'Some gentlemen of the society of A... quaries being desirous of seeing how ... actual state of Edward 1st's body ... to the methods taken to preserve it ... leave to open the large stone sarcophagus ... which it is known to have been deposited ... the north side of Edward the Confessor's chapel. This was accordingly done on the morning of January 2, 1774; when in a coffin of yellow stone, they found the royal body in perfect preservation, enclosed in two wrappers; one of them was of gold tissue, strongly waxed and fresh; the other and outermost considerably decayed. The corpse was habited in a rich mantle of purple, panned with white, and adorned with ornaments of gilt metal, studded with red and blue stones and pearls. Two similar ornaments lay on the hands. The mantle was fastened on the right shoulder by a magnificent *fibula* of the same metal, with the same stones and pearls. The face had over it a silken covering, so fine, and so closely fitted to it, as to preserve the features entire. Round his temples, was a gilt coronet of fleurs de lys. In his hands, which were also entire, were two sceptres of gilt metal; that in the right surmounted by a cross fleure, that in the left by three clusters of oak leaves, and a dove on a globe; this sceptre was about five feet long. The feet were enveloped in the mantle and other coverings but sound, and the toes distinct. The whole length of the corpse was five feet two inches.

'This last statement, it will be observed, is the only point in which the narrative seems to disagree with history. We are generally given to understand that Edward I. was a tall man; and that he was designated in his own time by the name of Long shanks. But in his Chronicle of the Kings of England, speaking of him that he was tall of stature, exceeding most of other men by a head and shoulders. We have not been able to find Sir Joseph Ayloffe's account of the examination, and know of no other mode of reconciling the discrepancy, but by supposing a typographical error of a figure in the account which has been quoted.

'Edward I. died at Burg upon Sands, in Cumberland, on his way to Scotland, July 7, 1307, in the sixty eighth year of his age.

Another instance of partial preservation, is that of the body of King Charles I. the subject of the work at the head of this article. The remains of this unfortunate monarch are known to have been carried to Windsor, and there interred by his friends, without pomp, in a hasty and private manner. It is stated in Clarendon's History of the Rebellion, that when his son, Charles II was desirous to remove and re-inter his corpse at Westminster Abbey, it could not by any search be found. In constructing a Mausoleum at Windsor in 1813, under the direction of George IV then Prince Regent, an accident led to the discovery of this royal body. The workmen, in forming a subterraneous pass go under the choir of St. George's chapel, accidentally made an aperture in the wall of the vault of King Henry VIII. On looking through this opening it was found to contain three coffins, instead of two as had been supposed. Two of these were ascertained to be the coffins of Henry VIII, and one of his queens, Jane Seymour. The other was formally examined, after permission obtained, by Sir Henry Halford, in presence of several members of the royal family and other persons of distinction. The account since published by Sir Henry corroborates the one which had been given by M. Herbert, a groom of King Charles's bedchamber, and is published in Wood's Antiquities of Oxoniensees.

'On removing the pall,' says the account, 'a plain leaden coffin presented itself to view, with no appearance of ever having been inclosed in wood, and bearing an inscription 'King Charles, 1648,' in large legible characters on a scroll of lead encircling it. A square opening was then made in the upper part of the lid of such dimensions as to afford a clear insight into its contents. There were an internal wooden coffin, very much decayed, and the body carefully wrapped up in cere-cloth, into the folds of which a quantity of unctious matter, mixed with resin, as it seemed, had been melted, so as to exclude as effectually as possible, the external air. The coffin was completely full; and from the tenacity of the cere-cloth, great difficulty was experienced in the detaching it successfully from the parts which it enveloped. Wherever the unctious matter had insinuated itself, the separation of the cere-cloth was easy, and where it came off, a correct impression of the features to which it had been applied, was observed. At length the whole face was disengaged from its covering. The complexion of the skin of it was dark and discoloured. The forehead and temples had lost little or nothing of their muscular substance; the cartilage of the nose was gone; but the left eye, in the first moment of exposure, was open and full, though it vanished almost immediately; and the pointed beard, so characteristic of the period of the reign of King Charles, was perfect. The shape of the face was a long oval; many of the teeth remained; and the left ear, in consequence of the interposition of the unctious matter between it and the cere-cloth, was found entire.

'It was difficult at this moment, to withhold a declaration that, notwithstanding the disfigurement the countenance did bear a strong resemblance to the coins, the busts, and especially to the picture of King Charles the first by Vandyke, by which it had been made familiar to us. It is true, that the minds of the spectators of this interesting sight were well prepared to receive this impression; but it is also certain, that such a facility of belief has been occasioned by the simplicity and truth of Mr. Herbert's Narrative—every part of which had been confirmed by the investigation so far as it had advanced; and it will not be denied that the shape of the face, the forehead, the eye, and the beard, are the most important features by which resemblance is determined.

'When the head has been entirely disengaged from the attachments which confined it to the body, it was found to be loose, and without any difficulty was taken out and held up to view. The back part of the scalp was entirely perfect and had a remarkably fresh appearance; the parts of the skin being more distinct and the tendons and ligaments of the neck were of considerable substance and firmness. The hair was thick at the back part of the head, and, in appearance, nearly black. A portion of it which has since been cleaned and dried, is of a beautiful dark brown colour. That of the beard was a redder brown. On the back part of his head it was not more than an inch in length, and had probably been cut so short for the convenience of the executioner, or perhaps by the piety of friends soon after death, in order to furnish memorials of the unhappy king.

'On holding up the head, to examine the place of separation from the body, the muscles of the neck had evidently retraced themselves considerably; and the fourth cervical vertebra, was found to cut through its substance transversely, leaving the surfaces of the divided portions perfectly smooth and even, an appearance which could have been produced only by a heavy blow, inflicted with a very sharp instrument, and which furnished the last proof wanting to identify King Charles the first.

'The foregoing are two of the most successful instances of politic pieservation. The care taken in regard to some other distinguished personages has been less fortunate in its result. The coffin of Henry VIII. was inspected at the same time with that of Charles, and was found to contain nothing but the mere skeleton of the king. Some portions of beard remained on the chin, but there was nothing to discriminate the personage contained in it.

'During the present century, the sarcophagus of King John has also been examined. It contained little else than a disorganized mass of earth. The principal substances found, were some half decayed bones, a few vestiges of cloth and leather, and a long rusty piece of iron, apparently the remains of the sword blade of that monarch.'

From the Baltimore American.

COMMUNICATION.

TEXAS.

In the American of May 29th, is a notice of Texas, taken from a New Orleans paper, calculated, if true, to alarm the friends of this interesting Province, by alleging a hostility of purpose against the settlers, on the part of President Santa Anna, which I am happy to state it is in my power, from the most authentic source, to assure all persons concerned, is without the least foundation. In the notice above referred to, Santa Anna is represented to have said, 'as soon as the war in the south is finished, I will send 4 or 6000 of the troops to Texas, and chastise those turbulent and insolent North Americans; and should the smallest resistance be made, the whole of their property shall be confiscated, and I will convert Texas into a desert.' Now it so happens, that by the last and very recent arrival at N. York, of the packet from Vera Cruz, a letter has been received from an American gentleman of first respectability, in which he mentions having spent a day with President Santa Anna, a short time previous to his departure for the city of Mexico, (where he has since been installed.) He writes, that the President expressed the most friendly feelings, both towards Col. Austin and the people of Texas. With regard to the latter, he declared his opinion that they had been shamefully villified, as he knew they had no disposition to revolt. Of the former, that he had been outrageously oppressed and maliciously treated, and that as soon as he reached the city, he would put the Col. at liberty. That every reparation should be made him, as far as lay in his power. That he would also see that justice was done to the people of Texas, in the protection of their property, persons, &c. The intention of the President to liberate Col. Austin, is confirmed also, by information from another independent source of the very highest authority. So far, therefore, is any thing to be dreaded from the hostility of President Santa Anna, the people of Texas have every thing to hope from the enlarged views of public policy, the liberal principles and friendly feelings of this eminent patriot.

Col. Austin has, unfortunately fallen, for a season, into the hands of virulent political enemies, who have slandered him, imprisoned him, and, if it were in their power, would gladly order him to the scaffold. But their bloody purposes have been arrested by the interposition of men high in office and influence, whose good opinion was to be won, and valuable services obtained, only by real merit; and the palpable justice of the case. Whoever has read the account of Col. Austin's character and services, contained in an interesting little work entitled *Observations on Texas, by Mrs. Holley*, will be convinced that that gentleman has always maintained, under most trying circumstances, a character of integrity and prudence, which will not permit him to be, easily, seduced into any measures of questionable propriety; and that his faithfulness to the Mexican people, hitherto uniformly displayed, as it has been sincerely felt, forbid the idea that he can ever become, as he has been stigmatized in one of the Mexican journals, a traitor to his adopted country. The writer of this communication has a right to know, by assurances from Col. Austin himself, more than once repeated, that it is no desire of his, nor of the great majority of the intelligent reflecting people of his colony, that Texas should become a state independent of the Mexican confederacy. They are too well convinced that it is not their interest to be so. Their only desire upon the subject, is, that the laws, under which they live, may be adapted to their peculiar local circumstances, and as the only mode of effecting this object, so indispensable to their prosperity and happiness, their earnest entreaty is, to have a State Legislature of their own, independent of the adjoining State of Coahuila to which Texas is now annexed, as a kind of appendage. That the General Constituent Congress will, in justice, sooner or later, concede this privilege to them, cannot be questioned, any more than that the Congress of the U. S. will, hereafter, grant a separate State Government to the present Territories of Michigan and Arkansas. The date of such an arrangement depends, of course, on the wisdom of the General Congress. The settlers think the time has already arrived when the concession should be made. That Col. Austin should feel an ardent interest for his constituents, on this important point, cannot be a matter of surprise. That he may have expressed himself warmly in his negotiation with the officers of Government, need not be questioned. But it must be remembered that the only representation of his conduct, in this affair, has hitherto been given by his enemies. A letter just received from Texas, states that the people of the Upper Jurisdiction have sent on a memorial to Government, assuming all the responsibility of his conduct, and declaring that Col. Austin had done no more than obey the instructions of the convention and people.

The two last years have been very unpropitious, and have borne with severe pressure upon the rising prosperity of Texas. First, an inundation or flood, unequalled by any that had happened in the memory of the oldest Indians. Then, that fatal scourge, the cholera. The present year, however, has opened with bright prospects. Emigration greater than ever—crops look well—five times more cotton planted than ever before. In short, all seem disposed to lose sight of past calamities, in the view of plentiful crops and the rapid prosperity of the colony. I say all, though exception must be made of a few individuals, who, from natural weakness of mind, or by the reaction of feelings originally too sanguine, have become disheartened, and very unreasonably give vent to the morbid feelings, in traducing the inhabitants and abusing the country. The public have sufficient discernment, however, to discriminate between the natural permanent characteristics of a country, and those occasional visitations of God, exhibited in inundations, pestilential diseases, &c. from which the most favoured land on earth cannot plead exemption. The friends of Texas, who have formed their opinion upon adequate information, have no reason, by any recent untoward event, to relinquish their admiration of this splendid country. They fully accord with the sentiment expressed by Mr. Archer, in Congress, Chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations, in the recent debate on the Appropriation Bill, for a Minister to Mexico; If I were called upon to select any portion of the earth's surface, which was fitted by nature to become the garden spot of the globe, I should, without hesitation, point to the Province of Texas. C. C.

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Blanchard, GEORGE WELLS, Esq. to Miss CATHERINE ELIZA, third daughter of the late Judge Harwood.

Married on Sunday evening by the Rev. S. T. Walker, Mr. JESSE WHEAT to Mrs. ANN BURNETT, both of Anne Arundel county.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY the second day of September next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order,

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

June 12. tm

STATE LIBRARY.
Annapolis, June 7, 1834.

PROPOSALS will be received at this Department, until TUESDAY, the 24th inst. for fitting up the General Court Room, or Hexagonal of the State House Hall for

A LIBRARY.

Persons wishing to estimate, are referred to the undersigned, at the State Library, or to R. C. Long, Esq. the Architect, at Baltimore.—The plans and working drawings may be seen at either of the above places, and every information relative to the work, obtained.

By order of the Joint Committee on the State Library.

D. RIDGELY, Librarian.

June 18. 124Je.

To be published in the Gazette, Annapolis, and in the Gazette, Baltimore, until the 24th instant.

S. STEWART,

TAKES this method to thank her friends for their patronage since her School has been in operation: She finds her duties so multiplied by having a few little girls under her particular care, that it will be impossible for her to attend to such a number of scholars as she now has. The large boys she is certain will be better situated elsewhere; and it must be understood, if she continues to teach any who are writing on paper, and ciphering, after the expiration of the present quarter, it must be at an advanced price, with such exceptions as she may think proper to make. The small children, who are but beginners, she wishes to retain at the same rate as heretofore.

June 5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers have obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Horatio Ridout, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are desired to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make payment.

ANNE RIDOUT,
JOHN RIDOUT, of H. } Ex'rs.
JNO. RIDOUT.

June 4, 6w

CAPITAL PRIZE $12,000.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY.

Class No. 12, for 1834.
Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.
To be drawn at Baltimore, Tuesday, June 17th, 1834.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	12,000
1	prize of	6,000
1	prize of	2,000
1	prize of	1,317
5	prizes of	1,000
5	prizes of	500
5	prizes of	400
10	prizes of	800
20	prizes of	200
35	prizes of	100
51	prizes of	50
51	prizes of	40
51	prizes of	30
102	prizes of	25
102	prizes of	20
1,479	prizes of	10
11,475	prizes of	5

13,395 *prizes, amounting to* $123,192

Tickets $5, *Halves* $2 50, *Quarters* $1 25.

McLAUGHLIN'S LOTTERY.

A. McLAUGHLIN begs leave to call the attention of his friends to the following Scheme of a Lottery, granted by an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at December session, 1833, to authorise him to dispose of his estate by lot.

The Property is situated in the flourishing village of Ellicott's Mills, ten miles from Baltimore, upon the Ohio Rail Road.

The Capital Prize consists of a large and extensive improvement known as the

PATAPSCO HOTEL,

where all the cars going and returning from the West stop to breakfast and dine, valued by the Commissioners at $36,500.

There are several other buildings, and many valuable building lots, in the centre of the village—all separate prizes.

It is presumed, from the present demand for Tickets, that the Lottery will be drawn 1st July, or sooner if the Tickets are sold.

SCHEME.

1 prize of		$36,500
1 prize of		3,000
1 prize of		2,050
4 prizes of		800
6 prizes of		750

And many smaller Prizes.

Tickets $10, *and no discount—all prizes are free.*

Tickets and shares for sale at

DUBOIS'
LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(CHURCH STREET, ANNAPOLIS.)

FOR RENT,

A ROOM in the New Brick Building, on East street, fronting on the Public Circle, and adjoining the Post Office. For terms apply to J. GREEN

WEST RIVER LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will on SATURDAY the 19th day of July, offer at Public Sale at Cedar Park, his residence on West River, 500 acres of the Tract so well known as West River Farm.

To those who are unacquainted with the many advantages which it enjoys, he would merely state, that it is as desirable an establishment as our country affords—combining considerable improvement with great natural fertility, and situated in a neighbourhood remarkable for the excellence of its society.

To any gentleman desirous of making a safe and profitable investment of money at this critical junction in the pecuniary affairs of the country, a more favourable opportunity could not be afforded; and all such are invited to view and examine the premises at any time previous to the day of sale. As this property is to be sold in order to discharge certain liens upon it, the purchase money will be applied to those purposes. A perfect and indisputable title will be made by the subscriber.

J. MERCER.

Cedar Park, June 5.

FUNERALS.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has discontinued the Cabinet Making Business, and intends to confine himself for the future altogether to that of an UNDERTAKER.

All orders for Funerals will be attended to at the shortest notice, either in the usual manner, or according to special direction.

He returns his thanks to the public for their patronage during the last twenty years, and hopes that his promptness and attention will continue to merit their favour.

WASHINGTON G. TUCK.

BOOKS AND STATIONARY.

THE undersigned would respectfully notify his friends and the public, that he has recently received a valuable collection of Classical Books, together with a variety of first-rate Stationary; which he will dispose of at Philadelphia and Baltimore retail prices.

FRANCIS M. JARBOE,
Church street, Annapolis.

CASH.

CASH will be given by the writer for several Negroes, men hands, for life, or for terms of years, to settle on a farm near Annapolis. Enquire of the Printer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Joseph Sanner, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit the same, to the subscriber, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the 20th day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 13th day of May, 1834.

JAMES D. SUTTON, Adm'r.

May 22. 4w.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Wm. B Saunders, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 4th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 13th day of May 1834.

JAMES D. SUTTON, Adm'r

May 22—4w.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans court of Saint Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Robt. M Thompson, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit the same, to the subscriber, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the 15th day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of May 1834.

JO. SPALDING, Adm'r.

May 22 4w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of St Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John F. Helien, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 4th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 13th day of May 1834

JAMES D. SUTTON, Adm'r

May 22. 4w.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County Orphans Court.

April 22d, 1834.

ON application by petition of Sarah Pindell and Mary Pindell Executrixes of Gassaway Pindell late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Junr.
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of testamentary on the personal estate of Gassaway Pindell, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 22d day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 22d day of April 1834.

SARAH PINDELL,
MARY PINDELL } Ex'xs

April 24. 6w

All persons having claims against the deceased, will bring them legally authenticated and those indebted will make immediate payment, to Robt. G Pindell, who is authorised by the Executrixes to settle for them.

SARAH PINDELL,
MARY PINDELL.

April 24.

IN CHANCERY,

1 May 1834.

Henrietta M. Hall, by Richard J. Cowman her next friend,
vs.
John N. Watkins, and others.

In obedience to an order of the Chancellor passed in this court, the creditors of Thomas H. Hall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified, to file their claims in the Chancery Office on or before the first day of August next.

JOHN N. WATKINS, Adm'r.

May 15.

ST JOHN'S COLLEGE.

NOTICE IS GIVEN, That the Visitors and Governors, at their next meeting, will elect one Student, from Anne Arundel county, to be educated gratuitously at the College, a vacancy having occurred, in the number required by a law of the state. Applications to be made to the subscriber.

HECTOR HUMPHREYS,
Principal of St John's College.

Annapolis May 8th, 1834.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. J. A. SMITH, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Annapolis that he will open a DANCING SCHOOL at the City Assembly Rooms, on Wednesday 14th May. Terms per quarter, including all the different kinds of Dancing, and Waltzing, $10, one half to be paid on entering, the remainder at the close of the term.

May 1.

SEEDS, TREES, PLANTS, DOMESTIC ANIMALS, IMPLEMENTS, BOOKS, &c. &c.

For Sale at the American Farmer Establishment, No. 16. S. Calvert street, Baltimore, Md.

THE subscriber presents his respects to farmers gardeners, and dealers in Seeds throughout the United States, particularly his customers, and informs them that he has received from Europe, from his own Seed Garden, and from various parts of this country his annual supply of FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS; and that he is prepared to execute orders, wholesale and retail, with promptness and accuracy, at as low prices, and on as favourable terms as can be afforded by any dealers in the United States, for first rate articles.

FRUIT and ornamental trees and plants, grapevines, shrubberry, gooseberry, raspberry, currant, and strawberry plants, bulbous and other flower roots, will at the proper seasons, be procured to order, from the best sources, including all the principal nurseries and gardens in this country, for most of which the subscriber is agent; also,

PLOUGHS, harrows, cultivators, straw cutters, wheat fans, corn shellers, threshing machines, and all other kinds of agricultural and horticultural implements, will be procured from the best manufactories in Baltimore, at the manufacturers' prices.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS, particularly cattle of the improved Durham Shorthorn, the Devon, and the Holstein breeds; Sheep of the Bakewell, Southdown, and various fine wooled breeds; Swine of several valuable kinds, especially of the Barnitz breed; Dogs of several varieties, for the farmer and sportsman; various kinds of Poultry, such as white turkeys, Bremen and Westphalia geese game and other fowls, and several other species of animals, all of the choice breeds, (and no other,) are either kept for sale at the experimental and breeding farm of this establishment, or can be procured from the best sources, to order

BOOKS, agricultural, horticultural, and botanical, in much greater variety than at the book stores; some of them rare and particularly valuable, are kept constantly for sale.

In short, all article wanted by farmers and gardeners in the prosecution of their business, are intended either to be kept on hand, or procured when ordered, for a small commission.

And though last in order, here, yet first in importance to every rider of the soil and keeper of Domestic Animals, the subscriber offers to them the Seeds of Knowledge in their vocations, 'fresh and genuine,' having been carefully gathered from the field of Experience, and the garden of science—the whole done up in papers, and labelled 'THE FARMER AND GARDINER AND LIVESTOCK BREEDER AND MANAGER; and dispensed from the Printing Press of the establishment every Friday in the form of a weekly Agricultural Paper, at $5 a year payable in advance.

N. B. This periodical is essentially similar to the late American Farmer the publication of which has been for some time past suspended. Address

I. IRVINE HITCHCOCK.
American Farmer Establishment.

Note.—An 'Extra' number of the Farmer, containing a Prospectus of the Establishment, a catalogue of Seeds, and other articles for sale, will be sent gratis to any person who shall furnish his audress, post paid, for that purpose.

June 5

IMPROVED SHORT-HORN CATTLE.

THE subscriber has Two very promising YOUNG BULLS of the best crosses of Short Horn, Hereford Red, and Alderney Blood, just 3 years old, for sale—lowest price $35 each. Also a variety of Cattle of all ages of same blood, which he will dispose of on very moderate terms.

JOHN MERCER.

Cedar Park, June 5

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of five writs of fieri facias issued by Edward Warfield, Esq. a Justice of the Peace for Anne Arundel county, at the suit of John W Ringgold against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements, of Allen Warfield, and to me directed I have seized and taken in execution all the estate, right, title, claim and demand, at law and in equity, of said Allen Warfield, in and to the following piece or parcel of land lying and being in said county, about 4 miles south of Poplar Springs, and adjoining Erchison's Mill, and known by the name of "Silence and Resurvey on Disappointment," containing

185 ACRES

more or less and said to be the life estate of said Warfield, in said land. And I hereby give notice, that on FRIDAY the 20th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at Allen Dorsey's, Poplar Springs, I will offer for sale the said premises, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction.

NELE WARFIELD, Constable.

May 29.

A CARD.

MR. ALFRED S. WAUGH, late a Student of the Royal Academy of Fine Arts, London, is desirous of spending a few days in Annapolis, and respectfully offers his Professional Services to the Citizens. If a sufficient number of sitters, will arrange to have their likenesses painted, and notify the same to Gen. Harwood, Mr. W. will immediately attend to their wishes. As the money market is at present in a very depressed state, his charges will be moderate. The style is peculiarly his own, and well calculated to give satisfaction.

Specimens will be forwarded in the course of this week.

May 1.