

half his force with him, saying, I suppose, to some being engaged in blockading the coast, while others have been seized by the movement of Don Miguel's squadron which on leaving Lisbon bore off apparently in the course of the night.

I give you a statement of the strength of both the fleets, and as soon as Sartorius can collect all his, I have no doubt he will bear of some decisive stroke. Petty skirmishes occur daily, but the cavalry force of Don Miguel prevents any movement of importance being made by Don Pedro. Every thing now depends upon the fleets, as should Miguel turn the tables and blockade Oporto, vast supplies must speedily compel the evacuation of the town. Miguel's squadron keeps together, and of course it is the interest of Sartorius to separate them; this he has not as yet been able to do, so that his best chance is either in a calm, which would enable his steamer to tow him within grappling length, in a violent storm, which would separate the enemy's fleet, and allow him to beat them in detail.

List of the Squadron at and off Oporto, in the Douro.

Terceira	8	58	Commodore.
Prudentia	6	35	Lieut. Woodbridge.
A Corvette	3	32	Tylden.

Note.—These were being towed out by the City of Edinburgh steamer, to join Admiral Sartorius, when the Alban left.

Reinha de Portugal	46	350	Flag ship of Admiral Sartorius.
Donna Maria	42	280	
Constitution	13	99	Comr.
Villa Flor	18	100	Comr.
Amelia	16	80	Comr.
Eugene	13	70	
Liberal	10	80	
23d of July	10	80	

Total 191 1202
with the Ramona and City of Edinburgh steamers.

The following are extracts from the journals of an officer on board the Reinha de Portugal, the flag-ship of Admiral Sartorius: "Friday, 3d August.—At anchor off the Cachops. At 9, the squadron of Don Miguel, consisting of the Don Juan, 74, a frigate, carrying 24 pounders, 3 corvettes, and four frigates, were seen under weigh. Being at anchor alone, with our squadron in the offing, we immediately weighed to allow them to join us. While we were running out, the American commodore sent a lieutenant on board, acknowledging the blockade, and requesting permission to enter the Tago, which was immediately granted. After being joined by the Amelia, Donna Maria, and Eugene schooner, we kept close to the wind on the starboard tack, and at 5 succeeded in obtaining the weather gage of the Principe Real frigate, which bore up to avoid an engagement. From this time till 10 we continued in our station, when we bore down for the enemy. At 11 the Don Juan began firing her stern guns on us; bore up and gave her two broadsides; the darkness of the night hindered our squadron from keeping close to us and consequently prevented our continuing the engagement.

"Saturday, 4th.—Enemy yet at a great distance to leeward this morning; he evidently wished to avoid an action, though he is double our force.

"Sunday, 5th.—At 11 this forenoon, we made an ineffectual attempt to cut off the enemy's frigate, which was stationed in the rear; he immediately closed with the 74, disregarding of his station, or of the safety of the corvettes. When he considered himself safe, he opened a broadside on us, but it all fell short. The Amelia started company, owing to bad sailing.

"Monday, 6th.—Enemy at a great distance. Admiral communicated with the captain—the land having considerably increased, and having been joined by the Villa Flor, 14 gun brig, an attack was contemplated to night, but the wind falling light, the Admiral's intention was frustrated.

"Tuesday, 7.—Enemy 13 miles on the 10th. As we are standing in to the Cape, to look for reinforcements and intelligence, we continue to preserve our weather-gage, and have succeeded in keeping between the land and the enemy, we are still in hopes that an opportunity will offer of separating the frigate from the rest of the fleet, and then we are confident of success, though they mount double the number of guns we do, yet we have the advantage over them, we are likely to meet in the trilling one of restraining the enthusiasm of the seamen and young officers.

Extract of a letter from the Agent to Lloyd's at Oporto, dated 15th of Aug. 11 o'clock. "After I had addressed you yesterday by this name conveyance, I received from St. John's, from whence I saw two rival squadrons, that of Don Miguel consisted of 11 frigates, (John VI.) 4 frigates, 3 corvettes, and 3 brigs; and that of Don Pedro of 3 frigates and a brig, with the Reinha de Portugal, and both squadrons were at 6 P. M. steering to the westward. Sartorius keeping to windward of his opponent.

"His Majesty's ships *Stag*, *Children* and *Nauticus*, are returning this morning from the westward, to take up the position they left yesterday, on the approach of Don Miguel's squadron.

"Early this morning there was a report that Don Miguel's troops were advancing from the southward, and in consequence of the baggage belonging to Don Pedro's on the other side of the river, but it would appear that they have not advanced from Goijo.

"The city is perfectly quiet. We shall soon see the militia, and Don Miguel's troops have destroyed the mills.

"There are 4 vessels fitting up with cannon, getting ready here; two of them sail to-day.

"The city of Edinburgh steamer is taking in coal, provision, &c. and will sail to join Admiral Sartorius at 4 this afternoon."

DON PEDRO'S EXPEDITION.

Falmouth, Monday, August 2d, 9 o'clock, P. M.—The Alban steamer, Lieutenant Walker, Commander, from the Mediterranean, has this instant arrived. Having damaged her machinery, she put into Oporto, which she left on the 18th inst.

The accounts brought by her are of a varied complexion, and as connected with the Portuguese contest, of considerable interest. In the first place, they all concur in representing the spirit of the troops and people of Oporto as being excellent, and devoted to the cause of Don Pedro; but in other respects they do not give any advance made by him, or any immediate prospect of such a result. In the next, they bring the highly important intelligence of the boldness of Don Miguel's squadron, which has come up the coast, and was, when the Alban sailed, about 100 leagues to westward of the mouth of the Douro.

With respect to matters at Oporto, the accounts bring nothing new. Don Pedro was limited to the town and suburb of Villa Nova, on the opposite side of Douro. He has an avary, and cannot go beyond his outposts.

The report of a revolt at Almeida was rife in the town, as well as that Miguel had been obliged to withdraw part of his force in order to crush this opposition. The boldness of Miguel's troops had not, however, diminished, as they had, notwithstanding the possession of Villa Nova and the strong convent of Serra on the hill above it, gone lower down the south side of the river, and annoyed the town with musketry.

Desertions had taken place, but not to any great extent, and they had occurred on both sides. The north side of the Douro, for some miles around, was completely occupied by Don Miguel's troops, which were, by common report, magnified to the amount of forty thousand men. The garrison and population were nevertheless in high spirits, and confident of victory; and every practicable mode of fortification had been resorted to to render the town inaccessible. Provisions were beginning to be scarce, not from deficiency of material, but the village of allongas is ordinarily the great mart for the manufacture of bread to supply Oporto, and Don Miguel's troops being in possession of that, as well as the mills on the south side of the river, within a mile and a half of the town, considerable temporary inconvenience was experienced.

Fiuzza, August 11.—I met again by a messenger of frightful news. News has just been received from Bilen, near Vienna, wherein the Imperial Family has been for a short time; that his Majesty, the young King of Hungary, as just escaped, as if by a miracle, a danger that threatened his life. As he was walking this morning early, in the beautiful valley called Hellenanthus, accompanied by an Aid-de-Camp, a person pressed close behind the Prince, drew a pistol from his pocket, and discharged it at him. Though he was but a few steps distant, Providence directed the ball so that it but slightly grazed his Majesty's shoulder. The Aid-de-Camp instantly turned round and seized the perpetrator, who made no resistance whatever. He is a captain in the Imperial service, and has a pension. The cause of this crime must appear from investigation, at present, insanity seems to be the ground of it.

The report of the circumstance spread in Baden like wildfire, and the impression which it produced afforded a just proof of the entire attachment of the Austrian people to the Imperial family. Only the military escort could save the criminal from the fury of the people, who wanted to take vengeance on the spot.

The indignation of the people of Vienna at this detestable crime is equally great.—Algemeine Zeitung, Aug. 14.

From the N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the ship *Elisha*, Denison, Capt. Lane, we have received Liverpool papers to the 28th, and London papers to the 27th August inclusive.

Advised from Oporto to be the 19th, and from Lisbon to the 18th, Don Miguel's squadron returned to the Tago on the latter day from Oporto.

An attack was daily expected on Oporto by the troops of Don Miguel.

A reconciliation has taken place between the King of England and his brother, the Duke of Sussex.

The deaths at Liverpool, by cholera, continued to average about 20 per day.

London, Aug. 17.—The circumstance of the return of Miguel's fleet to the Tago, has been a disappointment to some, who relied on its falling into the hands of Sartorius, especially as it is strongly suspected that the real cause of that movement has been the discovery of symptoms of mutiny on board of one or more of the vessels. The retreat of the squadron will however, have enabled Sartorius to collect together the whole of his force, and leave little or no hazard should the enemy again venture to sail.

Extract of a letter from the Agent to Lloyd's at Oporto, August 18.—Admiral Sartorius is still off the bar, but two or three of his vessels have not joined him up to 9 o'clock this morning. Four vessels of 16 guns each, at least, will be ready to join him from hence next week. Don Miguel's squadron has not been seen since the 15th. Don Pedro is making the greatest exertions to put this city in a state of defence.

Extract from a merchant's letter, Oporto, Aug. 18.—"The state of Affairs in Villa Nova will, for the present, entirely prevent our shipping wine, as we are in momentary expectation of that place being occupied by Miguel's troops, and it will be impossible to attend to business under such circumstances, and we do not attempt to take freight for England at present. All the smaller struggling houses, who have but limited capital and credit here, and depend upon the regularity of their returns to meet their engagements, are daily stopping payment, and they must unfortunately be ruined. At this moment we are surrounded by 24,000 of Miguel's troops, every moment expecting an attack. Our force, however, here being strong, and the city being well disposed, and well fortified, we expect they will be repulsed by our gallant little band. The retreat of Miguel's fleet to Lisbon has given the Constitutionalists great spirits.

Falmouth, Aug. 25.—Arrived the Alban Steamer. She left Constantinople 17th July, Napoli and Malta on the 28th. At Constantinople, she assisted in towing the Turkish fleet, consisting of two ships of 130 guns, and five two-deckers, to the sea of Marmora, whence they steered for Acre. They were badly manned, and in miserable discipline.—The Madagascar and Meteor steamers, were at Malta, the Madagascar had just arrived there from Acre, where the officers were visited by the Pacha, who presented each with a sword, and to each seaman three dollars.—Belvidera, Acton, and the Scilla sloop, were detached on the 6th July, from Napoli, to protect Mr. Warring, our Consul, at Tripoli, who had subsequently been obliged to embark in one of them, the Pacha having refused to pay 100,000 dollars due to the British subjects, which the Pacha affirmed he had no means to pay, having given all his crops to the French for claims they had on him.

Brussels, Aug. 24.

A dead calm prevails at this place. Arrangements are in progress for sending plenipotentiaries to various powers. A courier arrived yesterday with an autograph letter from the Emperor of Austria, in answer to one addressed to him by King Leopold. The cholera is making cruel ravages in this city, the number of deaths has increased to 47 a day. M. Degozes Legrand, member of the Senate, and one of the greatest manufacturers in Europe, died yesterday.

Sr. Ueas, Aug. 16.

Vessels still continue to call off here; the day before yesterday two came over the bar near to the castle, but they were ordered away again, as the prohibition of foreign trade continues to be rigorously observed.

FRANCE, 25.

PARIS, Aug. 25, 4 o'clock P. M.

A cabinet council, under the presidency of the King, was held yesterday at the Tucleries, where it is said that the proposition of deciding on the day on which it was proper that the chamber should meet, was considered, and the 3d of Oct. fixed upon, after a good deal of discussion. None of the ministers have, however, yet publicly said any thing in confirmation of the rumour as to the day of opening, and I think that the 3d of Nov. is more likely to be the real one. It has long been evident that ministers are not over-desirous of facing the members of the legislature, and nothing has recently occurred which would compel them to do so at an earlier period.

The modifications which are to be made in the ministry, and the new peersages, will, it is to be expected, be announced in a few days. The former will consist of the admission into the cabinet of Messrs. Dupin, Bignon, and Thiers. M. Dupin is said to have been prevailed upon to accept the seals of the department of justice, without the presidency of the council, which, in case of this arrangement being carried into effect, will remain vacant. The members of the ministry who will make room for the new comers will probably be Messrs. Sebastiani, Girod de l'Ain, and Louis. The last mentioned minister has been for some time past desirous of retiring; but the negotiation of the loan, and subsequently of the wished-for ministerial arrangements, has hitherto detained him in the cabinet.

It is well known that the King feels great reluctance to dispense with Gen. Sebastiani's services, as he is the depository of certain diplomatic secrets which is not found convenient to intrust any one else with at the present moment. The General has besides made himself useful by a certain degree of disposition which it is feared few others equally qualified for the foreign department will be found to possess. If his health, therefore, will at all permit him to continue taking an active part in business, it is very likely he will not quit the ministry. Should he withdraw, M. Bignon will probably be his successor. These changes, if they take place, will not bring about the least alteration in the domestic and foreign policy of the French cabinet, nor will they extend the influence of the *juste milieu* party in the representative chamber. None but a thorough renewal of the cabinet could lead to a change of system. M. Dupin's name is still associated with favourable recollections, because his fame in liberation has not been in any way tarnished by a participation with these measures of the present Government which have mostly contributed in impairing its popularity. His well-known disapprobation of the state-of-siege ordinance, too, had somewhat revived the public confidence in his patriotism. If a new Cabinet were formed under his auspices, no

doubt but the national confidence in the government would become much greater than it is at present. But with the conditions of his assuming office, which will necessarily make him subservient to the views of others, instead of asserting his own to prevail, he can hardly escape the fate of those who have converted their professed liberalism under the restoration, into a stepping-stone to power under the present Government.

The number of creations to the peerage will most likely be not less than 40. Very few members of the representative Chamber will be transferred to the Upper one, because Ministers feel the necessity of being supported by their friends in the former at the approaching session. Two or three deputies only are spoken of as likely to be made peers. Among them is M. Bertin de Vaux, the chief proprietor and editor of the *Journal des Debats*.

The tone and proceedings lately assumed by the Swiss Diet have produced a remonstrance on the part of Austria, and an explanation of the intentions of that power with regard to Switzerland. An official note has been addressed to the Diet by M. de Bombelles, the Austrian resident-minister, assuring it of his Government's friendly dispositions, and recommending that the arming of the cantons should not be continued. The President of the Diet has very properly replied, that however satisfactory the friendly assurances made in the name of the Austrian Government, the Cantons could not discontinue the measures adopted to maintain their independence till their frontiers should be freed from the presence of the large Austrian forces lately collected there.

Two condemnations to death took place the day before yesterday, at the Assizes, of persons implicated in the riots of the 6th of June. The Judges seem to have decided with much greater severity than had been anticipated by the juries, as some understanding seems to have existed that no sentence of death should be pronounced on any of the convicted rioters. The public think that no political offences should be punishable with death, after Polignac and his colleagues have been spared; and so strong is this impression, that I can hardly think the King will be advised to leave these two men for execution.

HYMENEAL.

Married on Thursday evening last by the Rev. Mr. Guest, Mr. JOHN W. WILSON to Miss HANNAH, daughter of Gideon White, Esq. all of this city.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having obtained from the Orphan's Court of Anne Arundel County, Letters of Administration with the Will annexed, on the Personal Estate of Thomas F. Simmons, late of said county, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the deceased to present them, properly authenticated, and to be indebted in any way, to make immediate payment, either to the subscriber, near Herring Bay, or to THOMAS G. WATERS, in Annapolis, who is duly authorized to receipt for all sums paid to him on account of said estate.

JOSEPH G. HARRISON, Adm'r.—W. A.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of Primary Schools for Anne Arundel County, will meet at the Court-House on Tuesday, the 23d inst, at 4 o'clock, P. M. The Trustees of the several Districts will bear in mind, that their Reports must be handed in by that day.

JOHN RIDOUT, Sec'y.

A LIST OF LETTERS, REMAINING in the Post Office, Annapolis, Sept. 30, 1832.

James Berry, Mark W. Bush, John Beard, Edmund Clagett, David S. Caldwell, Richard Cadle, G. R. Carman, D. Chude, Jr., Sam'l Cleggett, Peregrine Coates, Thos. H. Cross, Wm. Darlington (3), Israel Davidson, Wm. Darlington (3), John Davis, St. Wm L. Freeman, Jno. M. Gardner, George Gale, Benj. Gaither, Ellen Greenleaf, Henry Hopkins, Jas. Holladay, Judson W. Hunt, Rev. James Hanson, Fredk. C. Hyde, Harriet Hopkins, Mr. Hoskins, Thos. W. Hyde, J. John Jacobs, B. Jordan, Lloyd Johnson, Mary King, Elizabeth Lewis, Sarah Mace, Gilbert Murdoch, (3), Dr. Francis Neff, John O'Donnol, John Paul, A. Patterson, Jno. Popham, Miss Rogers, Wm. W. Ransom, (3), Alfred Sellman (3), John Smith, (2), Jno. N. Stockett (2), Capt. J. Schupp, Jas. R. Smith, Nichs. Stonestreet, Jno. M. Tate, Robt. M. Tomlin, Catherine Williams, Dr. Jno. B. Wells, Gideon White, Wm. Williams, Wm. Williams, J. GREEN, P. M., Oct. 4.

CHANCERY SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the court of Chancery, the subscriber will expose to Public Sale, at Hunter's Tavern in the city of Annapolis, on Saturday the 27th day of October, next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter, all the right, title, interest and estate, of Rezin Chaney of Thos. in and to the lands and premises whereof Richard Chaney died, seized, lying on the Patuxent, and also all the right, title and interest, of the said Rezin Chaney of Thos. in and to all that part of a tract, or parcel of land, lying in Anne Arundel county, called,

PINEY ORCHARD.

which by the partition of the Real Estate of Thomas Cockey Deye, was allotted to Joshua F. Cockey, and designated as Lot No. 6, containing 175 acres.

TERMS OF SALE. Cash to be paid on the day of Sale, or on the ratification thereof. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

LOUIS GASSAWAY, Trustee.

NOTICE.

THE semi annual meeting of the Anne Arundel county Temperance Society, will be held at the COURT HOUSE in Annapolis, on the first Wednesday of the session of the county court, at 4 o'clock P. M. Auxiliary societies are requested to hand in reports; also to send delegates to represent them in the present meeting.

By order, J. B. WELLS, M. D. Sec'y.

TICKETS \$5—LOWEST PRIZE \$6.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, CLASS NO. 15, for 1832.

Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners. To be drawn at Baltimore, On FRIDAY, 12th October, 1832, AT FIVE O'CLOCK, P. M.

Sixty-six Number Lottery, Ten Drawn Balls.

SCHEMEL

1 prize of \$80,000
1 prize of 5,000
1 prize of 2,000
1 prize of 1,500
1 prize of 1,372
5 prizes of 1,000
10 prizes of 500
10 prizes of 300
10 prizes of 200
24 prizes of 150
56 prizes of 100
56 prizes of 50
56 prizes of 40
56 prizes of 30
56 prizes of 25
112 prizes of 20
2,184 prizes of 12
15,400 prizes of 6

18,040 prizes.

Tickets \$5—Halves \$2 50—Quarters \$1 25.

CAPITALS \$50,000 \$25,000!

ON WEDNESDAY, 17th OCTOBER, 1832, will be drawn in the city of New York, the

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY, CLASS NO. 37.

66 Number Lottery—10 Drawn Balls. Containing the following splendid Prizes.

1 prize of \$50,000 is \$50,000
1 prize of 25,000 is 25,000
1 prize of 10,000 is 10,000
1 prize of 8,000 is 8,000
1 prize of 5,000 is 5,000
1 prize of 3,000 is 3,000
20 prizes of 1,000 is 20,000
20 prizes of 500 is 10,000
40 prizes of 200 is 8,000
56 prizes of 100 is 5,600
56 prizes of 80 is 4,480
56 prizes of 60 is 3,360
112 prizes of 40 is 4,480
2,240 prizes of 20 is 44,800
15,400 prizes of 10 is 154,000

18,040 prizes, amounting to \$566,080

Whole Tickets only \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2 50 cents.

As there are many who prefer adventuring for the large prizes only, the subscriber can furnish certificates of packages of 22 Tickets each containing all the numbers from 1 to 66 inclusive, which will entitle the holders to all the 22 tickets may draw over the net amount of the small prizes of \$10 and \$20.—This offers many advantages to those residing at a distance besides being more safe, for the certificates are always made payable to order, there is much saved in postage, and the trouble of collecting the smallest prizes is obviated.

Price of Certificates in this Lottery.

A certificate of 22 whole Tickets \$120
do 22 half do 60
do 22 quarters do 30
do 22 eighths do 15

To be had at DUBOIS' LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE, (Opposite the Farmers Bank of Maryland,) Sept. 27.

RESOLUTION.

ADOPTED BY THE COMMITTEE OF VIGILANCE. RESOLVED, That the editors of the several newspapers in the city be requested to advertise that the ward committees will visit their several wards on Thursday in each week—and continue the advertisements during the existence of the committee.

Oct. 4.

CLARK had the pleasure of week or two since of paying the cash for a \$15,000 prize, which had been ordered from his office by a gentleman living in Frederick county, Md. and if there be any more who are desirous of being treated in the same way, all they have to do is to direct their orders to

JOHN CLARK, BALTIMORE.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY, No. 20, to be drawn October 6th.

CAPITALS. 1 prize of \$50,000 1 prize of \$3470
1 20,000 20 1000
1 10,000 30 500
2 5,000 38 200
Tickets \$10, halves 5, quarters 2,50 eighths 1,25.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, No. 15, to be drawn October 12.

CAPITALS. 1 prize of \$50,000 1 prize of \$1372
1 5,000 5 1000
1 2,000 10 500
1 1,500 10 500
Tickets \$5, halves 2,50, quarters 1,25.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY of New-York, to be drawn October 17th.

CAPITALS. 1 prize of \$50,000 1 prize of \$3,000
1 25,000 20 1,000
1 10,000 20 500
1 8,000 54 300
1 5,000 40 200
Tickets \$10, halves 5, quarters 2,50, eighths 1,25.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED, No. 39, to be drawn October 31.

CAPITALS. 1 prize of \$30,000 5 prizes of 1000
1 15,000 5 400
1 7,500 10 200
1 5,580 &c. &c. &c.
Sept. 27.

CASE FOR NEGROES. I WISH TO PURCHASE 100 LIKELY NEGROES, Of both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age, field hands, also mechanics of every description. Persons wishing to sell will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to give HIGHER PRICES for SLAVES, than any purchaser who is now or may hereafter in this market. Any communication in writing will be promptly attended to. I can at all times be found at Williams's Hotel, Annapolis.

RICHARD WILLIAMS, October 4, 1832.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON Friday the 31st of October next, at 11 o'clock in the morning, if fair, if not the next fair day, The President, Directors and Company, of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, will offer for sale, at M'Laughlin's Tavern, Ellicott's Mills.

THE FARM on which Richard H. Harwood, lately resided, and now in the occupation of Mr. Nelson Phelps, on Elk Ridge, Anne Arundel county, about three miles from the Waterloo Tavern, and 12 miles from the City of Baltimore, and near the contemplated Rail Road route from Baltimore to the City of Washington, containing about

420 ACRES OF LAND. The roads from the Waterloo Tavern up the country, and from Owen's Mills to Baltimore, pass through this land, and the best judgements are of opinion that this land is capable of being made equal to any of the lands on Elk-Ridge. There are on it a pretty good dwelling house, and convenient out houses, a garden, a Spring of most excellent water near the house, and an ice-house.

TERMS OF SALE—one fourth of the purchase money cash, one fourth in six months, one fourth in twelve months, and the balance in eighteen months, with interest on the whole from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, for the same, possession to be given on the first day of January next.

H. H. HARWOOD FROST, Aug. 9.

Maryland Republican, Annapolis, and the Gazette of American, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week until the day of sale.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the great decline in travelling, the Steam Boat MARYLAND, will go to Easton only once a week, commencing on Friday next, and continue the same day in each week, until further notice.

LEMUEL G. TAYLOR, Master, Sept. 6.

FOR SALE OR RENT. THE HOUSE AND LOT in Church street, at present occupied by John Smith. For terms apply to JOHN SMITH, No. 27, June 28.

HENRY MATTHEWS.