

of Commons. Should Lord Grey, therefore, and returned upon his hands, a House of Commons pledged to such conditions he will find himself in a dilemma which he little anticipated; and as little desired, when he brought forward the celebrated Bill.

In the full enjoyment of civil and religious freedom themselves, it is but natural that the American people should rejoice in the progress of every revolution, and every measure of political reform, the tendency of which is to procure the like privileges and enjoyments from their fellow men in the old world. It is right that it should be so. In the eyes of the philanthropist, the whole family of nations should be viewed as a single family; every member of which has a claim of justice to every increase of the sum total of human happiness. The great question, however, is, in what manner can the cause of well regulated freedom be most safely and efficiently advanced, and the result be most certainly attained. The democratic principle is every where on the advance.

Its march is rapid in some countries, as in France and England. It is steady over all Europe, although as yet not a little impeded by the measures of the mere despotic monarchies of the North. But still, even there, we can perceive that its progress is visibly onward. And it will go on, conquering and to conquer. In all this the friends of human liberty have reason to rejoice. The great danger, however, is—and from this danger even England is not yet exempt—that popular power may advance more rapidly than popular intelligence. The grand conservative principle of free government, is EDUCATION; and so long as popular education, combining moral and religious, as well as political instruction, advances pari passu, hand in hand, with political power among the people, there can be no danger. "The means to strip the political power of the people of its terrors, is to teach them to use it well—in other words, to give them that kind of education which becomes citizens. Thus instructed, they will be no objects of apprehension to the enlightened and the honest. The true friends of order and of public good, far from looking with alarm on their political influence will rejoice at it." But unless the people are well and soundly instructed—unless their understandings are raised to the position they are called to occupy in free governments—unless they have sufficient intelligence to exercise a sound and enlightened discretion at the elections—the elective franchise is the most dangerous privilege with which they can be entrusted. Whether, in any country—even in our own—for the government of the United States, is but an experiment even yet—the great body of the people possess the adequate amount of political and moral instruction, remains to be seen.

### FOREIGN.

By arrivals at New York of the *Charlemagne*, Capt. Robinson, from Havre on the 1st of August, and the *Columbia*, Capt. Delano, from London same date, we have our files of European papers to the latest date, from which and the *Journal of Commerce* we make the following abstract.

Bell's Weekly Messenger of the 29th July, mentions the increase of the cholera in London—one hundred deaths per day being the average at that date; and almost every town and city in the two kingdoms is more or less afflicted. In Paris and Havre the cholera has nearly ceased.

Don Pedro has obtained an important victory over his brother Don Miguel. The following are all the particulars that are given of the battle and victory.

LONDON, July 31.—Twelve o'clock.

"The accounts this morning from Oporto are of the most favourable description, and completely confirmatory of the news received yesterday.

"The Agent for Lloyds at Falmouth states that the loss on Miguel's side was upwards of 3,000 killed, wounded and taken prisoners, whilst the loss experienced by Don Pedro's army did not exceed 100.—From other letters which we have seen, and the loss of the latter was considered greater, but not to be compared with the loss of the Usurper.

"The blockading squadron at Lisbon, under the command of Admiral Sartorius, amounted to 9 vessels, besides which notices had been issued at Lisbon, at Oporto, St. Ubes, and Figueira, against any vessels under colours being allowed ingress or egress.

"Don Pedro's army is stated to have captured 2,000 of the enemy's troops, besides their artillery, and camp equipage at Valongo.

"Two regiments of cavalry, and one of two of infantry, are stated to have joined Don Pedro, and a force of three thousand volunteers and recruits had been raised at Oporto.

"At the latest date, the force of Don Pedro was said to be on their march to Coimbra.

"The next accounts are looked for with much anxiety; the result is no longer doubted.

"HALF-PAST ONE.

"Consols remain 83 1/2 5/8 for the account."

From the London Courier, July 31.

We have been favoured with the following extract of a letter from a Commercial gentleman, dated Oporto, July 24, 1832:

"I have only time to inform you that Don Pedro has gained a great victory at Valongo, after two days hard fighting. Two thousand prisoners, all the artillery and camp equipage taken; the army of the enemy entirely dispersed. They were 10,000 strong. Our force only 7,000. The enemy's loss in killed and wounded is immense. We have suffered also, but not severely.

"Yesterday they attacked the whole South Bank of the Douro, and kept up a constant fire all day; but we beat them off with the schooners and gun boats. The whole of the regular army is at Valongo, and to day advanced on the road to Coimbra to attack it, where they will no doubt be successful."

the Portuguese regiments fight very bravely.—Two regiments of cavalry, and one of three of infantry, are confidently expected to have deserted Miguel, and to have joined the army of Don Pedro.

The Miguelite fleet was to have come out yesterday, but it appears they will not. Admiral Sartorius is blockading Lisbon, and we are told that two of the forts at the mouth of the river are deserted. We have raised here 3,000 recruits and volunteers, who are being trained. Stores, arms, and every thing are in abundance; and if this combined effort which is now about to take place should be successful, the cause is gained.

(From the *Messenger des Chambres*.)

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCH.

BAYONA, July 27, four o'clock in the afternoon.—Nine battalions of Don Pedro, one of which are veterans, have been formed at Bayona; 3,600 troops of Don Pedro on the 24th carried the positions of the troops of the Miguelite. A battalion of the latter went to the former, and marched upon Azcoitia with them. This column has nine pieces of artillery.

"On the same day a column of 2,400 men belonging to Don Pedro, marched upon Braganza, which it entered on the 13th. It was repulsed by the Constitutionalists in its march. This column has no artillery.

"Ponte-de-lima was occupied on the 17th by 500 of Don Pedro's men. Numbers of Portuguese emigrants had arrived at Tay, in Galicia.

"It is believed that the troops of Don Pedro will occupy Lisbon on the 18th.

"It is said that Don Miguel is already in retreat upon Spain.

This news is dated the 18th, from Vigo in Galicia.

THE YOUNG NAPOLEON.

We are not of those who attached great importance to the Duke of Reichstadt, born in Rome, merely because he was the son of Napoleon, nor did our dislike of his father extend to the son. The young man is dead, and will be seen—and thus those who may have slight hopes upon his future rule in France will see how vain it is to "put trust in Princes"—whether Louis Philippe ever entertained a fear of the young Duke we know not—however he now need not fear him, but the same spirit that was used to conjure up the name of Reichstadt for insubordination will not be at a loss for another. We give account from the *Augsburg Gazette*: it returns to the 23d of July.

"This morning, at five o'clock, an easy death put an end to the existence of the Duke of Reichstadt, at the Palace of Schoenbrunn. Already on the 19th, the symptoms of the last stage of consumption had manifested themselves, and the physician directed that his funeral shall be attended with the same forms and honours of an Archduke. The corpse is to be interred in the Imperial family vault on the 24th inst. Preparations were made immediately for the departure of this deplorable mother for her duchy. This deplorable was considered absolutely necessary in order not to endanger her own life."

General Wool, an American in Paris, Inspector-General of the United States Army, who we believe was sent to France on a public mission, has been most kindly received by the French government. The King showed him marked attention. At the late grand review of the National Guards and Troops of the Line, where upwards of 70,000 men with 100 pieces of artillery were manoeuvred, being a more brilliant parade than the preceding anniversary review in commemoration of the Revolution of July, the General had the honour of being one of his Majesty's suite, and frequently dined with him.

It would seem from one of the subjoined extracts that England and France are determined to make Holland like the terms of settlement with Belgium. This may, possibly, bring Russia down among the dykes of Holland; but Russia has not a fleet to contend against Great Britain, though her Cossacks of the Don may desire more such crumbs as they gathered in Paris.

HOLLAND AND BELGIUM.

The following are extracts from the Brussels papers of the 29th inst.—Count Valin XIV. is appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the Holy See, and is charged with a special mission to the courts of Italy. The Baron de Lee is nominated Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Vienna, and M. Benjamin-Mary, Charge d'Affaires, to that of Brazil. The marriage contract of the King and the Princess Louisa was signed at Paris on the 25th inst.; his Majesty being represented by M. Lehon, his Minister at the Court of France. The inhabitants of Brussels are getting up an address to the King, to lay before him the apprehension of the nation relative to the march of affairs, and pray that hostilities may be immediately renewed.

PARIS, July 31.—It is said that an extraordinary courier from the Hague arrived on Saturday at Paris, with the answer of King William to the last acts of the Conference, and that, soon after his arrival, interviews took place between the Minister for Foreign Affairs and several foreign Ministers, especially Messrs. Lehon and Fagel. After these interviews, M. Lehon, it is added, sent off a courier to his Government with despatches of great importance.

It is said that Mr. Lehon, with the sanction of the French government, concluded his despatches in the following terms:

"I am to state that the French government, in concurrence with that of his Majesty, will transmit to the King of Holland a note that will put an end to the statu quo of Belgium; this note is to exhort the King to ratify, and then to enter into new negotiations with Belgium; and to intimate that if Holland should persist in refusing to ratify the treaty of Nov. 18, France and England will be obliged to obtain the ratification by force."

TURKEY AND EGYPT.

LONDON, July 19.—Accounts from Alex-

andria, of the 6th, continued favourable with regard to Mahomed Ali. All the chiefs of the inhabitants of Lebanon have declared for him. Only a few days previous to the date of the above letter, a son of one of the most powerful of these chiefs, who had hitherto been faithful to the Porte, arrived at Alexandria as a hostage for his father. The Sheriff of Mecca, who had likewise declared for Mahomed Ali, was also expected at Alexandria; it was reported among the people, that he would, as a spiritual prince, annul the inter-diction pronounced by the Sultan against Mahomed Ali, and crown him King of Egypt. A letter contains the following statement of the Egyptian forces in Syria. The army consists of 80,000 men; among them are 86,000 regular infantry, and 8,000 cavalry; the rest are composed of 23,000 irregular infantry, 7,000 Bedouin horsemen, and 4,000 artillerymen. The war stores found at St. Jean d'Acree are said to be very valuable; it is reported that there were 1,700 pieces of cannon, and a depot of 25,000 cwt. of copper.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

The *Memorial des Pyrennes* says:—"Private letters from Spain afford ground for apprehension that insurrectionary movements will not be confined to Portugal. It is stated that the Spanish provinces on the borders of Portugal are disposed to take part with Don Pedro; and that even the troops forming the army of observation manifest the same sentiments. The presence of Gen. Mina, whom they believe to be in the Pyrennes, has, it is said, contributed to these feelings. They add that the cause of Don Miguel appears so desperate that lodgings are prepared at Badajoz for his reception."

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

By the arrival of H. B. M. Packet *Lady Ogle* at Boston, the Editors of the *New-York Commercial Advertiser* have received files of London papers to the 4th of August, inclusive being four days later than former advices.

The Russian-Dutch-Loan Bill was read a third time in the House of Lords on the 1st, and passed.

Under the London city head of the evening of the 1st August, it is stated that the official notice of a Government of the young Queen of Portugal, at Oporto, had the effect of depressing the scrip materially, and it left off at 1 per cent. discount. The fall is ascribed to the circumstance of a number of persons having held the scrip on speculation, who are not able to pay the instalment upon it, and have consequently been compelled to bring it to market.

City, July 20, evening.—Great anxiety for further news from Portugal manifested generally in the city, but nothing more has transpired in the course of the day.

FRANCE.

In the private correspondence of the Times, dated Paris, August 1st, it is stated that the three days did not pass off wholly without interruption of the peace; some young men having been attacked on the Point d'Arcole, for singing the *Marseillaise* hymn, by the Sergeants of the garrison. Some were said to have been killed; but it was supposed no judicial investigation would take place.

PORTUGAL.

A letter from Lisbon, dated July 23d, says:—"Seven ships of war, among them an armed vessel, with Admiral Sartorius, arrived off Lisbon on the 19th, and they are now at anchor within little more than gunshot of the Bugio. Their flag is distinctly to be seen. Don Miguel met, consisting of a line of battle ships, a frigate, three corvettes, and two brigs, is lying, and it is understood to be under sailing orders, to proceed forthwith to attack its antagonists, "the rotten ships and mere boats," as they have many times been contemptuously styled by the *Gazette*. I doubt very much if it will cross the bar, though the ships are much heavier than the Queen's."

In consequence of a shot having been fired from Belem, tower on the British schooner of war *Viper*, on the 13th, the commandant had been removed from that fort by Don Miguel.

The *Chronical Constitutional*, Don Pedro's paper at Oporto, of the 21st July, contains an official despatch from Lieutenant Col. Hodges to the Conde de a Flor relative to an affair he had with Miguel's troops on the 18th, near Penedafel; of which the *Times* furnished a summary. The loss of Don Pedro's troops is stated to be very trifling; that of the enemy supposed to be 200.

19. Clear, P.M. cloudy, light breeze, fresh breeze, nw  
20. Clear, warm, light breeze, nw  
21. Clear, pleasant, fresh breeze, rain in evening, nw  
22. Cloudy, appearance of a general rain, sprinkle in evening, light breeze, ene-se  
23. Clear, pleasant, fresh breeze, ene-se  
24. Clear, pleasant, light breeze, ene-se  
25. Cloudy, warm, fresh breeze, nw  
26. Clear, pleasant, cool wind, fresh breeze, nw  
27. Clear, warm, light breeze, nw  
28. Clear, pleasant, moderate breeze, w-se  
29. Clear, warm, light breeze, w-se  
30. Clear, P.M. cloudy, heavy thunder and lightning with little rain, light breeze, w-se-n  
31. Cloudy, sprinkle rain, mild, light breeze, wnw-se

Winds.

1. Rain in morning, flying clouds, warm, light breeze, ne-se  
2. Cloudy, warm, light breeze, ne-se  
3. Clear, warm, light breeze, se-n  
4. Cloudy, very warm, light breeze, P.M. thunder, lightning and rain, se-n  
5. Cloudy, sprinkle rain in morning, heavy rain in evening, fresh breeze, se-n  
6. Cloudy, warm, rain in evening, moderate breeze, e-se  
7. Clear, P.M. cloudy, rain, thunder and lightning, sw  
8. Cloudy, pleasant, several showers during the day, light breeze, sw-nw  
9. Rain in the morning, pleasant, light breeze, ne-se  
10. Clear, pleasant, moderate breeze, w-nw  
11. Clear, mild, light breeze, ne-se  
12. Clear, warm, fresh breeze, se-n  
13. Clear, warm, moderate breeze, se-n  
14. Clear, pleasant, light breeze, sw-se-nw  
15. Clear, warm, fresh breeze, sw-se-nw  
16. Flying clouds, very warm, moderate breeze, se-sw  
17. Cloudy, mild, rain in evening, moderate breeze, nw-nw  
18. Rain, light showers during the day, heavy rain at night, light breeze, ne-se  
19. Flying clouds, warm, fresh breeze, se-sw-nw  
20. Clear, warm, light breeze, nw-nw  
21. Clear, pleasant, light breeze, w-se  
22. Cloudy, warm, heavy rain, high wind with thunder, se-nw-d  
23. Clear, P.M. cloudy, warm, fresh breeze, nw-nw  
24. Clear, pleasant, moderate breeze, w-nw  
25. Clear, very cool in the morning, moderate breeze, nw  
26. Hazy, pleasant, light breeze, wind all round the compass, nw  
27. Cloudy, appearance of rain, cool, light breeze, sw-w  
28. Cloudy, sprinkle rain, light breeze, ne-se  
29. Cloudy part of the day, warm, light breeze, se-se  
30. Clear, warm, light breeze, se-se  
31. Clear, P.M. cloudy, very warm, heavy rain with thunder and lightning in evening, se-n-nw

OBITUARY.

Died, in this city, on Monday evening last, of pulmonary consumption, Col. Thomas T. Simmons, late Register of Wills for Anne Arundel county. The peculiar benevolence and gentleness of his disposition endeared him to all his acquaintance, who will long cherish a remembrance of his virtues. As a Husband, Father and Master, he was uniformly kind and affectionate. As a public officer, by the faithful and diligent discharge of his duties he afforded universal satisfaction to the community. While his family and friends must feel their bereavement, they will recollect that the dispensations of the Almighty are tempered with mercy; and they have the consolation of knowing, that the last moments of their departed friend were usually serene, and that he was cheered by an humble but firm hope of salvation, through the merits of his Redeemer.

Died, on Sunday morning last, after a few days illness, contracted in Baltimore, in the 41st year of his age, Mr. John A. Grammer, youngest son of the late Mr. Frederick Grammer. If to an excellent disposition, urbanity of manners, and gentlemanly deportment, be added the character of an affectionate Father and Parent, a kind Master, and a sincere Friend, some idea of the character and virtues of the deceased may be formed.

COMMUNICATED.

Departed this life, on Thursday, the 6th inst. Col. William I. Hall, of South River, in the 41st year of his age. Through his death we are taught the cheering lesson, that in life we are in the midst of danger. It is our belief that there was not in the community a more strict advocate of probity and honour than our deceased friend; he commanded the respect of all who knew him, and was beloved by all who were his daily associates; he was the delight of the young, and a reverer of the aged; in a word, he was a man, if he knew no good of his fellow man, he pronounced no evil. He has left a widow and four orphan children to mourn their irreparable loss.

On the 3d instant, in Baltimore, Mrs. Mary Mayer, Relict of the late Henry E. Mayer, of Sandy Point, near this city, in the 43d year of her age. Mrs. M. was the youngest daughter of the late Mr. Frederick Grammer.

In Baltimore, on Saturday last, Thomas Shaw, Esq. formerly Cashier of the Frederick Town Branch Bank.

From a *Baltimore Paper*, of August 31.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Thursday, 30th August, at 7 o'clock, P.M. at Hospital No. 3, Sister Mary Frances, one of those Angels in human form, who are found, not in the abodes of luxury,

but in all our Hospitals, supplying the wants of and ministering comfort and consolation, to the sick and the dying, regardless of personal danger, and rejecting all temporal compensation.

The deceased was found in the morning attending as usual to the patients in the Hospital with the smile of peace and serenity on her countenance; she sickened about 8 o'clock, and by 7 in the evening was a corpse. The deceased was carried to the grave early this morning, attended by the Mayor of the city, the Board of Health, and such other officers of the Corporation, as had notice of the melancholy event; together with some of those, whose life were united to her by the bonds of Charity and Religion, and were her sisters and friends.

We may confidently indulge the pious hope, that as, into whose hands she meekly resigned her soul, will say to her, "what thou hast done to these my little ones, thou hast done to me—enter into the joy of thy Lord." May she rest in peace. Amen.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Saint Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of James Walker, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at or before the 13th day of March next, they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 1st day of September, 1832.

GUSTAVUS BROWN, Adm'r.

Sept. 13

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY, Class No. 13, for 1832. Approved by Wm. R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners. To be drawn at Baltimore, On FRIDAY, 14th September, 1832, AT FIVE O'CLOCK, P. M. Sixty-Six Number Lottery.... Ten Drawn Ballots.

HIGHEST PRIZE, 12,500 DOLLARS.

SCHEME:

|                  |         |
|------------------|---------|
| 1 prize of       | 812,500 |
| 1 prize of       | 5,000   |
| 1 prize of       | 2,200   |
| 6 prizes of      | 1,000   |
| 10 prizes of     | 500     |
| 10 prizes of     | 400     |
| 10 prizes of     | 300     |
| 20 prizes of     | 200     |
| 20 prizes of     | 150     |
| 41 prizes of     | 100     |
| 56 prizes of     | 50      |
| 56 prizes of     | 40      |
| 56 prizes of     | 30      |
| 112 prizes of    | 20      |
| 2,240 prizes of  | 8       |
| 15,400 prizes of | 4       |

18,040 prizes.

Tickets 84—Halves 82—Quarters 81.

SPLendid SCHEME.

NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY—CLASS NO. 35—To be drawn on Wednesday, 19th Sept. 1832. 66 No. Lottery—10 Drawn Ballots—and lowest Prize \$12.

SCHEME:

|                  |          |          |
|------------------|----------|----------|
| 1 prize of       | \$40,000 | \$40,000 |
| 1 prize of       | 10,000   | 10,000   |
| 1 prize of       | 6,000    | 6,000    |
| 1 prize of       | 4,104    | 4,104    |
| 1 prize of       | 3,000    | 3,000    |
| 1 prize of       | 2,000    | 2,000    |
| 10 prizes of     | 1,000    | 10,000   |
| 10 prizes of     | 800      | 8,000    |
| 10 prizes of     | 600      | 6,000    |
| 10 prizes of     | 500      | 5,000    |
| 10 prizes of     | 400      | 4,000    |
| 10 prizes of     | 200      | 2,000    |
| 20 prizes of     | 150      | 3,000    |
| 44 prizes of     | 100      | 4,400    |
| 56 prizes of     | 70       | 3,920    |
| 56 prizes of     | 50       | 2,800    |
| 56 prizes of     | 40       | 2,240    |
| 112 prizes of    | 24       | 2,688    |
| 2,184 prizes of  | 12       | 26,208   |
| 15,400 prizes of | 12       | 184,800  |

18,040 prizes, amounting to \$356,080

Tickets 85—Halves 83—Quarters 81 50.

To be had at

DUBOIS' LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE, (Opposite the Farmers' Bank of Maryland,) Sept. 13

CITY TAXES. NOTICE is hereby given, That the CITY AND PRIMARY SCHOOL TAXES for 1832, are now due. The citizens will be waited upon by

R. RIDGELY, City Collector. Sept. 6

NOTICE. IN consequence of the great decline in travelling, the Steam Boat MARYLAND, will go to Easton only once a week, commencing on Friday next, and continuing the same day in each week, until further notice.

LEWEL G. TAYLOR, Master. Sept. 8

BRILLIANT SCHEME. AN INDEPENDENCE for a prize, and a FORTUNE for a prize, can be obtained by drawing orders for tickets in either of the following schemes.

JOHN CLARK, LOTTERY VENDOR, Baltimore. The tickets which he will send being the ORIGINAL ones, the MONEY can be had for the PRIZES any where.

NEW YORK CONSOLIDATED, No. 33, to be drawn September 18th.

|                  |          |              |         |
|------------------|----------|--------------|---------|
| 1 prize of       | \$40,000 | 10 prizes of | \$1,000 |
| 1 prize of       | 10,000   | 10 prizes of | 500     |
| 1 prize of       | 6,000    | 10 prizes of | 600     |
| 1 prize of       | 4,104    | 10 prizes of | 500     |
| 1 prize of       | 3,000    | 10 prizes of | 400     |
| 1 prize of       | 2,000    | 10 prizes of | 200     |
| 10 prizes of     | 1,000    | 10 prizes of | 100     |
| 10 prizes of     | 800      | 10 prizes of | 50      |
| 10 prizes of     | 600      | 10 prizes of | 40      |
| 10 prizes of     | 500      | 10 prizes of | 30      |
| 10 prizes of     | 400      | 10 prizes of | 20      |
| 10 prizes of     | 200      | 10 prizes of | 10      |
| 20 prizes of     | 150      | 10 prizes of | 8       |
| 41 prizes of     | 100      | 10 prizes of | 4       |
| 56 prizes of     | 50       |              |         |
| 56 prizes of     | 40       |              |         |
| 56 prizes of     | 30       |              |         |
| 112 prizes of    | 20       |              |         |
| 2,240 prizes of  | 8        |              |         |
| 15,400 prizes of | 4        |              |         |

Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. (Please to continue to copy the above until further ordered—dropping each Lottery as its time for drawing expires.) Aug 23

NOTICE. THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of September next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter. (Sunday excepted.) A TRACT OF LAND, whereon Henry Bassford resides, containing 220 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, lying on the Patuxent river near the Governor's Bridge, and adjoining the Lands of John S. Sellman and Dr. Richard Marriot. The Land is of good quality and easily improved, and is well adapted to the growth of fine Tobacco. The improvements are a GOOD FRAME DWELLING, with necessary out houses for a small family.

TERMS OF SALE ARE—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, one third in 12 months, and the balance in 18 months from the day of sale, purchaser to give bond with approved security, to bear interest from the day of sale; when the whole of the purchase money is paid, the subscriber is authorized to execute a deed to the purchaser.

JOHN BASSFORD. Aug 23

PUBLIC SALE. ON Friday the 5th of October next, at 11 o'clock in the morning, if fair, if not the next fair day. The President, Directors and Company, of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, will offer for sale, at M'Laughlin's Tavern, Ellicott's Mills.

THE FARM on which Richard H. Harwood, lately resided, and now in the occupation of Mr. Nelson Phelps, on Elk Ridge, Anne Arundel county, about three miles from the Waterloo Tavern, and 12 miles from the City of Baltimore, and near the contemplated Rail Road route from Baltimore to the City of Washington, containing about

420 ACRES OF LAND. The roads from the Waterloo Tavern up the country, and from Owen's Mill, in Baltimore, pass through this land, and the best judges are of opinion that this land is capable of being made equal to any of the lands on Elk Ridge. There are on it a pretty good dwelling House, and convenient out Houses, a Garden, a Spring of most excellent water near the house, and an Ice-house.

TERMS OF SALE—One fourth of the purchase money cash, one fourth in six months, one fourth in twelve months, and the balance in eighteen months, with interest on the whole from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, for the same, possession to be given on the first day of January next.

H. H. HARWOOD Prest. Aug. 9

Maryland Republican, Annapolis, and the *Gazette & American*, Baltimore, will insert the above once a week until the day of sale.

FOR SALE, THE large and commodious Brick Dwelling House, in the City of Annapolis, belonging to C. Birnie, Esq. fronting the Market House, and at present occupied by Thomas Duckett, Esq. This Property is in good condition, suitable for the accommodation of a large family, in a public part of the city, and will be sold for a sum far below its real value. Possession will be given on the 30th of December next, and perhaps earlier if required. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.

HENRY MAYNARDIER. Sept. 6

NOTICE. THE Commissioners for Anne Arundel county, will meet at the Court House in the city of Annapolis, on Tuesday the 23d day of October next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court. By order, R. J. COWMAN Clk. Sept 6

NOTICE. A GREASABLY to Law, an Election will be held at the places for holding Elections in the several Election Districts of Anne Arundel county, on the First Monday of October ensuing, for the purpose of electing four Delegates to represent said county, in the next General Assembly of Maryland. BUSHROY W. MARRIOTT, Sheriff. Sept 6

NOTICE. A GREASABLY to Law an Election will be held at the Assembly Room, on the first Monday in October next, for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent the City of Annapolis, in the next General Assembly of Maryland. By order, JOHN H. WELLS, Clk. Aug. 30