

(Continued from first page.)

This evinces a modesty and distrustfulness becoming your character and sex. But you have influence, great, commanding, irresistible influence. It is the part of man, if I may so use the expression, to ride upon the whirlwind and direct the storm, to exert his influence in the busy, stirring scenes of life. Your's is called forth in a lowlier, more unobtrusive sphere; but it is the no less powerful. It is in the calm retirement of domestic life, wherein you move, and wherein your authority is predominant. You have the nurturing of the infant mind—the sowing of those seeds which are to determine his future character—the infusing into his plastic mind those principles which are to guide him in after life. I might cite you to instances, on the record of history evincive of your influence not only in the domestic circle, but in the councils of Kings, in the tented field, and in the other more excited walks of life. I might show you where your favour has founded empires—where the breath of your disapprobation has demolished them—where you have raised the drooping courage of the soldier—where you have raised monarchs to the throne, and where you have dragged them headlong from it. This, however, is not the kind of influence we wish you to exert. You need not move out of your own proper and peculiar sphere, and in the career of Temperance, because the enemy against which we are warring has gotten a foothold here. Yes, perhaps a son has been seduced from the paths of virtue, and a just commenced wanderer through the mazes of vice—you have raised him from his slinking, cowering in his sickness, raised him in his health, and have you not influenced over him? Will not your warning voice, your affectionate entreaties, recall him? Perhaps the husband has so far forgotten the duty which he owes to his partners to prefer a society of the dissolute and depraved, to her's; perhaps he has so far forgotten the vow which he pledged at the altar, where your imagination had endued him with every virtue that adorns the human character—as he have forgotten that he is bound to love, to cherish, to protect you, and to protect you will not your gentle rebukes, your tears, the reprovals that grief has made upon your cheek, the victory that we have inscribed upon your brow, recall these things to his recollection?—And will not such reminiscences have a tendency to retrieve him from the path of inebriation, into which he has been plunged?

Such—One of the most frightful aspects, in which this subject can be considered, and the one which should induce us to give attention to it in the noble cause in which we are engaged, is that the innocent suffer the punishment partly due to the guilty. It is true that the peace of mind, which the drunkard once enjoyed, is gone; the health, with which he was once blessed, is withering; the peace which once opened before him, is now a narrow path, and he is now a wanderer in a desolate land, but he is not the only sufferer. His wife, especially if virtuous, has been distressed; his children have been reared in a state of ignorance, and he now looks forward with anxious pleasure to a guilty pleasure, that is to say, to the time when he shall take his next glass, as he once anticipated all the honours and happiness which were once before him. But it is thus, who are connected with him, by the ties of blood or other affinity, who suffer the punishment justly due to his transgression. He has eaten the fox's grapes, and their thorns are set on edge. Sir, it is the drunkard's mother, the drunkard's wife, the drunkard's family upon whom the consequences of his self-indulgence fall so severely. The mother's affections are placed upon her son. She has abstracted her affections from all worldly objects and centered them in him. In her old age she leans upon him for support and comfort, the reel breaks, and its sverred particles pierce her very soul. The wife, operated upon by the tenderest influence of the heart, has wandered from the home of her parents, renounced friends, relations, the whole world, and wedded her happiness to the happiness of her husband. They are so intimately connected together that they can't be separated. He suffers himself to be flattered down with the current of dissipation, and leaves her to her own misery. That misery is deep-seated, irremediable. The barbed arrow can never be extracted.—Yes sir, it is woman, and whilst I make the assertion I feel my heart beating higher for the entire removal of this vice from amongst us, it is woman who is the greatest sufferer.—Man may outlive his sorrow, but she rarely does. Time and circumstance and change of place may cicatrize the wound of sorrow which Intemperance has inflicted upon his mind, but it seldom heals, that which has been made upon hers.

Mr. President—I had intended to have made some remarks as to the danger to be dreaded to our republican institutions from the general prevalence of Intemperance, but as I have already occupied perhaps too much of the time of the Convention, I shall hasten to a close.

In conclusion, permit me to congratulate this convention upon the success that has hitherto attended the efforts of the advocates of the great Temperance Reformation. Fraught as is this age with institutions for the bettering the condition of the human family, there is no one that has stronger claims upon our prayers and wishes and active exertions, and none which considering the difficulties that lay in its path, has been attended with so much success, as the Society for the promotion of Temperance. Honour and praise be to those philanthropists who, sensibly alive to and feelingly interested in the happiness of man, first moved forward in this great undertaking.—They have gained for themselves a niche in the temple of fame—an immortality in the human heart. Yes when the monument which has been erected to perpetuate the actions of kings and princes and potentates shall have

scrambled into dust; when the arch which has been constructed, beneath which the conquering hero, who had desolated the earth with his ravages, has passed, saluted by the triumph of the drunken multitude, shall have fallen into ruins; when the garland that sits upon the poet and the orator shall have drooped and withered and died, the simple chaplet that encircles the brow of these philanthropists, watered by the tear of human sympathy and bound by the cord of human benevolence, shall flourish for ever with unfading verdure. These are our benefactors. These are the promoters of our happiness. Sir, what have they not done! But a few years ago they raised their banner of resistance. The prospect was then gloomy and cheerless. Shadows, clouds and darkness were upon it. But they brought stout hearts, strong arms, good intentions to the combat. Relying upon the rectitude of their cause, they determined to exert their energies to uphold it, reposing for the issue upon him who, they were certain, was with them.—The success that has hitherto followed their exertions has convinced them that the Great Captain was at their head, encouraging their forces and leading them on to victory. Let us not by inactivity disgrace the cause so benevolently undertaken by our fathers. Let us not relax the arm which has been stung for the trial. It is a good cause, it is a just cause, it is a holy cause, and with the continuance of our exertions it must triumph. Its enemies may battle against it, but they will battle in vain. The stream has commenced to flow. It moves silently, unobtrusively, but surely.—They may check for a time its progress, they may clog its course, they may retard its onward march, but they can never arrest it. It will beat down all opposition, it will remove every difficulty, will surmount every obstacle, and carrying on its bosom, the corruption of human nature, it will glide down the lapse of time, until it has finally emptied itself into the deep ocean of Eternity.

Before I take my seat, I must return my thanks to the Convention and to the company assembled, for the patience and attention with which they have listened to my remarks.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber of Anne Arundel county, having obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Col. Jacob Waters, late of the county aforesaid, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against the said estate, to produce the same, legally authenticated, and made indebted in any way to the said estate to make immediate payment to.

CHARLES A. WATERS, Adm'r.
Sept. 25.

LIST OF LETTERS
DELIVERED at the Post Office at Annapolis on the 25th September 1855.

- A. B. Adams,
- B. Banks,
- C. B. Church,
- D. B. Church,
- E. B. Church,
- F. B. Church,
- G. B. Church,
- H. B. Church,
- I. B. Church,
- J. B. Church,
- K. B. Church,
- L. B. Church,
- M. B. Church,
- N. B. Church,
- O. B. Church,
- P. B. Church,
- Q. B. Church,
- R. B. Church,
- S. B. Church,
- T. B. Church,
- U. B. Church,
- V. B. Church,
- W. B. Church,
- X. B. Church,
- Y. B. Church,
- Z. B. Church,

FOR RENT,
THAT part of Belmont containing 400 Acres of Land, belonging to the Representatives of the late Mrs. Matilda Chase. RICHARD M. CASE, and Guardians. RICHARD M. CRABB.
Sept. 3

NOTICE.
THE commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis on Tuesday the 29th day of October next, for the purpose of settling with the supervisors of the roads.
By order,
R. J. COWMAN, Clk.
Sept. 12—tm.

LUMBER FOR SALE.
THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced a Lumber Yard on the N. E. side of the Dock, where he is now receiving a lot of superior Lumber, and intends keeping an assortment of

SCANTLING AND PLANK,
to suit the demands, which he will sell at Baltimore prices and terms. His country friends will find it to their advantage to call on him or Mr. DAVID S. CALDWELL, his agent, at the yard, and examine the lumber and prices—being two good lumber yards now in the city, holds out an inducement to give our city a call, as there are boats running from this place to the different landings on the rivers, may be always delivered at a moderate expense—Examine for yourselves.

WAS. IGLEHART.
Aug. 29—1f

LOST CHILD.
Five Hundred Dollars Reward.
A LITTLE GIRL, five years old, fair skin, blue eyes, light hair, and a remarkably pleasant countenance, named CAROLINE HEWINS BUTLOCK, who can read very well, was lost on the 17th ult. six miles east of Courtland, near the road leading to Decatur. Hundreds of men have searched in every direction throughout the neighborhood, and no trace of her can be found. The above reward will be given for her delivery, and any information respecting her, whether dead or alive, thankfully received.

JOHN BULLOCK.
Ohio, April 20, 1855.

Diligent search has been made, and as no trace of the above child can be found, the distressed parents have been induced to believe she has been stolen. Editors will confer a favour on the deeply distressed, by giving the above an insertion in their respective papers.
J. B.
Aug. 25.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.
The Steam Boat MARYLAND, on Monday her route on TUESDAY the 28th inst. leaving the lower end of Dugan's Wharf, at 7 o'clock, A. M. for Annapolis, Cambridge, and Easton, and return from the Eastern Shore on every Wednesday and Saturday, leaving Easton at 7 A. M. by Castle Haven and Annapolis. She will commence her Chestertown Trip on Monday, 22d April, leaving Baltimore at 6 o'clock, and return the same day, leaving Chestertown at 1 o'clock, calling at Coston Wharf, for the Centreville passengers.

N. B. All baggage at the owners risk. Passage to or from Easton or Cambridge, \$2.50
Passage to or from Annapolis, 1.50
Passage to Chestertown or Corsica, 2.00
Children under 12 years of age half price.

LEML. G. TAYLOR, Master.
May 2

TAXES! TAXES!
NOTICE is hereby given, that the city and school Taxes for 1855; and county Tax for 1855, are now due and payable. The demands upon the respective funds to which these Taxes are applicable, are such, as to make it the imperative duty of the undersigned, to use all diligence in completing his collections as early as possible. To those persons who are in arrears for Taxes, he gives this notice, that no longer indulgence can be given, as he is compelled, of necessity, to resort to the means placed in his hands by law, to enforce payment from all delinquents.

RICHARD RIDGELY, Collector.
CITY AND COUNTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Next door to Mr. J. Hughes' Printing office.

R. R. having received a commission as Justice of the Peace, offers his services to the public, for drawing of DEEDS, taking ACKNOWLEDGMENTS, and will attend to other business appearing to his office.
August 25.

\$100 REWARD.
AN AWAY on the 8th inst. from the subscriber, residing at the head of Smith Row, in Anne Arundel county, state of Maryland, about eight miles from the city of Annapolis, a young Negro Man, twenty two years of age, of dark complexion, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches in height, of stout frame, who calls himself

Horace Gibson.
I will give Fifty Dollars to any person who will apprehend said Negro so that I get him a gain. If he is taken out of the District of Columbia, or state of Maryland, I will pay One Hundred Dollars, if he is secured so that I get him, and will pay all reasonable travelling expenses if brought home to me.

THOMAS SNOWDEN.
The editors of the Examiner, in Frederick-Town, and Whig, Esston, will insert the above advertisement six times and forward their accounts to this office for payment.
July 25. 6w

FOR ANNAPOLIS, EVERY SUNDAY MORNING.
The Steam Boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore for Annapolis, every Sunday morning, starting at nine o'clock from the lower end Dugan's wharf, her usual place of starting, and return in the afternoon, leaving Annapolis at 2 o'clock. Passage to or from Annapolis \$1. Children under 12 years of age, half price. N. B. All baggage at the owners risk.

LEML. G. TAYLOR, Master.
May 2.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this OFFICE.

Farmers Bank of Maryland,
Annapolis, September 18th, 1855.
THE President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland have declared a dividend of three per cent on the stock of the said Bank for six months, ending the 30th instant, and payable on or after the first Monday of October next, to stockholders on the Western Shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to stockholders on the Eastern Shore at the Branch Bank at Kaston, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order,
SAM. MAYNARD, Cash.
Sept. 16—3w.
The Baltimore Gazette and American will publish the above law 3w.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
WHAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Edward Goddard, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 30th day of April 1855.

ELIZABETH GODDARD, Adm'r.
Sept. 5 4w

FOR RENT
For the ensuing Year.
The Tavern known as the New Way House between Baltimore and Annapolis. This place has all the necessary accommodations, such as good Stables, Garden, Ice House, and has also attached to it a small Farm of good Land. Possession if desired, can at once be obtained, as the present tenant is willing to give it up. For terms apply to Dan'l. Murray Esq. near Elk Ridge Landing, or the subscriber living in Annapolis.
J. MURRAY.
Sept. 13. 4

SAMUEL C. ATKINSON
PROPOSES to issue from the office of the Saturday Evening Post, in the month of May, 1855, the 1st number of a monthly publication, entitled, The

BOOK OF NATURE,
Edited by an Association of Scientific Gentlemen of Philadelphia.

EACH NUMBER WILL CONTAIN FROM EIGHT TO TEN FINELY ENGRAVED QUARTO COPPER PLATES,
In the various departments of Natural History, each plate to contain from four to ten distinct figures, making from 50 to 100 figures in each number. With a view to diversify the publication as much as possible, a selection of one plate from each of the following subjects will illustrate each number:

1. QUADRUPEDS,
2. BIRDS,
3. AMPHIBIA,
4. FISHES,
5. CRUSTACEA,
6. INSECTS,
7. SHELLS,
8. VERMES & ZOO PHYTES,
9. BOTANY,
10. VEGETABLE ANATOMY,
11. GEOLOGY,
12. MINERALOGY.

Each plate will be accompanied with a brief but satisfactory description of every subject or figure it may contain, so written as to convey a good idea of the subject, without being either of tiresome length, or so technically written, but that all may be read with pleasure. Every department of the great field of Natural History will be explored, its beauties and its sublimities unfolded, and the abundant treasures which nature has stored up for the use of man, the pen, the pencil, and the press, will be laid before the eye of the intelligent admirer of the great works of a Divine Architect. No collection of engravings more valuable, we may confidently promise, can for many years be offered to the public at so cheap a rate. More than one hundred of these fine engravings will be given annually, to the man of taste, they will furnish subjects which he can admire from year to year, and present with pleasure to his friends; the artist, and the student in Natural History, may confidently refer to them on all occasions of doubt; while the juvenile portion of society will become acquainted with the inhabitants of the air, the ocean, and the earth. Geography can be learned only from maps or from travels. "The Book of Nature," without taking us further than the book-shelf or the closet, will take us to the congregated curiosities of the whole earth. The increased taste for this study, which the public have of late years evinced, induces the publisher to hope for extensive patronage for a work, which necessarily involves great expense, labour, and which will combine great interest, accuracy, and beauty.

As the subjects embrace the whole range of Natural History, in order to make it as complete as possible, several scientific gentlemen have been engaged at a great expense to conduct the works; their united researches, it is believed, will render this periodical extremely valuable.

One great source of the patronage anticipated by the proprietor is from schools and colleges, and as the figures represented will be models of elegance and correct drawing, it will form a work for consultation by the Painter, Engraver, Drawing Master and Student, and will be of inestimable advantage in the prosecution of their practice. In short, it will be adapted to the capacity and fitted for the use of every class in the community, from the erudite naturalist to the early beginner—for the one a book of reference, and for all a source of pleasing study, amusement and instruction.

This work is not got up with a view to temporary popularity, or to a subscription of two years, in about which period it will certainly be completed; it will on the contrary, be so compiled as to be valuable as long as the plates last. After the term of two years, the price will be greatly enhanced, thus making the advantage on the side of those who now come forward to patronise an extensive and novel enterprise.

TERMS.
"The Book of Nature," will appear near the first of every month, with from eight to ten fine engraved plates in each number, making about 100 engravings in each volume, which will contain from five hundred to one thousand separate figures. The price will be five dollars per annum. Agents or clubs remitting \$20 will be entitled to five copies. No subscriber will be received without payment in advance, or satisfactory reference. Single numbers 50 cents, to those who wish to examine the work previous to subscribing. Address (always free of postage) SAMUEL C. ATKINSON, Philadelphia. No subscription received for a shorter period than one year or volume.
May 25.

THE JOURNAL
OR
BELLES LETTRES.
A NEW AND STARTLING CHARACTER ADDED TO WALDIE'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
THE Proprietor of this work, anxious to gratify his readers to as great an extent as possible, will allow, respectfully to announce to the public that the very liberal patronage he has received has enabled him to add a new feature to this periodical, which he believes cannot fail to prove interesting and valuable.

THE JOURNAL OF BELLES LETTRES, embracing three to four pages of additional new matter, will be given every week as an accompaniment to the Circulating Library, and will contain:

1. Early reprints of the reviews and notices of new books, from the weekly and monthly periodical press of London, &c. These reviews will be carefully selected with reference to imparting correct information respecting such new books as are reprinted in America, and to convey literary intelligence in regard to works which rarely find their way across the Atlantic. As great exertions will be used to make this department instructive and entertaining, the proprietor is confident that it will be considered an important addition, by many of which his numerous subscribers will frequently avoid the expense of purchasing books as are printed on the calculation that their titles or the reputation of their authors will sell the edition. This part of the Journal will embrace a considerable amount of extracts from new books of travels, memoirs, biographies, novels, and in fact present a bird's eye view of new publications, early diffused through the Union, by means of the facilities of mail transportation.

The London Literary Gazette will be cited for this purpose, while the "Critical Notices" of the London Metropolitan, the Monthly New Monthly, the Gentleman's, Blackwood's, Edinburgh, Fraser's, and other Magazines, already regularly received by the editor will be freely used.

2. Varieties, embracing literary anecdotes, new discoveries in science and the arts, sketches of society and manners abroad, literary and learned transactions, short notices of new books, and every species of information interesting to lovers of reading, with occasional specimens of the humorous departments of the London press, which are within the bounds of good taste, and are now published in no other journal in America.
3. A regular list of the new books published and in progress in London and America.
4. Occasional original notices of new American publications, with extracts embracing their prominent features of excellence or defect.

No additional charge will be made for this great increase of reading matter. It will be contained on the pages of the cover of the Library, and therefore subject subscribers will receive their numbers by mail, to no additional expense of postage.

A. WALDIE

Several applications having been made to ascertain the manner in which the original department of notices of new books will be conducted, we take the present early opportunity of stating that, at least they shall most unequivocally be—UNBOUGHT. The production of a copy by the publisher shall not be passport to praise, when the merits of the work do not warrant it; so that our readers may be assured of two things: First—books shall be noticed the next day after they are received, and secondly, they shall not be reviewed before they have been read. We have no road to puffing, and will be the less likely, therefore, to fall into the error of an unskilful writer, who, in his anxiety to be the first to bludge the bellows of criticism, read the preface only of a duodecimo, and gravely entered his approbation of two chapters which, unfortunately for his critical acumen, had been omitted, while the preface referred to them had been by mistake, retained! This predicament was worse than that of the London editor, who criticised some passages of Cook's acting, and found when he rose next morning, and his paper was all over London, that the play had been postponed.

For the rest, time must develop our own and our capabilities; in cases where the courtesy of the trade is not extended to the journal, unlike most of our contemporaries, we shall buy what books we want, and give to our subscribers as they have been read. We have no royalties to puffing, and will be the less likely, therefore, to fall into the error of an unskilful writer, who, in his anxiety to be the first to bludge the bellows of criticism, read the preface only of a duodecimo, and gravely entered his approbation of two chapters which, unfortunately for his critical acumen, had been omitted, while the preface referred to them had been by mistake, retained! This predicament was worse than that of the London editor, who criticised some passages of Cook's acting, and found when he rose next morning, and his paper was all over London, that the play had been postponed.

The prospectus, and some technical difficulties always attending the first issue of a new journal, make the present number but a partial specimen of its future promise.
July 4.

NOTICE.
THE Notes given by purchasers at the sale of the Personal Estate of the late J. A. Grammer in April last, will be deposited for Collection, in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, (Annapolis,) where all persons concerned are desired to make payment on or before the 17th October next.

JOHN HILLEN, Adm'r. of Jno. A. Grammer, (dec'd.)
Sept. 20 4

CASH FOR NEGROES
I WISH TO PURCHASE 100 LIKELY NEGROES
Of both sexes from 12 to 25 years of age, field hands, also, mechanics of every description. Persons wishing to sell, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to give HIGHER PRICES for SLAVES, than any other purchaser who is now or may be hereafter in the market. Any communication in writing, will be promptly attended to. I can be found at Williamson's Hotel, Annapolis.
RICHARD WILLIAMS.
October 4, 1852.

The
VOL. LXXXVIII.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
JONAS GREEN,
Church-Street, Annapolis.
CE—THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM

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