...rs God, who by the many in-
...portality which encompass us on
...nd by the warning, now especial-
...n us, of our exposure to the sud-
...death; dost call upon us serious-
...r the shortness of our time here
...nd reminded us that in the midst
...e in death, so teach us to number
...at we may apply our hearts unto
...e us grace to turn unto thee with
...tance, and thus to obtain, through
...f our Saviour, that pardon to-day,
...morrow, it may be too late to
...being strengthened by the grace
...st the terrors of death, and daily
...n godliness, we may at all times
...give up our souls into thy hands,
...Father, in the hope of a blessed
..., through the mediation and for
...f *Jesus Christ our Lord.* AMEN.

...nd Important from EUROPE.

...OF THE BRITISH REFORM BILL.—
...T AT REVOLUTION IN FRANCE.—
...LACED UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

...val of the packet ship Francois 1st, cap-
...n Havre, whence she sailed on the 10th
...tors of the Mercantile Advertiser have
...r regular files of French papers to the
...lusive. The most important news, though
...expected, is the passage of the Reform
...e 4th June, the order of the day, the
...he Bill being moved, some debate arose,
...estion, "That the Bill be now read a
...was put from the Woolsack. The Lord
...declared that he thought the contents had
...d, believed to be the Earl of Roden, stat-
... non-contents had it, strangers were or-
...hdraw. Although, says the report, there
...rational doubt as to the result of the de-
...onsiderable agitation prevailed among the
...rangers until they were informed that the
...no proxies, we understood, having been
...were as follows:—

...ents,	106
...contents,	22
...ajority,	84

...s the decision was communicated to the
...mbled in the Palace Yard, they rent the
...outs, which were distinctly heard in the

...empt at revolution has been made in
...hich has been quelled. The first
...ont was, at the funeral of Gen. La-
...n the 14th June. Splendid prepa-
...ere made to do the last honours to
...ains of the distinguished general.
...ession, after having passed through
...treets, arrived opposite to the Pont
...itz, where a scaffold, hung with
...d decorated with numerous flags,
... prepared to receive the body while
...hies on the occasion were delivered.
... immense crowd were assembled.
...terrupted a part of the ceremonies.
...fayette addressed the people, and im-
...em not to sully the solemnity of the
...ny acts of discord or illegality.
...afayette) was received with the most
...stic acclamations, and on descending
... platform was conducted in triumph
...ach, the horses of which were taken
...e was dragged home by the populace.
...onclusion of the speeches, which was
...lf past five, the body was removed to
...se in waiting to convey it to Eyre-
...l and the car returned along the
... While the speeches were being made
...ments of the line, drawn up on the
... of the river, fired the usual num-
...s, and then marched off, the bands
... the *Marseillois* at the request of the
... who replied by loud shouts of *Vive*
...! In the mean time, however, the
... the procession which had not been a-
...get nearer to the platform than the
...e la Bastille, and which consisted prin-
... of the *Amis du Peuple*, and other so-
...cieties, had become involved in a con-
...h the regiment of Dragoons stationed
...nd just as the car with the unarmed
...l Guards, and other followers of the
...on, was returning towards the Rue
...oine, the Dragoons charged down that
...and several individuals were wounded.
...same time, a man on horseback, who
...n parading about with a red flag, on
...was inscribed, in black letters, "*Li*
... *la Mort*," re-appeared, with a num-
...ther individuals, shouting "*Vive la*
...*que*," on which the Dragoons fired
...rbines, and a general cry to arms was

...few minutes barricades were formed at
... of the Pont d'Austerlitz, at the en-
... of the roads on each side of the canal,
...ross the quay. The contagion soon
... to other parts of Paris, and in the
...St. Antonio, St. Denis, St. Martin,
...arte, and Croissant; barricades were
... by overturning carts, coaches, &c.—
... attempts were made to unpave the
... but the labourers were so few that
...y any progress was made. The lamps
...ken in a great number of streets, and
...he pillars on the Boulevards, used to
...lls against, were thrown down. Se-
...uard houses were taken by the popu-
...t we believe that the troops regained
...sion of all of them, that of the Bank
...ong the number, but the people re-
... a very short time in possession of it.
...*ppel* was beat in every quarter during
...ole of the evening; and, in general,
...ational Guards answered the call in
...erable numbers; but in several arrondisse-
... there appeared to exist some dissention
... members of the legions, as to the pro-
...of taking up arms against the citizens
... present occasion, and many of them
...d home again. It was also said that
...f the artillery are among the insurgents.
... shops were closed at an early hour,
...veral of the theatres did not open.
...head quarters of the insurgents during the
...ere in the rue St. Antoine and its neighbour-
...hich they had secured with strong barricades
...the line of the boulevards, and also the rue
...artre, in which barricades had been raised,
... the possession of the troops; and the inhab-
...luminated their windows in those streets in
...the lamps had been broken. The rue Mont-
...was the scene of a severe contest. The pa-
... Saunion was occupied by a party of insur-

gents who kept up an incessant firing from half-past seven until eleven, at which hour the troops of the line and the National Guards succeeded in forcing the avenues and clearing the passage. The insurgents, however, retreated into the upper stories of the houses in the rue Montmartre, whence they continued to annoy the troops so much, that it was determined to leave them for the night. About half-past three, the entrance to the passage, which had been fastened, was again forced by the insurgents, who proceeded to pull down the shutters of the empty shops in the passage, to convert them into weapons of offence or barricades, as circumstances might require. The noise occasioned by this proceeding excited the greatest alarm among the inhabitants, as it was apprehended that a general pillage was about to ensue; this alarm was, however, unfounded, as no attack was made on any inhabited shop. The troops hearing the tumult, returned in increased force, and a continued fire was kept up until past four, when the troops gained possession of the passage, and took a considerable number of the insurgents prisoners, who had taken refuge in the house in the passage. They were generally young men of apparent respectability, mixed, however, with others of the lowest class. A great number were killed and wounded in this affair; the latter were placed in temporary *ambulances* formed in the passage Saumon.

The King arrived in Paris from St. Cloud late in the evening, and immediately held a Council of Ministers, after which he reviewed the troops of the line, the National Guards, and the artillery; he was most enthusiastically received, and the whole troops appeared actuated by the firmest determination to put down the rebellion by the most energetic measures.

In the course of the night seals were placed on the presses of Tribune, the Quotidienne, and the Courier de l'Europe, by orders of the police, and those journals have consequently not appeared.

During the night and this morning, troops have been coming in from every quarter, within a circle of fifteen leagues. The artillery has also arrived from Vincennes. The total number of regular troops now in Paris is said to exceed 30,000 men.

In the early part of the morning some severe fighting took place near the Halle, in which the insurgents were completely routed; a great number of prisoners have been taken, and are conveyed to the Prefecture and other places of safe custody, in detachments of from 30 to 50 each, escorted by strong parties of Dragoons and National Guards. The populace do not appear at all to sympathise with the rioters.

Paris was placed under martial law. Various arrests had taken place, including many persons of high standing. The loss of lives had not been exactly ascertained, but the number reached many hundreds. Business had resumed its wonted activity. The Carlists are supposed to have been the instigators of this affair. The Dutchess of Berry was in the west, and had declared herself *Regent of France*, but several of the departments were declared under martial law, and no danger was anticipated. The stocks had recovered from their fall.]

OBITUARY.

COMMUNICATED.

Died, on Wednesday last, in this county, Mrs. ANNA GAMBRILL, formerly of this city. The deceased was of a kind and benevolent disposition; and, although not blessed with the good things of this life in abundance, her disposition was ever prompt to relieve the necessities of those around her. For this private and christian virtue, her reward is sure. She leaves an only son, to mourn the loss of the best and kindest of mothers. —*Rep.*

From the Daily Chronicle.

OBITUARY.

Died, at Washington City, on Thursday, the 28th of June, Col. GEORGE E. MITCHELL, late of the United States Army, and at the time of his decease, a member of the House of Representatives from Maryland.

In the death of this excellent man, our country has lost one of her highest sons. For he was indeed an ornament to the nation. Col. Mitchell was born in Cecil county, Maryland, and was educated to the profession of Medicine. After practising with much success in his native county, he removed to Baltimore, and in connexion with a distinguished Physician there, entered on the same pursuit; but, on the breaking out of the late war with Great Britain, he resolved to enter the Army, and we soon found him in actual service on the lines, where, distinguished by superior intelligence and bravery, he quickly obtained promotion. In many of the important actions he bore a conspicuous part—particularly in the defence of Fort Oswego;—upon which occasion he commanded our forces, and well sustained the reputation of a courageous soldier, as well as an able commander. This affair was one of the most brilliant exploits of the war, and drew merited encomiums on the noble efforts made in the defence of that important post. On the termination of the war, he was retained on our Military Peace establishment—and after marrying a lady from the Eastern Shore of Maryland, he located himself near Baltimore, from whence after a few years, he removed to his native county, where, his friends and neighbours desirous of doing him honour, elected him for several years past their Representative to Congress. While a Member of the House of Representatives, he was the first to propose the resolution inviting General Lafayette to visit this country, as the nation's guest, and had, as chairman of the committee of invitation, the honour to introduce the General to the Congress, assembled in the Capitol. Although no orator, Col. M. possessed excellent business habits, and devoted himself sedulously to the interests of his constituents. Gratitude seemed a leading trait in his character—for we found him during the present Session of Congress, proposing to remove the remains of Washington, and the erection of a monument over them in the Rotunda of the Capitol. It is hoped the time will come when the patriotic design will be accomplished, and all that is mortal of the "FATHER PATRIE" will sleep in the city bearing his venerable name—surrounded by the remains of many of his country's greatest sons:—may not the monuments of a Washington, a Clinton, a Gerry, a Pinckney, and a Mitchell, be the beacons to guide our children in the paths of virtue and of honour? Col. M. when in the possession of health, was in appearance, one of the most elegant men of our country; commanding in appearance, yet highly affable and pleasant in his manners;—benevolent and sincere, he was indeed the "noblest work of God," an honest man. This tribute to his memory is from one who admired his character, and deeply laments his death.

"So sleep the brave, who sink to rest,
With all their country's wishes blest."

L. W. G.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

PARENTS who have sons at this Institution, and the friends of the College, with literary gentlemen, in general, are respectfully invited to attend at *Examination* of the Students, on the 23d, 24th, 25th inst. to commence on Monday morning at 8 o'clock.

HECTOR HUMPHREYS,
July 19 Principal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary on the Personal Estate of Anne Wright, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are desired to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

WILLIAM LINTHICUM, Ex'r.
July 19.

IN CHANCERY.

Mary Watson, Elizabeth Stone, Sarah Mackall, and Alexander Harris,
Against
James J. Wilkinson, Walter Wilkinson, Barbara Ann Wilkinson, Eliza Wilkinson, James Wilkinson, Catharine Wilkinson, Margaret Wilkinson, and Joseph Wilkinson.

THE object of the Bill is to obtain a decree, that a trustee be appointed to make a deed to Mary Watson of two thirds of certain parts of Tracts of Land, situate in Calvert county, called "Bromwell and Lowry's Reserve."

The Bill states, that a certain James Mackall, now dead, being seized and possessed of Land, situate in Calvert county, called Bromwell and Lowry's Reserve, conveyed the same to Joseph Wilkinson, in trust for him and his family, and which lands were held by the said Wilkinson, for the use of the said Mackall and his family, and the profits thereof received by them—That the family of the said Mackall consisted of three children, Mary Watson, Elizabeth, who had married George Stone, and Sarah to whom the said Land was to descend at the decease of their father—That some years after the conveyance before mentioned, and by the request of the said James Mackall, the said Joseph Wilkinson agreed to convey the said Land to the said George Stone, and did execute a deed therefor, which was never recorded, and that no money was paid therefor, and that the said Stone was to execute a bond (which he never did) to pay the interest of the purchase money, amounting to $2,032, to the said Mackall during his life, and after his death to pay one third thereof to Mary Watson, one third to Sarah Mackall, and one third to be retained by said Stone for his wife's portion—That at a subsequent period the contract between Stone, Wilkinson and Mackall, was rescinded, and an award of partition between the said three heirs of Mackall was made—That Joseph Wilkinson and George Stone are dead, without having made any provision, by will, in regard to the said estate—That the heirs of Joseph Wilkinson are James J. Wilkinson, Walter Wilkinson, Thomas H. Wilkinson, George Wilkinson, Robert Wilkinson, Mary Wilkinson, Margaret Dave, Elizabeth Gray, Joseph Wilkinson, (now dead, intestate,) leaving the following children:—Barbara Ann Wilkinson, Eliza Wilkinson, James Wilkinson, Catharine Wilkinson, Margaret Wilkinson and Joseph Wilkinson—That the heirs of George Stone are Elizabeth Stone, James John Stone, George Stone, and Mary Stone—That since the death of Joseph Wilkinson and George Stone, the Oratrices Mary Watson, Elizabeth Stone, and Sarah Mackall, have by deed of partition, divided the said land according to the said award, and that Sarah Mackall, for a valuable consideration, conveyed all her interest in said land to Mary Watson, who has assigned her right to Alexander Harris.

It thereupon, this 16th day of July, 1832, on motion of JAMES BOYLE, the Complainant's Solicitor, Ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted, at least once in each of three successive weeks, in some newspaper published in Annapolis before the 16th day of August next, to the end that the said James J. Wilkinson, Walter Wilkinson, Barbara Ann Wilkinson, Eliza Wilkinson, James Wilkinson, Catharine Wilkinson, Margaret Wilkinson, and Joseph Wilkinson, who are non-residents of the State of Maryland, may have notice of the application of the Complainants to this Court, and of the subject and object of the Bill, and may be warned to appear in this Court in person, or by solicitor, on or before the 20th day of November next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
July 19 Reg. Cur. Can. 3w.

Anne-Arundel County to wit:

I hereby certify, that Thomas J. Tolbert of Anne-Arundel county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the peace for said county, this twenty ninth day of June 1832, as a stray tresspasing on his enclosure, a

BAY GELDING, about ten years old, fifteen hands high, a blaze down his forehead, the left hind foot white, some white hairs on the [illegible] of his tail, some white under the saddle occasioned by galls, shod all round, and has been used in harness. Given under my hand this 29th of June 1832.

DANIEL LAMBOM.

The owner of the above described Horse is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

THOMAS J. TOLBERT,
Living on the Balt. and Washington Turnpike road about one and a half miles from Elk-Ridge Landing.
July 19.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

ORDERED by the court, That the creditors of Thomas R. Johnson, a petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this state, be and appear before the court at Leonard-Town, Saint-Mary's county, on the first Monday of November next, to file allegations, if any they have, and to recommend a permanent trustee for their benefit.

By order, JO: HARRIS, Clk.
True copy—JO. HARRIS,
Clk. Saint-Mary's county court.
July 19. 3m*.

TO MR. DUROCHER'S FRIENDS AND PATRONS.

WITH heartfelt gratitude, Mr. Durocher returns his sincere thanks to his friends at Annapolis for the DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE he has received, and is extremely sorry that unforeseen circumstances will *prevent him from attending at Annapolis this summer*. Mr. D. sincerely hopes that his friends will not think that there is any neglect on his part, and begs their indulgence until next summer, when he will begin his school earlier.
July 5.

Sold in the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 12, a Prize of $500, Nos. 19, 31, 13.

E. DUBOIS'

LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Opposite the Farmers' Bank of Maryland.)

Where has been sold within a very short period of time, the following prizes:—One of $500, one of $100, one of $40, two of $30, besides a numerous quantity of smaller Prizes: And has for sale Tickets in the following schemes, soon to be drawn:—

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY,

Class No. 9. For 1832:
DRAWS TO-MORROW,
in Baltimore,
AT SIX O'CLOCK, P. M.

HIGHEST PRIZE.
20,000 DOLLARS.

Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME:

1	prize of	$20,000
1	prize of	10,000
1	prize of	2,500
1	prize of	1,270
10	prizes of	1,000
10	prizes of	100
20	prizes of	300
40	prizes of	200
51	prizes of	50
51	prizes of	40
51	prizes of	80
51	prizes of	25
102	prizes of	20
1530	prizes of	10
11475	Prizes of	5

13395 Prizes.
Tickets $5—Halves $2 50—Quarters $1 25.

100 Prizes of $1,000 is $100,000.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY—Class No. 15. For Literature and Charities in the States of Delaware, South Carolina, and Louisiana—Draws 30th inst.

Also, 1 Prize $20,000 and one of $10,000, besides numerous other prizes.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50.

Tickets and Shares for Sale at

E. DUBOIS'
LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE.
July 19.

City Collector's Office,

June 28, 1832.

THE City Collector is now preparing his Bills for the current year. Those persons who are yet in arrears for the last year's Taxes, are earnestly requested to settle the same without further delay, or he will be compelled to resort to coercive measures, without respect to persons.

RICHARD RIDGELY,
June 28. City Collector.

N. B. The subscriber will execute with neatness, accuracy and despatch, instruments of writing, such as, Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Articles of Agreements, Contracts, Bills of Sale, Powers of Attorney, Insolvent Papers, Apprentices Indentures &c. He will attend to the collection of debts in town or country.

He will also, perform the duties of a Justice of the Peace.

He solicits a share of public patronage.

RICHARD RIDGELY,
(Opposite Williamson & Swann's Hotel.
July 12 w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of fieri facias issued out of Anne-Arundel county court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, land and tenements, of John Howes at the suit of Richard Crandall, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title and interest, of the said Howes, in and to a Schooner called the Jane D. Weems. And I hereby give notice that on Wednesday the 25th instant at 11 o'clock A. M. at the Court House door in the city of Annapolis, I shall sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property to satisfy the debts due as aforesaid.

BUSHROD W. MARRIOTT Sheriff.
June 12

LATE SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Anne-Arundel County Court, and to me directed, against the Goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, of George W. Hammond, as security of Theodore M. Williams, at suit of James Boyle, Esq. I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and equity, of the said George W. Hammond, of, in and to all those Tracts or parts of Tracts or parcels of Land and premises, lying and being in Anne-Arundel County, devised to the said George W. Hammond, by the last will and testament of his Father, Philip Hammond, deceased, called

Hammond's Connexion, Hammond's Fifth Connexion, & Hammond's Sixth Connexion,

Containing about EIGHT HUNDRED Acres of Land, more or less.

This Land lies on the Head of Severn.—The Main Road, leading from the City of Annapolis to Merrill's Tavern, runs nearly thro' the whole Tract. The soil is fertile, and adapted to the growth of all kinds of produce, particularly fine Tobacco, the Lands also abound in Wood, consisting of Pine, Chesnut, Oak and Hickory.

I hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the 16th day of August, at the Court House door, in the City of Annapolis, I shall proceed to sell the said Lands to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

WELCH, (of Ben.) Late
July 12. Sheriff A. A. C.

IN CHANCERY.

Allen Dorsey John Dorsey Nicholas King and Camden Hughes.
vs
Joseph Cook and Rebecca his wife, and Elizabeth Linthicum.

THE object of the Bill is to obtain the sale of the real estate of Zachariah Linthicum, late of Baltimore county, deceased, for the payment of his debts.

The bill states that the said Zachariah Linthicum was indebted to the complainants in sundry sums of money: that he has died intestate, and John W. Ringrove, of Anne-Arundel county, has administered on his personal estate, which is very insufficient to pay his just debts: that he died seized and possessed of certain tracts or parts of tracts of land in Baltimore county called Beasman's Discovery, Beaseman's Discovery Corrected and Stevenson's Deer Park and Trolling Streams, and which he owned as a tenant in common with one Joseph Cooke, and that his heirs at law are Rebecca, who married Joseph Cooke, and Elizabeth Linthicum, all of whom reside out of this state.

It is thereupon, this 30th day of June, 1832, Ordered on the motion of James Boyle, the complainants solicitor, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted at least once in each of three successive weeks in some paper or papers published in the city of Annapolis before the 30th day of July next, to the end that the said Joseph Cooke and Rebecca his wife, and Elizabeth Linthicum, may have notice of the complainant's application to this court, and of the subject and object of the bill, and may be warned to appear in this court in person or by solicitor, on or before 10th day of November next, to show cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
July 5 3w. Reg. Cur. Can.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Annapolis, 30th June, 1832.

Harriet Brown
Martha Brogden
William Caton
Thomas H. Carroll
Thomas Davis
J. W. Duvall
Vernon H. Dorsey
Larkin Dorsey
John Frazier
Catharine Green
Maria Hawkins
Rev. James Henson, or William Colier
Samuel G. Hopkins
Rachel S. Hopkins
John Hicks
Lewis D. Jones
Henrietta M. Jewell
Mary King
Elizabeth Linthicum
J. T. Larmer
Peter Miller
Benj'min Mead
Vachel Nonisseveres
Mary E. Preston—2
John Quinn
Thomas Robinson
Mrs. Alfred Sellman
James Smith
Edward H. Steuart
Thos. Tydings
Lewis Tydings
Richard Tydings
John Wellington, or Worthington
Benjamin Winterson
Clegent Werden

B
Joseph N. Brewer
Thomas Burtgis

C
Samuel Cleggett
Thomas Croxall

D
O. B. Drest
A. H. Durocher
Henry Durgan

F
Ebenezer Failes

G
Lydia Ann Greenwell

H
Thomas Hodges
Jeremiah Hughes
Henry Hollon
Mary Heath
Rev. James Henson

J
Joseph Jewell

K

L
—Lichleitner—2
John Loufie

M
Bushrod W. Marriott
Dr. Richard Marriott

N

P
D. Par[illegible]

Q

R
Henry Richmond

S
Nicholas Stonestreet
Joseph N. Stockett—2

T
Joseph Thomas, or Margaret Williams

W
Hamilton White
Andrew O. Waterhouse
G. White
Ann Ward

J. GREEN, P. M.
July 5.

RESOLUTIONS.

Adopted by the Committee of Vigilance.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this board, that Hog sties should not be tolerated within the limits of the City, and that the Corporation be advised to issue an order for their removal.

Resolved, That it is expedient to require the immediate removal of Hogs out of the City.

A BY-LAW

Relating to Hogs within this City, and the precincts thereof.

[Passed June 9, 1832.]

BE *it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same*, That no person shall keep any Hog within the taxable limits of this city, either in pens, or lots, or at large.

Be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the 25th day of July, instant, any Hog or hogs, so kept for more than three days within the limits of this city, shall be forfeited to the city; and it shall be the duty of the city Constables to seize the same, remove it out of the limits for the time being, and to advertise it for for sale, and sell at the public market—and report the amount for which such sales are effected, and pay over the proceeds to the Treasurer, within three days after such sale.

And be it further ordained, That after the 28th July, inst. any person keeping a Hog, for more than three days within the limits of the city, shall forfeit and pay fifty cents for every hog so kept for each and every day beyond three days that the same shall be so kept by such person—to be recovered as other fines and penalties are recoverable, one half to be appropriated to the person giving information and establishing the fact, and the other half to the city treasury.

D. CLAUDE, Mayor.
July. 12. 3w

A BY-LAW.

A supplement to the By-Law to preserve the health of the city of Annapolis, and precincts thereof, passed August 10, 1829.

BE *it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council Men of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same*, That the city commissioners, be, and they are hereby authorised and required to regulate and direct the manner of emptying and cleansing all privies within the city and precincts of Annapolis, and every person having his or her privy emptied or cleansed, except by permission in writing of the said commissioners, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, five dollars, to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures under the ordinances of this corporation are recoverable, and paid over, the one half to the informer, and the other half to the treasurer for the use of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons shall cast, carry, draw out, or suffer to lay any dead horse, or other dead carcase, or any excrement or filth from vaults, privies, or necessary houses in any part of the city, precincts or harbour of Annapolis, except the same be buried in such manner as effectually to prevent any offensive smell, under the penalty of five dollars for each and every such offence, together with the expense of removing the same.

D. CLAUDE, Mayor.
July 12 3w

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to me the subscriber, a Justice of the Orphans' Court of Anne Arundel County, by petition in writing of William T. Gantt, praying for the benefit of the Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1803, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition; and the said William T. Gantt having satisfied me by competent testimony, that he has resided in the State of Maryland two years, immediately preceding the time of his application, and that he is in actual confinement for debt only. It is therefore ordered and adjudged by me, that said William T. Gantt be discharged from his confinement, and that he, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, once a week for three successive months before the fourth Monday of October next, give notice to his creditors to appear before Anne-Arundel County Court, on the third Monday of October next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said William T. Gantt, then and there taking the oath by the said acts prescribed for delivering of his property, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William T. Gantt should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements thereto, as prayed.

GIDEON WHITE.
July 12. 3m.

NOTICE.

THE commissioners for Anne Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY the 20th day of August next, for the purpose of hearing appeals, and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the Levy Court.

By order,
R. J. COWMAN Clk.
June 7. tm.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE HOUSE AND LOT in church street, at present occupied by Mr. John Smith. For terms apply to

JOHN SMITH, or
HENRY MATTHEWS.
June 28

PRINTING

Neatly executed at this OFFICE.