Salem to be confronted by the very men whom they had robbed so long before, and considered dead and buried in the deep! What an astonishing train of events! The extravagant tales of fiction are realized! The offenders are brought to trial, and condemned to death, on the testimony of the very men whom they had robbed and consigned to death, who appeared in judgment against them as it were in the midst of the prisoners, and from the dead. Such scenes of guilt, are thus brought to light by the inscrutable operations of a Divine Providence.

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

IN THE SENATE.

Thursday, December 4, 1834.

The following message was received from the President of the United States by Mr. Donelson his Secretary.

To the Senate of the United States:

I transmit to Congress a communication addressed to me, by Mr. *George Washington Lafayette*, accompanying a copy of the Declaration of Independence, engraved on copper, which his illustrious father bequeathed to Congress, to be placed in their Library, as a last tribute of respect, patriotic love, and affection for his adopted country.

I have a mournful satisfaction in transmitting this precious bequest of that great and good man, who, through a long life, under many vicissitudes and in both hemispheres, sustained the principles of civil liberty asserted in that memorable Declaration, and who, from his youth to the last moment of his life, cherished for our beloved country the most generous attachment.

ANDREW JACKSON.

4th December, 1834.

[*The Letter enclosed in the above.*]

Sir,—A great misfortune has given me more than one solemn and important duty to fulfil, and the ardent desire of accomplishing with fidelity my father's last will, emboldens me to claim the patronage of the President of the U. States, and his benevolent intervention, when I am obliged respectfully and mournfully to address the Senate and Representatives of a whole nation.

Our forever beloved parent possessed a Copperplate, on which was inscribed the first engraved copy of the American Declaration of Independence, and his last intention, in departing this world, was, that the precious plate should be presented to the Congress of the United States, to be deposited in their Library, as a last tribute of respect, patriotic love and affection, for his adopted country.

Will it be permitted to me, a faithful disciple of that American School, whose principles are so admirably exposed in that immortal declaration, to hope that you, sir, would do me the honour to communicate this letter to both Houses of Congress at the same time that, in the name of his afflicted family, you would present to them my venerated father's gift,

In craving such an important favour, sir, the Son of General Lafayette, the adopted Grandson of Washington, knows, and shall never forget that he would become unworthy of it, if he was ever to cease to be a French and American patriot.

With the utmost respect, I am, Sir,
Your devoted and obedient servant
GEORGE W. LAFAYETTE.

To the President of the United States.

From the New York Journal of Commerce.

INTERESTING CASE.

In the ship Alabama, which arrived a few days since from New Orleans, came passenger a native African, about 75 years of age, who was stolen from the land of his birth about 38 years ago, along with many other unhappy beings, and carried into Charleston, S. C. where he was sold to General Pinckney. His native name is Lamin Kibby; his American name, Paul. After remaining about six years in the service of General Pinckney, he was sold to Mr. Pratt, of Edgefield District, and by him to some one else, and so on, till at length he passed into the hands of Pressley Halsey, of Sumner County, Tennessee, and subsequently became the property of James Hoard, Esq. of Vicksburg, Miss. To this gentleman he is indebted for his liberty, and not only for his liberty, but for his passage to this city, and $10 for the supply of his necessities on his arrival. His object is to return to Africa, where he left a wife and two children.

He was born and brought up in the district of Footagallo, (capital Timboo,) so far in the interior that he says it would have taken him 3 weeks to walk to the Atlantic shore. When stolen he was asleep at a place on the coast called Tamakoo, which he had gone for the purposes of trade. He was awakened from his slumbers by the chains which were being fastened around him. He relates and writes his native language, the Arabic, with ease and fluency, and appears to have possessed an accomplished education. After devoting seven years at home to the pursuits of learning, he repaired to a College at Boonda, about 900 miles East of Footagallo, where he passed another seven years in completing his education. He then engaged in the business of teaching, in which employment he was occupied till near the period of his disastrous visit to the coast,—since which time he has never heard from his friends, nor they of course from him. At the time he left Africa, his father's brother was King of Footagallo, and he supposes the crown still rests upon the head of some one of his relatives.

He represents himself to have embraced Christianity before he left his native country, though the mass of the people in Footagallo were Mahomedans. He remembers to have seen a Bible there, and says a considerable part of the population were able to read and write.

He will be provided with a passage to Liberia by the first vessel, from which point he entertains no doubt that he can soon make his way to Footagallo.

From the Balt. American.

In the passage of the steamboat Maryland from the Eastern Shore on Monday, the 8th inst. she encountered a violent gale, and on approaching the mouth of the Patapsco, about 4 o'clock in the evening, off the Bodkin, two vessels were discovered at a distance capsized.—Capt. Taylor immediately steered for the wrecks, and after approaching as near as practicable, he manned his two small boats, and sent them to the relief of the sufferers that might be on board of the vessels in distress; and notwithstanding that the violence of the winds rendered the attempt extremely hazardous, he did not hesitate to go himself to their rescue.

One of the vessels proved to be the schooner Temperance, of Cambridge; her crew, three in number, stated that they had been capsized about 10 o'clock in the morning, and contrived to save themselves by getting into the small boat and lying under the lee of the schooner. They had suffered much with the cold during the day, and were in momentary expectation of sinking into a watery grave. The name of the other vessel, which was a sloop, could not be made out. On reaching her it was found that the hatches were several feet under water; and it is to be feared that all on board had perished. A canoe was the only small craft attached to the wreck, and no person was to be found on board of the wreck or in the canoe. The persons taken from the Temperance stated that although they had been in sight of the sloop all day, they had seen no person on board.

The promptness and humanity of Capt. Taylor and his crew in rendering relief to the unfortunate sufferers, elicited the entire approbation of the passengers on board of the Maryland; by whom it was

Resolved, unanimously, That the humane conduct of Captain TAYLOR, as evinced to-day in the rescue from peril of the persons on board of the schooner Temperance, merits our highest praise; and as a mark of our approbation of his prompt humanity we will present to the public a statement of facts with our names annexed.

Thomas Wright, Queen Ann's county, Md.
Stephen L. Wright, do do do
John Brown, do do do
Daniel Newman, Centreville, Md.
Charles Downes, do do
Thomas B. Cook, do do
Richard C. Hollyday, Cumberland, Md.
Francis West, Philadelphia.
P. M. Lafourcade, do
Joseph Knight, do
Geo. Reed, Caroline county, Md.
Chas. W. Smith, do do
James Harris, Jr. Queenstown, Md.
Stephen Denning, Chestertown, Md.
Francis Conn, do do
E. B. Hardcastle, Denton, Md.
Thomas S. George, Millington, Md.

We the subscribers, Captain and crew of the schooner Temperance, take this opportunity of tendering our sincere thanks to Captain Taylor of the steamboat Maryland, for his humane and manly conduct in coming to our relief and rescue while wrecked at the mouth of the Patapsco river on the 8th inst.

LOFTUS KIRBY,
THOMAS TUNIS,
JOSEPH GREEN.

The Pennsylvania legislature proceeded on Saturday last, to ballot for Senator of the United States, in place of Mr. Wilkins. On the fourth ballot Mr. James Buchanan (of Lancaster) received a majority of all the votes, as follows:

Fourth Ballot.

James Buchanan had	66
Amos Ellmaker,	31
James Clarke,	26
Joseph Lawrence,	6
J. B. Sutherland,	1

From the Baltimore Chronicle.

RAIL ROAD RIOTERS.

As misapprehensions appear to exist in relation to the proceedings against the persons apprehended or charged with being concerned in the late riots and murders, on the Baltimore and Washington Rail Road, we think it proper to state, that nearly four hundred persons were committed to Baltimore county goal—that, from the period of their commitment Judge Brice and the State's Attorney, assisted by Mr. Cheves, have been incessantly engaged every day, without intermitting even the Sabbath, in their examination. This labour was conceived necessary, that those who might be proved innocent should be promptly discharged. We understand that the investigation terminated yesterday, and that all have been liberated with the exception of ten or twelve, some of whom are retained as witnesses and the others for trial.

We know nothing of the nature of the testimony against those who are to be tried—but it is greatly to be desired that the perpetrators of the horrible murders committed on the rail road should be discovered and punished—lest their escape may give rise to measures which may hereafter, on the recurrence of similar outrages, involve the innocent and guilty alike in their ruin. We have heretofore expressed our opinions freely on this subject, and do not deem it necessary to repeat them here. But we cannot forbear the remark, that, although there was great tardiness somewhere in the arrest of the rioters, there has been the utmost promptitude in their examination since committed.

The bust of Napoleon, taken by Dr. Antommarchi immediately after his death at St. Helena, was presented to the city of New Orleans by the Dr on the 23d ult. The present tion took place at a special sitting of the City Council. The acknowledgments of the Corporation were made to the donor by the Mayor, to which a suitable reply was returned.

FROM ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark. Nov. 18.

Gen. M. Arbuckle arrived at Fort Gibson on the 4th inst. and on the following day entered on the duties devolving on him as Commanding General of the South-western frontier. It will be gratifying to his numerous friends to learn that he is entirely restored to health.

Capt. D. Perkins, U. S. Dragoons, passed down yesterday, from Fort Gibson, on his way to the mouth of White river.

Mr. Featherstonaugh, Geologist, arrived at this place on Sunday last, in good health, after an arduous examination of the highlands between the Missouri and Arkansas rivers; and purposes, after resting here a day or two, proceeding to the Hot Springs, and pursuing his researches from thence South to the Mexican frontiers.

The late Eclipse of the sun, which was total at Charleston, was seen there under every advantage of fine weather and a clear sky. At the period of total obscuration, the planet Venus was brightly visible in the east. Mercury was seen in the west, and the fixed star Antares at a short distance below the *conjoined orbs*.

Balt. Amer.

FOREIGN.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

By the packet ship Francis 1st, Captain Castoff, the editors of the Journal of Commerce have received Paris papers to the 10th, and Havre papers to the 11th of November.

It is stated in the last Paris accounts that the Duke of Bassano, the former Minister of the Interior, has been entrusted by the King with the formation of a new Ministry, which it is said will be composed as follows:

The Duke of Bassano, Minister of the interior, with the presidency of the Council.
M. Bresson, at present Envoy at Berlin, Minister of Foreign Affairs.
General Bernard, War Department.
M. Teste, Minister of Commerce.
M. Souzet, Minister of Public Instruction.
M. Persil, Minister of Justice,
M. Charles Dupin, Minister of Marine.
M. Passy, Minister of Finance.

The Chambers were to be immediately convoked, and a law of amnesty presented for their concurrence.

Much damage and some shipwrecks occurred to the shipping on the English coast and in the Baltic, by a severe storm in the latter part of October. A large American ship from Liverpool was reported as lost on Scarlet Rocks, near Castletown—crew saved.

PARIS, Nov. 10.

The announcement of the formation of a new Ministry under Bassano occasioned a decline in the funds, and further development is expected to-morrow. 3 per cts. opened at 78.85, closed at 78. 5 per cts. opened at 106. 45, closed at 106. 30.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Sunday morning last, after a long and severe pulmonary affection, in the 37th year of his age, Mr. NELSON REED NICHOLS. It may be truly said of the deceased, "he was the *noblest work of God*—AN HONEST MAN." He has left a Widow and five infant children to mourn the loss of an affectionate Husband, and tender parent.

"Man's longest date is so brief,"
Is but a fading leaf;
The wintry blast of death
Shall lay Man's proudest glories in the tomb:
But *Faith* in Christ will pierce the midnight gloom;
And God's vivific breath
Annul the powers of Death. A.

—, At his residence near this City, on the 19th ult. Mr. HOWARD DUVALL, in the 73d year of his age, a respectable and worthy man.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having Books belonging to the Sunday School Library of St. Anne's Church will please return them.

December 11.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis on TUESDAY the 20th day January next, for the purpose of settling with the Inspectors of Tobacco, hearing appeals, and making transfers, and closing their books for the year 1834.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

Dec. 11 – tm.

IN CHANCERY.

6 December, 1834.

Jane Thompson
vs.
The Heirs and Devisees of Thomas Lytle, and Samuel Chase.

THE object of the bill in this case is to obtain a conveyance to the plaintiff, and her heirs, of a lot of ground in the city of Baltimore, which is contained within the following description: Beginning for the same at the distance of one hundred and twenty-four feet six inches from the north-west corner of Lot number twenty eight, (as numbered on a Plat for the sale of the real estate of Thomas Parkin,) and running southerly, binding on Scott-street, seventy eight feet six inches; thence easterly, until it intersects the thirty-eighth line of the whole tract; thence binding on said line north-easterly until it intersects a line drawn parallel with the last line of Lot number twenty-eight at the distance of one hundred and twenty-four feet six inches from said beginning and at right angles with Scott-street; and thence westerly, binding on said last line to Scott-street, the place of beginning; said Lot being part of the tracts of land called "Rich Neck," and "Howard's Timber Neck." The bill states, that the plaintiff is the widow and only heir at law of William Thompson, late of Baltimore, who died intestate, and without issue; that said William about the year 1808 purchased for $225 from Samuel Chase the said piece of ground, and paid the purchase money therefor—that said Chase as trustee for the sale of the estate of Thomas Parkin, had sold said Lot number 28, of which said piece of ground is a part, to one John Walraven, under the decree for sale of said estate, bearing date 13 December 1805—that said Walraven, not paying for said Lot, relinquished it to said Chase—that Chase by deed recorded among Baltimore county Land Records in Liber W. G. No. 134, folio 1, &c. dated 1 June 1815, conveyed said Lot No. 28 to Thomas Lytle—that said conveyance, though absolute in its terms, was really in trust that said Lytle should convey said piece of ground to said William, and his heirs, and other parts of said Lot No. 28 to other persons respectively to whom said Chase had agreed to sell the same. The bill further states, that said Lytle removed from the state of Maryland, and departed this life, without executing to said William a conveyance of said piece of ground, and that the plaintiff knows not whether said Lytle left any heirs, or constituted any devisees of said piece of ground, or, if he left any heirs or devisees, who or where they are. The bill also states that Samuel Chase resides out of the state of Maryland.

It is thereupon ordered, That the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in some newspaper before the sixth day of January next, give notice to said heirs and devisees of Thomas Lytle, and to said Samuel Chase, of the substance and object of the bill, that they may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the sixth day of June next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree should not be passed as prayed

True copy—Test.

RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Cancr.

December 11. 3w.

MARYLAND LOTTERY.

Approved by William R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners.

Class Number 25, for 1834.

Yates and M'Intyre, Managers.

To be drawn at Baltimore, Dec. 16, 1834.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1	prize of	10,000
1	prize of	10,000
1	prize of	2,000
1	prize of	1,000
5	prizes of	1,000
10	prizes of	500
10	prizes of	400
20	prizes of	300
20	prizes of	250
20	prizes of	200
20	prizes of	150
20	prizes of	125
36	prizes of	100
64	prizes of	50
128	prizes of	40
128	prizes of	35
128	prizes of	30
128	prizes of	25
128	prizes of	20
2,816	prizes of	15
4,032	1st or 2d drawn No.	9
4,032	3d or 4th drawn No.	8
4,032	5th or 6th drawn No.	6
10,080	7 8 9 10 or 11 drawn No.	5

25,861 *prizes, amounting to* $270,100

Whole Tickets $5. Halves $2 50, Quarters $1 25.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

DUBOIS'
LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Church-street, Annapolis.)

ANNAPOLIS GREYS

YOU are hereby ordered to appear, on the 12th inst. (Friday,) in full dress, at your usual parade ground, front of the State House, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

By order,
JONA. PINKNEY, O. S.

Dec. 4.

SEALED PROPOSALS for supplying the Troops at Fort Severn, Maryland, with FRESH BEEF for one year, commencing on the 1st of January, 1835, and ending on the 31st of December, 1835, will be received by the subscriber until the 20th inst. at 1 o'clock, P. M. when they will be opened.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality, in quarters, with an equal portion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded.) The days of issue, and the probable quantity of Beef required, and the terms and condition of the contract, can be ascertained on application to the subscriber at Fort Severn.

F. TAYLOR,
Lt. and A. C. S.

Dec. 4.—3w.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the undersigned trustee, will offer at public sale on FRIDAY the 26th day of December next, at 11 o'clock M. at the residence of John Mercer, Esq. on West River, a number of

VALUABLE NEGROES,

Consisting of Men, Women and children. The terms of Sale will be cash, to be paid at the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the Chancellor. If payment is delayed until the ratification of the sale, the purchaser will be required to pay interest from the day of sale.

THOS. S. ALEXANDER,
Trustee.

Dec. 4.

Anne-Arundel County, To wit:

THEREBY CERTIFY, That George C. Steuart of said county, brought before me as a stray trespassing on his enclosures, a Grey GELDING, about fifteen hands high, no perceivable marks, shod all round, except one of his shoes is lost, and in poor condition, has a white tail. Given under my hand and one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, this 4th day of November 1834.

JOHN KNIGHTON.

Nov. 27 3w

BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. ANNE HOLLAND respectfully notifies her friends, and the members of the Legislature generally, that her House, situated on Church street, and the Public Circle, is now in complete order for the reception of Boarders. Its vicinity to the State House and Public Offices renders it a desirable residence for members of the Legislature, and others who may have business with them. From the circumstance of her having heretofore given satisfaction, she confidently looks forward for a share of public patronage, and which she respectfully solicits.

Nov 6.

A MANAGER WANTED

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Captain Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation—none other need apply—for terms apply to

THOMAS FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

The Centreville Times will please insert the above four times, and send his account to this office.

Dec. 4.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Phineas D. Warfield, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment.

WESLEY LINTHICUM,
Adm'r. W. A.

Dec. 4—3w

PORTER'S TAVERN
FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery the subscriber will sell at public sale, at James Hunter's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY the 23d day of December next, at 4 o'clock, P. M. if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, all the right, title and interest, of the heirs of Nathan Porter, subject to a mortgage executed by said N. Porter to Micha Lloyd, containing about

93 1-2 ACRES OF LAND.

It is 14 miles from Baltimore and is the place of voting for the 5th Election District of Anne Arundel county. It is well watered, and has about 20 acres of meadow land. The buildings consist of a two story House and Kitchen, large and confortable, with a large and dry cellar, a wheelwright shop, a pump of good water which communicates with a fine dairy, smokehouse, a smoke house, and a young orchard of selected fruit trees.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE,

one tenth to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or the ratification thereof, and the remainder in 6, 12, and 18 months, in equal instalments, with interest from the day of sale, for payment of which, bonds or notes must be given with good security, and upon the receipt of the purchase money, and not before, the subscriber is authorised to give a good deed. At the same time, and on the same terms, will be sold a part of a tract of land containing about 5 ACRES, whether more or less, which was sold to said Nathan Porter by Benjamin Forest, Esq. The purchase money of this five acres has been paid but a deed was never made.

I. BOYLE, Trustee.