ry of a *chemin dans les airs!* Thus the inhabitants proceeded *en masse* to the same Champ de Mars, where so many wax-wings have been melted—so many airy projects exploded!

As noon approached, the reserved seats began to fill, and hundreds of horsemen, private equipages, cabriolets, carts, in short, every possible description of vehicles, frankly were seen converging from every quarter of the city towards the point of attraction amidst clouds of dust, and under a sun worthy of the meridian of Madras. As the immense masses of curious individuals, however, approached the scene of action, various indications that something had gone wrong presented themselves in the shape of returning provison carts, freighted with uneaten cargoes, itinerent piemen with long faces, &c. &c. &c. —and it was speedily ascertained that at about half-past twelve, the balloon, which had been completely inflated, and was floating at a certain height to which it was confined by cords, and at the moment when it was being drawn down, in order that the aeronants might embark in the car, suddenly turned topsy-turvy, and burst with a loud explosion!

The crowd at first gave a cry of horror; but quickly recovering, they rushed upon the falling balloon, instantly tore it to pieces, carried it off in portions, which were sold and sold for a few sols the ounce, in every part of Paris, in the course of the afternoon.

This outrage must considerably adjourn the period at which the projectors can renew the attempt, which, however, they declare it to be their intention to do with the least possible loss of time. The car luckily escaped from the hands of the goths who destroyed the balloon.

It is said that some slight fissures had been observed in the tissue, on the evening before the balloon was to have ascended.

Whatever may have been the cause of the accident, it is very fortunate that it took place before the voyagers had taken their departure. The form of the balloon has been objected to by scientific men, and the slender tissue of which it was made, as well as the dark colour of the Indian rubber varnish with which it was covered.

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

U. S. Ship United states, }
Vourla, July 12, 1834. }

The United States arrived at Smyrna from Naples on the evening of the 20th of June. It was rumoured at Milo, where we stopped for a day, that the plague was existing in the Island of Scio and in Smyrna. We found this, unhappily, to be the case; and of course had no direct communication with the town.

Some of the gentlemen of the city visited us, and Captain Ballard and one or two of the officers dined one day with Mr. Offley the American Consul at his country house at a village near the head of the Gulf. With these exceptions, we were in a self imposed quarantine, during the ten days we remained at anchor there.

The Rev. Mr Brewer, and Mr. and Mrs Temple came alongside our ship, for a half hour, a day or two after our arrival, but did not leave their boats, lest by a possibility, they might be the means of bringing contagion amongst us.

It is a source of great regret to us, thus to be cut off from all communication with the shore and the friends, whose society we should take pleasure in there. The existence of the plague in many parts of the Levant and Archipelago, will interfere much with the pleasure and interest of our cruise for the summer. We are even, at this place, in partial quarantine, and shall be entirely so, for some thirty or forty days, after our arrival at any port to which we may go.

When we arrived at Smyrna, the British fleet with the flag of Admiral Sir Jonas Rawley, consisting of three ships of the Line as three deckers, three seventy fours and a sloop of war, was at anchor there. They all left, on account of the plague, the next morning, were at Vourla a few days, and are now cruising off the Gulf, previous to a visit at Napoli di Romania. King Otho, it appears, has not the most flattering prospects just at present: and I heard a British Officer say, a short time since that he should not be surprised if the next duty of the fleet should be to transport his Majesty back to Western Europe.

We came to Vourla on the 1st of July, and it is said will in a day or two take our anchor again, for a cruize in the Gulf of Scalonica—visiting possibly the town of that name, should the plague not be there also. On our return, we hope the scourge will have disappeared here, so as to allow of some better opportunities of observation, on the manners and habits of the people, than we have yet enjoyed.

Our ship's company is in fine health and spirits, and our time passes agreeably and usefully, notwithstanding the *tabu* laid upon us. At present there is not a case of indisposition among the five hundred on board, sufficiently serious to render a cot necessary.

AFRICAN COLONIZATION.

The New York Commercial Advertiser announces to the friends of this benevolent enterprise the gratifying information that, after a negotiation of some months, the New York City Colonization Society has formed an union with the Colonization Society of Philadelphia. It had been found difficult, under public attention had been drawn specifically to the subject, to form a separate colony, by the society in New York. But as the citizens of Philadelphia entered with great zeal and spirit into the matter, an union was proposed, on the basis of the maxim that in union there is strength. An arrangement mutually satisfactory to the two societies has been agreed upon, and such as, it is hoped, will be satisfactory to the people of the two states, and also to the friends of the cause in New Jersey, who seldom fall behind others in the proportion of their means, in promoting the great cause of philanthropy.

Preparations are now nearly completed for the departure of another expedition, which is to sail about the 20th instant, and to carry out the slaves of the late Dr. Hawes, of Virginia, who were emancipated upon the condition of going to Liberia. The country to which the expedition is destined is Bassa Cove. It has been surveyed, and preparations made for the reception of emigrants. The situation is fine, and even more healthy than Monrovia. It is within the territorial limits of Liberia, and will be under the government of the parent colony, and the unit societies will act as heretofore, in subordination to that institution.

This will be a large expedition, and arrangements have been made already for another vessel to sail in March next, to comprize upwards of 100 select emigrants from Savannah and its environs, and also several families from New York, to the number of 25 individuals more. These are persons of excellent character and exemplary deportment, and will form a nucleus, superior in its moral aspect, to any importation of emigrants which it was possible to make in the infancy of the enterprise. The two societies are now making arrangements for the employment of a suitable agent to take charge of the interests of the two cities in the furtherance of the undertaking.

Connected with this establishment a Manual Labor School, and machine shop, in which agriculture and the mechanic arts shall be taught, are to be immediately put in operation. It is to be under the direction and superintendence of Edward V. Hanrahan, who will receive the members of the society of friends in New York, who have volunteered to devote their lives to African improvement, and go out as the special agents of the Friends' Colonization Association, Philadelphia.

From the New York Times.

POLICE—October 1.

Unwelcome Guest.—Towards evening a genteel looking man named Patrick Campbell was brought up before Mr. Justice Wyckoff, charged with robbing a poor hard-working woman named Margaret Driscol of $9 50. Several witnesses to the same and previous transactions were then examined, and it appeared that Campbell, at her apartment, a garret-bed room in No. 15, Orange street, stooped before the well, &c. and obtained a design to take and spend the evenings with her. Moved to entertain him in a hospitable manner, as circumstances would admit, she opened her heart, took a little change from an old stock which had been deposited, thought the world excuse enough, and sallied forth to purchase refreshment to entertain her guest sumptuously. When she returned, she had not only all the change she took with her, and refused to return her remaining pence to the importunities of the fellow in the stocking, but she discovered that her entire wardrobe had been removed. Appearing not to be noticed the fact, he slipped out of the room, and called her below-stairs neighbors to her aid—they promptly answered the demand, and brought with them a Mr. Graff of the first story.—As soon as Smith entered the room, he noticed an unusual appearance in one of Campbell's cheeks, and seizing him by the collar, demanded to know what he had in his mouth. "A chew of tobacco, to be sure," said Campbell "Spit it out, then," said Smith. "Not as you know of," said Campbell. "Why?" said Smith, "I think," said Campbell, laughingly, "I'll be d—d if you won't!" said Smith, and suiting the action to the word, smote him sorely on the projecting cheek, which caused an instant delivery of the chew aforesaid, but which instead of tobacco, proved to be the money of the poor widow done up in a wad about the size of a reputable quid of tobacco. It may well be supposed the poor woman was well pleased to see the result of Mr. Smith's "experience," and with a smile on her lip and a tear in her eye, escorted her ungrateful guest to the police office, told her story, kissed the bit, and really appeared gratified at seeing the fellow's face turned towards Bridewell.

FOREIGN.

FROM EUROPE.

On Sunday the packet ship Napoleon Captain Smith, arrived from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 24th August. Out files of London and Liverpool newspapers received are to the 23d August, inclusive.

We do not often receive papers from England of a date so much later than our previous accounts, so utterly barren of any interest of interest. The prorogation of the British Parliament has tied up one source of information of a general character, the domestic concerns of the United Kingdom offer nothing of interest abroad. Lord Chancellor Brougham had retired to his estates in Westmoreland, and Mr. O'Connell, had gone to Derrynane The Queen Dowager had returned to London.

The demand for money in the London market had increased, and the Bank had given notice that they would require an advanced rate of interest.

A destructive fire had taken place in Liverpool near the Salt House Dock, on the premises of Messrs. Clark and Nixon, ship builders.

From France we have nothing but the Speech of King Louis Phillippe in reply to the address of the Chambers, and the prorogation of these bodies till the month of December. Prince Leopold was on the point of leaving England on a visit to Paris.

The Lady stranded—failed to rouse within her any emotion, beyond the mere common place. Messina lies within four or five miles of the entrance of the Straits, and appears well from the sea. We communicated with the shore by a boat, and Mr. Payson, the Amer

—, On Tuesday morning at Bellefield, north side of Severn, by the Rev. Dr. Henshaw, Dr Witt Kent, Esq. of P. George's county, to Miss Juliana Sudler.

IN CHANCERY,

October 3d, 1834.

ORDERED, That the sale of the real estate of James Walker, as made and reported by Gerard N. Causin, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the 3d day of December next, provided a copy of this order be published once in each of three successive weeks before the 3d day of November next in one of the newspapers published in the city of Annapolis.

The report states the amount of sales to be $8251.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 9. 3w.

LITERATURE LOTTERY,

Of the State of Delaware.
Class No. 41, for 1834.

To be drawn at Wilmington, (Del.) on Thursday, the 9th day of October, 1834.
At half past one o'clock P. M.
Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.

SPLENDID SCHEME:

1	prize of	$2,000
1	prize of	5,000
1	prize of	3,000
1	prize of	2,500
1	prize of	1,322
1	prize of	1,000
1	prize of	800
1	prize of	700
10	prizes of	500
10	prizes of	400
10	prizes of	350
10	prizes of	300
10	prizes of	250
10	prizes of	200
20	prizes of	150
20	prizes of	125
32	prizes of	100
60	prizes of	80
63	prizes of	60
63	prizes of	50
63	prizes of	40
126	prizes of	35
126	prizes of	30
126	prizes of	25
126	prizes of	20
5463	prizes of	15
1953	prizes of (Two dozen each)	12
5,076	prizes of (One do. do.)	8
5,859	prizes of (Five do. do.)	6
11,718	prizes of (Ten do. do.)	5
13,671	prizes of (Twelve do. do.)	4

27,814 Prizes, amounting to $47,500

Tickets $3—Halves $1 50—Quarters 1 25.

Tickets and shares for sale at
DUNN'S
LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE
(Chesnut Street, Annapolis.)

GREAT NATIONAL WORK.

AMERICAN MAGAZINE

Of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge. To be Illustrated with numerous Engravings
By the Boston Bewick Company.

THE success which has attended the publication of the most Magazines from the Eastern Press, has led to preparations for issuing a periodical more particularly adapted to the wants and tastes of the American public. While it will be the object of the proprietors to make the work strictly what its title indicates, it will, nevertheless, contain all articles of interest to its patrons which appear in foreign Magazines.

Extensive preparations have been entered into, both with artists and authors, to furnish from all parts of the Union, drawings and illustrations of every subject of interest, which the publishers confidently believe will enable them to issue a work honourable to its title, and acceptable to the American People.

The first number of the American Magazine, illustrated with upwards of twenty splendid engravings, will appear on or before the first of September, and be continued monthly containing between forty and fifty imperial octavo pages, and be furnished at the low price of two dollars per annum. It will comprise—

Portraits and Biographical Sketches of distinguished Americans; Views of Public Buildings, Monuments and Improvements; Landscape Scenery; the boundless variety and beauty of which, in this country, will form an unceasing source of instruction and gratification; Engravings and descriptions of the character, habits &c. of Beasts, Birds, Fishes and Insects, together with every subject connected with the Geography, History, Natural and Artificial resources of the country illustrated in a familiar and popular manner.

FREEMAN HUNT, Agent
of the Boston Bewick Company 47 Court st.
Boston, July 17.

*** Editors throughout the United States who will give the above Prospectus a few insertions in their respective papers, shall be entitled to one year's subscription to the same.

CONVENTION OF THE FRIENDS OF EDUCATION.

THE Commissioners, Trustees and Teachers of Primary Schools, and all who desire to promote the general dissemination of useful knowledge, are respectfully solicited to attend the Convention of the friends of Education, to be held in Annapolis, on WEDNESDAY, the 23d day of October. A committee from the friends of Education in Baltimore will attend. Much interesting information will be communicated to the Convention, and efforts will be made to establish a County Lyceum, for the purpose of improving the condition of our public schools; &c.

Oct. 4—tm.

TAXES! TAXES!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the County Tax for 1833, and City and School Taxes for 1834, are now due. Those persons who are in arrears for taxes, are requested to settle the same without further delay, as no longer indulgence can be given.

RICHARD RIDGELY,
City and County Collector.

N. B. R. R. will attend to the drawing, and acknowledgment of Deeds &c. and other duties connected with the office of a Justice of the Peace.

City and County Collector's Office,

PORTER'S TAVERN FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the High court of Chancery the subscriber will sell at public sale, at James Hunter's Tavern, in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY the 28th of October next, at 4 o'clock, P. M. if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter, all the right, title and interest, of the heirs of Nathan Porter, subject to a mortgage executed by said N. Porter to Mcdi Lloyd, containing about

93 1-2 ACRES OF LAND.

It is 14 miles from Baltimore and is the place of voting for the 5th Election District of Anne Arundel county. It is well watered, and has about 20 acres of meadow land. The buildings consist of a two story House and kitchen, large and comfortable, with a large and dry cellar, a good barn, and stabling for 18 horses, a threshing floor and sheds for the accommodation of travellers, a wheel wright shop, a blacksmiths' shop, a pump of good water which communicates with a fine dairy, an ice house, a smoke house, and a young orchard of selected fruit trees.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE,

one tenth to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or the ratification thereof and the remainder in 6, 12, and 18 months in equal instalments, with interest from the day of sale, for the payment of which, bonds or notes must be given with good security, and upon the receipt of the purchase money, and not before, the subscriber is authorized to give a good deed. At the same time, and on the same terms, will be sold a part of a tract of land containing about 5 ACRES, which was sold to the said Nathan Porter by Benjamin Forrest, Esq. The purchase money for this five acres has been paid, but a deed has never been made.

Oct. 2. J. BOYLE, Trustee.

MEDICAL PUBLICATION.

THE REGISTER AND LIBRARY OF MEDICAL AND CHIRURGICAL SCIENCE, edited by CHARLES SHARP PARTRIDGE, M. D. Professor of Anatomy in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, assisted by John Haden M D Washington City, publication office Philadelphia.

CONTENTS OF THE RECENT NUMBERS.

No. 36. Treatment of Bronchitis: Ligature of the abdominal aorta: case of poisoning by arsenic and recovery: case of hydrophobia, by Baron Dupuytren: a general bill of health within the city of London, and bills of mortality from Dec. 1832, till December 1833: Bardsley on diseases of the joints, concluded.

No. 37. Operation for fistula in ano; the best method of treating the recto-vaginal fistula: Mr. Key's patent apparatus for applications of caoutchouc and gutta percha: epidemic dysentery: Bertolacci's observations from infancy on milk: Pereira on the nitrate of mercury.

No. 38. Observations on the theory of respiration; observations upon alteration of the cartilages of joints, and "ossifications," read by Mr. Mayo before the Medical Chirurgical Society: non-passage of the uterus caused by a tumor: fungus of the bladder: Lithontriptic instruments: Dr. Hamph's improvements: strangulated hernia with perforation of the intestines: scarlatina simulating Rubeola at its commencement: general Remonstrance of the whole medical interest: altered state of the collateral belts in which the larval vaginitis communicated with the general sanitary cause: two cases of chronic angina tonsillaris, cured by making incisions in the tonsils: chronic peritonitis, ascites tapped thirty times and cured: efficacy of antimonial powder in neuralgia of the face called pictorum successfully treated by sulphate of morphine in large doses: amputation of the penis by a new process: various cases, very successfully treated by the application of caustic issues: Phillip on minute doses of mercury concluded: Blundells principles and practice of obstetrics, commenced.

No. 39. Stimulant treatment of purulent opthalmea: Pathology and treatment of gastritis, by Wm. Stokes, M. D. Blundells midwifery, continued.

A glance at the contents of the Register and Library, will satisfy medical gentlemen of the great advantages which it offers. Independent of the matter of the Register, embracing the current improvements in medical science, there have been already published in the Library the following new and standard works; Sir Charles Bell on the Nerves; with nine illustrative engravings Mackintosh's Pathology and Practice of Physic. O'Bierne on Deflication. Lawrence on Diseases of the Eye. Mayo on Injuries of the Rectum. Blake on Delirium Tremens. Brodies Pathological and Surgical observations on Diseases of the Joints. Philip on the influence of minute doses of mercury Blundell's principles and Practice of Midwifery.

Velpeau's great work on Operative Surgery with notes by Professor Pattison, and an atlas of plates, will succeed Blundell.

These works, exclusive of the Register, would cost upwards of sixty dollars at the book store. One years subscription to the Register and Library, embracing 52 numbers, is ten dollars.

The great advantage which this work affords to Medical Students attending Lectures, and Physicians desirous of enriching their libraries with the standard works of the most eminent authors must be apparent.

The entire work being stereotyped, subscribers will be promptly supplied with the back numbers.

NEW IMPORTATION.

GEORGE McNEIR, MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS just received a LARGE & HANDSOME assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERS AND VESTING,
all of the latest importation and style, which he invites his friends and the public to call and examine.

ALSO:
A supply of GLOVES, STOCKS, COLLARS, SUSPENDERS, SILK HOSE, &c.
Octo. 2. 1834. 2

PROPOSALS

TO REPUBLISH THE
LONDON, EDINBURGH, FOREIGN AND WESTMINSTER
QUARTERLY REVIEWS,
FOR $8 PER ANNUM.

THE above Journals are already so well known to the public, that little need be said of their respective merits.

The well sustained reputation of the London Quarterly, not only as an able defender of Tory principles, and the old order of things, but as the wittiest and most entertaining of Reviews, will always command the attention of the literary and scientific.

The Edinburgh, celebrated for the vigor, learning and acuteness which its articles display, conducted by some of the principal literary men of the modern Athens, is an equally powerful champion of the moderate Reform party.

The Foreign Quarterly occupies a neutral ground in Politics, and is devoted to continental literature.

The Westminster is but little known in this country. It may be considered as the advocate of the Radicals, and the mouth piece of Benthamism. It represents the principles of a party already numerous in England, and fast increasing in the United States.

The numbers will be put to press immediately after they shall be received from Europe; and will contain the entire matter of the above works; making four annual volumes of upwards of six hundred pages.

They will be executed in as good style, and be printed in a shape but little differing from that of the European editions.

The price will be $8 per annum, payable three months after the delivery of the first number. The English copies cannot be had for less than $30. Of the three at present republished, two of them alone cost $10.

Any individual procuring four subscribers, and remitting $30 on the receipt of the first Number, will be allowed an additional copy.

☞ Subscription papers to be returned, and all communications to be addressed, post paid, to Theodore Foster, Albany, N. Y.

Subscriptions received at this office.
Sept 18

A LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, Sept. 30, 1834.

James M. Boyd,
David M. Brogden,
Walter B. Brooke,
A. Bettgn,

Jno. McConnell,
James Corney,
Thomas Cresap,
Daniel Collein,

Edward Dubois (2)
Charles Dorsey,
James Dixon,

John Ennis,

Mr. Goodlen,
Jno. C. Groome,
Saml. Gamble,

Richard Hall, (2)
Dr. Wm. Hammond,
Mary Haislip,
Miss S. W. Hudson,
Ellen Harper,

James Iglehart,
Ariel Jones,
Eliza Ann Jackson,

Rebecca Knighton,
Richard Knighton,

Rev. Wm. O. Lumsden,
Jno. Leadenham,
Jona. H. Lawrence,

Mrs. Ann Miller,
Saml. Morriss,
Henrietta Morgan,

William O'Hara.

James Parrit,
Jas. A. Pearce,
C. W. Packton,
William Price,

Thos. Robison,
Mr. Ridgely,
George W. Robinson,

John Sewell,
Jos. N. Stocket,
David Stewart,
Mary Stewart,
James Sheridan,
Rachel Stallings,
Carey Southcomb,

James Tailor,
Nathan Temril,
John Turbett,
Thos. Tidings,
John Trail,
Matthew Talbot,

Thos. G. Waters,
Rebecca Waters,
Gideon White (2)
Jno W Whittington,
Jno. Whittington,
Ansel Watrous,

McClintoch Young.

B
Dan. Brogden,
Gerome C. Berry,
Thos. Bollvaore,
William Bond.

C
John Collings,
Dr. Jos. Causton,
J. Mason Campbell, (2)

D
Harriett H. Duckett,
Catherine Duvall,
Elizabeth Dawes.

E
Chas. Wm. Eldridge.

G
Jno. M. Gordon,
Mrs. Mary Green.

H
C. A. Harris,
Mrs Wm. Howard,
Jno W. Hambleton,
Edward Hinckley,
Henrietta M. Hall.

I J
Augustus Jenkins,
Lewis Jones.

K
Nicholas Kebbs.

L
H. C. Long,
William Leg,
Bill Lans.

M
Jno. McDermart,
Gilbert Murdoch (8)
Grafton Munroe (3)

O

P
Thos. N Pindle,
President Temp. Society,
Elizer Poost,
Elizabeth Pindle.

R
Henry Robertson,
J. Rice.

S
Archibald Shipley,
Mrs. Simmons,
Judson Steuard,
Wm. W. Seeders (2)
Capt. George Smith,
Herr. J. Spengler.

T
Ellen Thompson,
John Tratheway,
Nathan Tenon,
Rd Tydings,
Mary Tydings.

W
Clement Weeden,
James White,
Nathaniel Warfield,
Jno. Watkins, Alms House,
Benj. Winterson,
Rt. Welch of Ben.

Y

☞ Persons calling for any of the above Letters, will please say they are advertised.

RICHARD J. CRABB, P. M.
Oct. 2.—3w

In Saint Mary's County Court sitting as a Court of Equity.

August Term, 1834.

Nathaniel Blakistone, and others,
vs.
Dent Blakistone, George Blakistone and John S. Mason.

ORDERED by the court, that the sale of the real estate decreed to be sold in the case of Nathaniel Blakistone and others, against Dent Blakistone and others, made and reported by James H Allstan, trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn by the first Monday in November next; Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published at Annapolis, once a week for three successive weeks before the twentieth day of October next.

The report states the amount of sales to be twenty eight hundred and one dollars.

C. DORSEY.

True copy,
JO. HARRIS, Clk.
Saint Mary's county court.
Sept. 25. 3

In St. Mary's County Court as a Court of Equity.

Charles Nuthall and Margaret Bear
vs.
Clement Dorsey and Vernon Dorsey,

ORDERED, this twenty fourth day of September 1834, that the sale of the negro man David deceased to be sold in the case of Charles Nuthall and Margaret Bear, against Clement Dorsey and Vernon Dorsey, made and reported by John Greenwell, of Philip, Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn by the first Monday of November next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some news paper published at Annapolis once a week for three successive weeks before the twenty fourth day of October next.

The report states the amount of sales to be one hundred and fifty-five dollars

John Stephen.

True copy,
Jos. Harris, Clk.
St. Mary's Cty Court.
October 2

WOOD FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale a quantity of OAK AND PINE WOOD, about five hundred cords, of excellent quality, and in good order for market. The Oak wood is of superior quality, as also the pine, about an equal quantity of each; it lays adjacent to South river, a short distance to an excellent landing. Any person desirous of purchasing can know the terms by addressing a letter to me, at Dorsheregan Manor, Anne-Arundel county, or by application to R. Welch, of Ben. in the city of Annapolis, who will shew the wood to any person desirous of purchasing.

CHARLES CARROLL.

Sept. 25, 1834. 3

NOTICE.

COMMITTED to my custody as a Runaway on the 28th August 1834, A negro Man who calls himself John Gross, and says he belongs to Nathaniel Washington of St. Mary's county; said fellow is about five feet six inches high, of a yellowish complexion, bushy head of hair, no perceivable flesh marks; his clothing consists of Oznaburg shirt and trowsers, old shoes, and hat much worn; he has also other old clothing, and produces a pass, which no doubt is forged. His owner is requested to pay charges and take him from jail, he will otherwise be discharged agreeable to law.

R. WELCH, of Ben.
Shff. A. A. County.
Sept. 1834. 3

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell at private sale, the FRAMED HOUSE situate in Church Street, in the city of Annapolis, one door above Mr. Richard R. Goodwin's Shoe store. The above House is a good stand for business of any kind, and will be sold on accommodating terms. Persons wishing to purchase, will be shewn the premises by Mr. Thomas G. Waters, who will also make known the terms of sale. Should this property not be disposed of at private sale, before Wednesday the 5th day of November next, it will on that day be offered at public sale, at 11 o'clock, at the premises.

THOMAS R. BEARD.
Sept. 18. 4

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of Primary Schools will meet, as usual, on the second day of the October Term of A. A. County Court. It is important that the commissioners in their annual report to the Legislature, should give a full and satisfactory statement of the condition of the Schools, and of the operation of the Primary School system in this county; and to enable them to do this, it is necessary that the Trustees of the several districts should make full and uniform reports of the condition of their schools. In order that such satisfactory information may be obtained, printed reports are provided, which the trustees, who are not already supplied, may procure on application to the secretary. The trustees are requested to return these reports to the subscriber, at as early a day, after the 1st October, as practicable. Much unnecessary trouble and delay may thus be avoided. If sent by mail the postage must be paid.

JNO. RIDOUT, Secretary.
Aug. 30—10Oct. R

WANTED.

A COLOURED WOMAN as a cook, and to do the washing and ironing in a small family in the country, to hire by the year. Inquire of the editor.

Aug. 14.

NOTICE.

I FORBID all persons depositing, carion, or any other filth or rubbish, or trespassing in any way upon my property, known as the 'pond lot.'

RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos